

Numerical Computing (8)

→ Numerical Integration:

• Romberg Integration:

Richardson ~~Extrapolation~~
Extrapolation
Process:

• Trapezoidal Extrapolation:

$$h = h/2, h/4, h/8$$

$$I_T^m(h) = \frac{4^m I_T^{m-1}(h/2) - I_T^{m-1}(h)}{4^m - 1}$$

$$m = 1, 2, 3, \dots$$

where

$$I_T^0(h) = I_h$$

$$I_T^0(h/2) = I(h/2)$$

$$\int_0^1 e^{-x} \cdot dx$$

$$a = 0$$

$$b = 1$$

$$f(x) = e^{-x}$$

$$h = 1.0, 0.5, 0.25, 0.125$$

$$h = 1.0 \Rightarrow I_h$$

$$h \Rightarrow 0.5 \Rightarrow I_{h/2}$$

$$h \Rightarrow 0.25 \Rightarrow I_{h/4}$$

$$h \Rightarrow 0.125 \Rightarrow I_{h/8}$$

Step size	$O(h^2)$	$O(h^4)$	$O(h^6)$	$O(h^8)$
h	I_h	$I'_T(h)$	$I''_T(h)$	$I'''_T(h)$
$h/2$	$I_{h/2}$			
$h/4$	$I_{h/4}$	$I'_T(h/2)$	$I''_T(h/2)$	
$h/8$	$I_{h/8}$	$I'_T(h/4)$		

Starting trapezoidal extrapolation for $m=1$;

$$I'_T(h) = \frac{4 I_T^0(h/2) - I_T^0(h)}{3} \Rightarrow \text{~~0.632333680~~}$$

$$= \frac{4 (0.64523519) - 0.68393972}{3} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.632333680} \quad I'_{h, h/2}$$

$$I'_T(h/2) = \frac{4 I_T^0(h/4) - I_T^0(h/2)}{3} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6321341753} \quad I'_{h/2, h/4}$$

$$I'_T(h/4) = \frac{4 I_T^0(h/8) - I_T^0(h/4)}{3} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6321214146} \quad I'_{h/4, h/8}$$

for $m=2$;

$$\frac{I_T^2(h) \cdot 16 I_T'(h/2) - I_T'(h)}{15}$$

for $m=3$;

$$\frac{I_T^3(h) = 64 I_T^2(h/2) - I_T^2(h)}{63}$$

$$I_T^2(h) = \frac{16 (0.6321341753) - 0.632323680}{15} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.632120875} \quad I^2_{h, h/2, h/4}$$

$$I_T^2(h/2) = \frac{16 (0.632121414) - 0.6321341753}{15} \Rightarrow$$

$$\Rightarrow 0.6321205632 \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6321205632} \quad I^2_{h/2, h/4, h/8}$$

$$I_T^3(h) = \frac{64 (0.6321205632) - 0.632120875}{63} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.6321205583} \quad I^3_{h, h/2, h/4, h/8}$$

Simpson's Extrapolation:

$$I_s^m(h) = \frac{4^{m+1} I_s^{m-1}(h/2) - I_s^{m-1}(h)}{4^{m+1} - 1}$$

; $m = 1, 2, 3, \dots$

where $I_T^0(h) = I_n$
 $I_T^0(h/2) = I_{h/2}$

Step size	$O(h)$	$O(h^4)$	$O(h^6)$	$O(h^{10})$
h	I_h	$I'_s(h)$	$I_s^2(h)$	$I_{(s)}^3(h)$
$h/2$	$I_{h/2}$			
$h/4$	$I_{h/4}$	$I'_{(s)}(h/2)$	$I_s^2(h/2)$	
$h/8$	$I_{h/8}$	$I'_s(h/4)$	$I_s^2(h/4)$	