2+5

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT) ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE) SEMESTER EXAMINATION

PRATION: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

SUMMER SEMESTER, 2013-2014

FULL MARKS: 75

CSE 4803: Parallel and Distributed Processing Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.

There are 4 (four) questions. Answer any 3 (three) of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

Define Distributed, Parallel and Concurrent computing. Briefly explain the goals of 3+7 distributed systems.

Scalability can be achieved by applying different techniques. State the concept of these techniques.

Consider a chain of processes P_1 , P_2 ,..., P_n implementing a multitiered client-server architecture. Process P_i is client of process P_{i+1} and P_i will return a reply to process P_{i-1} only after receiving a reply from P_{i+1} . What are the main problems with this organization when taking a look at the request-reply performance at process P_1 ?

What is the role of middleware in distributed system?

What do you mean by transparency? Explain different types of transparency in distributed 2+5 system.

Explain the meaning of virtual organization. How can such an organization be implemented? 2+5 Define Grid Computing. Figure 1 depicts a layered architecture for grid computing systems. 2+5

Explain how this architecture works.

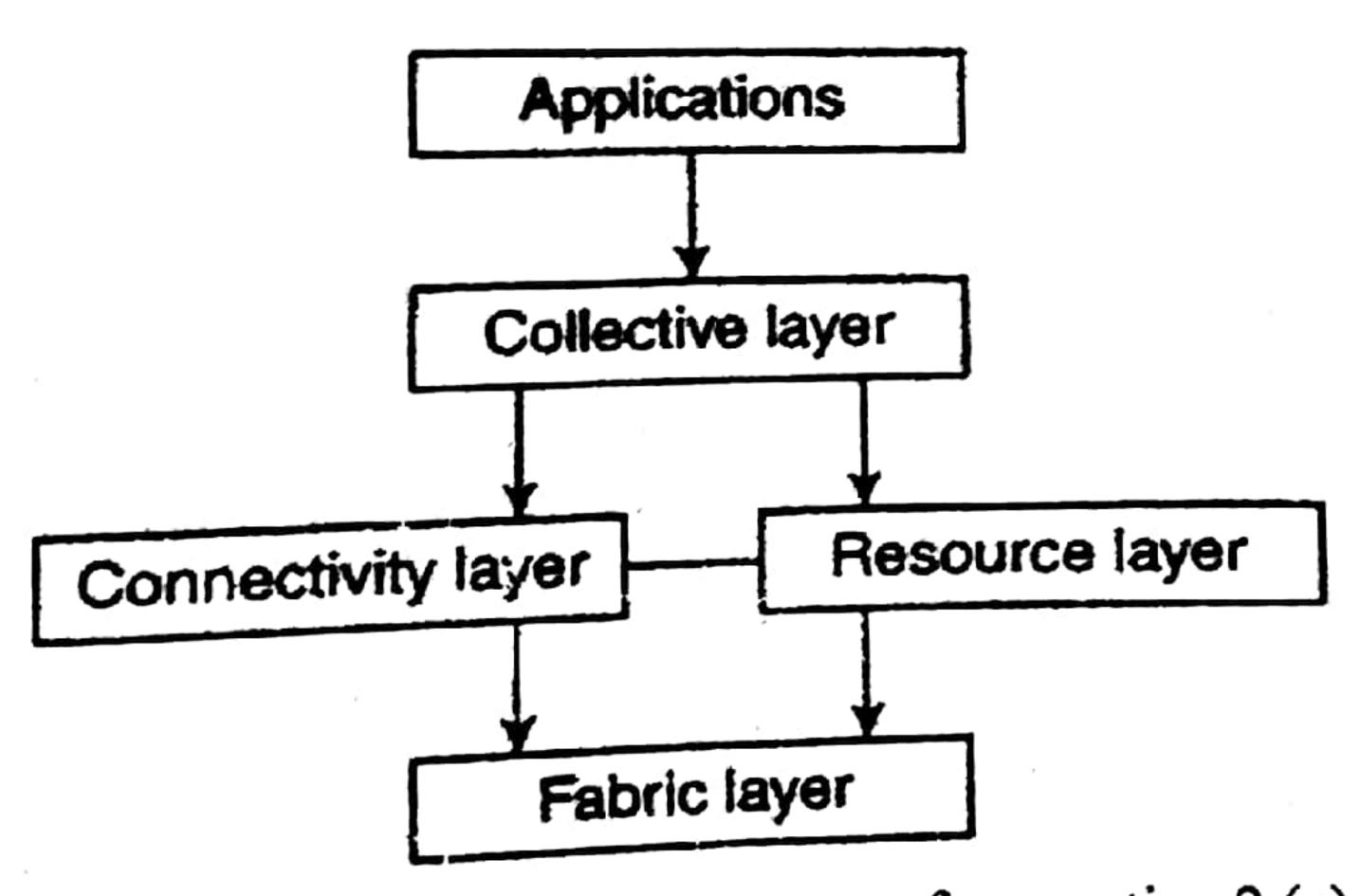


Figure 1: Grid computing system for question 2.(c)

Define distributed information systems. Briefly explain the ACID properties of a typical transaction processing system.

