# Consumer Goods Ad hoc Insights

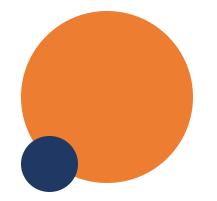
• This presentation provides an overview of Atliq Hardware, a leading computer hardware producer over 27 countries. We will explore ad hoc requests, query results, and insights derived from the company's data.



Present by Md. Fazle Rabbi Mugdho

## Objective

- Ad hoc request with Insights
  - Analysis data with graph, charts
- Overview of company

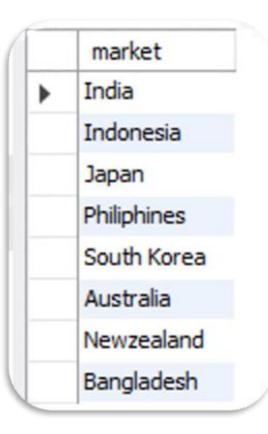


# Request 1: Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.

## SQL Query:

select market
from dim\_customer
where region = 'APAC' && customer
= 'Atliq Exclusive'
group by market;

## Output:



### Visualization:



# Request 1: Provide the list of markets in which customer "Atliq Exclusive" operates its business in the APAC region.

## INSIGTS

Atliq Exclusive has operations in 26 countries and, vis-à-vis, also has an enviable APAC market presence with 8 countries, viz, India, Indonesia, Japan, Philippines, South Korea, Australia, New Zealand, and Bangladesh. Thus, APAC becomes the region of significant concern for the organization. In this region, it has the most number of stores, demonstrating its geographical significance. Next comes Europe (EU), which has 6 stores, while North America (NA) has 2, indicating a wider but sparser expanse of presence beyond the APAC region. The company has a noticeably large market in this region due to its emphasis on this fast-growing domestic market.

## Request 2: Unique Product Increase

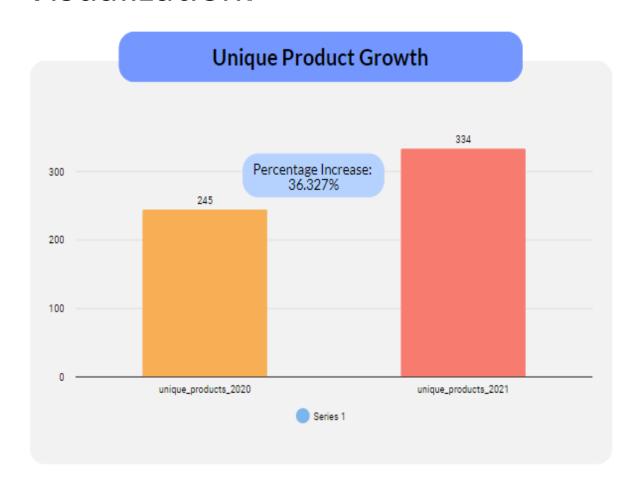
#### SQL Query:

```
set @unique_products_2020 = (
select count(distinct product_code)
from fact_gross_price
where fiscal year = 2020);
set @unique_products_2021 = (
select count(distinct product_code)
from fact_gross_price
where fiscal year = 2021);
set @percentage_chg = round(((@unique_products_2021-@unique_products_2020) /
@unique_products_2020)*100, 3);
SELECT @unique_products_2020 AS unique_products_2020,
    @unique_products_2021 AS unique_products_2021,
    @percentage_chg;
```



## Request 2: Unique Product Increase

#### Visualization:



## **INSIGTS**

The unique products increased from 245 in 2020 to 334 in 2021, reflecting a significant growth of **36.33**%. This surge suggests successful market expansion and heightened consumer demand. If this trend continues, it could lead to increased innovation and investment opportunities. Overall, this growth indicates a robust market environment for unique products.

