

**ISLAMIC UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY (IUT)**  
**ORGANISATION OF ISLAMIC COOPERATION (OIC)**

**Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE)**

**SEMESTER FINAL EXAMINATION**

**SUMMER SEMESTER, 2017-2018**

**DURATION: 3 Hours**

**FULL MARKS: 150**

**CSE 4831: Simulation, Modeling and Performance Evaluation**

Programmable calculators are not allowed. Do not write anything on the question paper.

There are 8 (Eight) questions. Answer any 6 (Six) of them.

Figures in the right margin indicate marks.

1. Jobs arrive at a single-CPU computer facility with interarrival times that are IID exponential random variables with mean 1 minute. Each job specifies upon its arrival the maximum amount of processing time it requires, and the maximum times for successive jobs are IID exponential random variables with mean 1.1 minutes. However, if  $m$  is the specified maximum processing time for a particular job, the actual processing time is distributed uniformly between  $0.55m$  and  $1.05m$ . The CPU will never process a job for more than its specified maximum; a job whose required processing time exceeds its specified maximum leaves the facility without completing service. You are asked to develop a simulation program to study the computer facility until 1000 jobs have left the CPU assuming that jobs in the queue are processed in a FIFO manner. prob  
 The system is studied to compute the average and maximum delay in queue of jobs, the proportion of jobs that are delayed in queue more than 5 minutes.
  - a) What are the state variable(s) and output variable(s) for the simulation model? 7
  - b) Identify the set of events for the simulation model. Assume that the simulation terminates by a terminating event. 4
  - c) Write down the state equation(s) and output equation(s) for the simulation model. 10
  - d) Write down the state space for the simulation model. 4
2. For the scenario given in Question 1, answer the followings:
  - a) Draw a sample path of the system for a few breakdowns of machines showing the change of the state variable(s) over time. 5
  - b) Draw separate flow charts of the event routines (i.e., the event handler functions) for each of the events of the simulation model. 12
  - c) Draw the flow chart of the function that updates the necessary statistical variables according to the output equations of the simulation model. 8
3. An instructor knows from past experience that student exam scores have mean 77 and standard deviation 15. At present the instructor is teaching two separate classes – one of size 25 and the other of size 64.
  - a) Approximate the probability that the average test score in the class of size 25 lies between 72 and 82. 8
  - b) Repeat part (a) for a class of size 64. 6
  - c) Find out the approximate probability that the average test score in the class of size 25 is higher than that of the class size 64. 5



- d) Suppose the average scores in the two classes are 76 and 83. Which class, the one of size 25 or the one of size 64, do you think was more likely to have average 83? 6

4. a) Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be a sample from the distribution whose density function is 10

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x-\theta)}, & x \geq \theta \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- b) Determine the maximum likelihood estimator of  $\theta$ . 8

- c) Consider the discrete uniform distribution

$$P(x) = \frac{1}{b-a+1}, \quad x = a, a+1, \dots, b$$

Find the joint maximum likelihood estimations (MLEs) of  $a$  and  $b$ , based on a random sample of size  $n$ .

- 7 c) The number of traffic accident in a city in 10 randomly chosen days is as follows: 7

4, 0, 6, 5, 2, 1, 2, 0, 4, 3

If the number of accidents in a day follows a Poisson distribution, find the proportion of the days that had 2 or fewer accidents.