What is virtualization? Explain the role of virtualization in distributed system. Consider a hypothetical car hire company and sketch out a three-tier solution to the provision of their underlying distributed car hire service. Use this to illustrate the benefits and drawbacks of a three-tier solution considering issues such as performance, scalability, dealing with failure and also maintaining the software over time.

c) Figure 2 demonstrates the alternative client-server organization of multi-tiered architecture for distributed systems. Explain its different types with appropriate examples.

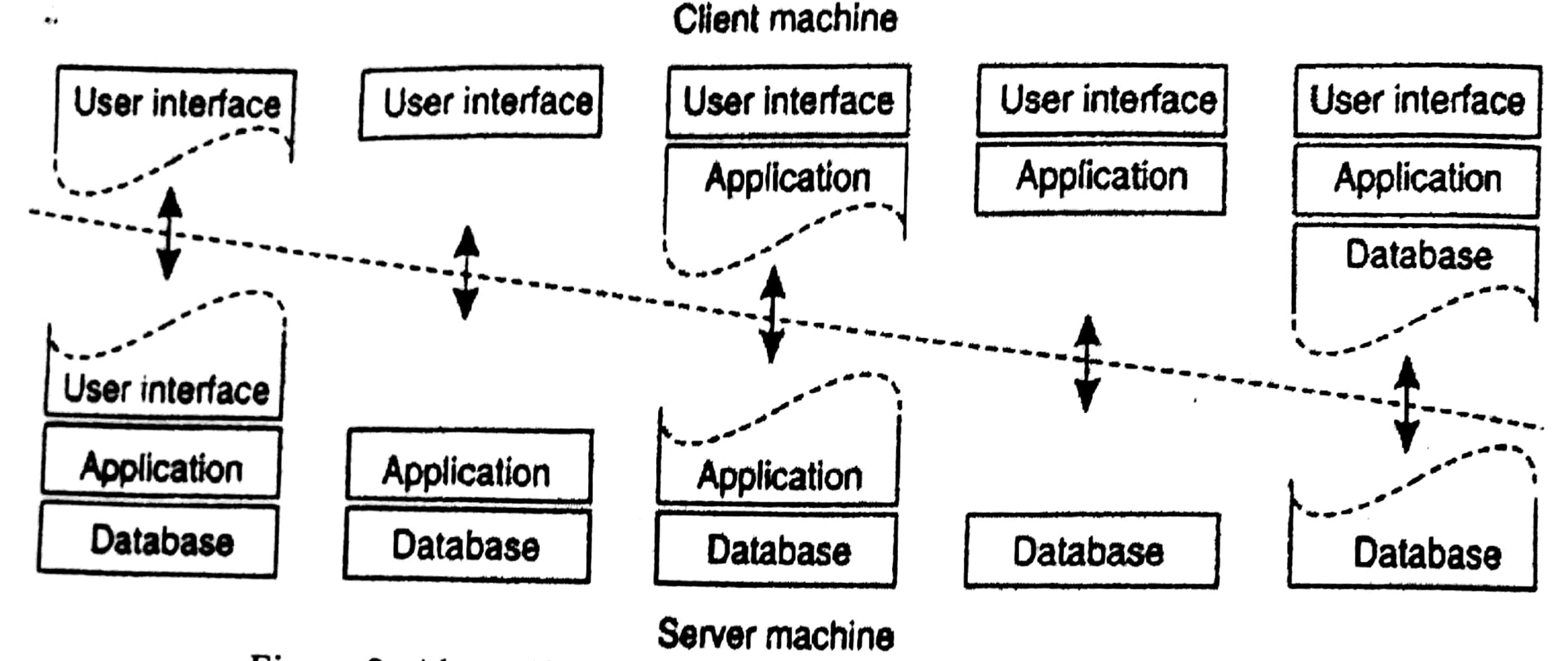


Figure 2: Alternative client-server organization for question 3.(b).

- d) Compare and contrast different types of architectural styles in a distributed system.
- a) What do you understand by host based and network based mobility in a distributed system? Explain the operation of Proxy Mobile IPv6.
 - b) Consider a BitTorrent system in which each node has an outgoing link with bandwidth capacity B_{out} and an incoming link with bandwidth capacity B_{in} . Some of these nodes (called seeds) voluntarily offer files to be downloaded by others. What is maximum download capacity of a BitTorrent client if we assume that it can contact at most one seed at a time?
 - c) Explain the operation of current Internet architecture. Why do researchers look for ID/locator 5+5 separation architecture? Discuss with necessary figures.
 - d) What do you mean by Superpeers? Explain the concepts of topology management of overlay 1+ networks.