

## Whiteboard 16

### WHITEBOARD 16

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PROBLEM DOMAIN:

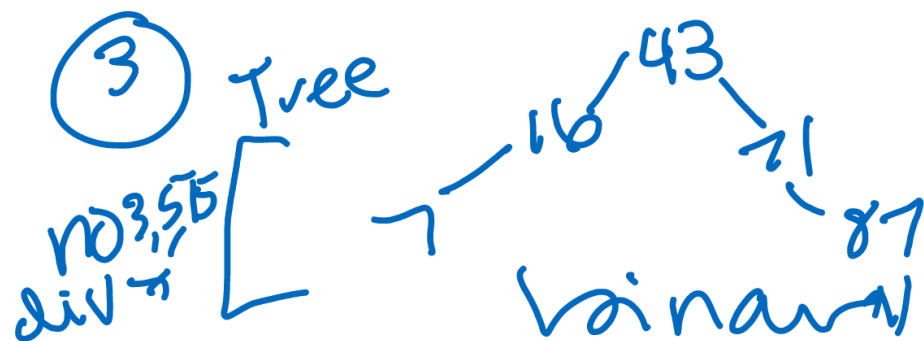
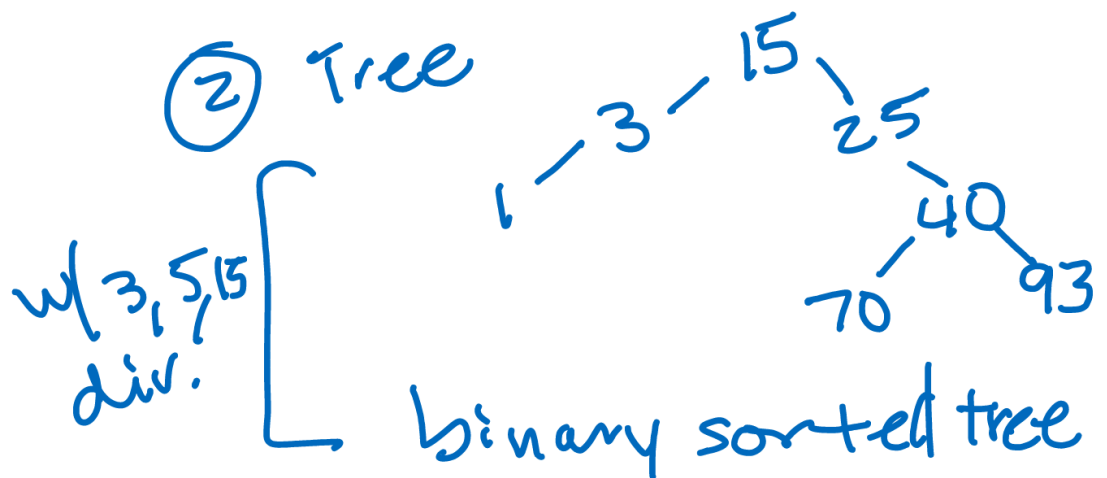
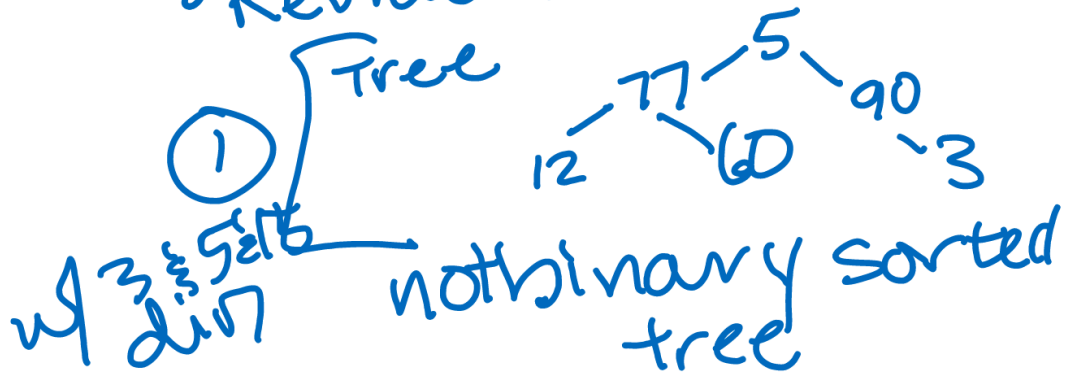
must  
instruct  
what node  
classes

