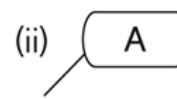


# ALTERNATIVE DIAGRAMMATIC NOTATIONS

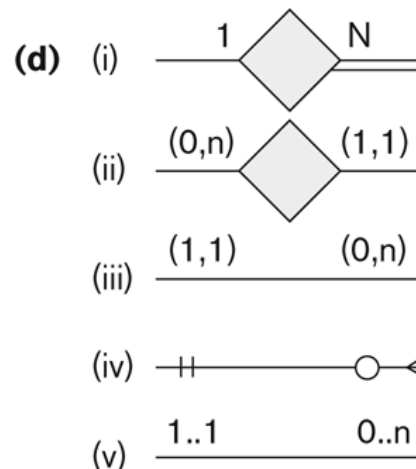
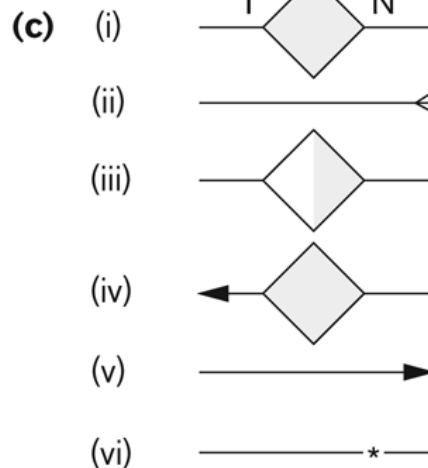
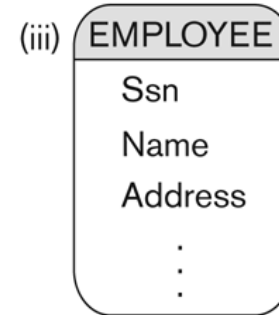
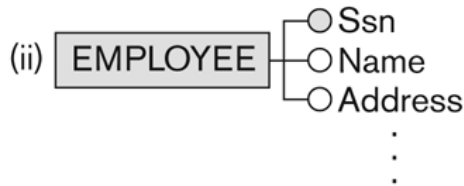
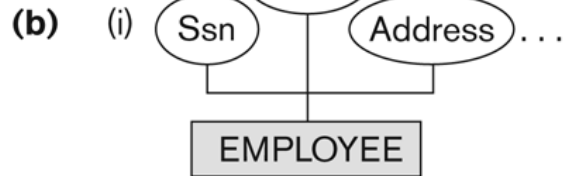
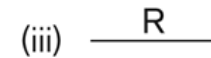
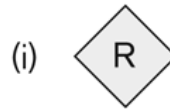
**(a)** Entity type/class symbols



Attribute symbols

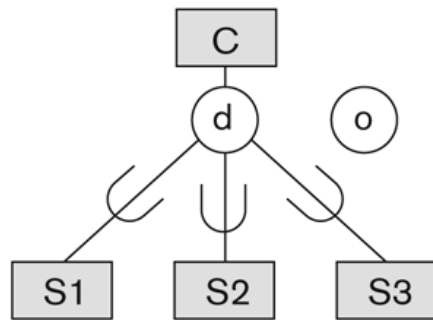


Relationship symbols

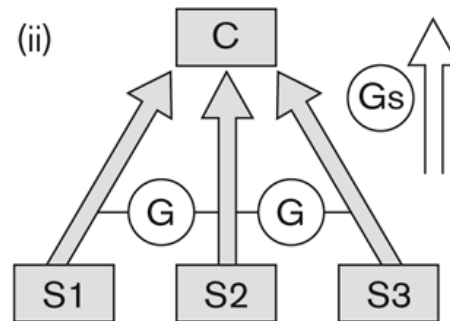


# ALTERNATIVE DIAGRAMMATIC NOTATIONS

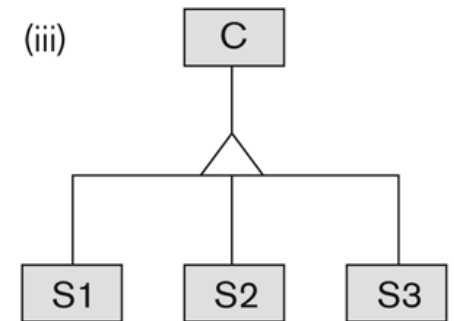
(e) (i)



(ii)



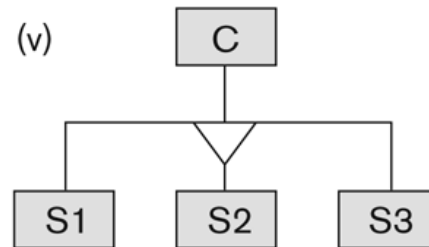
(iii)



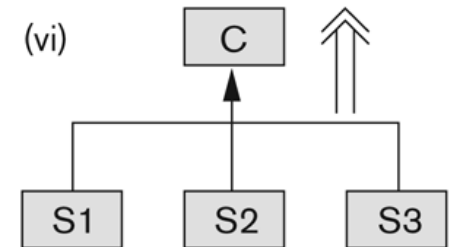
(iv)



(v)



(vi)



**ANOTHER NOTATION FOR  
ER MODEL  
IE-INFORMATION ENGINEERING  
(CROW FOOT NOTATION)**



# ER IN CHEN NOTATION

## Pros

- **Lots of information:** Most books that cover relational database design tend to use this notation.
- **Use basic figures:** You can draw an ERD with practically any program that has rectangles, diamonds, ovals, and lines (ehem ... word).

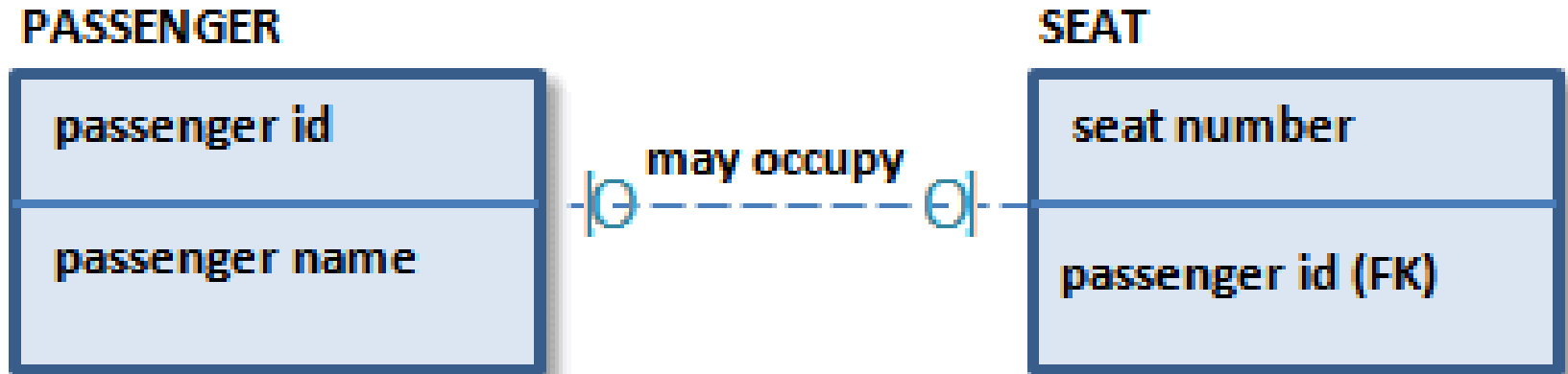
## Cons

- **Notation takes up much space:** If a diagram has entities with many attributes and relationships, it becomes chaotic and difficult to read
- **No database modeler includes this notation:** so, you cannot autogenerate a logical or physical diagram and much less SQL or reverse engineering.
- **Not used in the industry:** Because of the previous points, it is not use in any company.

# IE (Crow Foot notation)

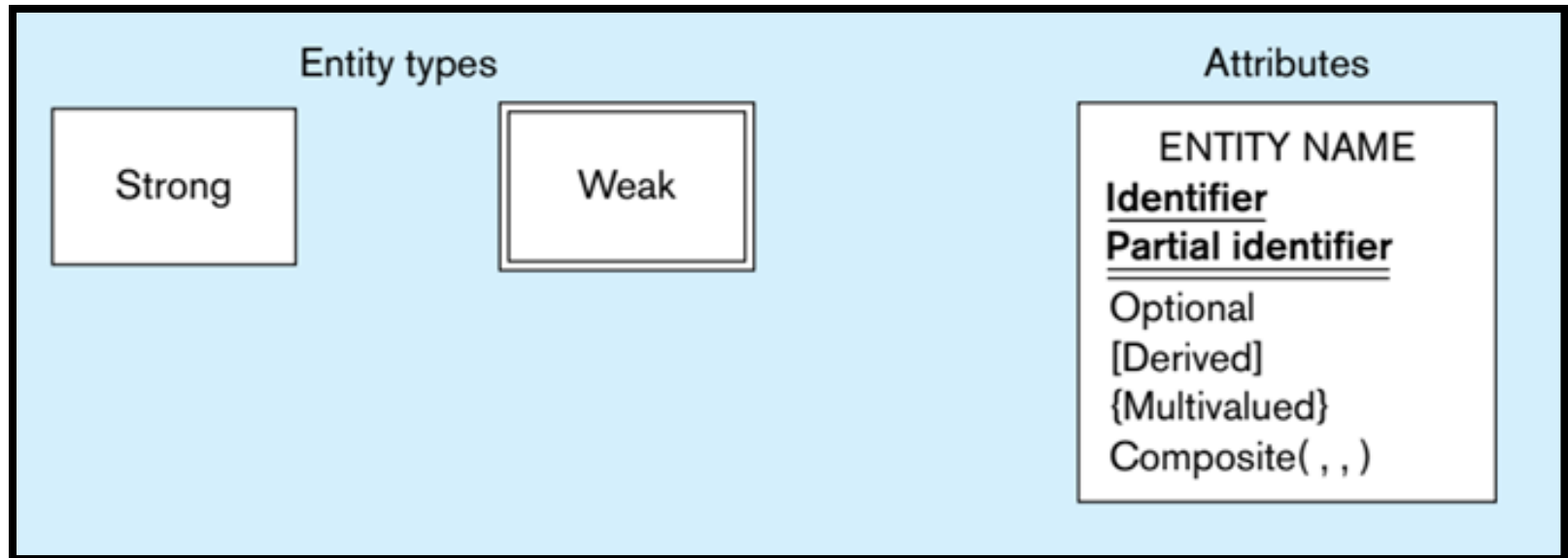
IE notation has various versions, without a single standard.

