

Department of Engineering Technology

Foundation University Islamabad School of Science and Technology

Course: Mobile Application Lab

Lab Manual 9

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Roll no: Fall-23-A-010

Topic: Open ended lab

Performance			Communication		
Description	Total Marks	Marks Obtained	Description	Total Marks	Marks Obtaine d
Implementation of CRUD Operation	5		Documentation and Reporting	5	
Total Marks obtained					

Lab Task Description:

You are hired by a startup to create a simple mobile app prototype for managing posts and users.

The backend is not yet ready, so your team must use a fake REST API for now (such as https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/, https://reqres.in/, or any other test API).

You are also encouraged to create your own custom fake APIs using tools like Mocky.io,

Beeceptor, or JSON Server to better reflect your app's specific use case.

Your goal is to:

Explore the fake API using Postman to understand endpoints.

Create a React Native app that fetches and displays a list of posts and users.

Implement features to add, edit, and delete posts using POST/PUT/DELETE requests.

Handle API loading states and errors gracefully.

You are free to design the UI layout, choose how you show data (e.g., FlatList, cards, modals), and handle forms. Creativity and proper API usage will be assessed.

React Native App for Managing Posts and Users (Using Fake REST API)

1. Introduction

In this lab task, we are given a real-world scenario where we are hired by a **startup** to design a **mobile app prototype** for managing posts and users. Since the actual backend is not ready yet, we will use a **fake REST API** like <u>JSONPlaceholder</u> or <u>Regres</u> for testing and development.

The main goal of this task is to learn how to:

- Connect a **React Native app** with a fake API.
- Fetch data (GET) to show posts and users.
- Add new posts (POST), edit existing ones (PUT), and delete them (DELETE).
- Handle loading indicators and error messages properly.
- Build a modern and responsive UI using components like FlatList, Card, Modal, and forms.

To make this app functional and user-friendly, we will explore the fake API endpoints using **Postman** to understand how the API works (like what kind of data it sends and receives). Later, we'll use that API in our React Native app with axios.

This lab task helps us practice working with **real-world APIs**, managing **state** and **UI** in React Native, and applying **CRUD operations** (Create, Read, Update, Delete) using simple HTTP requests.

By completing this task, we gain experience in:

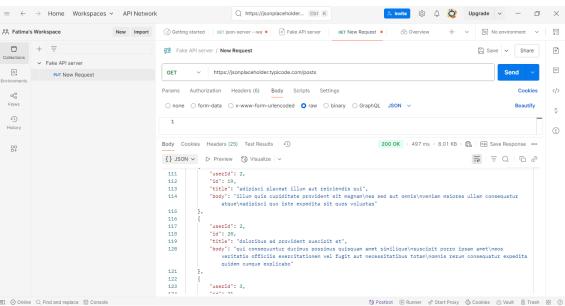
- API integration
- React Native development
- Error handling
- UI/UX design using React Native Paper
- Practical use of modal forms and interactive lists

In the next sections, we'll break down the project with code snippets and simple explanations to show how each feature works.

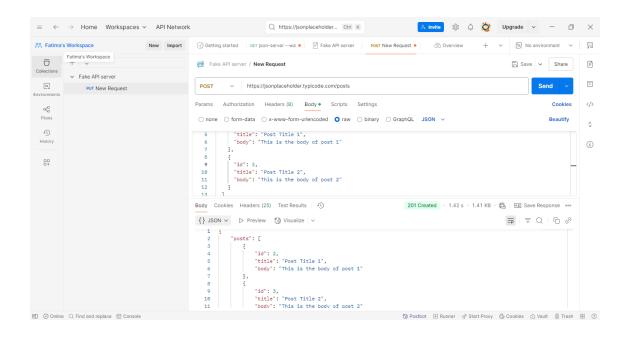
1. Explore the Fake API

- Use https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com/
 - o /posts → GET all posts, POST new post, PUT to update, DELETE to remove
 - o /users \rightarrow GET list of users
- Test these endpoints in Postman to understand responses.