## Request 3: Product Counts by Segment

## SQL Query:

select dim\_product.segment,

COUNT(distinct dim\_product.product\_code) AS product\_count

from dim\_product

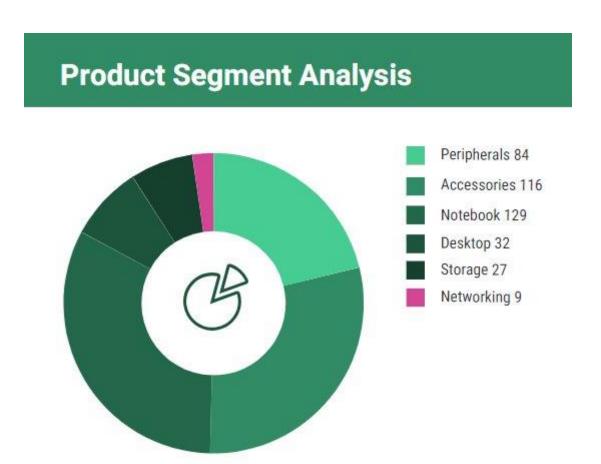
group by segment

order by product\_count desc;

	segment	product_count	
Þ	Notebook	129	
	Accessories	116	
	Peripherals	84	
	Desktop	32	
	Storage	27	
	Networking	9	

## Request 3: Product Counts by Segment

#### Visualization:



#### **INSIGTS**

In the **notebook** category, the leads stand at 129 units supported by the growing virtue of portable computing devices, which is likely a result of remote work and mobile computing. **Accessories** closely come after at 116 units, those of add-ons showing an aspiring market improved tech usability. In 84 units, **peripherals** play a significant role, proving how external devices such as keyboards and monitors are well regarded.

Giving contrast, **desktop** (32 units) and **storage** (27 units) do not take center stage, showing lesser traditional system preference compared to mobile tech. The **networking** aspect, with just 9 units, reveals a very niche market, likely catering to specific demands. By and large, the products that the market offers are primarily those that encourage mobility alongside the **accessories**.

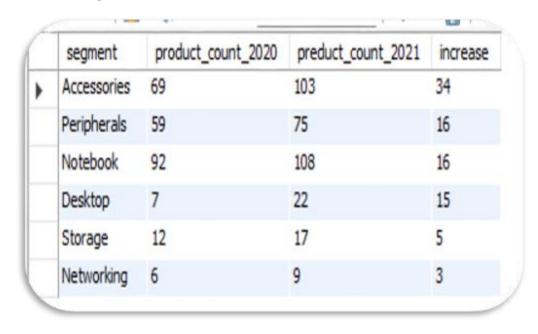
# Request 4: Segment with Most Uniqe Product Increase

## SQL Query:

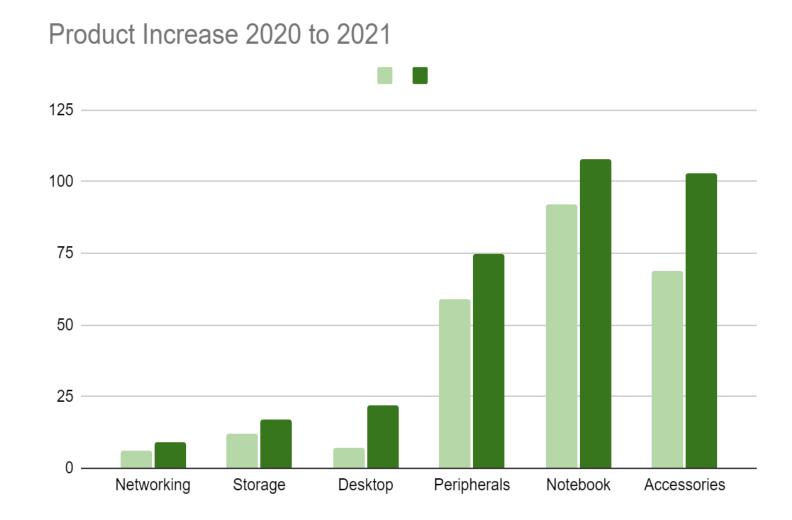
```
select
dim product.segment,
count(case when fact_gross_price.fiscal_year = 2020 then
dim_product_code end) as product_count_2020,
count(case when fact_gross_price.fiscal_year = 2021 then
dim_product_code end) as preduct_count_2021,
count(case when fact_gross_price.fiscal_year = 2021 then
dim_product.product_code end) - count(case when
fact_gross_price.fiscal_year = 2020 then dim_product.product_code end)
as increase
from dim_product
inner join fact_gross_price on dim_product.product_code =
fact_gross_price.product_code
group by dim_product.segment
order by increase desc;
```

