

```

import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

#get the url
URL = "https://cmssc320.github.io/files/top-50-solar-flares.html"
r = requests.get(url = URL)
#extract the text
text = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
#read the data
table = text.find('table')
data = pd.concat(pd.read_html(str(table), flavor="bs4"))
#set the name
data.columns = ['rank', 'x_classification', 'date', 'region',
'start_time', 'maximum_time', 'end_time', 'movie']
data


```

	rank	x_classification	date	...	maximum_time	end_time
movie						
0	1	X28+	2003/11/04	...	19:53	20:06
MovieView	archive					
1	2	X20+	2001/04/02	...	21:51	22:03
MovieView	archive					
2	3	X17.2+	2003/10/28	...	11:10	11:24
MovieView	archive					
3	4	X17+	2005/09/07	...	17:40	18:03
MovieView	archive					
4	5	X14.4	2001/04/15	...	13:50	13:55
MovieView	archive					
5	6	X10	2003/10/29	...	20:49	21:01
MovieView	archive					
6	7	X9.4	1997/11/06	...	11:55	12:01
MovieView	archive					
7	8	X9.3	2017/09/06	...	12:02	12:10
MovieView	archive					
8	9	X9	2006/12/05	...	10:35	10:45
MovieView	archive					
9	10	X8.3	2003/11/02	...	17:25	17:39
MovieView	archive					
10	11	X8.2	2017/09/10	...	16:06	16:31
MovieView	archive					
11	12	X7.1	2005/01/20	...	07:01	07:26
MovieView	archive					
12	13	X6.9	2011/08/09	...	08:05	08:08
MovieView	archive					
13	14	X6.5	2006/12/06	...	18:47	19:00
MovieView	archive					
14	15	X6.2	2005/09/09	...	20:04	20:36
MovieView	archive					

15	16	X6.2	2001/12/13	...	14:30	14:35
MovieView archive						
16	17	X5.7	2000/07/14	...	10:24	10:43
MovieView archive						
17	18	X5.6	2001/04/06	...	19:21	19:31
MovieView archive						
18	19	X5.4	2012/03/07	...	00:24	00:40
MovieView archive						
19	20	X5.4	2005/09/08	...	21:06	21:17
MovieView archive						
20	21	X5.4	2003/10/23	...	08:35	08:49
MovieView archive						
21	22	X5.3	2001/08/25	...	16:45	17:04
MovieView archive						
22	23	X4.9	2014/02/25	...	00:49	01:03
MovieView archive						
23	24	X4.9	1998/08/18	...	22:19	22:28
View archive						
24	25	X4.8	2002/07/23	...	00:35	00:47
MovieView archive						
25	26	X4	2000/11/26	...	16:48	16:56
MovieView archive						
26	27	X3.9	2003/11/03	...	09:55	10:19
MovieView archive						
27	28	X3.9	1998/08/19	...	21:45	21:50
View archive						
28	29	X3.8	2005/01/17	...	09:52	10:07
MovieView archive						
29	30	X3.7	1998/11/22	...	06:42	06:49
MovieView archive						
30	31	X3.6	2005/09/09	...	09:59	10:08
MovieView archive						
31	32	X3.6	2004/07/16	...	13:55	14:01
MovieView archive						
32	33	X3.6	2003/05/28	...	00:27	00:39
MovieView archive						
33	34	X3.4	2006/12/13	...	02:40	02:57
MovieView archive						
34	35	X3.4	2001/12/28	...	20:45	21:32
MovieView archive						
35	36	X3.3	2013/11/05	...	22:12	22:15
MovieView archive						
36	37	X3.3	2002/07/20	...	21:30	21:54
MovieView archive						
37	38	X3.3	1998/11/28	...	05:52	06:13
MovieView archive						
38	39	X3.2	2013/05/14	...	01:11	01:20
MovieView archive						
39	40	X3.1	2014/10/24	...	21:41	22:13
MovieView archive						

40	41	X3.1	2002/08/24	...	01:12	01:31
MovieView archive						
41	42	X3	2002/07/15	...	20:08	20:14
MovieView archive						
42	43	X2.8	2013/05/13	...	16:05	16:16
MovieView archive						
43	44	X2.8	2001/12/11	...	08:08	08:14
MovieView archive						
44	45	X2.8	1998/08/18	...	08:24	08:32
View archive						
45	46	X2.7	2015/05/05	...	22:11	22:15
MovieView archive						
46	47	X2.7	2003/11/03	...	01:30	01:45
MovieView archive						
47	48	X2.7	1998/05/06	...	08:09	08:20
MovieView archive						
48	49	X2.6	2005/01/15	...	23:02	23:31
MovieView archive						
49	50	X2.6	2001/09/24	...	10:38	11:09
MovieView archive						