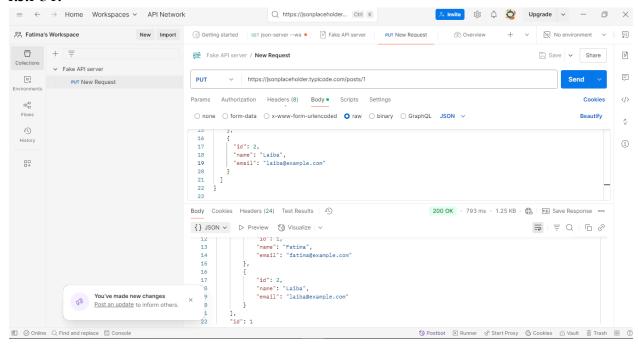
1.1. GET:-



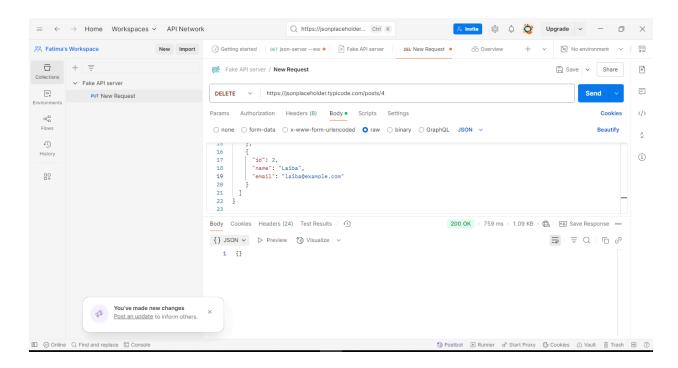
1.2.POST:-



1.3.PUT:-

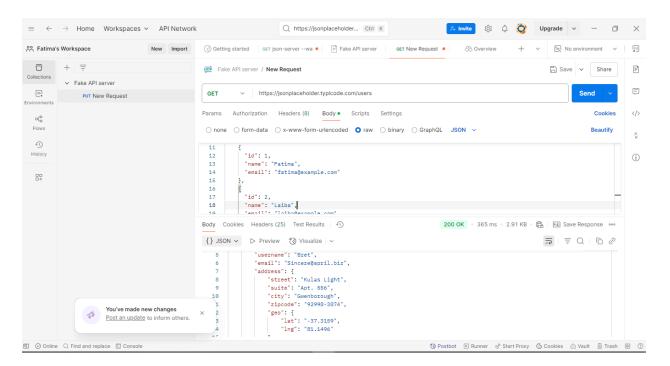


1.4.DELETE:-

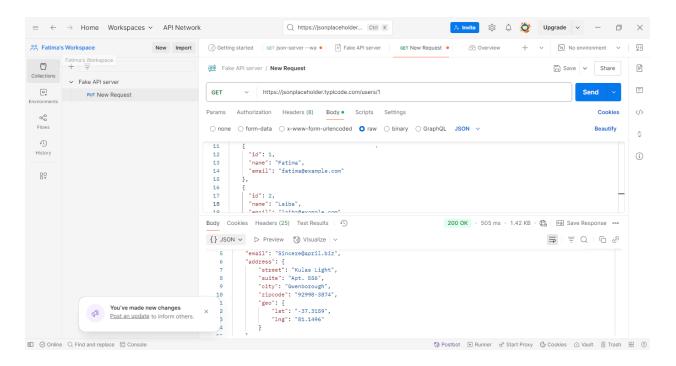


1.5. Similarly, for users:

• **GET** /users – fetches a list of users.



• **GET** /users/{id} - fetches a single user.



2. CODE:-

1. Importing Libraries

```
import React, { useEffect, useState } from 'react';
import { View, FlatList, Alert, StyleSheet, ScrollView,
KeyboardAvoidingView } from 'react-native';
import { Provider as PaperProvider, Card, Text, TextInput, Button,
ActivityIndicator, Modal, Portal, Avatar, Title, IconButton } from
'react-native-paper';
import axios from 'axios';
```

Explanation:

This imports all the tools needed: basic React Native components, UI from React Native Paper, and axios for API requests.

2. API Base URL

```
const API URL = 'https://jsonplaceholder.typicode.com';
```

Explanation:

Base URL for the fake REST API where we get posts and users.

3. State Variables

```
const [posts, setPosts] = useState([]);
const [users, setUsers] = useState([]);
const [loadingPosts, setLoadingPosts] = useState(false);
```

```
const [loadingUsers, setLoadingUsers] = useState(false);
const [title, setTitle] = useState('');
const [body, setBody] = useState('');
const [editingPostId, setEditingPostId] = useState(null);
const [visible, setVisible] = useState(false);
```

Explanation:

These variables store data and control UI behavior like loading, form inputs, and modal visibility.

4. Fetch Posts and Users

```
useEffect(() => {
  fetchPosts();
  fetchUsers();
}, []);
```

Explanation:

Runs only once when the app loads to get the posts and users from the API.

5. Fetch Functions

```
const fetchPosts = async () => {
  setLoadingPosts(true);
  const response = await axios.get(`${API_URL}/posts`);
  setPosts(response.data.slice(0, 10));
  setLoadingPosts(false);
};

const fetchUsers = async () => {
  setLoadingUsers(true);
  const response = await axios.get(`${API_URL}/users`);
  setUsers(response.data.slice(0, 5));
  setLoadingUsers(false);
};
```

Explanation:

Get posts and users from the API and store them in the state.