IE notation is quite popular and almost all database modeling tools include it.

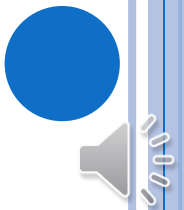
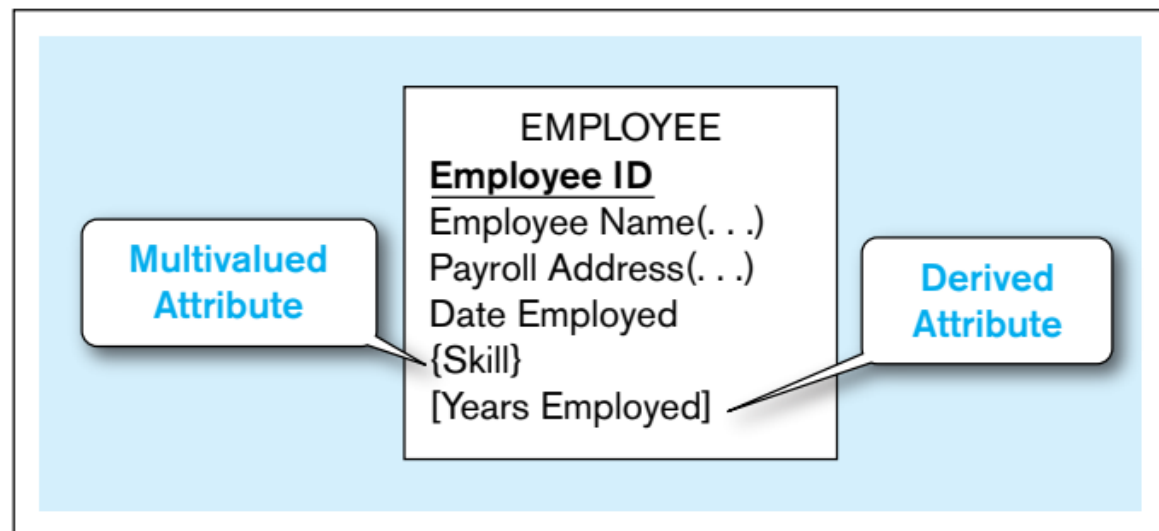
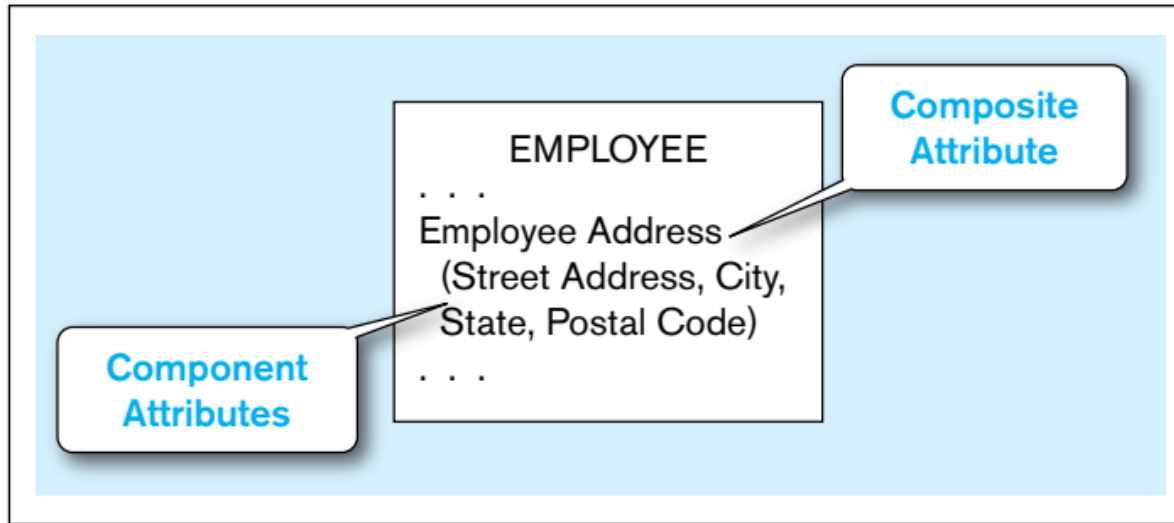


# IE (Crow Foot notation)

## Entities

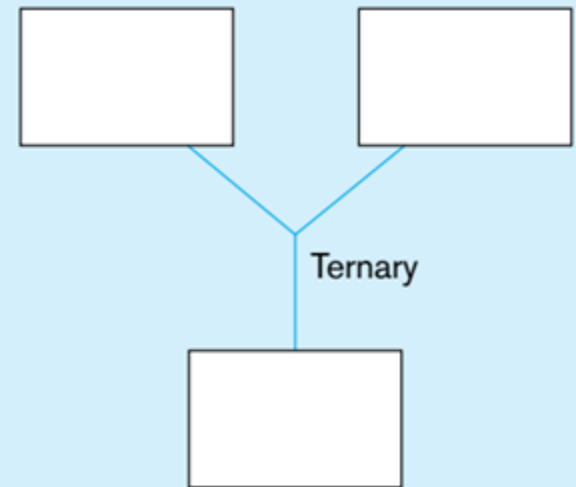
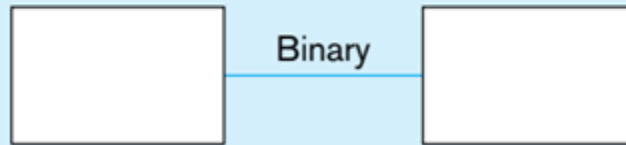
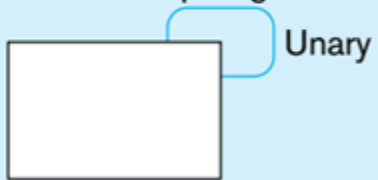