[50 rows x 8 columns]

```

#drop the last column of the table
data.pop(data.columns[-1])
#combine the date
data['start_datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(data['date'] + ' ' +
data['start_time'])
data['max_datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(data['date'] + ' ' +
data['maximum_time'])
data['end_datetime'] = pd.to_datetime(data['date'] + ' ' +
data['end_time'])
#drop the unnecessary columns
dara = data.drop(['date','start_time', 'maximum_time', 'end_time'],
axis=1)
#rearrange the order
data = data[['rank', 'x_classification', 'start_datetime',
'max_datetime', 'end_datetime', 'region']]
#set regions coded as - as NaN
data.replace('-', 'NaN')
data

```

	rank	x_classification	...	end_datetime	region
0	1	X28+	...	2003-11-04 20:06:00	486
1	2	X20+	...	2001-04-02 22:03:00	9393
2	3	X17.2+	...	2003-10-28 11:24:00	486
3	4	X17+	...	2005-09-07 18:03:00	808
4	5	X14.4	...	2001-04-15 13:55:00	9415
5	6	X10	...	2003-10-29 21:01:00	486
6	7	X9.4	...	1997-11-06 12:01:00	8100

7	8	X9.3	...	2017-09-06	12:10:00	2673
8	9	X9	...	2006-12-05	10:45:00	930
9	10	X8.3	...	2003-11-02	17:39:00	486
10	11	X8.2	...	2017-09-10	16:31:00	2673
11	12	X7.1	...	2005-01-20	07:26:00	720
12	13	X6.9	...	2011-08-09	08:08:00	1263
13	14	X6.5	...	2006-12-06	19:00:00	930
14	15	X6.2	...	2005-09-09	20:36:00	808
15	16	X6.2	...	2001-12-13	14:35:00	9733
16	17	X5.7	...	2000-07-14	10:43:00	9077
17	18	X5.6	...	2001-04-06	19:31:00	9415
18	19	X5.4	...	2012-03-07	00:40:00	1429
19	20	X5.4	...	2005-09-08	21:17:00	808
20	21	X5.4	...	2003-10-23	08:49:00	486
21	22	X5.3	...	2001-08-25	17:04:00	9591
22	23	X4.9	...	2014-02-25	01:03:00	1990
23	24	X4.9	...	1998-08-18	22:28:00	8307
24	25	X4.8	...	2002-07-23	00:47:00	39
25	26	X4	...	2000-11-26	16:56:00	9236
26	27	X3.9	...	2003-11-03	10:19:00	488
27	28	X3.9	...	1998-08-19	21:50:00	8307
28	29	X3.8	...	2005-01-17	10:07:00	720
29	30	X3.7	...	1998-11-22	06:49:00	8384
30	31	X3.6	...	2005-09-09	10:08:00	808
31	32	X3.6	...	2004-07-16	14:01:00	649
32	33	X3.6	...	2003-05-28	00:39:00	365
33	34	X3.4	...	2006-12-13	02:57:00	930
34	35	X3.4	...	2001-12-28	21:32:00	9767
35	36	X3.3	...	2013-11-05	22:15:00	1890
36	37	X3.3	...	2002-07-20	21:54:00	39
37	38	X3.3	...	1998-11-28	06:13:00	8395
38	39	X3.2	...	2013-05-14	01:20:00	1748
39	40	X3.1	...	2014-10-24	22:13:00	2192
40	41	X3.1	...	2002-08-24	01:31:00	69
41	42	X3	...	2002-07-15	20:14:00	30
42	43	X2.8	...	2013-05-13	16:16:00	1748
43	44	X2.8	...	2001-12-11	08:14:00	9733
44	45	X2.8	...	1998-08-18	08:32:00	8307
45	46	X2.7	...	2015-05-05	22:15:00	2339
46	47	X2.7	...	2003-11-03	01:45:00	488
47	48	X2.7	...	1998-05-06	08:20:00	8210
48	49	X2.6	...	2005-01-15	23:31:00	720
49	50	X2.6	...	2001-09-24	11:09:00	9632

[50 rows x 6 columns]

#get the url

URL = "https://cm320.github.io/files/waves_type2.html"

r = requests.get(url = URL)

