

ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)

ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)

Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)

MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION

WINTER SEMESTER, 2012-2013

DURATION: 1 Hour 30 Minutes

FULL MARKS: 75

CSE 4703: Theory of Computing**Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.**There are **4 (four)** questions. Answer any **3 (three)** of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

1. a) Define *proof* of a mathematical statement. Using the idea of *proof by induction*, prove that, 8
 “The sum of the squares of the first n natural numbers is: $\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6}$.”
- b) Path between two vertices of a non-directed graph is an example of a binary relation. Show 7
 that this binary relation is an equivalence relation.
- c) Suppose you are asked to design a small part of a cricket game. This game is little bit different 10
 than usual cricket. In this game a for a boundary batsman gets 1 run, for a over-boundary
 batsman gets 2 runs otherwise batsman gets no run. When a batsman’s total run is multiple of
 3 (i.e. 3, 6, 9, 12...etc) it plays a sound of cheering crowd (Hurraaaaaaaaaay). When
 batsman first enters into the crease crowd also cheers for him.
 Now simulate this feature of the game using a DFA.

2. a) Give the formal definition of an NFA given in figure 1 and convert the NFA into an equivalent 15
 DFA.

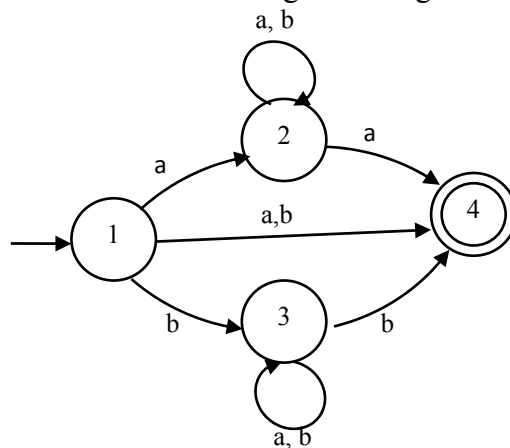


Figure 1: State diagram of an NFA

- b) Write formal description of the computation of an NFA. 5
- c) Give formal definition of *regular operation*. Illustrate with example. 5
3. a) Draw state diagram of DFAs recognizing the following languages. [Where $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$] 15
 - i. $\{w \mid w \text{ has both } 01 \text{ and } 10 \text{ as a substring}\}$
 - ii. $\{w \mid w \text{ contains the substring } 0101\}$
- b) Given an NFA $N1 = (Q1, \Sigma, \delta1, q1, F1)$ that accepts language A, and an NFA $N2 = (Q2, \Sigma, \delta2, q2, F2)$ that accepts language B. Show that there exists an NFA N that recognizes the language 10
 $A \cdot B$. Give formal definition of that N.

4. a) Give formal definition of regular expression. If R is a regular expression then write outcome of each of the operation: 5

i. $R \cup \epsilon$

ii. $R \cup \epsilon$

iii. $R \cup \emptyset$

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iv. $R \cdot \emptyset$

- b) 10

Convert the regular expression $((a \cup b) a)^*$ to an NFA in a sequence of stages, starting from

the smallest sub expression to larger sub expression.

- c) What are the properties of a GNFA? Convert the following DFA into a regular expression. 10
Construct GNFA as an intermediary step.

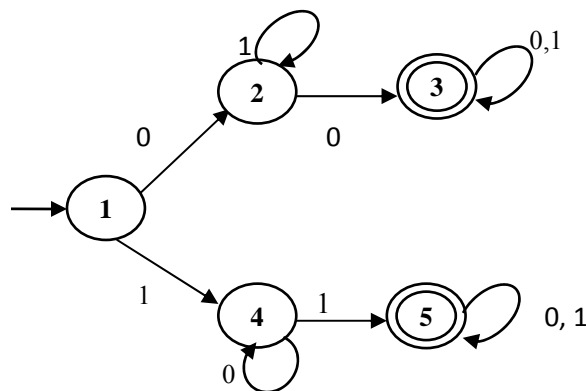


Figure 2: State diagram of a DFA