# Attributes



# Relationships

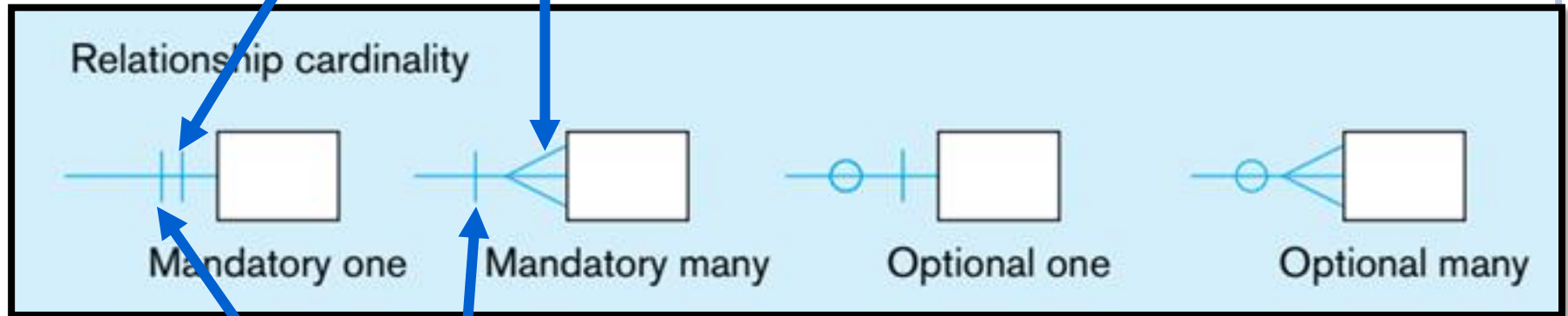
Relationship degrees



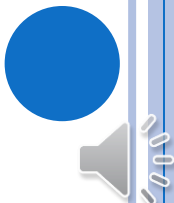


# Relationship Cardinality

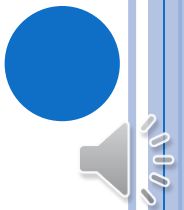
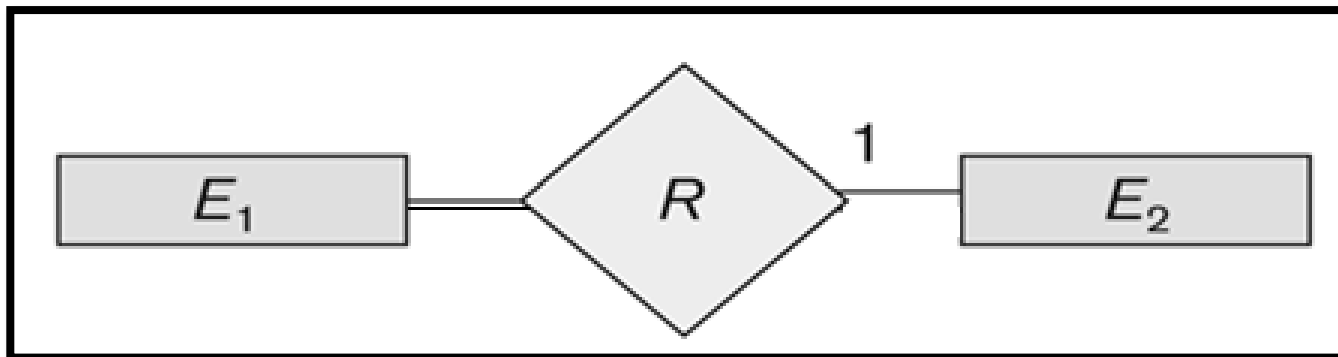
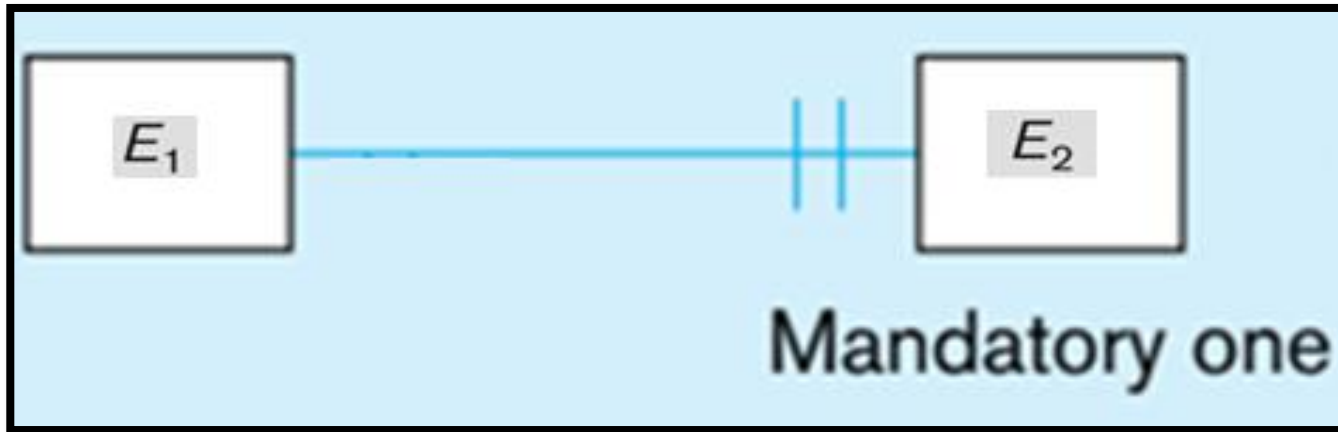
Cardinality  
constraint (max)



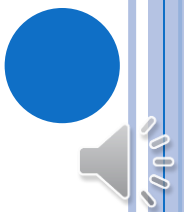
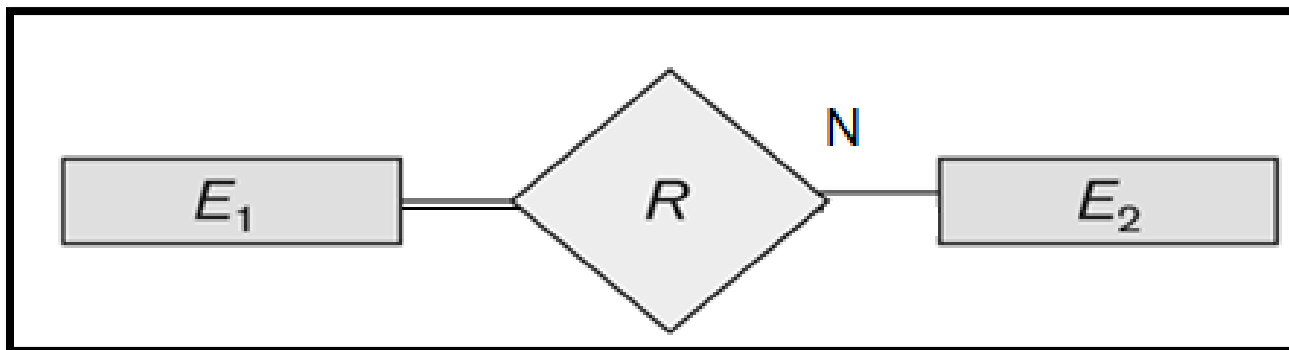
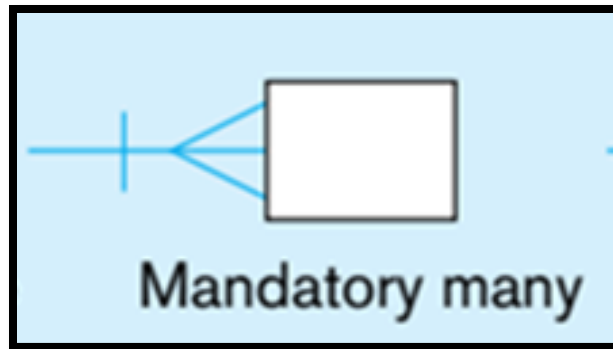
Participation  
constraint (min)



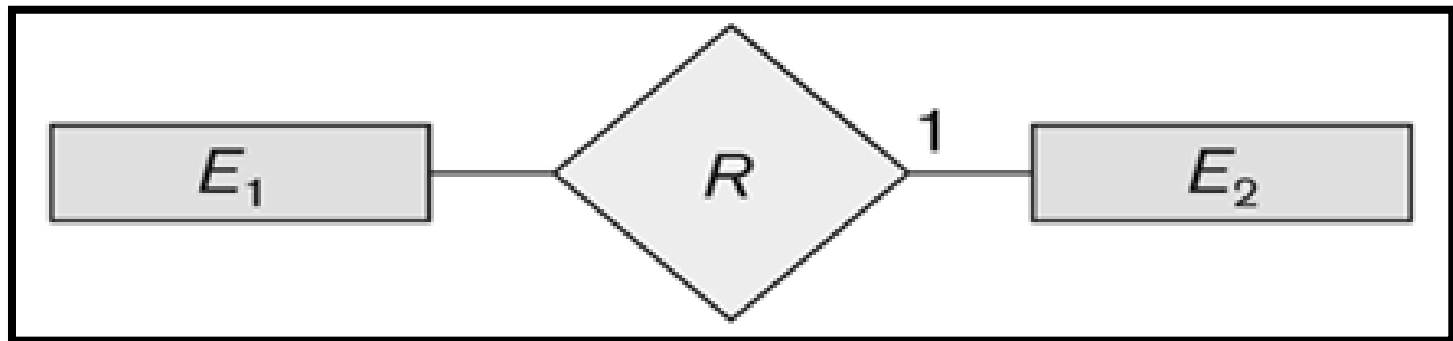
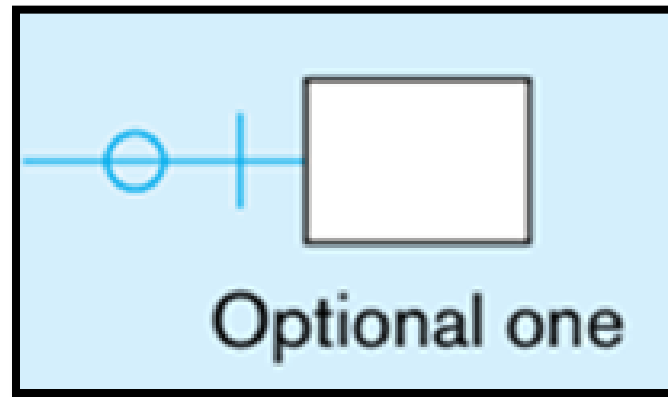
# Relationship Cardinality



