

**ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)****ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)****Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)****MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION****WINTER SEMESTER, 2012-2013****DURATION: 1 Hour 30 Minutes****FULL MARKS: 75****CSE 4307: Database Management Systems****Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.**There are **4 (four)** questions. Answer any **3 (three)** of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

1. a) Consider the following relational schema about Parts and Suppliers who supply them: 5x4

**Part** ( p\_id , p\_name , p\_color ) // *primary key- p\_id***Supplier** (s\_id , s\_name , s\_address) // *primary key-s\_id***Supplies** (s\_id, p\_id, price) // *primary key- s\_id, p\_id*

Write a single SQL query for each of the following questions.

- i. Find the names of the suppliers who supply a 'red' part at a price less than \$20.
- ii. Find the IDs of the parts that can be supplied both by the suppliers in 'China' and by the suppliers in 'Germany'.
- iii. Find the part names those are supplied by more than 10 suppliers.
- iv. For each part, find its ID, its average price, and the number of suppliers - who supply it.

- b) Discuss the string operation in SQL. 5

2. a) Consider the following SQL query- 5

**select** U.userID, U.Name, UE.gradYear**from** Users U, UserEducation UE**where** U.sex="Male" and UE.userID=U.userID and UE.university\_Name="IUT";

Now, translate this query into an equivalent Relational Algebra expression.

- b) Consider the following relational database, where the primary keys are underlined. Give an expression in the *relational algebra* to answer each of the queries. 5x4

**Passengers** (PId, PassengerName, Address, Age)**Reservations** (PId, FlightNum, SeatNo, Class, Fair)**Flights** (FlightNum, DepartCity, DestinationCity, DepartureTime, ArrivalTime, MinutesLate)

- i. Find out the names of passengers and their flight number who had a reservation on a flight from Bangladesh to Canada -that departs at 6.00 pm.
- ii. Find the IDs of passengers who had a reservation on a flight that was more than 30 minutes late.
- iii. Find the name(s) of oldest passenger(s).
- iv. Find out the highest fair for Business class paid by any passenger.

3. a) What are the major components of ER diagram? 4  
b) Discuss different types of attributes with appropriate examples. 6  
c) Consider the following set of information: 15
- Each user has a userID.
  - AnonymousUsers are a type of Users with attribute country.
  - NamedUsers are a type of Users with attributes name and email.
  - Each blog has a blogID, blog title and topic.
  - A NamedUser can have friendship with zero or more other NamedUsers.
  - Each friendship has an associated start date.
  - A NamedUser can own many Blogs, but each blog is owned by exactly one user.
  - A User can post to zero or more Blogs. Each post has a given content. Many users can post to a blog.
- Draw an ER diagram that represents the above information. Your answer should include entity sets, attributes, relationships, ISA relations. Indicate the type of each relationship with appropriate arrows (one-one, one-many, etc.). [Note: Do not forget to underline the keys.]
4. a) Define *Database* and *DBMS*. What are the applications of DBMS? 4  
b) What are the types of entity sets used in ER model? Briefly discuss them with example. 5  
c) Discuss different types of keys that are used in database with appropriate example. 6  
d) Briefly discuss the drawbacks of file-based system. 10