5. The following data represent the time to perform transaction in a bank, measured in minutes:

0.70, 1.28, 1.46, 2.36, 0.354, 0.750, 0.912, 4.44, 0.114, 3.08, 3.24, 1.10, 1.59, 1.47, 1.17, 1.27, 9.12, 11.5, 2.42, 1.77

$$k = 1 + \log_2 n$$

$$h = 20$$

Develop an input model for these data, which includes the followings:

- a) A summary statistic of the data for the functions: mean, coefficient of variation and skewness. Also, form the summary-statistics comment on the possible distribution. 8
- b) A graphical estimate of the distribution by drawing one or more histograms. 6
- c) Estimation of the parameter(s) of the distribution. 5
- d) Use the Chi-square test to test the hypothesis that the random samples have the estimated distribution. 6

$$\frac{\sigma}{\mu} = \frac{(x - \mu)}{\sigma^3}$$

6. To estimate  $\theta$ , 20 independent values having mean  $\theta$  have been generated. If the successive values obtained are 102, 112, 131, 107, 114, 95, 133, 145, 139, 117, 93, 111, 124, 122, 136, 141, 119, 122, 151, and 143.

- a) Find a point estimate of  $\theta$ . 3
- b) Construct a 99% confidence interval for the estimated value. 12
- c) How many additional values do you think to be generated if we want to be 99 percent certain that our final estimate of  $\theta$  is correct to within  $\pm 0.5$ ? 10

7. a) Develop a random variate generator using the composition method for a random variable with the following distribution: 13

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}(x-2), & 2 \leq x \leq 3 \\ \frac{1}{2}\left(2 - \frac{x}{3}\right), & 3 \leq x \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- b) Develop a random variate generator using the acceptance-rejection method for a 12



random variable with the following distribution:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + x, & -1 \leq x \leq 0 \\ 1 - x, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

8. a) Use the inverse transform method (or any other method) to generate random variates with the following distribution function: 15

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{2}, & 0 \leq x \leq 1 \\ \frac{3}{4}, & 1 < x \leq 2 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- b) A machine is taken out of production if it fails, or after 5 hours, whichever comes first. By running similar machines until failure, it has been found that time to failure,  $X$ , has the uniform continuous distribution with parameters  $a = 0$  and  $b = 10$  hours. Thus, the time until the machine is taken out of production can be represented as  $Y = \min(X, 5)$ . Develop a step-by-step procedure for generating  $Y$ . 10