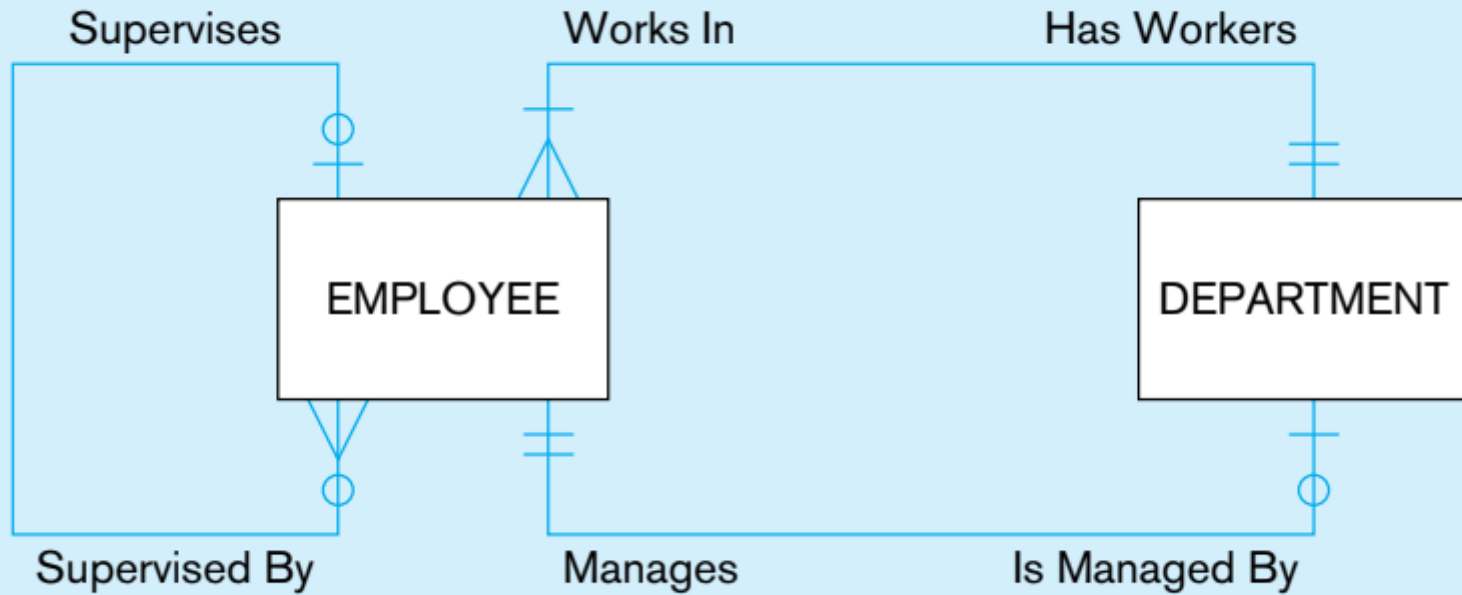
# Cardinality



# Cardinality

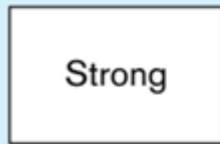


# Example

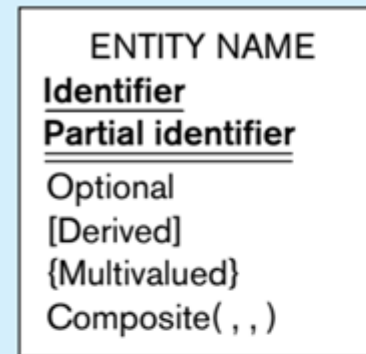


# IE (Crow Foot notation)

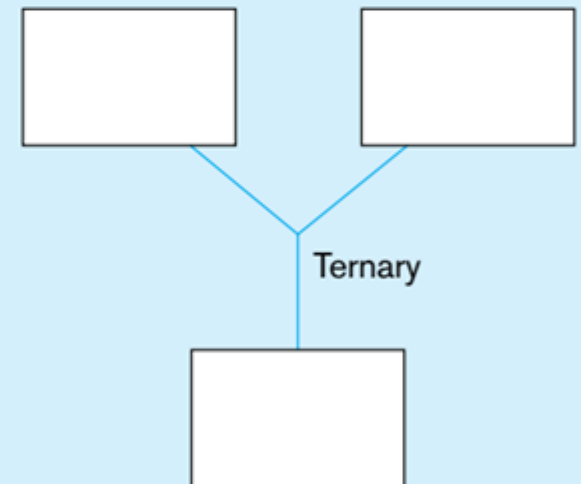
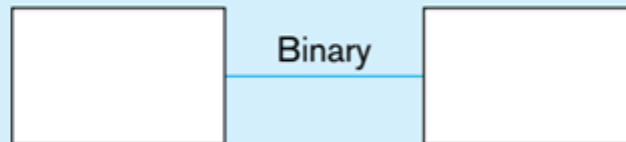
Entity types



Attributes



Relationship degrees



Relationship cardinality



Mandatory one



Mandatory many



Optional one

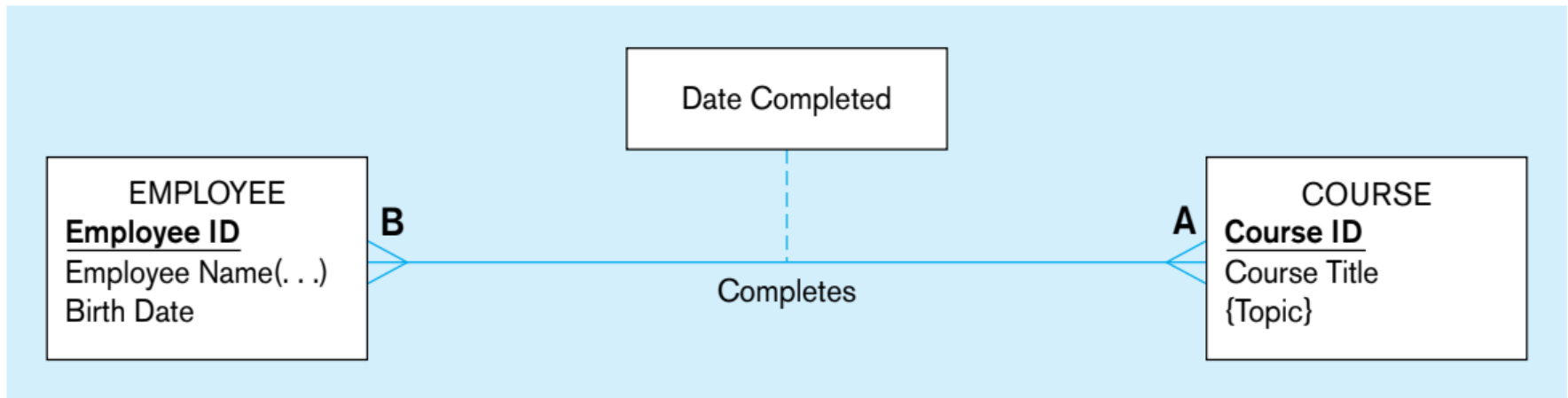


Optional many



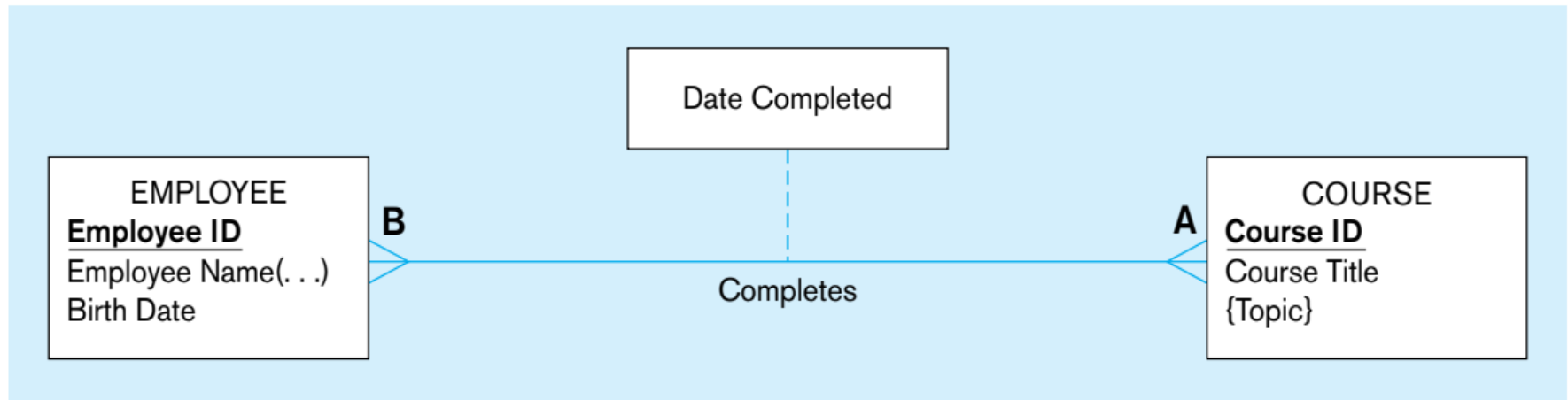
# Relationship Attribute

(a) Attribute on a relationship



# Relationship Attribute

(a) Attribute on a relationship

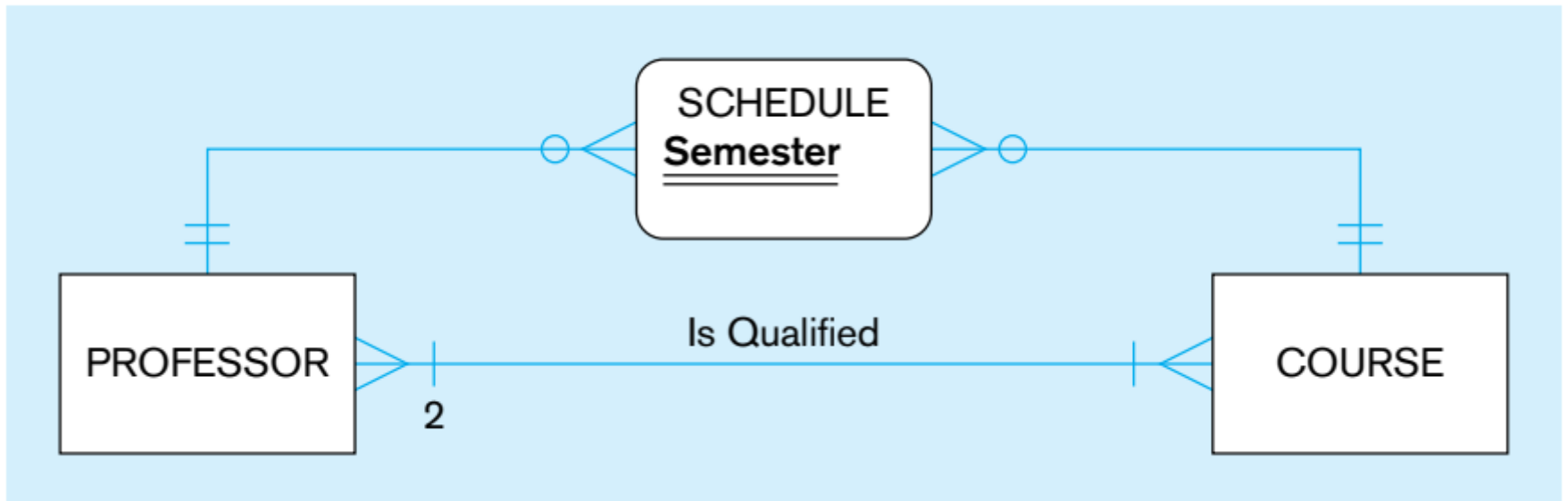


(b) An associative entity (CERTIFICATE)

