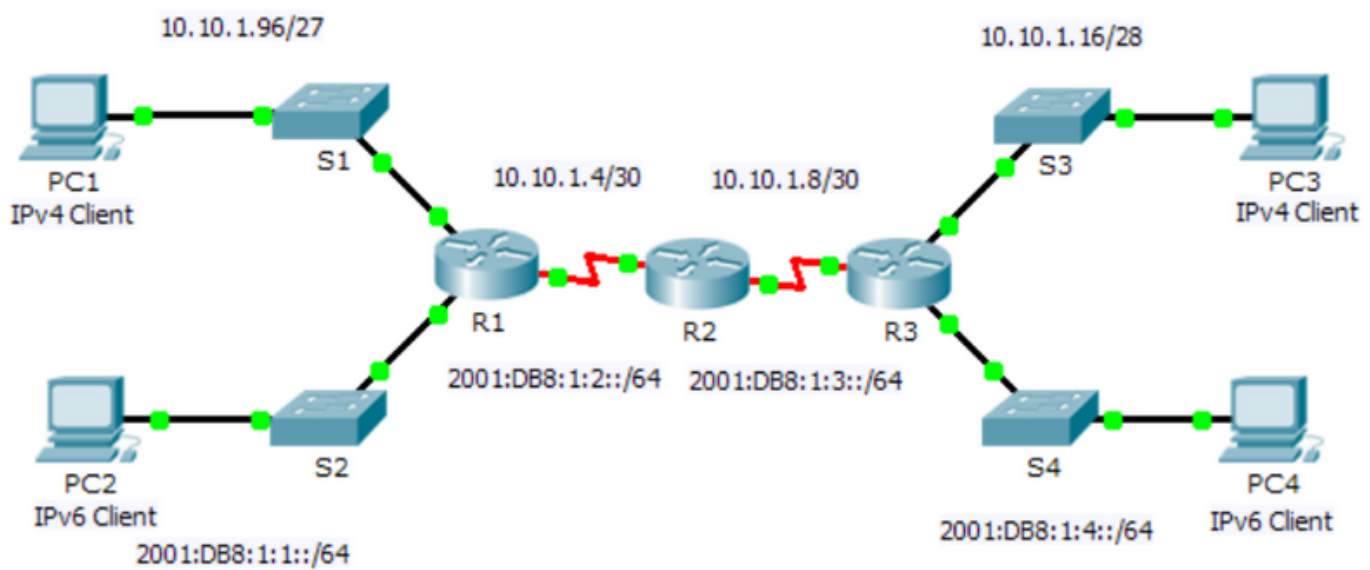


# LAB. 10: PINGING AND TRACING TO TEST THE PATH

## Topology



## Addressing Table

Part 2: Device	Part 3: Interface	Part 4: IPv4 Address	Part 5: Subnet Mask	Part 6: Default Gateway
		Part 7: IPv6 Address/Prefix		
R1	G0/0	2001:DB8:1:1::1/64		N/A
	G0/1	10.10.1.97	255.255.255.224	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.10.1.6	255.255.255.252	N/A
		2001:DB8:1:2::2/64		N/A
	Link-local	FE80::1		N/A
R2	S0/0/0	10.10.1.5	255.255.255.252	N/A
		2001:DB8:1:2::1/64		N/A
	S0/0/1	10.10.1.9	255.255.255.252	N/A
		2001:DB8:1:3::1/64		N/A
	Link-local	FE80::2		N/A
R3	G0/0	2001:DB8:1:4::1/64		N/A
	G0/1	10.10.1.17	255.255.255.240	N/A
	S0/0/1	10.10.1.10	255.255.255.252	N/A
		2001:DB8:1:3::2/64		N/A
	Link-local	FE80::3		N/A
PC1	NIC	10.10.1.98	255.255.255.224	10.10.1.97
PC2	NIC	2001:DB8:1:1::2/64		FE80::1
PC3	NIC	10.10.1.18	255.255.255.224	10.10.1.17
PC4	NIC	2001:DB8:1:4::2/64		FE80::2

G0/1 - R1  
Link-local - R1  
G0/1 - R3  
Link-local - R2

## Objectives

Part 1: Test and Restore IPv4 Connectivity

Part 2: Test and Restore IPv6 Connectivity

## Scenario

Part 8: There are connectivity issues in this activity. In addition to gathering and documenting information about the network, you will locate the problems and implement acceptable solutions to restore connectivity.

Part 9: **Note:** The user EXEC password is **cisco**. The privileged EXEC password is **class**.

## Test and Restore IPv4 Connectivity

Use ipconfig and ping to verify connectivity.

- Click **PC1** and click the **Desktop** tab > **Command Prompt**.
- Enter the **ipconfig /all** command to collect the IPv4 information. Complete the **Addressing Table** with the IPv4 address, subnet mask, and default gateway.
- Click **PC3** and click the **Desktop** tab > **Command Prompt**.
- Enter the **ipconfig /all** command to collect the IPv4 information. Complete the **Addressing Table** with the IPv4 address, subnet mask, and default gateway.
- Test connectivity between **PC1** and **PC3**. The ping should fail.

Locate the source of connectivity failure.

- From **PC1**, enter the necessary command to trace the route to **PC3**. What is the last successful IPv4 address that was reached?  
10.10.1.97
- The trace will eventually end after 30 attempts. Enter **Ctrl+C** to stop the trace before 30 attempts.
- From **PC3**, enter the necessary command to trace the route to **PC1**. What is the last successful IPv4 address that was reached?  
10.10.1.17
- Enter **Ctrl+C** to stop the trace.
- Click **R1** and then the **CLI** tab. Press **ENTER** and log in to the router.
- Enter the **show ip interface brief** command to list the interfaces and their status. There are two IPv4 addresses on the router. One should have been recorded in Step 2a. What is the other?  
10.10.1.6
- Enter the **show ip route** command to list the networks to which the router is connected. Note that there are two networks connected to the **Serial0/0/1** interface. What are they?  
10.10.1.4      10.10.1.30
- Repeat step 2e to 2g with **R3** and the answers here.  
10.10.1.10 , 10.10.1.8 /30, 10.10.1.10/32
- Notice how the serial interface for R3 changes.
- Run more tests if it helps visualize the problem. Simulation mode is available.

Propose a solution to solve the problem.

- Compare your answers in Step 2 to the documentation you have available for the network. What is the error?

in R2 Serial 0/0/0 interface is configured with the wrong IP address  
Instead of 10.10.1.2 , it should be 10.10.1.5

p. What solution would you propose to correct the problem?

**Configure the correct IP address on R2 Serial 0/0/0 interface (10.10.1.5)**

**Implement the plan.**

Implement the solution you proposed in Step 3b.

**Verify that connectivity is restored.**

From **PC1** test connectivity to **PC3**.

From **PC3** test connectivity to **PC1**. Is the problem resolved?

**Yes**\_\_\_\_\_

**Document the solution.**

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