#extract the text

```

text = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
#read the data
new_data = text.find('pre').get_text().splitlines()
del new_data[0:12]
del new_data[-1:]
#set the name
new_data = pd.DataFrame(new_data)
new_data[['start_date', 'start_time', 'end_date', 'end_time',
'start_frequency',
'end_frequency', 'flare_location', 'flare_region',
'flare_classification',
'cme_date', 'cme_time', 'cme_angle', 'cme_width', 'cme_speed', 'del1',

'del2', 'del3', 'del4', 'del5', 'del6', 'del7', 'del8', 'del9', 'del10']] =
new_data[0].str.split(expand=True)
#drop useless columns
new_data = new_data.iloc[:, 1:]
new_data.drop(new_data.loc[:, 'del1': 'del10'].columns, axis = 1,
inplace = True)
new_data

```

	start_date	start_time	end_date	...	cme_angle	cme_width	cme_speed
0	1997/04/01	14:00	04/01	...	74	79	312
1	1997/04/07	14:30	04/07	...	Halo	360	878
2	1997/05/12	05:15	05/14	...	Halo	360	464
3	1997/05/21	20:20	05/21	...	263	165	296
4	1997/09/23	21:53	09/23	...	133	155	712
...
513	2017/09/04	20:27	09/05	...	Halo	360	1418
514	2017/09/06	12:05	09/07	...	Halo	360	1571
515	2017/09/10	16:02	09/11	...	Halo	360	3163
516	2017/09/12	07:38	09/12	...	124	96	252
517	2017/09/17	11:45	09/17	...	Halo	360	1385

[518 rows x 14 columns]

```

#set any missing entries as NaN
new_data.replace(['----', '-----', '-----', '---/---', '---:---',
'????'], 'NaN', inplace = True)
#create a new column that indicates if a row corresponds to a halo
flare or not
is_halo = []
for row, col in new_data.iterrows():
    col = col.tolist()
    if (col[11] == 'Halo'):
        is_halo.append("true")
    else:
        is_halo.append("false")
new_data['is_halo'] = is_halo
#replace Halo entries in the cme_angle column as NA

```

```

new_data['cme_angle'].replace('Halo', 'NA')
#create a new column that indicates if width is given as a lower bound
with_lower_bound = []
for row, col in new_data.iterrows():
    col = col.tolist()
    if (('>') in col[12]):
        with_lower_bound.append("true")
    else:
        with_lower_bound.append("false")
new_data['with_lower_bound'] = with_lower_bound
#remove any non-numeric part of the width column
width = []
for row, col in new_data.iterrows():
    col = col.tolist()
    if (col[12].isnumeric()):
        width.append(col[12])
    else:
        width.append("")
new_data['cme_width'] = width
#combine date and time columns for start, end and cme
new_data['end_time'].replace('24:00', '00:00', inplace = True)
start_datetime = []
end_datetime = []
cme_datetime = []
for row, col in new_data.iterrows():
    year = col['start_date'][:5]
    # start_datetime
    col['start_date'] = col['start_date'] + ' ' + col['start_time']
    col['start_date'] = pd.to_datetime(col['start_date'],
errors='coerce', format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    # end_datetime
    col['end_date'] = year + col['end_date'] + ' ' + col['end_time']
    col['end_date'] = pd.to_datetime(col['end_date'], errors='coerce',
format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    # cme_datetime
    col['cme_date'] = year + col['cme_date'] + ' ' + col['cme_time']
    col['cme_date'] = pd.to_datetime(col['cme_date'], errors='coerce',
format='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
#drop the unnecessary columns
new_data.drop(['start_time', 'end_time', 'cme_time'], axis = 1,
inplace = True)
new_data = new_data.rename(columns={'start_date' : 'start_datetime',
'end_date' : 'end_datetime', 'cme_date' : 'cme_datetime'})
new_data

```

	start_datetime	end_datetime	...	is_halo
with_lower_bound				
0	1997-04-01 14:00:00	1997-04-01 14:15:00	...	false
false				
1	1997-04-07 14:30:00	1997-04-07 17:30:00	...	true

```

false
2    1997-05-12 05:15:00  1997-05-14 16:00:00  ...    true
false
3    1997-05-21 20:20:00  1997-05-21 22:00:00  ...    false
false
4    1997-09-23 21:53:00  1997-09-23 22:16:00  ...    false
false
..          ...          ...          ...
...
513  2017-09-04 20:27:00  2017-09-05 04:54:00  ...    true
false
514  2017-09-06 12:05:00  2017-09-07 08:00:00  ...    true
false
515  2017-09-10 16:02:00  2017-09-11 06:50:00  ...    true
false
516  2017-09-12 07:38:00  2017-09-12 07:43:00  ...    false
false
517  2017-09-17 11:45:00  2017-09-17 12:35:00  ...    true
false

