# lab-07-simpsons.Rmd

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# **Packages**

```
library(tidyverse)
library(mosaicData)
```

# Exercises

1.

#### ?Whickham

Your answer: The data is observational as the description states that is based on age, smoking, and mortality, which are all observable events and not produced via experiments.

2.

#### nrow(Whickham)

```
## [1] 1314
```

Your answer; there are 1314 observations . as we know every row is an observation

3.

### names (Whickham)

```
## [1] "outcome" "smoker" "age"
```

Your answer:

there are 3, "outcome", "smoker", "age"

## unique(Whickham\$outcome)

```
## [1] Alive Dead
## Levels: Alive Dead
```

unique(Whickham\$smoker)

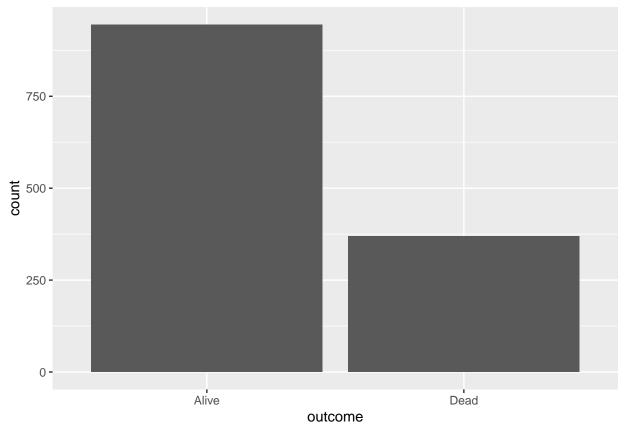
```
## [1] Yes No
## Levels: No Yes
unique(Whickham$age)
```

```
## [1] 23 18 71 67 64 38 45 76 28 27 34 20 72 48 66 30 33 68 61 43 47 22 39 80 59 ## [26] 56 62 51 32 60 37 36 50 55 73 52 25 53 31 54 69 79 75 21 29 24 26 49 84 40 ## [51] 44 74 46 35 77 57 42 81 19 63 78 83 82 70 58 41 65
```

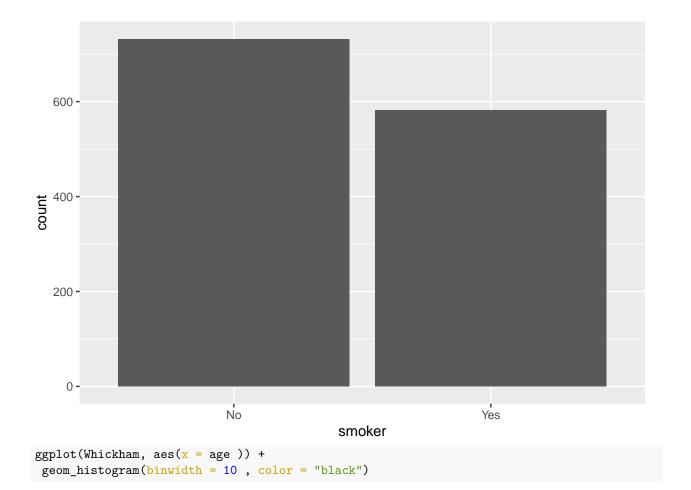
Your answer: using the 'unique()' funtion on the 3 variables we could see that "outcome" only takes Alive or Dead value, which makes it categorical non-ordinal. "smoker" only takes Yes or No, which also makes it

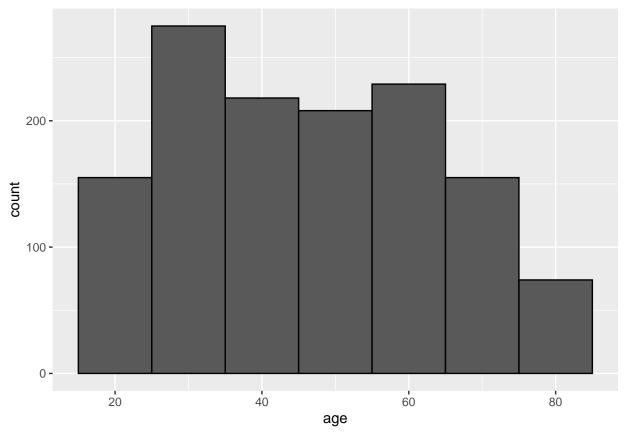
categorical non-ordinal. Age is numerical continous data.

```
ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = outcome)) +
geom_bar()
```



ggplot(Whickham, aes(x = smoker)) +
geom\_bar()





4.

Knit, commit, and push to github.

5.

# Whickham %>% count(smoker, outcome)

## smoker outcome ## 1 No Alive 502 ## 2 No Dead 230 ## 3 Yes Alive 443 ## 4 Yes Dead 139 6. 7.

Knit, commit, and push to github.