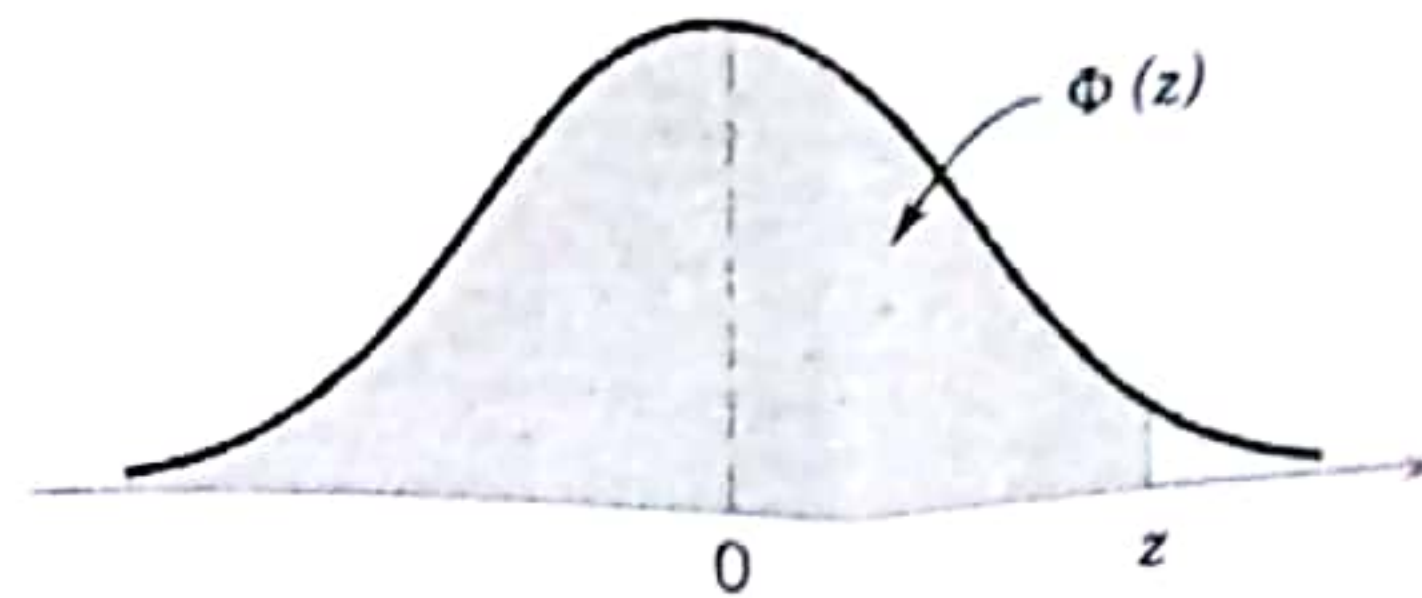
$$\frac{x - a}{b - a}$$

u ↗



# Appendix A: CDF of Standard Normal Distribution

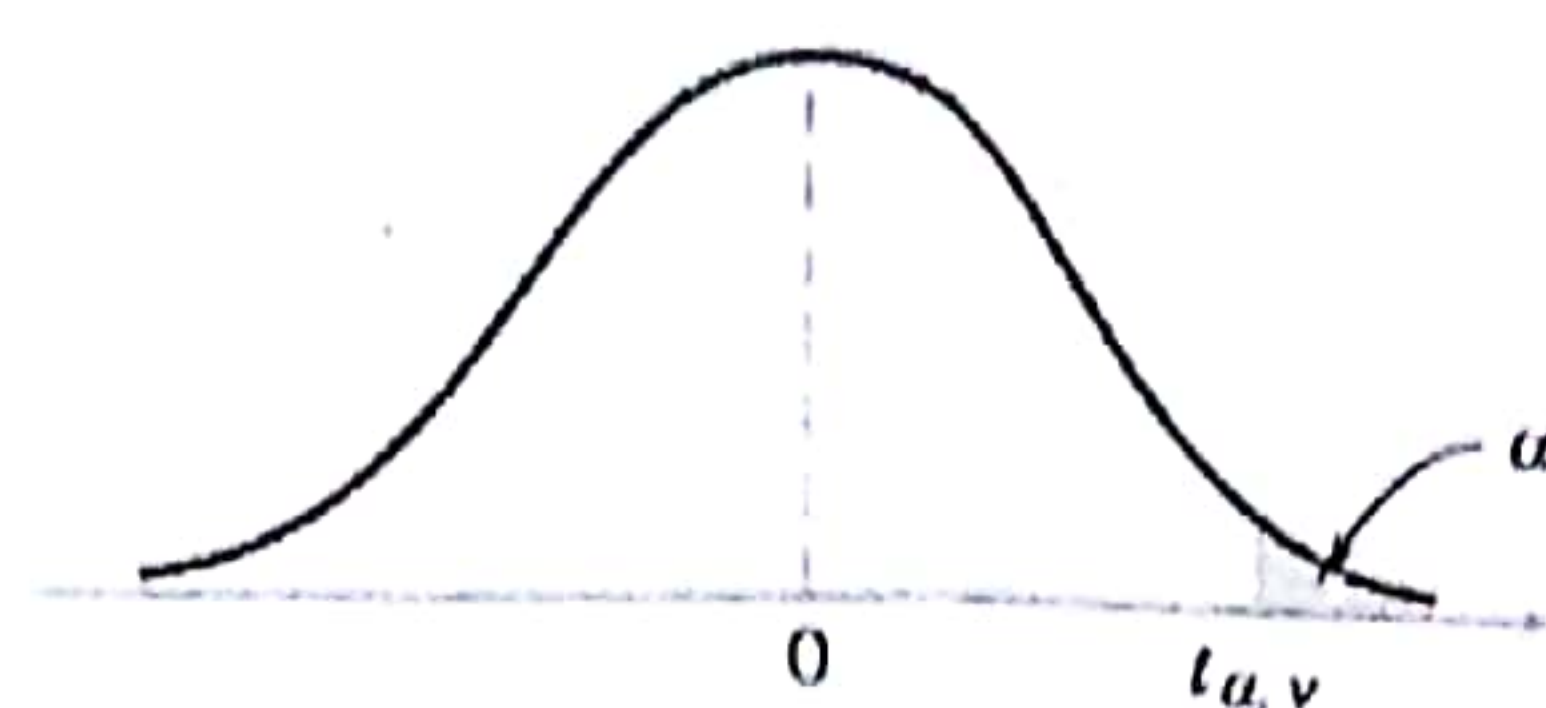
$$\Phi(z) = P(Z \leq z) = \int_{-\infty}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}u^2} du$$