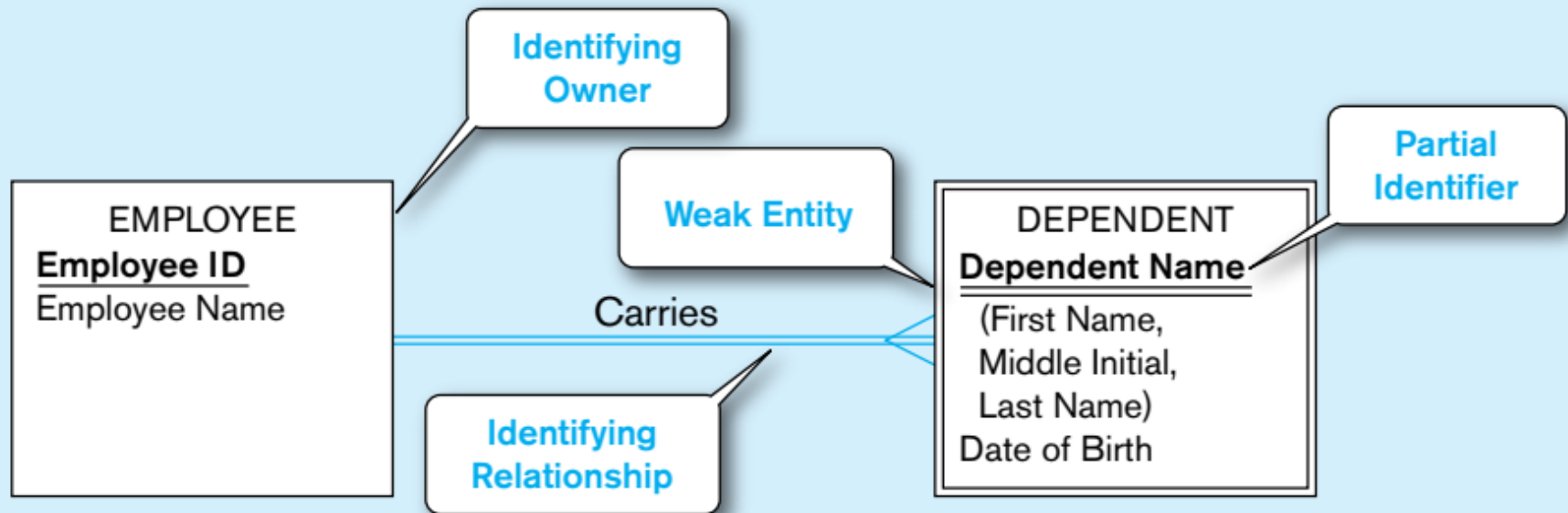




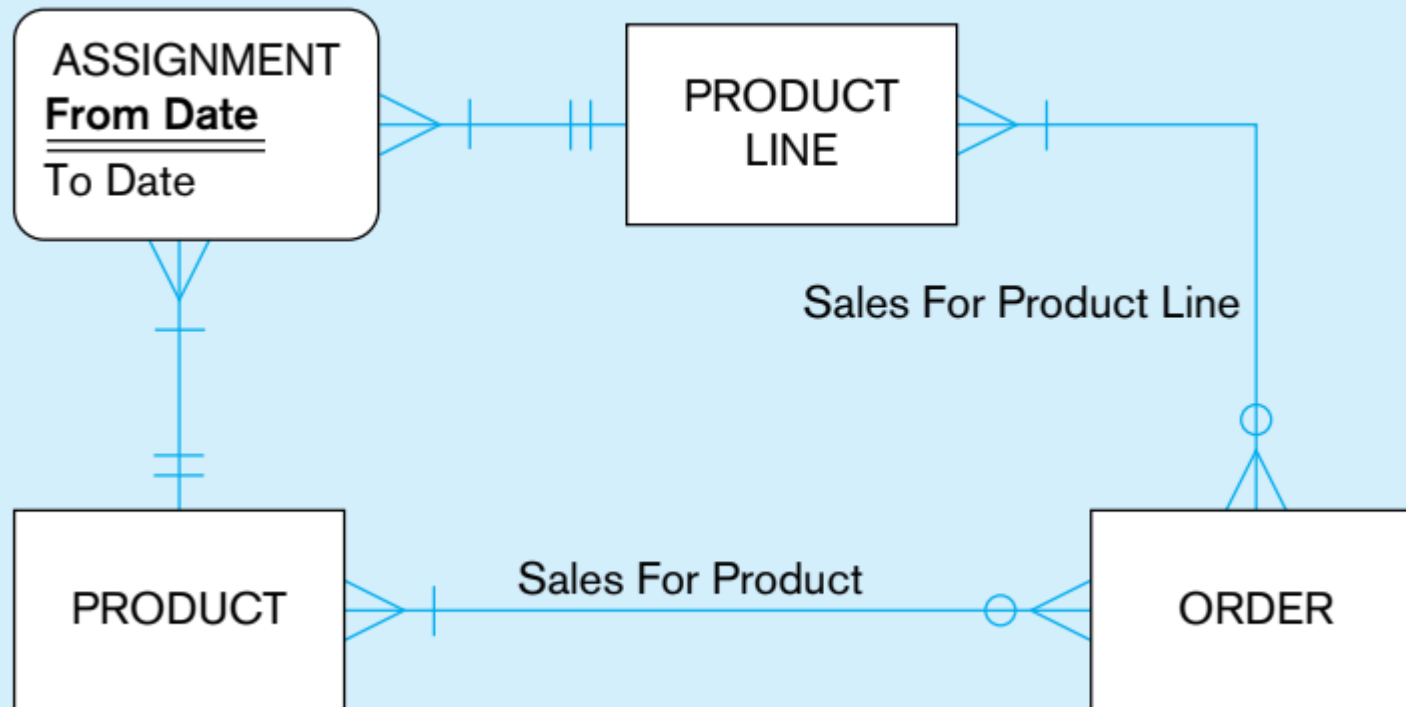
# Associative entity



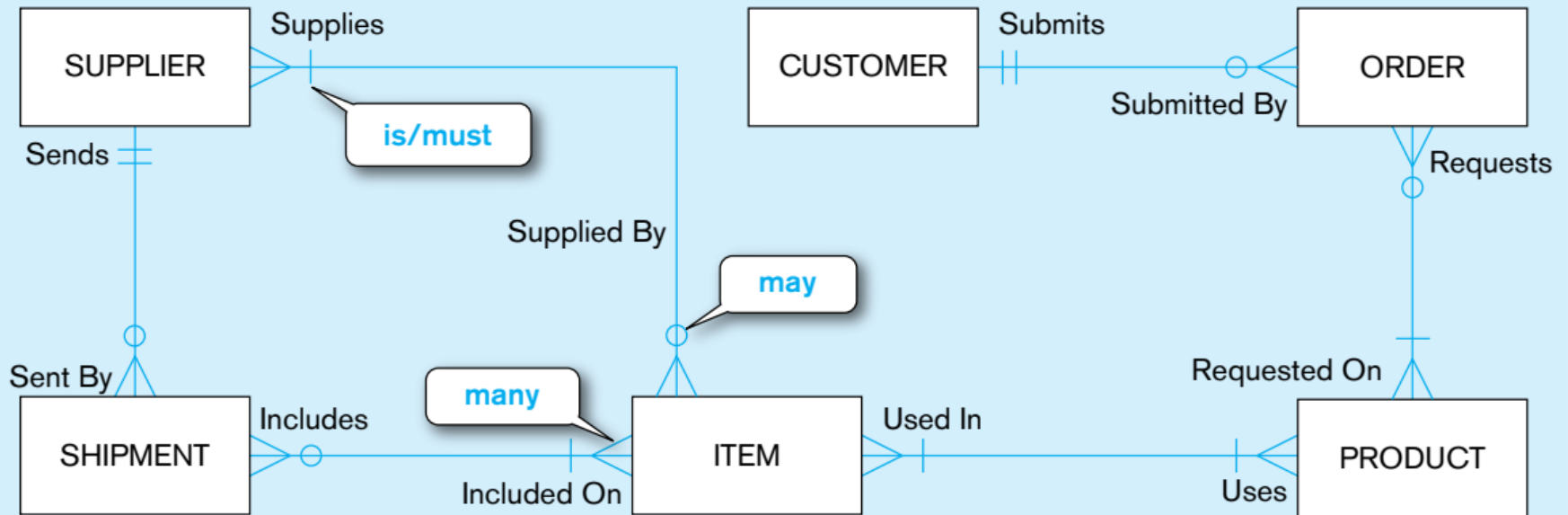
# Weak Entity



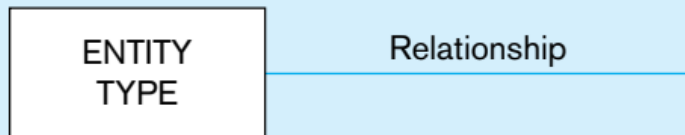
# Example



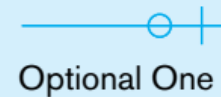
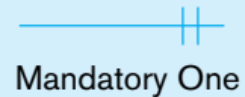
# Example



