

# Realtek Start Guide Wake on WLAN Control Tool

Date: 2012/06/06

Version: 0.2

### Files:

All the necessary files are available in the "wake\_on\_wlan\_tool" folder of Realtek software package.

## 1 Requirement

1.1 Make sure the USB interface support the remote wake up feature. Ex: Use command "Isusb -v" to check the USB interface. If the interface support remote wake up feature, you can see it.

```
Bus 001 Device 005: ID 0bda:8194 Realtek Semiconductor Corp.
  Configuration Descriptor:
    bLength
                               9
                              2
    bDescriptorType
    wTotalLength
                              32
    bNumInterfaces
                              1
    bConfigurationValue
                             1
    iConfiguration
                             0
    bmAttributes
                           0xa0
      (Bus Powered)
      Remote Wakeup
```

1.2 The USB host driver can manage hardware wakeup events, which make the system leave the low-power state. This feature should be enabled.
Ex: lsusb -v, the 92du dongle is 1-7.

```
lsusb -t

/: Bus 05.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=uhci_hcd/2p, 12M

/: Bus 04.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=uhci_hcd/2p, 12M

/: Bus 03.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=uhci_hcd/2p, 12M

/: Bus 02.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=uhci_hcd/2p, 12M

/: Bus 01.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=uhci_hcd/2p, 12M

/: Bus 01.Port 1: Dev 1, Class=root_hub, Driver=ehci_hcd/8p, 480M

|__ Port 7: Dev 5, If 0, Class=vend., Driver=rtl8192du, 480M
```

Use echo enabled > /sys/bus/usb/devices/1-7/power/wakeup to enabled wakeup feature.

```
# cat /sys/bus/usb/devices/1-7/power/wakeup
disabled
# echo enabled > /sys/bus/usb/devices/1-7/power/wakeup
# cat /sys/bus/usb/devices/1-7/power/wakeup
enabled
```

It also needs to enable USB1 in /proc/acpi/wakeup.

```
# cat /proc/acpi/wakeup
Device S-state
                  Status
                           Sysfs node
USB0
            S4
                               pci:0000:00:1d.0
                   *enabled
USB1
            S4
                   *disabled pci:0000:00:1d.1
# echo USB1 > /proc/acpi/wakeup
# cat /proc/acpi/wakeup
Device S-state
                 Status
                           Sysfs node
USB0
            S4
                   *enabled
                              pci:0000:00:1d.0
USB1
            S4
                   *enabled
                              pci:0000:00:1d.1
```

The all examples in 1.1 and 1.2 are tested on Ubuntu PC linux.

- 1.3 Make sure the USB interface will supply the power during suspend/hibernate.
- 1.4 Before the system enters suspend, the dongle should be associated with AP.
- 1.5 Modify the Makefile to enable wake on wlan

  CONFIG\_WAKE\_ON\_WLAN = y

#### 2 wowlan

- 2.1 In the "wake\_on\_wlan\_tool" folder, you can execute make to get execution command "wowlan".
- 2.2 The command format:

```
#./wowlan wlan# Subcode Val
```

If the interface is wlan0, the command will be "./wowlan wlan0 Subcode

## Subcode:

2: Set magic packet (Val 0: means turn off, 1: means turn on)

8: Get wake up reason (Val don't care)

10: GPIO test mode (Val 0: means low ,1: means high)

Ex: Turn on the Magic packet functionality

#./wowlan wlan0 2 1

Turn off the Magic packet functionality

#./wowlan wlan0 2 0

# 2.3 The wake up reason table:

Reason value	Description
0	Other (push power buttonetc)
1	When pairwisekey update
2	When group temporal key update
4	Receive disassociation packet
8	Receive deauthentication packet
16	Detect disconnection
32	Receive magic packet