z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.500000	0.503989	0.507978	0.511967	0.515953	0.519939	0.523922	0.527903	0.531881	0.535856
0.1	0.539828	0.543795	0.547758	0.551717	0.555676	0.559618	0.563559	0.567495	0.571424	0.575345
0.2	0.579260	0.583166	0.587064	0.590954	0.594835	0.598706	0.602568	0.606420	0.610261	0.614092
0.3	0.617911	0.621719	0.625516	0.629300	0.633072	0.636831	0.640576	0.644309	0.648027	0.651732
0.4	0.655422	0.659097	0.662757	0.666402	0.670031	0.673645	0.677242	0.680822	0.684386	0.687933
0.5	0.691462	0.694974	0.698468	0.701944	0.705401	0.708840	0.712260	0.715661	0.719043	0.722405
0.6	0.725747	0.729069	0.732371	0.735653	0.738914	0.742154	0.745373	0.748571	0.751748	0.754903
0.7	0.758036	0.761148	0.764238	0.767305	0.770350	0.773373	0.776373	0.779350	0.782305	0.785236
0.8	0.788145	0.791030	0.793892	0.796731	0.799546	0.802338	0.805106	0.807850	0.810570	0.813267
0.9	0.815940	0.818589	0.821214	0.823815	0.826391	0.828944	0.831472	0.833977	0.836457	0.838913
1.0	0.841345	0.843752	0.846136	0.848495	0.850830	0.853141	0.855428	0.857690	0.859929	0.862143
1.1	0.864334	0.866500	0.868643	0.870762	0.872857	0.874928	0.876976	0.878999	0.881000	0.882977
1.2	0.884930	0.886860	0.888767	0.890651	0.892512	0.894350	0.896165	0.897958	0.899727	0.901475
1.3	0.903199	0.904902	0.906582	0.908241	0.909877	0.911492	0.913085	0.914657	0.916207	0.917736
1.4	0.919243	0.920730	0.922196	0.923641	0.925066	0.926471	0.927855	0.929219	0.930563	0.931888
1.5	0.933193	0.934478	0.935744	0.936992	0.938220	0.939429	0.940620	0.941792	0.942947	0.944083
1.6	0.945201	0.946301	0.947384	0.948449	0.949497	0.950529	0.951543	0.952540	0.953521	0.954486
1.7	0.955435	0.956367	0.957284	0.958185	0.959071	0.959941	0.960796	0.961636	0.962462	0.963273
1.8	0.964070	0.964852	0.965621	0.966375	0.967116	0.967843	0.968557	0.969258	0.969946	0.970621
1.9	0.971283	0.971933	0.972571	0.973197	0.973810	0.974412	0.975002	0.975581	0.976148	0.976705
2.0	0.977250	0.977784	0.978308	0.978822	0.979325	0.979818	0.980301	0.980774	0.981237	0.981691
2.1	0.982136	0.982571	0.982997	0.983414	0.983823	0.984222	0.984614	0.984997	0.985371	0.985738
2.2	0.986097	0.986447	0.986791	0.987126	0.987455	0.987776	0.988089	0.988396	0.988696	0.988989
2.3	0.989276	0.989556	0.989830	0.990097	0.990358	0.990613	0.990863	0.991106	0.991344	0.991576
2.4	0.991802	0.992024	0.992240	0.992451	0.992656	0.992857	0.993053	0.993244	0.993431	0.993613
2.5	0.993790	0.993963	0.994132	0.994297	0.994457	0.994614	0.994766	0.994915	0.995060	0.995201
2.6	0.995339	0.995473	0.995604	0.995731	0.995855	0.995975	0.996093	0.996207	0.996319	0.996427
2.7	0.996533	0.996636	0.996736	0.996833	0.996928	0.997020	0.997110	0.997197	0.997282	0.997365
2.8	0.997445	0.997523	0.997599	0.997673	0.997744	0.997814	0.997882	0.997948	0.998012	0.998074
2.9	0.998134	0.998193	0.998250	0.998305	0.998359	0.998411	0.998462	0.998511	0.998559	0.998605
3.0	0.998650	0.998694	0.998736	0.998777	0.998817	0.998856	0.998893	0.998930	0.998965	0.998999
3.1	0.999032	0.999065	0.999096	0.999126	0.999155	0.999184	0.999211	0.999238	0.999264	0.999289
3.2	0.999313	0.999336	0.999359	0.999381	0.999402	0.999423	0.999443	0.999462	0.999481	0.999499
3.3	0.999517	0.999533	0.999550	0.999566	0.999581	0.999596	0.999610	0.999624	0.999638	0.999650
3.4	0.999663	0.999675	0.999687	0.999698	0.999709	0.999720	0.999730	0.999740	0.999749	0.999758
3.5	0.999767	0.999776	0.999784	0.999792	0.999800	0.999807	0.999815	0.999821	0.999828	0.999835
3.6	0.999841	0.999847	0.999853	0.999858	0.999864	0.999869	0.999874	0.999879	0.999883	0.999888
3.7	0.999892	0.999896	0.999900	0.999904	0.999908	0.999912	0.999915	0.999918	0.999922	0.999925
3.8	0.999928	0.999931	0.999933	0.999936	0.999938	0.999941	0.999943	0.999946	0.999948	0.999950
3.9	0.999952	0.999954	0.999956	0.999958	0.999959	0.999961	0.999963	0.999964	0.999966	0.999967