# Request 4: Segment with Most Uniqe Product Increase

### Output:



#### Visualization:



# Request 4: Segment with Most Uniqe Product Increase

## INSIGTS:

In the year 2021, the accessories segment experienced a significant rise in the number of items stocked within that category, going up to 34 units from the previous year's stock of 2020, showing more emphasis on the product category expansion as it was followed by 16-1 for the inertia segment, notebooks and associated peripherals and even each component seller was able to record an increase per unit for this most vital. At the same time, such a solution strategy is referred to as constructive and, therefore, its simplifications are not acceptable as it would distort this. The desktop segment, however, had only 7 products at the beginning of the year two thousand and twenty, but it is also quite notable that it reached 22 by the year twenty twentyone, this correlation in the number of offerings, suggests that there is growing demand from the market, even perhaps in expectations for desktop-oriented products such as **storage** and **connectivity** resources. This implies that even as these segments are on expansion, they do not provide as much attention as several other segments.

# Request 5:Products with Highest and Lowest Manufacturing Costs

## SQL Query:

select

fact\_manufacturing\_cost.product\_code,dim\_product.product, manufacturing\_cost

from

fact\_manufacturing\_cost
inner join dim\_product on fact\_manufacturing\_cost.product\_code =
dim\_product\_rode

where

fact\_manufacturing\_cost.manufacturing\_cost =
 (select max(manufacturing\_cost) from fact\_manufacturing\_cost) or
 fact\_manufacturing\_cost.manufacturing\_cost =
 (select min(manufacturing\_cost) from fact\_manufacturing\_cost)
 order by manufacturing\_cost desc;

	product_code	product	manufacturing_cost
<b>•</b>	A6120110206	AQ HOME Allin 1 Gen 2	240.5364
	A2118150101	AQ Master wired x1 Ms	0.8920

# Request 5:Products with Highest and Lowest Manufacturing Costs

### **INSIGTS**

**AQ HOME Allin1 Gen 2**'s manufacturing cost is much higher at **240.5364**, while **AQ Master wired x1 Ms**'s cost is **0.8920**, which is much cheaper, indicating a simpler or less functional product. The distinct gap in the costs suggests that the **Allin1 Gen 2** is likely a high-class or multi-purpose device aimed at a more particular or expensive consumer market. In contrast, the **AQ Master wired x1 Ms** is probably a basic product available across all markets, leading to lower production costs and thus lower prices. Such differences in costs will most likely affect the pricing strategy, where expensive items like the **Allin1** have to be sold with a mark-up to remain profitable, while the cheaper item depends on sales volume rather than a high price.

## Request 6: Top 5 Customers with Highest Discounts

## SQL Query:

select dim\_customer.customer\_code, dim\_customer.customer, fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions.pre\_invoice\_discount\_pct \* 100

from dim\_customer

inner join fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions on dim\_customer.customer\_code = fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions.customer\_code where dim\_customer.sub\_zone = 'INDIA' and fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions.fiscal\_year = 2021 order by fact\_pre\_invoice\_deductions.pre\_invoice\_discount\_pct desc limit 5; order by manufacturing\_cost desc;

	customer_code	customer	pre_invoice_discount_pct
•	90002009	Flipkart	30.8300
	90002006	Viveks	30.3800
	90002003	Ezone	30.2800
	90002002	Croma	30.2500
	90002016	Amazon	29.3300

# Request 6: Top 5 Customers with Highest Discounts

### **INSIGTS**

Analysis of customer data provided by **Flipkart** and **Viveks** shows that most of their customers enjoy a **30.83%** pre-invoice discount. This likely indicates that these two customers have either the strongest purchasing power or the closest strategic partnerships with the supplier, which explains the high discount. **Ezone** and **Croma** stand very close, with discount percentages of **30.28%** and **30.25%**, respectively, suggesting similar but slightly lower offers. As for **Amazon**, customers receive the least discount at **29.33%**, which is quite unusual. This could indicate that Amazon is negotiating or operating differently from the others. This suggests a structured discount model, where higher discounts are given to chief partners to reward their loyalty or encourage more significant purchases.