```

[518 rows x 13 columns]

```

#for question 1, I get all data start with 'X' at first
#then, I extract the data with 'X' from the table
#sort the value and get the the top 50
#while the flare class from the first dataset ranges from 2.6 to 28.0
#the NASA dataset has flare class ranging from 1.9 to 28.0
top50 = []
for row, col in new_data.iterrows():
    col = col.tolist()
    if (('X') in col[6]):
        top50.append("true")
    else:
        top50.append("false")
new_data['top50'] = top50
nasa_top50 = new_data[new_data['top50'] == 'true']
nasa_top50['classification'] =
(nasa_top50['flare_classification'].str)[1:]
nasa_top50['classification'] =
nasa_top50['classification'].astype(float)
# sort the value in decending order
nasa_top50 = nasa_top50.sort_values(['classification'], ascending =
False)
nasa_top50.drop(['top50', 'classification'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
nasa_top50 = nasa_top50.head(50)
nasa_top50

```

```

/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:15:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

```

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
from ipykernel import kernelapp as app
/usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/ipykernel_launcher.py:16:
SettingWithCopyWarning:
```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using `.loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value` instead

See the caveats in the documentation:

https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
app.launch_new_instance()

      start_datetime      end_datetime  ... is_halo
with_lower_bound
240 2003-11-04 20:00:00 2003-11-04 00:00:00  ...    true
false
117 2001-04-02 22:05:00 2001-04-03 02:30:00  ...   false
false
233 2003-10-28 11:10:00 2003-10-29 00:00:00  ...    true
false
126 2001-04-15 14:05:00 2001-04-16 13:00:00  ...   false
false
234 2003-10-29 20:55:00 2003-10-29 00:00:00  ...    true
false
8    1997-11-06 12:20:00 1997-11-07 08:30:00  ...    true
false
514 2017-09-06 12:05:00 2017-09-07 08:00:00  ...    true
false
328 2006-12-05 10:50:00 2006-12-05 20:00:00  ...   false
false
237 2003-11-02 17:30:00 2003-11-03 01:00:00  ...    true
false
515 2017-09-10 16:02:00 2017-09-11 06:50:00  ...    true
false
288 2005-01-20 07:15:00 2005-01-20 16:30:00  ...    true
false
359 2011-08-09 08:20:00 2011-08-09 08:35:00  ...    true
false
331 2006-12-06 19:00:00 2006-12-08 00:00:00  ...   false
false
317 2005-09-09 19:45:00 2005-09-09 22:00:00  ...    true
false
82   2000-07-14 10:30:00 2000-07-15 14:30:00  ...    true
false
121 2001-04-06 19:35:00 2001-04-07 01:50:00  ...    true
false
```


375	2012-03-07 01:00:00	2012-03-08 19:00:00	...	true
	false			
135	2001-08-25 16:50:00	2001-08-25 23:00:00	...	true
	false			
443	2014-02-25 00:56:00	2014-02-25 11:28:00	...	true
	false			
193	2002-07-23 00:50:00	2002-07-23 04:00:00	...	true
	false			
104	2000-11-26 17:00:00	2000-11-26 17:15:00	...	true
	false			
239	2003-11-03 10:00:00	2003-11-03 12:30:00	...	false
	false			
286	2005-01-17 10:00:00	2005-01-17 10:35:00	...	true
	false			
222	2003-05-28 01:00:00	2003-05-29 00:30:00	...	true
	false			
332	2006-12-13 02:45:00	2006-12-13 10:40:00	...	true
	false			
160	2001-12-28 20:35:00	2001-12-29 03:00:00	...	true
	false			
192	2002-07-20 21:30:00	2002-07-20 22:20:00	...	true
	false			
404	2013-05-14 01:16:00	2013-05-14 08:20:00	...	true
	false			
201	2002-08-24 01:45:00	2002-08-24 03:25:00	...	true
	false			
403	2013-05-13 16:15:00	2013-05-13 19:10:00	...	true
	false			
487	2015-05-05 22:24:00	2015-05-05 23:14:00	...	true
	false			
19	1998-05-06 08:25:00	1998-05-06 08:35:00	...	false
	false			
238	2003-11-03 01:15:00	2003-11-03 01:25:00	...	false
	false			
284	2005-01-15 23:00:00	2005-01-17 00:00:00	...	true
	false			
142	2001-09-24 10:45:00	2001-09-25 20:00:00	...	true
	false			
9	1997-11-27 13:30:00	1997-11-27 14:00:00	...	false
	false			
276	2004-11-10 02:25:00	2004-11-10 03:40:00	...	true
	false			
123	2001-04-10 05:24:00	2001-04-10 00:00:00	...	true
	false			
99	2000-11-24 15:25:00	2000-11-24 22:00:00	...	true
	false			
73	2000-06-06 15:20:00	2000-06-08 09:00:00	...	true
	false			
345	2011-02-15 02:10:00	2011-02-15 07:00:00	...	true
	false			

```

318 2005-09-10 21:45:00 2005-09-11 01:00:00 ... true
false
361 2011-09-06 22:30:00 2011-09-07 15:40:00 ... true
false
420 2013-10-25 15:08:00 2013-10-25 22:32:00 ... true
false
7 1997-11-04 06:00:00 1997-11-05 04:30:00 ... true
false
98 2000-11-24 05:10:00 2000-11-24 15:00:00 ... true
false
125 2001-04-12 10:20:00 2001-04-12 10:40:00 ... true
false
274 2004-11-07 16:25:00 2004-11-08 20:00:00 ... true
false
285 2005-01-17 09:25:00 2005-01-17 16:00:00 ... true
false
102 2000-11-25 19:00:00 2000-11-25 19:35:00 ... true
false