## Key

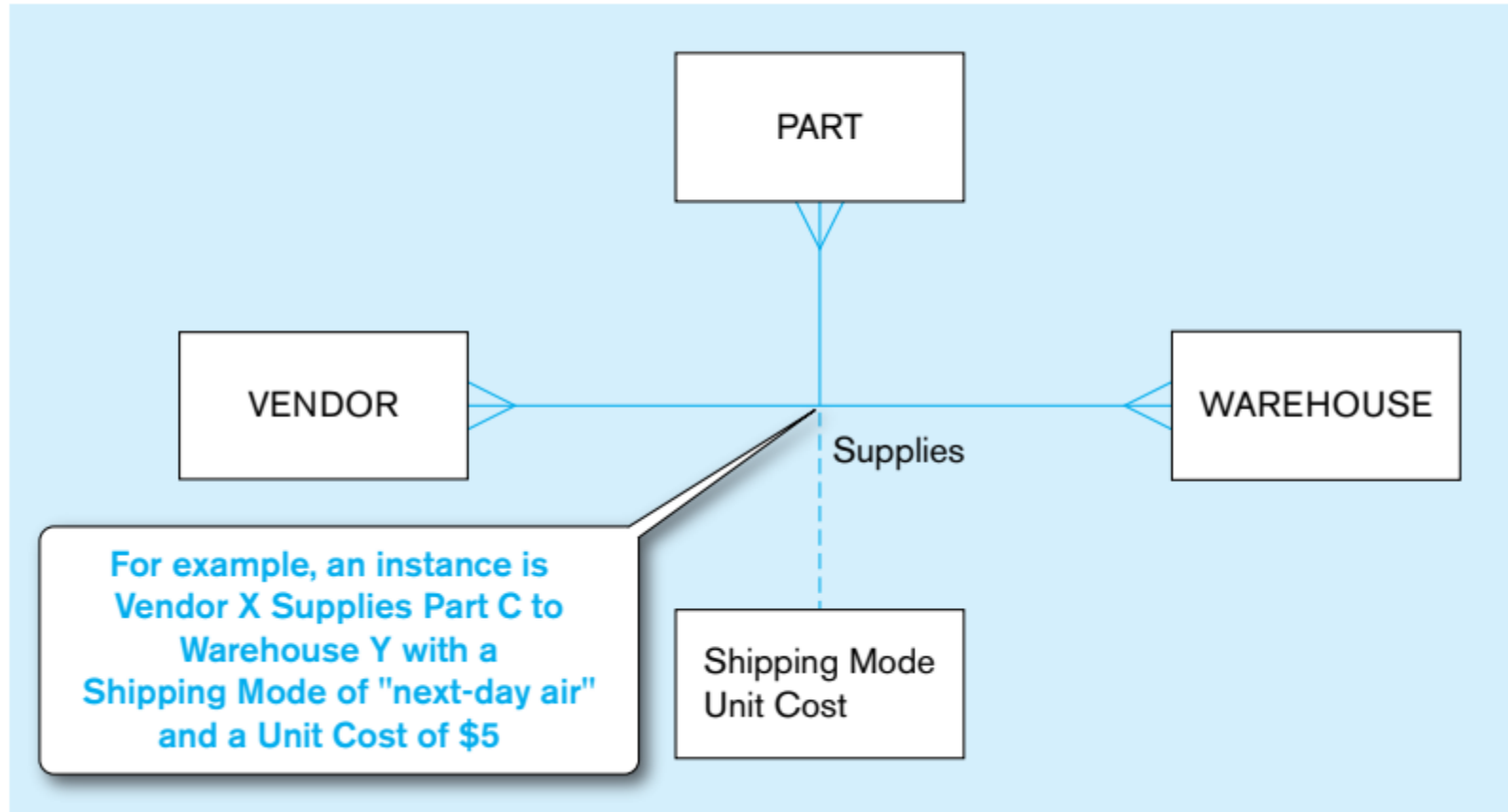


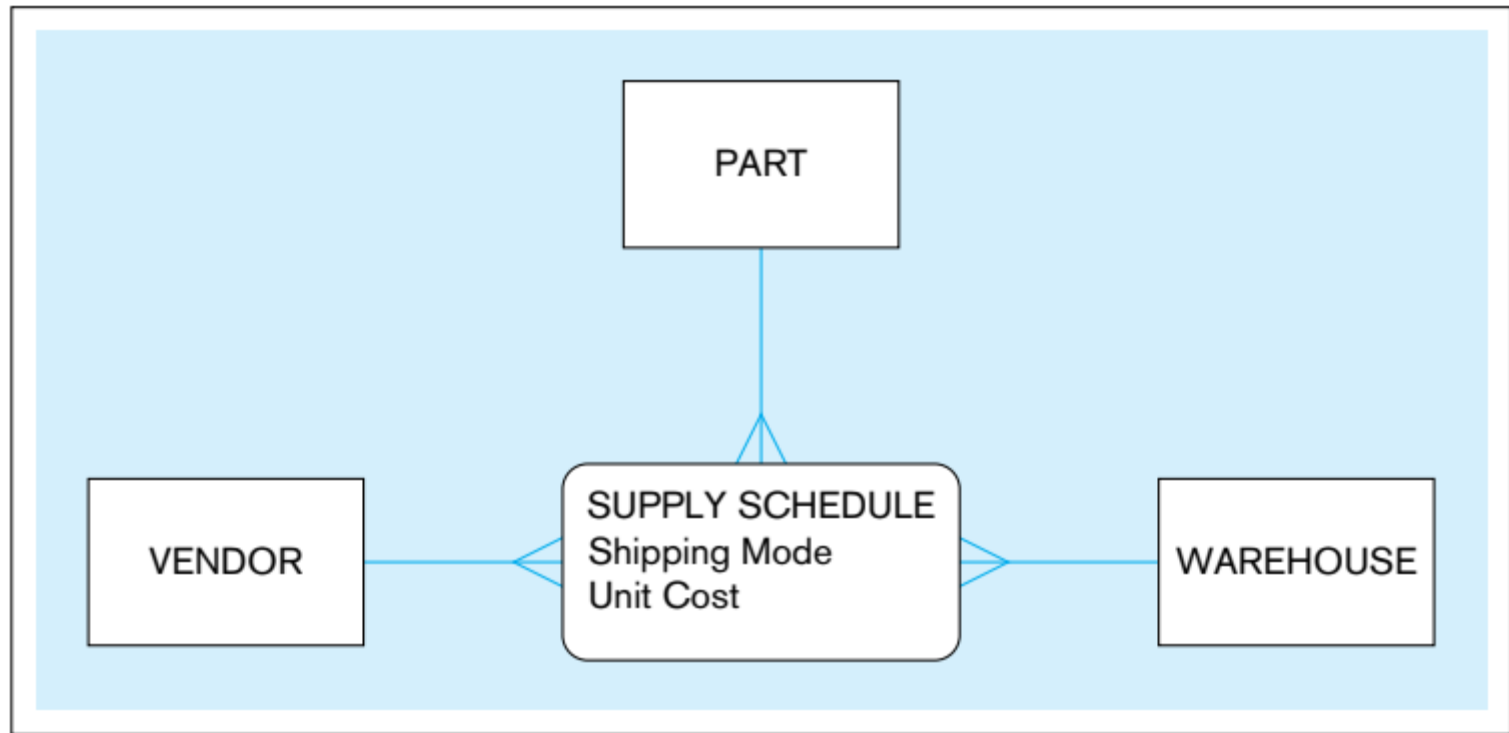
## Cardinalities



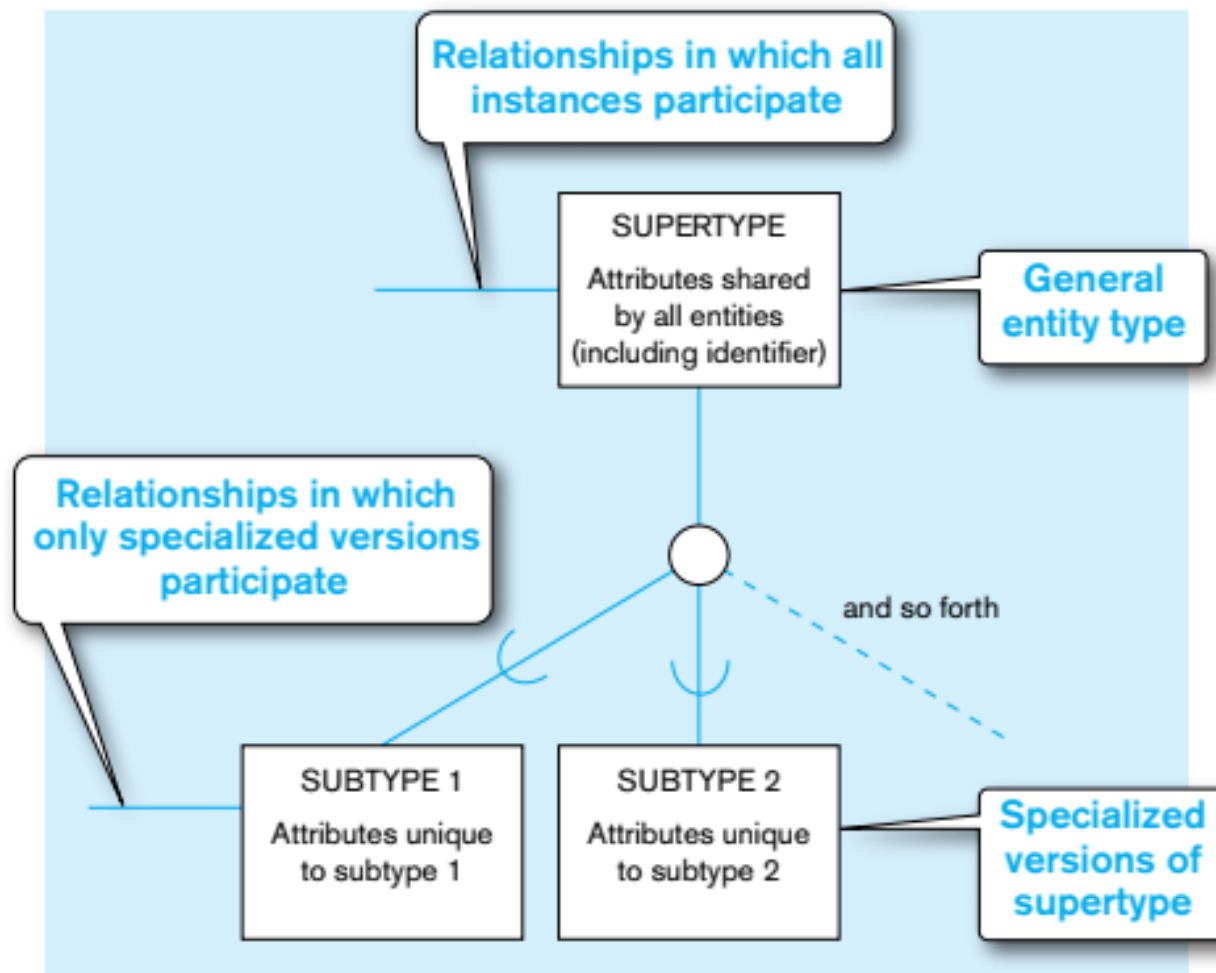
