Day 9-VI Editor Basics

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vi is one of the most commonly used text editors in Linux. It is lightweight, terminal-based, and available by default on nearly all Unix-like systems. Most modern systems use vim (Vi IMproved), and vi is usually a symbolic link to it.

To open a file with vi:

vi <filename>

vi Operation Modes @

vi operates in three main modes:

- Command Mode (default when you open a file)
 - Use for navigation, deleting, copying, pasting, and switching modes.
 - Most keys are interpreted as commands.
- Insert Mode
 - Used for writing and editing text.
 - o Enter by pressing:
 - i → insert before the cursor
 - I → insert at beginning of line
 - a → append after the cursor
 - lacktriangle A ightarrow append at end of line
 - o → open new line below
 - lacksquare 0 \rightarrow open new line above
- Last Line Mode (a.k.a. Ex mode)
 - Accessed by pressing: in command mode.
 - Used for saving, quitting, and other commands.

Editing and Navigating @

- · Copy a line run:
 - уу
- Paste below cursor using:
 - o p
- Delete a character using the below option:
 - 0 X
- Delete N lines using command:
 - \circ 3dd or d3d where N=3
- Undo a change press:
 - o u

Searching @

- Search for a pattern (downward):
 - ∘ /pattern
- Search for a pattern (upward):

- o ?pattern
- Next match (same direction):
 - o n
- Previous match (opposite direction):
 - o N

Saving and Exiting @

From **last line mode** press : and one of the below options:

```
:w  # Save the file
:q  # Quit if no changes made
:wq  # Save and quit
:wq!  # Save and quit, force even with warnings
:q!  # Quit without saving
ZZ  # Save and quit from command mode (uppercase ZZ)
```

Checking Default Editor *⊘*

To see which editor is set as default run:

update-alternatives --display editor