## Request 7: Monthly Gross Sales for Atiq Exclusive

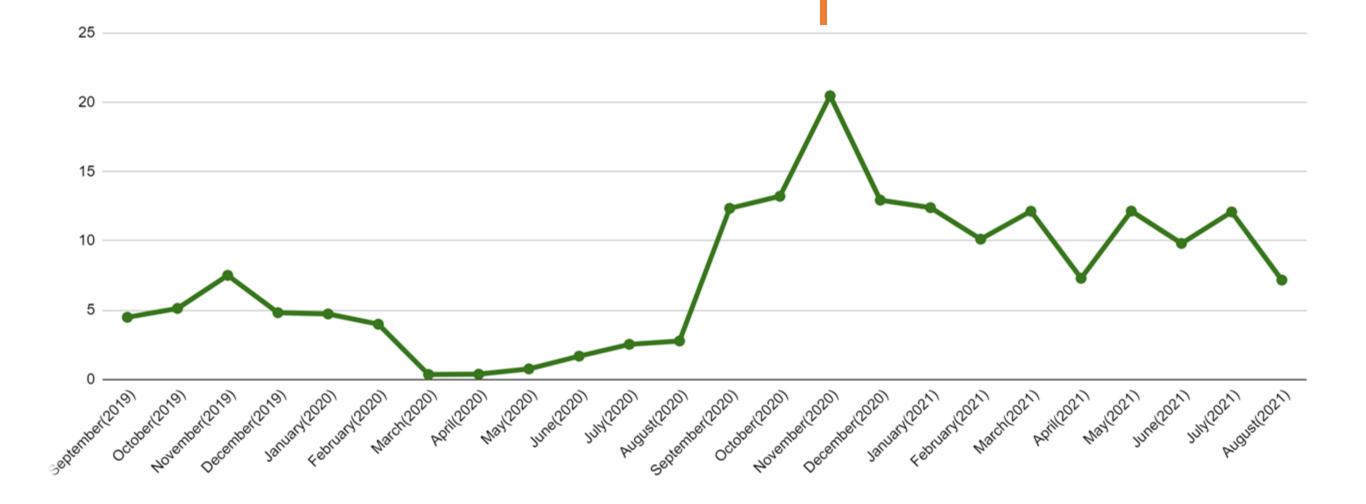
## SQL Query:

```
select
Year(date) as Year,
monthname(date) as Month,
round(sum(sold_quantity * fact_gross_price.gross_price/1000000),2) as Gross_sales_Amount
from
fact_sales_monthly
inner join
dim_customer on dim_customer.customer_code = fact_sales_monthly.customer_code
inner join
fact_gross_price on fact_gross_price.product_code = fact_sales_monthly.product_code and
fact_gross_price.fiscal_year = fact_sales_monthly.fiscal_year
where dim_customer.customer='Atliq Exclusive'
group by Month, Year
order by Year;
```

	Year	Month	Gross_sales_Amount
•	2019	September	4.50
	2019	October	5.14
	2019	November	7.52
	2019	December	4.83
	2020	January	4.74
	2020	February	4.00
	2020	March	0.38
	2020	April	0.40
	2020	May	0.78
	2020	June	1.70
	2020	July	2.55
	2020	August	2.79
	2020	September	12.35
	2020	October	13.22
	2020	November	20.46
	2020	December	12.94
	2021	January	12.40
	2021	February	10.13
	2021	March	12.14
	2021	April	7.31
	2021	May	12.15
	2021	June	9.82
	2021	July	12.09
1	2021	August	7.18

## Request 7: Monthly Gross Sales for Atiq Exclusive

• Visualization:



## Request 7: Monthly Gross Sales for Atiq Exclusive

### **INSIGTS**

Gross sales exhibited considerable variations during the period from **September 2019** to **August 2021**. In 2019, the volume sales peaked in **November**, accounting for **7.52**, while the least was in **September**, which stood at **4.50**. There was a drastic reduction in sales in **March 2020** to **0.38**, likely due to the **COVID-19 outbreak**, with the decline persisting into **April**, where sales were **0.40**. However, in **December 2020**, sales saw a tremendous recovery, reaching a high of **20.46**, likely driven by the festive season.