# Example

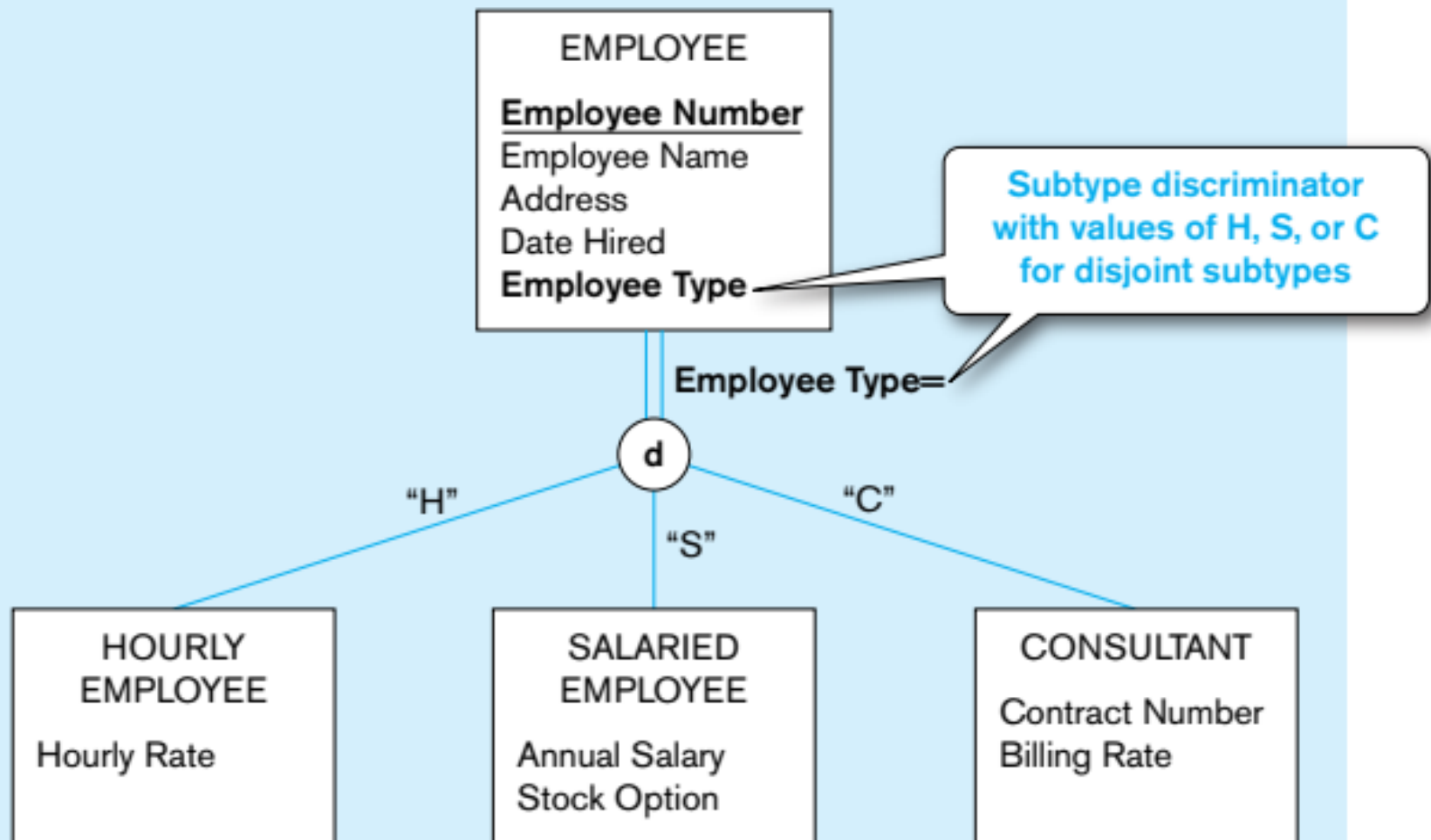
(c) Ternary relationship



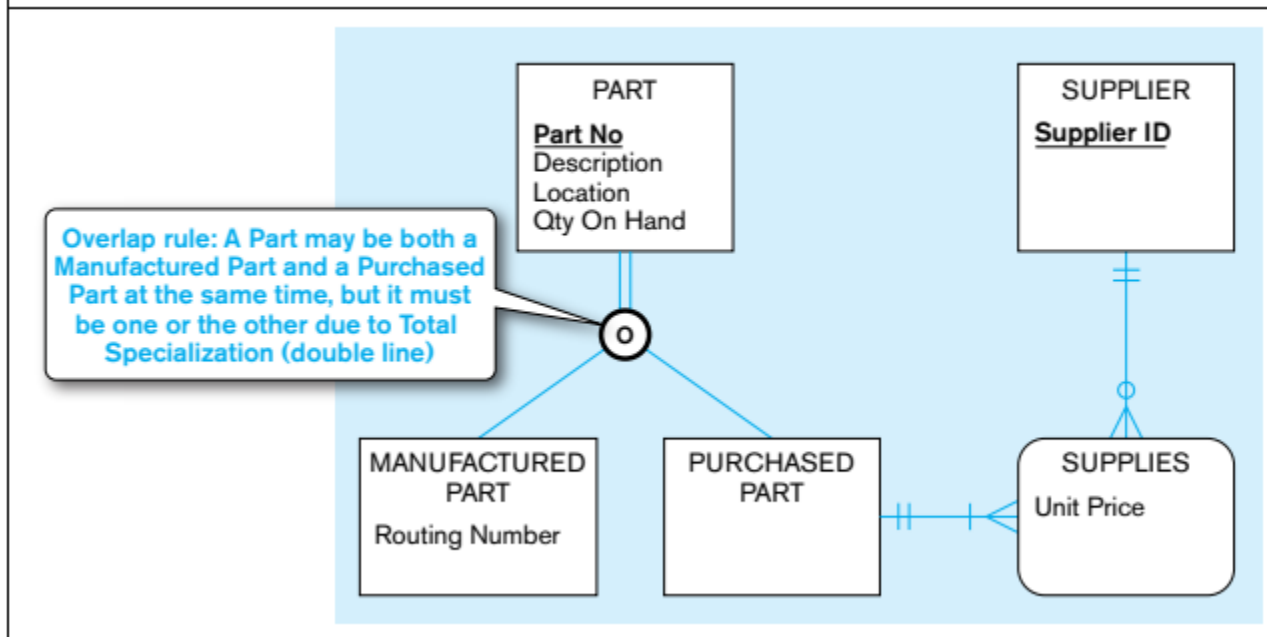
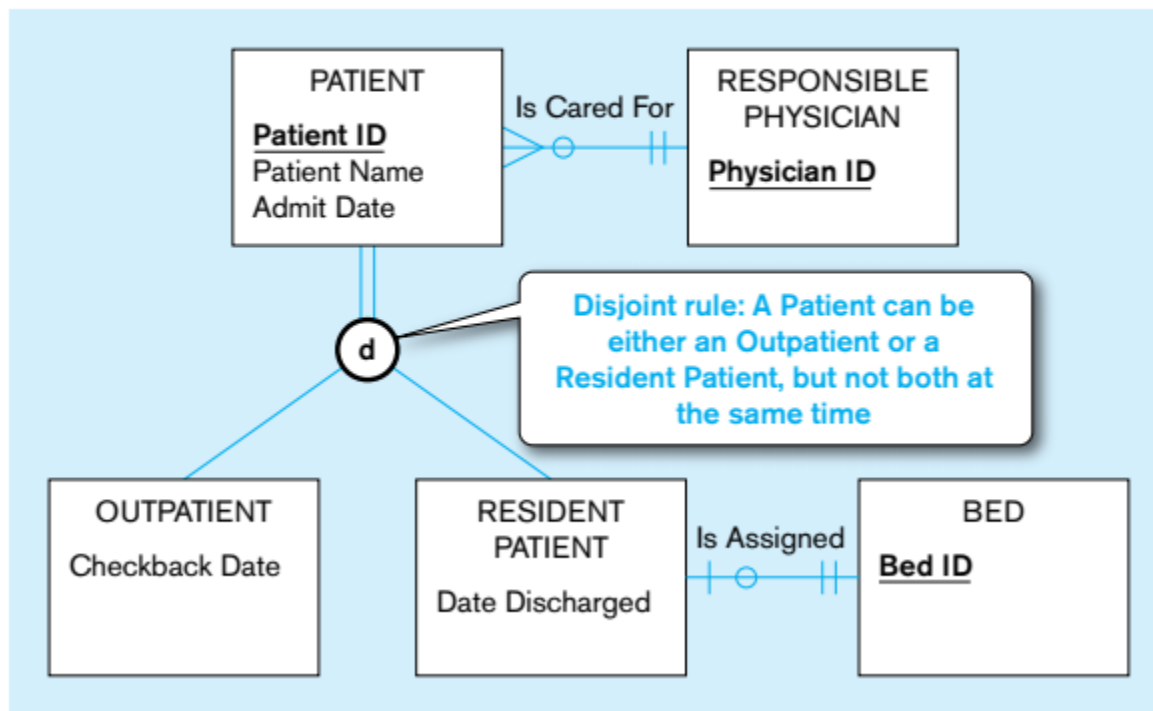