6. Add or Edit Post

```
const handleSavePost = async () => {
  if (editingPostId) {
    await axios.put(`${API_URL}/posts/${editingPostId}`, { title,
  body, userId: 1 });
    setPosts(posts.map(p => p.id === editingPostId ? { ...p, title,
  body } : p));
  } else {
    const response = await axios.post(`${API_URL}/posts`, { title,
  body, userId: 1 });
```

```
setPosts([response.data, ...posts]);
}
setTitle('');
setBody('');
setEditingPostId(null);
setVisible(false);
};
```

Explanation:

If editing, update the post. Otherwise, create a new one. Then reset the form.

7. Edit and Delete Post

```
const handleEditPost = (post) => {
  setTitle(post.title);
  setBody(post.body);
  setEditingPostId(post.id);
  setVisible(true);
};

const handleDeletePost = async (id) => {
  await axios.delete(`${API_URL}/posts/${id}`);
  setPosts(posts.filter(p => p.id !== id));
};
```

Explanation:

Edit fills the form with post data. Delete removes the post from the list.

8. Post Item UI

Explanation:

Displays each post with edit and delete buttons.

9. User Item UI

Explanation:

Displays basic user info (name and email).

10. Main UI Return

```
return (
  <PaperProvider>
    <ScrollView>
      {loadingUsers ? <ActivityIndicator /> : <FlatList data={users}
renderItem={renderUserItem} horizontal />}
      <Button onPress={() => { setVisible(true); }}>Add New
Post</Button>
      {loadingPosts ? <ActivityIndicator /> : <FlatList data={posts}
renderItem={renderPostItem} />}
    </ScrollView>
    <Portal>
      <Modal visible={visible} onDismiss={() => setVisible(false)}>
        <TextInput label="Title" value={title}
onChangeText={setTitle} />
        <TextInput label="Body" value={body} onChangeText={setBody}
multiline />
        <Button onPress={handleSavePost}>{editingPostId ? 'Update' :
'Add' } Post</Button>
      </Modal>
    </Portal>
  </PaperProvider>
);
```

Explanation:

Main layout showing users and posts. Includes loading state, add/edit form, and modal for post input.

11. Basic Styles

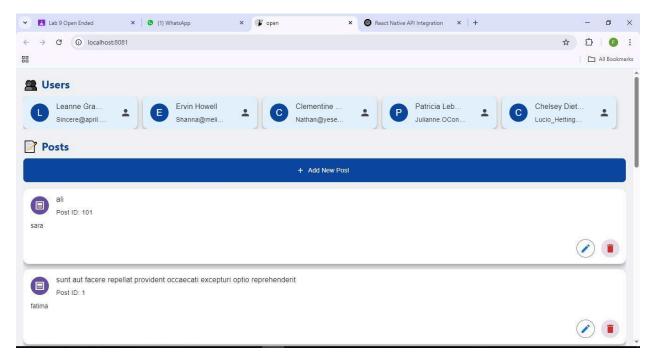
```
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: { padding: 16, backgroundColor: '#f0f2f5' },
  card: { marginBottom: 12 },
});
```

Explanation:

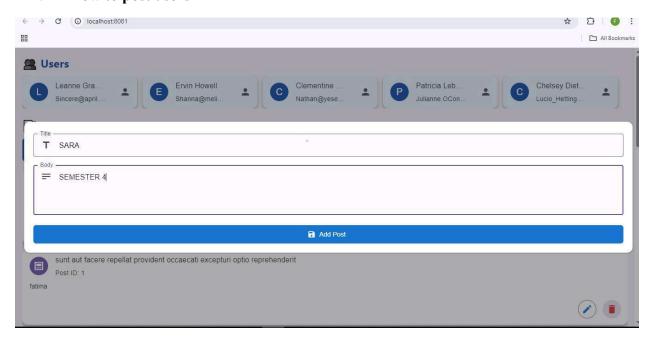
Adds padding and spacing to make the UI look cleaner.

• Output:-

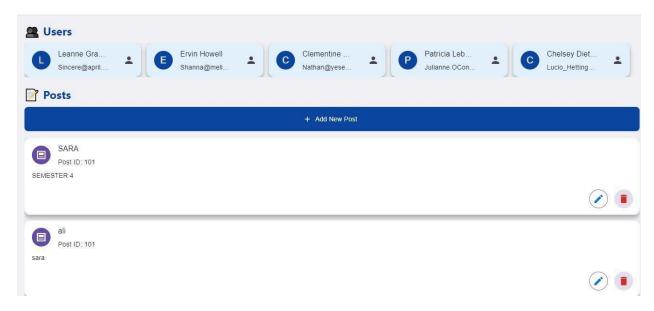
✓ Fetching users and posts



✓ Allow to post users



✓ New post added with name Sara



✓ Allow to delete and update posts