The year **2021** started strong, with sales at **12.40** in **January**, and the highest record in **May** being **12.15**, before dropping to **7.18** in **August**. The analysis reveals both seasonality, such as spikes during holidays, and shocks, including the COVID-19 outbreak. While the recovery in early 2021 was encouraging, the pace slowed in the second half of the year, suggesting potential challenges in sustaining momentum.

## Request 8: Monthly Gross Sales for Atiq Exclusive

## SQL Query:

```
case
when month(date) in(9, 10, 11) then '1'
when month(date) in(12, 1, 2) then '2'
when month(date) in(3, 4, 5) then '3'
when month(date) in(6, 7, 8) then '4'
end as QUARTER,
```

sum(sold\_quantity) as total\_sold\_quantity
from fact\_sales\_monthly
where fiscal\_year = 2020
group by QUARTER
order by QUARTER;

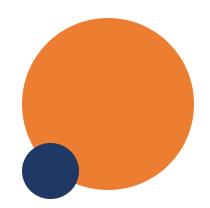
Output:

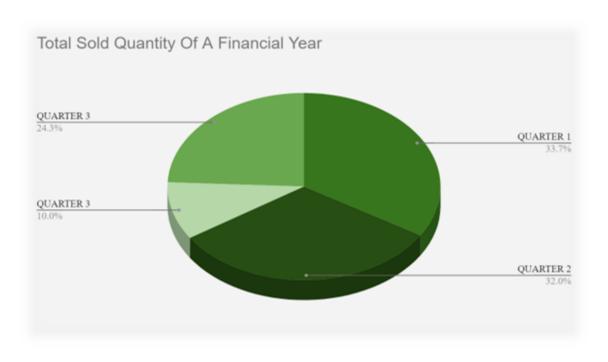
	Quratities	total_boid_quaitaty
•	1	7005619
	2	6649642
	3	2075087
	4	5042541

OLIARTER

total sold quantity

#### Visualization:





## Request 8: Highest Total Sold Quantity in 2020

### **INSIGTS**

The quarterly total sold quantities present an intriguing dispersion pattern over the four quarters. The **first quarter** records the highest sales volume, with over **7 million units** sold, making it the most productive period. The **second quarter** follows closely, with approximately **6.6 million units** sold. However, the **third quarter** experiences a sharp decline, with sales dropping to around **2 million units**, roughly a third of the volume in the previous quarter. The **fourth quarter** shows an improvement, reporting sales of about **5 million units**.

This pattern suggests that the greatest demand occurs during the early part of the year, while the latter half exhibits more variability in sales performance, with a notable drop in the third quarter followed by a rebound in the fourth.

## Request 9: Channel with Highest Gross Sales in 2021

## SQL Query:

```
select
  channel,
  round(sum(fact_gross_price.gross_price * fact_sales_monthly.sold_quantity/1000000), 3) as gross_sales_mln,
  round(sum(fact_gross_price.gross_price * fact_sales_monthly.sold_quantity) /
    (select sum(fact_gross_price.gross_price * fact_sales_monthly.sold_quantity)
    from fact_sales_monthly
    inner join fact_gross_price
    ON fact_gross_price.product_code = fact_sales_monthly.product_code
    where fact_sales_monthly.fiscal_year = 2021) * 100, 3) as percentage
from dim_customer
inner join fact_sales_monthly on dim_customer.customer_code = fact_sales_monthly.customer_code
inner join fact_gross_price on fact_gross_price.product_code = fact_sales_monthly.product_code
where fact_sales_monthly.fiscal_year = 2021
group by channel;
```

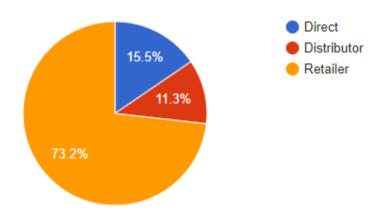
## Request 10: Channel with Highest Gross Sales in 2021

### Output:



#### Visualization:

Gross Sales by Channel in 2021



## **INSIGTS**

Looking at the sales by channel, we see that the overwhelming majority comes from retailers, accounting for more than 73% of total sales at 1924.17 million. Direct sales contribute 15.5% (406.687 million), followed by distributors with the smallest share of 11.3% (297.176 million). This heavy dependence on retailers suggests a potential market vulnerability if these networks were disrupted, as the direct and distributor channels are nearly auxiliary. To mitigate such risks and seize growth opportunities, there is potential to expand the distribution strategy, diversifying sales channels to reduce reliance on retailers.