```

[50 rows x 13 columns]

```

#for question 2, I use pd.merge to create a new table with the same
classification from the NASA and SpaceWeatherLive table
#if more than one SpaceWeatherLive entry "best matches", I will choose
the one with same start year
#I defined the best matching rows across the two datasets to be the
ones that have the same classification
#I found 51 such matches in the NASA and SpaceWeatherLive table
nasa_top50['x_classification'] = nasa_top50['flare_classification']
mergeData = pd.merge(data, nasa_top50, how = 'inner', on =
'x_classification')
mergeData

```

	rank	x_classification	...	is_halo	with_lower_bound
0	7	X9.4	...	true	false
1	8	X9.3	...	true	false
2	10	X8.3	...	true	false
3	10	X8.3	...	true	false
4	12	X7.1	...	true	false
5	13	X6.9	...	true	false
6	14	X6.5	...	false	false
7	15	X6.2	...	true	false
8	16	X6.2	...	true	false
9	17	X5.7	...	true	false
10	18	X5.6	...	true	false
11	19	X5.4	...	true	false
12	20	X5.4	...	true	false
13	21	X5.4	...	true	false
14	22	X5.3	...	true	false
15	23	X4.9	...	true	false

16	24	X4.9	...	true	false
17	25	X4.8	...	true	false
18	27	X3.9	...	false	false
19	28	X3.9	...	false	false
20	29	X3.8	...	true	false
21	31	X3.6	...	true	false
22	32	X3.6	...	true	false
23	33	X3.6	...	true	false
24	34	X3.4	...	true	false
25	34	X3.4	...	true	false
26	35	X3.4	...	true	false
27	35	X3.4	...	true	false
28	36	X3.3	...	true	false
29	37	X3.3	...	true	false
30	38	X3.3	...	true	false
31	39	X3.2	...	true	false
32	40	X3.1	...	true	false
33	41	X3.1	...	true	false
34	43	X2.8	...	true	false
35	44	X2.8	...	true	false
36	45	X2.8	...	true	false
37	46	X2.7	...	true	false
38	46	X2.7	...	false	false
39	46	X2.7	...	false	false
40	47	X2.7	...	true	false
41	47	X2.7	...	false	false
42	47	X2.7	...	false	false
43	48	X2.7	...	true	false
44	48	X2.7	...	false	false
45	48	X2.7	...	false	false
46	49	X2.6	...	true	false
47	49	X2.6	...	true	false
48	49	X2.6	...	false	false
49	50	X2.6	...	true	false
50	50	X2.6	...	true	false
51	50	X2.6	...	false	false

[52 rows x 19 columns]

#for question 3, I make a barplot that compares the number (or proportion) of Halo CMEs in the top 50 flares vs. the dataset as a whole

#the dataset as a whole has 286, and the top 50 flares has 42

```
nasa_count = 0
```

```
top50_count = 0
```

```
for i, j in new_data.iterrows():
```

```
    if (j['is_halo']) == 'true':
```

```
        nasa_count += 1
```

```
for i, j in nasa_top50.iterrows():
```

```
    if (j['is_halo']) == 'true':
```

```

    top50_count += 1
y_labels = [nasa_count, top50_count]
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.barh([0, 1], y_labels, 0.8, color= ['blue', 'green'])
ax.set_title('Do flares in the top 50 tend to have Halo CMEs?')
ax.set_xlabel('Halo CMEs')
ax.set_yticks([0, 1])
ax.set_yticklabels(['Whole Nasa Table', 'Top 50 Flare Table'])
plt.show()
# print(nasa_count)
# print(top50_count)

```

