

**ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)**  
**ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)**

**Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)**

**MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION**

**WINTER SEMESTER, 2017-2018**

**DURATION: 1 Hour 30 Minutes**

**FULL MARKS: 75**

**CSE 4503: Microprocessors and Assembly Language**

Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.

There are 4 (four) questions. Answer any 3 (three) of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

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|----|----|---|---|
| 1. | a) | ‘Assembly language is a low level language’ - True/False? How do the 8085 and 8086 microprocessors differ with each other in terms of register sets?  | 9 |
|    | b) | Derive the contents of the Flag (CF, PF, ZF, SF) register of 8086 microprocessor upon executing the following instructions:<br>i. CMP AL, ABh ; Assume AL initially contains FFh.<br>ii. SUB AX, 1234h ; Assume AX initially contains 8000h.  | 8 |
|    | c) | Write appropriate assembly language codes to accomplish the following tasks (use as many as possible arithmetic instructions with less number of registers):<br>i. $0Bh \times (200 - 225) + 127$<br>ii. $FFFh \times 10h + 1111b$  | 8 |
| 2. | a) | What is Memory Segment? Write the concept of memory segmentation and addressing for 8086 processor.   | 9 |
|    | b) | “Number of address locations and memory size have a close relation with the Address Bus length” – How?  | 8 |
|    | c) | Suppose, while debugging an assembly language program the values of the registers are: Flag=FEB9h, IP=0102h, CS=0500h, SP=FFFCh. Now, if INT 21h is requested, derive the memory addresses from where the new IP and CS can be retrieved; Also show the new SP value and steps involved in handling the interrupt by the 8086 microprocessor. | 8 |
| 3. | a) | Draw the schematic architecture of 8086 microprocessor. Write an example to explain the operation of <i>Instruction Pointer and Code Segment</i> register of 8086 microprocessor.   | 9 |
|    | b) | Briefly explain the concept of Fetching and Execution cycles of an instruction.   | 8 |
|    | c) | Write an assembly language program structure to allocate exactly 64 Kbytes of memory for <i>data segment</i> , 128 Bytes for <i>stack segment</i> and also consider that the size for <i>code segment</i> may exceed 64 Kbytes.   | 8 |
| 4. | a) | Write a short note on <i>interrupt</i> concepts and why it is so necessary?   | 9 |
|    | b) | Explain the procedure to perform MUL and DIV operation in assembly language.  | 8 |
|    | c) | To perform a SWAP operation amongst the contents of CX and DX registers, write two assembly language programs using: i. 8086 Stack Segment Operation ii. 8086 Instruction   | 8 |