- Traverse a tree  
data-structure of  
positive integers 1-100  
and replace any number
- divisible by 3 w/ "fizz"
  - " " " 5 " "buzz"
  - " " both 3 & 5 "fizzbuzz"

in an inOrder traversal  
print out string (per  
class no need to replace  
node value)

# Visual

• Review test cases



## ④ Edge Case empty tree

### Algorithm

Build TreeNode Class  
w/ root, left, right  
properties values

method → Build Tree class  
Build to String String Builder  
Build inOrder Method

Build fizzbuzz method  
to evaluate values  
in method for

→ fizzbuzz  
Return string after FizzBuzz

Big O

no nested loops  
but there are loops-while/  
for  
so  $O^m$  time

not a lot of net new  
variables of  
great size to  
evaluate trees  
w/ new classes,  
methods,  
so  $O^1$  space

## Pseudo Code

- Build TreeNode constructor class
- Build tree class w/ TreeNode & add properties
- Build StringBuilder method attached to Tree class
- Build inOrder traversal method for Tree class
- Build Fizz Buzz evaluator to apply to string

after inOrder &  
String Builder  
methods applied  
return String w/  
Fizz Buzz req.

## Code

1st Tree Node class

```
public class TreeNode {  
    protected int data;  
    protected TreeNode left;  
    protected TreeNode right;  
}
```

```
package  
tree;  
public TreeNode (int value){  
    this.data = value;
```

```
}  
public int getData(){  
    return this.data;
```

```
}  
public TreeNode getLeft()  
{  
    return this.left;
```

```
}  
public TreeNode getRight()  
{  
    return this.right;
```

```
}  
public String toString(){  
    return " " + this.data;
```

```
} }
```

② package tree;

```
public class BinaryTree {
```

```
    private TreeNode root;
```

```
    public void add(int value) {
```

```
        if (this.root == null) {
```

```
            this.root = new TreeNode
```

```
                (value);
```

```
            return;
```

```
        }  
        this.add(value, this.root);
```

```
    }
```

// recursive add method  
that is private & helps  
public add method



```
private void add(int value,  
TreeNode current) {
```

```
    if (current.left == null) {  
        current.left = new  
            returnTreeNode(value)  
    } else if (current.right  
        == null) {  
        current.right = new  
            TreeNode(value)  
    }  
    return;  
}
```

while  
(current.data != null)

```
    if (current == null) {  
        new newTreeNode =  
            value;  
    }
```

empty  
case

```
public String toString(){  
    StringBuilder builder =  
        new StringBuilder();  
    return inOrder(builder,  
        this.root).toString();  
}
```

```
    {  
        private StringBuilder inOrder  
            (StringBuilder builder,  
             Tree Node current) {  
                if (current == null) {  
                    return builder;  
                }  
            }  
    }
```

```
inOrder(builder, current.left);  
builder.append(current.data  
+ " ");  
inOrder(builder, current.  
right + " ");  
return builder;  
}
```

③ package tree;

```
public class FizzBuzzTree {
```

```

public String fizzBuzzTree
(String string) {
    for (int i = 0; i < string.
        length; i++) {
        if (i % 3 == 0 && i % 5
            == 0) {
            string.charAt(i) =
                'fizzbuzz';
        } else if (i % 5 == 0) {
            string.charAt(i) =
                'buzz';
        } else if (i % 3 == 0) {

```

```
string.charAt(i) = 'f';  
} else string.charAt(i)  
    = 'i';
```

```
}  
}  
return string;  
}
```

↳ ④ main  
public static void main  
 (String[] args) {

BinaryTree btl =

btl.add(6);

btl.add(7);

btl.add(11);

btl.add(4);

btl.add(22);

return

StringBuilder.fizz  
buzzTree(btl);

}

// end program