ArrayList vs Vector

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| ArrayList | Vector |
| ArrayList is not synchronized. | Vector is synchronized. |
| ArrayList increments 50% of current array size if the number of elements exceeds from its capacity. | Vector increments 100% means doubles the array size if the total number of elements exceeds than its capacity. |
| ArrayList is not a legacy class. It is introduced in JDK 1.2. | Vector is a legacy class. |
| ArrayList is fast because it is non-synchronized. | Vector is slow because it is synchronized, i.e., in a multithreading environment, it holds the other threads in runnable or non-runnable state until current thread releases the lock of the object. |
| ArrayList uses the Iterator interface to traverse the elements. | A Vector can use the Iterator interface or Enumeration interface to traverse the elements. |

Array vs List

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| Array | List |
| Array is a data structure | List is a java interface |
| Array is fixed length | List is variable length when implemented by another class |
| Arrays can store both objects and primitive datatypes as well | List can only store objects. Since Java 5, primitives are automatically converted in objects. |
| We cannot change length of Array once created. | Length can be changed in List |

HashSet vs SortedSet

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| HashSet | SortedSet |
| HashSet is a Java class | SortedSet is a Java interface |
| HashSet uses Hashtable for storage | Method of storage is specified by the class that implements this interface |
| Stores elements in the order specified by the hashing | The elements are ordered either by using a natural ordering or by using a Comparator. |
| Iterator will traverse the HashSet in hasing order | Iterator will traverse the SortedSet in an ascending order |

List vs Set

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| --- | --- |
| List | Set |
| HashSet is a Java class | SortedSet is a Java interface |
| HashSet uses Hashtable for storage | Method of storage is specified by the class that implements this interface |
| Stores elements in the order specified by the hashing | The elements are ordered either by using a natural ordering or by using a Comparator. |
| Iterator will traverse the HashSet in hasing order | Iterator will traverse the SortedSet in an ascending order |