# Inheritance





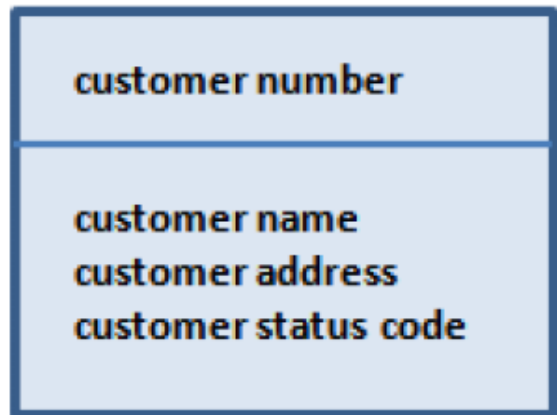




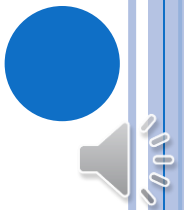
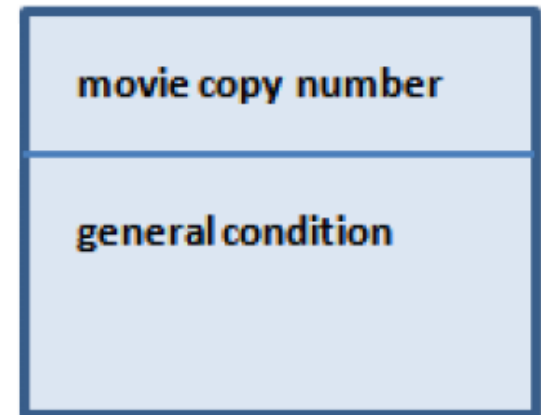
# ERWIN ER MODEL

- Erwin® Data Modeler supports the IDEF1X and IE modeling standards

**CUSTOMER**

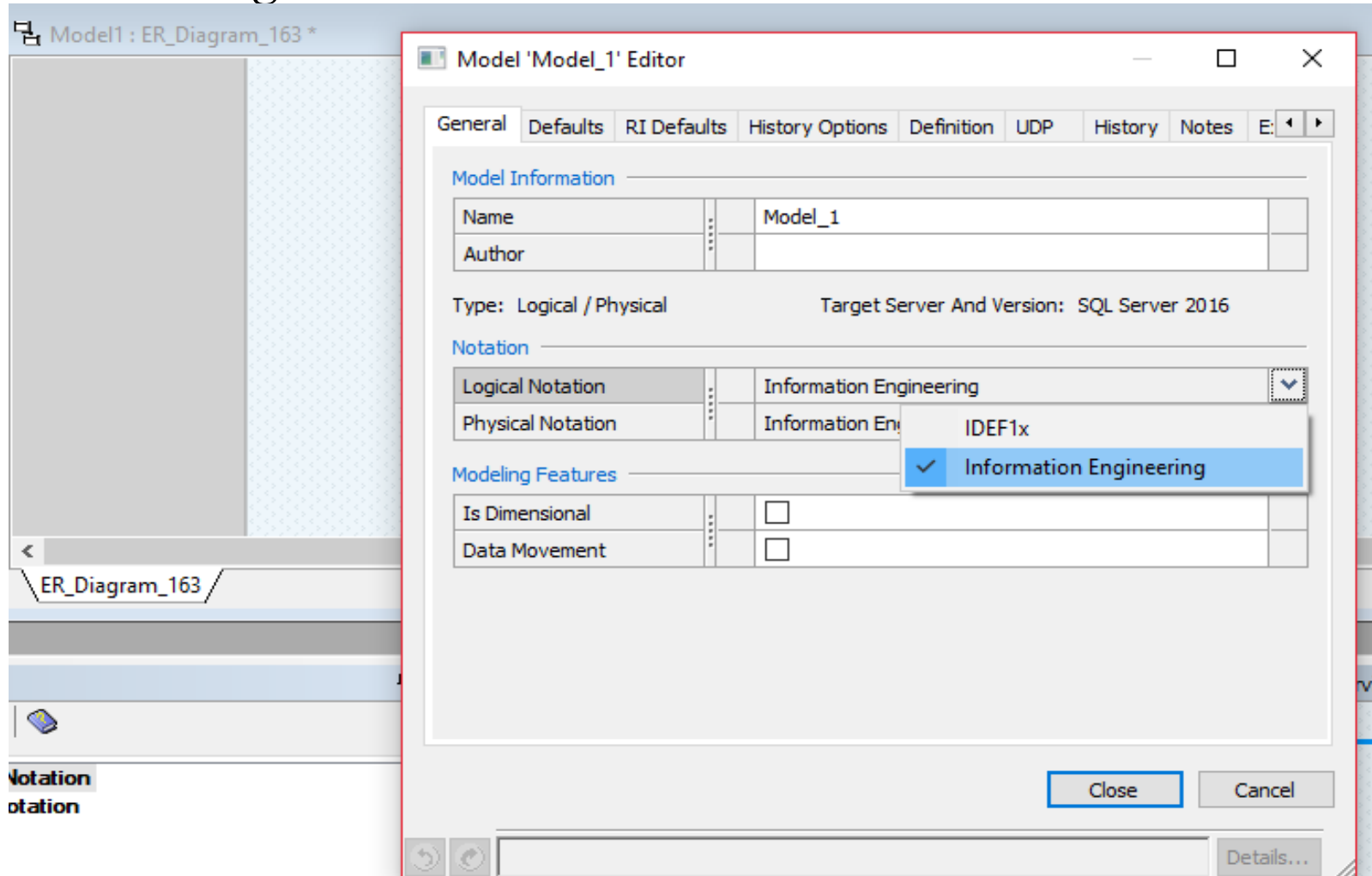


**MOVIE COPY**



# ERWIN ER MODEL

- Erwin® Data Modeler supports the IDEF1X and IE modeling standards

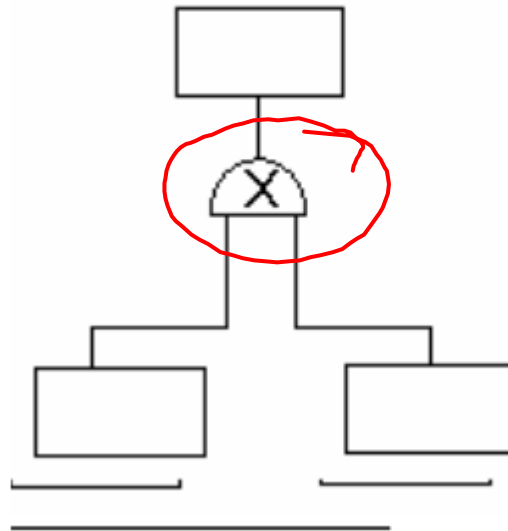


Cardinality Description	IDEF1X Notation Nonidentifying	Identifying	IE Notation Nonidentifying	Identifying
One to zero, one, or more				
One to one or more				
One to zero or one				
Zero or one to zero, one, or more (nonidentifying only)				
Zero or one to zero or one (nonidentifying only)				

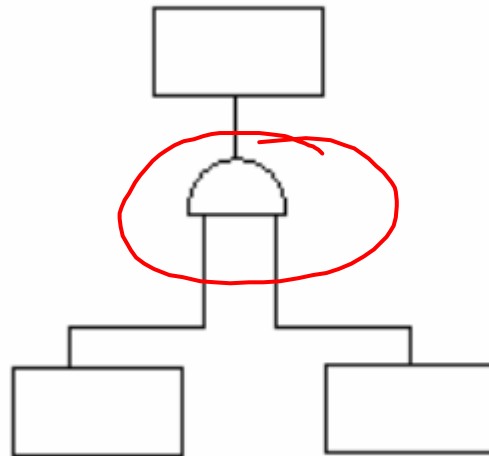
crow's foot **notation** is also known as *Information Engineering (IE)*



**Exclusive  
Subtype**



**Inclusive  
Subtype**



# ER Tools

- Lucidchart
- Vertabelo
- Erwin
- Visio
- Conceptdraw
- And many more