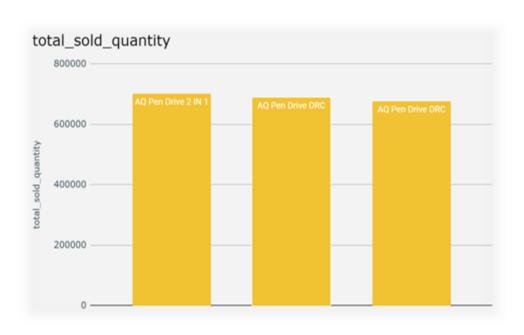
## Request 10: Top 3 Products by Sold Quantity in 2021

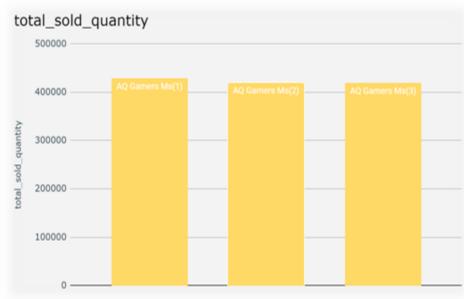
## SQL Query:

```
with ranked as(
  select
  dim_product.division as division,
  dim product.product code as product code,
  dim product.product as product,
  sum(fact sales monthly.sold quantity) as total sold quantity,
  rank() over(partition by dim product.division order by sum(fact sales monthly.sold quantity) desc) as
rank order
  from dim product
  inner join fact sales monthly on fact sales monthly.product code = dim product.product code
  where fact sales monthly.fiscal year = 2021
  group by dim product.division, dim product.product code, dim product.product
select
division,
product code,
product,
total sold quantity,
rank order
from ranked
where rank order<=3
order by division, total sold quantity desc;
```

	division	product_code	product	total_sold_quantity	rank_order
•	N&S	A6720160103	AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1	701373	1
	N&S	A6818160202	AQ Pen Drive DRC	688003	2
	N&S	A6819160203	AQ Pen Drive DRC	676245	3
	P&A	A2319150302	AQ Gamers Ms	428498	1
	P&A	A2520150501	AQ Maxima Ms	419865	2
	P&A	A2520150504	AQ Maxima Ms	419471	3
	PC	A4218110202	AQ Digit	17434	1
	PC	A4319110306	AQ Velocity	17280	2
	PC	A4218110208	AQ Digit	17275	3

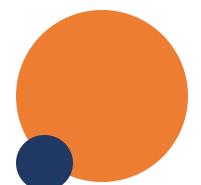
## Request 10: Top 3 Products by Sold Quantity in 2021







Division: N & S



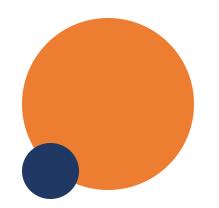
Division: P & A

**Division**: PC

## Request 10: Top 3 Products by Sold Quantity in 2021

## **INSIGTS**

In the N&S segment, the AQ Pen Drive 2 IN 1 emerged as the top-selling product with an impressive 7,01,373 units sold in FY 2021, followed closely by two variants of AQ Pen Drive DRC, selling 6,88,003 and 6,76,245 units respectively. In the P&A division, the AQ Gamers Ms led the sales with 4,28,498 units, with two variants of AQ Maxima Ms also performing strongly. For the PC segment, the top-seller was the AQ Digit PC, although with a much smaller volume of 17,434 units. This suggests that the PC division has significant room for improvement, and the company could consider strategic initiatives to boost sales in this area.



Thank you for your Time and Attention