# Appendix B: Percentage Points of the t-distribution



Percentage Points  $t_{\alpha, v}$  of the t-Distribution

$\alpha$ $v$	.40	.25	.10	.05	.025	.01	.005	.0025	.001	.0005
1	.325	1.000	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657	127.32	318.31	636.62
2	.289	.816	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925	14.089	23.326	31.598
3	.277	.765	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841	7.453	10.213	12.924
4	.271	.741	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604	5.598	7.173	8.610
5	.267	.727	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032	4.773	5.893	6.869
6	.265	.718	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707	4.317	5.208	5.959
7	.263	.711	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499	4.029	4.785	5.408
8	.262	.706	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355	3.833	4.501	5.041
9	.261	.703	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250	3.690	4.297	4.781
10	.260	.700	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169	3.581	4.144	4.587
11	.260	.697	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106	3.497	4.025	4.437
12	.259	.695	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055	3.428	3.930	4.318
13	.259	.694	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012	3.372	3.852	4.221
14	.258	.692	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.977	3.326	3.787	4.140
15	.258	.691	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947	3.286	3.733	4.073
16	.258	.690	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921	3.252	3.686	4.015
17	.257	.689	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898	3.222	3.646	3.965
18	.257	.688	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878	3.197	3.610	3.922
19	.257	.688	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861	3.174	3.579	3.883
20	.257	.687	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845	3.153	3.552	3.850
21	.257	.686	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831	3.135	3.527	3.819
22	.256	.686	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819	3.119	3.505	3.792
23	.256	.685	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807	3.104	3.485	3.767
24	.256	.685	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797	3.091	3.467	3.745
25	.256	.684	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787	3.078	3.450	3.725
26	.256	.684	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779	3.067	3.435	3.707
27	.256	.684	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771	3.057	3.421	3.690
28	.256	.683	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763	3.047	3.408	3.674
29	.256	.683	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756	3.038	3.396	3.659
30	.256	.683	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750	3.030	3.385	3.646
40	.255	.681	1.303	1.684	2.021	2.423	2.704	2.971	3.307	3.551
60	.254	.679	1.296	1.671	2.000	2.390	2.660	2.915	3.232	3.460
120	.254	.677	1.289	1.658	1.980	2.358	2.617	2.860	3.160	3.373
$\infty$	.253	.674	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576	2.807	3.090	3.291

