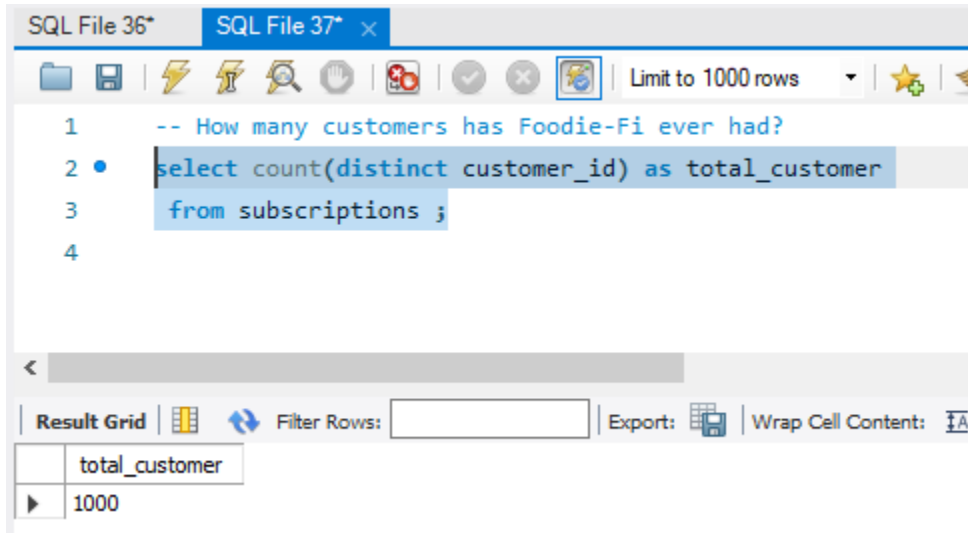


Question:1 How many customers has Foodie-Fi ever had?

Answer:select count(distinct customer\_id) as total\_customer  
from subscriptions ;



Question:2 What is the monthly distribution of trial plan start\_date values for our dataset - use the start of the month as the group by value

select month(start\_date) from subscriptions;  
select start\_date as start\_of\_month,count(\*) AS trial\_plans\_started  
FROM subscriptions s  
Join plans p on s.plan\_id=p.plan\_id  
WHERE p.Plan\_name = 'trial'  
group by start\_date;

```

1  /* What is the monthly distribution of trial plan start_date values for our dataset - use the start
2  of the month as the group by value*/
3  • select start_date as start_of_month,count(*) AS trial_plans_started
4  FROM subscriptions s
5  Join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id
6  WHERE p.Plan_name = 'trial'
7  group by start_date;
8

```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
start_of_month	trial_plans_started	
2020-03-19	4	
2020-10-23	3	
2020-10-12	4	
2020-07-27	6	
2020-11-11	7	
2020-06-11	4	
2020-07-25	3	

