

Serie 1

Gruppe 10

Adnan Alyousfi, 218205332, Informatik
 Dirk Peglow, Informatik
 Nils Henrik Seitz, 218205308, Informatik
 Lorka Trad, Informatik
 Nico Trebbin, 218204402, Informatik

Aufgabe 1

1.A

$\text{unify}(f(g(2, 3), Y), f(X, f(2))) \quad \theta = \{\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(2, 3), Y), f(X, f(2))) \quad \theta = \{X = g(2, 3)\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(2, 3), Y), f(g(2, 3), f(2))) \quad \theta = \{X = g(2, 3), Y = f(2)\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(2, 3), f(2)), f(g(2, 3), f(2))) \quad \theta = \{X = g(2, 3), Y = f(2)\}$
 $\theta = \{X = g(2, 3), Y = f(2)\}$ (Allgemeinster Unifikator)

1.B

$\text{unify}\{g(X), f(X)\} \quad \theta = \{\}$ - Nicht unifizierbar, da die Funktoren unterschiedlich sind.

1.C

$\text{unify}(f(X, g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), X)) \quad \theta = \{\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(X, g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), X)) \quad \theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(Y, Y), g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), g(Y, Y))) \quad \theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(Y, Y), g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), g(Y, Y))) \quad \theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$
 $\theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$ (Allgemeinster Unifikator)

1.D

$\text{unify}(f(X, g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), Y)) \quad \theta = \{\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(X, g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), Y)) \quad \theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$
 $\text{unify}(f(g(Y, Y), g(Y, Y)), f(g(Y, Y), Y)) \quad \theta = \{X = g(Y, Y)\}$
 - Nicht unifizierbar, da Y im Term $g(Y, Y)$ auftaucht. Beim unifizieren würde dies zu einer Endlosschleife führen.

Aufgabe 2

2.B

```
[1] ?- a2b.  
ableitung(3*x+2, x, R)  
R = 3  
  
ableitung(3*x*x, x, R)  
R = 3*x+3*x*1  
  
ableitung(y,x,R)  
R = 0  
  
ableitung((3*x+2)*(2*x), x, R)  
R = 3*(2*x)+(3*x+2)*2  
  
ableitung((x*x+2*x+3)/(3*x), x, R)  
R = ((1*x+x*1+2+0)*(3*x)-(x*x+2*x+3)*3)/(3*x*(3*x))  
  
true.  
[1] ?-
```