$v$  = degrees of freedom.



## Appendix C: Chi-Square Distribution

TABLE A2 Values of  $\chi^2_{\alpha,n}$ 

$n$	$\alpha = .995$	$\alpha = .99$	$\alpha = .975$	$\alpha = .95$	$\alpha = .05$	$\alpha = .025$	$\alpha = .01$	$\alpha = .005$
1	.0000393	.000157	.000982	.00393	3.841	5.024	6.635	7.879
2	.0100	.0201	.0506	.103	5.991	7.378	9.210	10.597
3	.0717	.115	.216	.352	7.815	9.348	11.345	12.838
4	.207	.297	.484	.711	9.488	11.143	13.277	14.860
5	.412	.554	.831	1.145	11.070	12.832	13.086	16.750
6	.676	.872	1.237	1.635	12.592	14.449	16.812	18.548
7	.989	1.239	1.690	2.167	14.067	16.013	18.475	20.278
8	1.344	1.646	2.180	2.733	15.507	17.535	20.090	21.955
9	1.735	2.088	2.700	3.325	16.919	19.023	21.666	23.589
10	2.156	2.558	3.247	3.940	18.307	20.483	23.209	25.188
11	2.603	3.053	3.816	4.575	19.675	21.920	24.725	26.757
12	3.074	3.571	4.404	5.226	21.026	23.337	26.217	28.300
13	3.565	4.107	5.009	5.892	22.362	24.736	27.688	29.819
14	4.075	4.660	5.629	6.571	23.685	26.119	29.141	31.319
15	4.601	5.229	6.262	7.261	24.996	27.488	30.578	32.801
16	5.142	5.812	6.908	7.962	26.296	28.845	32.000	34.267
17	5.697	6.408	7.564	8.672	27.587	30.191	33.409	35.718
18	6.265	7.015	8.231	9.390	28.869	31.526	34.805	37.156
19	6.844	7.633	8.907	10.117	30.144	32.852	36.191	38.582
20	7.434	8.260	9.591	10.851	31.410	34.170	37.566	39.997
21	8.034	8.897	10.283	11.591	32.671	35.479	38.932	41.401
22	8.643	9.542	10.982	12.338	33.924	36.781	40.289	42.796
23	9.260	10.196	11.689	13.091	35.172	38.076	41.638	44.181
24	9.886	10.856	12.401	13.844	36.415	39.364	42.980	45.558
25	10.520	11.524	13.120	14.611	37.652	40.646	44.314	46.928
26	11.160	12.198	13.844	15.379	38.885	41.923	45.642	48.290
27	11.808	12.879	14.573	16.151	40.113	43.194	46.963	49.645
28	12.461	13.565	15.308	16.928	41.337	44.461	48.278	50.993
29	13.121	14.256	16.047	17.708	42.557	45.772	49.588	52.336
30	13.787	14.953	16.791	18.493	43.773	46.979	50.892	53.672

Other chi-square probabilities:

$$\chi^2_{9,9} = 4.2 \quad P[\chi^2_{16} < 14.3] = .425 \quad P[\chi^2_{11} < 17.1875] = .8976.$$