Question 3: What plan start\_date values occur after the year 2020 for our dataset? Show the breakdown by count of events for each plan\_name

```
select start_date,plan_name,Count(*) AS count_of_event
```

```
From plans p
```

```
join subscriptions s on p.plan_id=s.plan_id
```

```
where start_date>'2020-01-01'
```

```
group by start_date, plan_name;
```

```

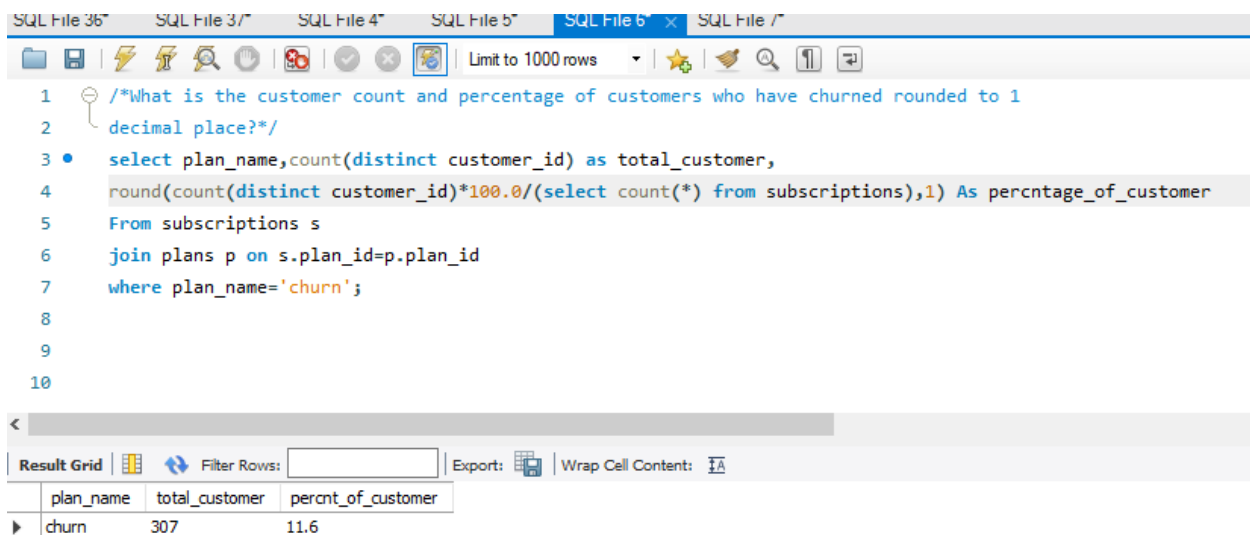
1  /*What plan start_date values occur after the year 2020 fo
2  by count of events for each plan_name*/
3  • select start_date,plan_name,Count(*) AS count_of_event
4  From plans p
5  join subscriptions s on p.plan_id=s.plan_id
6  where start_date>'2020-01-01'
7  group by start_date, plan_name;
8

```

Result Grid		
Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
start_date	plan_name	count_of_event
2020-08-01	trial	7
2020-08-08	basic monthly	5
2020-09-20	trial	4
2020-09-27	pro annual	1
2020-01-13	trial	4
2020-01-20	basic monthly	1
2020-01-17	trial	4

Question 4: What is the customer count and percentage of customers who have churned rounded to 1 decimal place?

```
select plan_name,count(distinct customer_id) as total_customer,  
round(count(distinct customer_id)*100.0/(select count(*) from subscriptions),1) As  
percentage_of_customer  
From subscriptions s  
join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id  
where plan_name='churn';
```



The screenshot shows a SQL IDE with multiple tabs. The active tab, 'SQL File 6', contains the following SQL query:

```
1  /*What is the customer count and percentage of customers who have churned rounded to 1  
2  decimal place?*/  
3  •  select plan_name,count(distinct customer_id) as total_customer,  
4     round(count(distinct customer_id)*100.0/(select count(*) from subscriptions),1) As percentage_of_customer  
5  From subscriptions s  
6  join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id  
7  where plan_name='churn';  
8  
9  
10
```

Below the query editor, the 'Result Grid' tab is active, displaying the following table:

plan_name	total_customer	percent_of_customer
churn	307	11.6

/\*Question 5:How many customers have churned straight after their initial free trial - what percentage is this rounded to the nearest whole number?\*/

```
with cte as  
select *,  
lag(plan_id,1)over(partition by customer_id order by plan_id) as previous_plan  
from subscriptions)  
select count(previous_plan) as No_of_churn,  
round(count(*)*100/(select count(distinct customer_id)from subscriptions),0) from cte  
where plan_id=4 and previous_plan=0
```

```

2  this rounded to the nearest whole number?*/
3  • with cte as(
4      select *,
5      lag(plan_id,1)over(partition by customer_id order by plan_id) as previous_plan
6      from subscriptions)
7      select count(previous_plan) as No_of_churn,
8      round(count(*)*100/(select count(distinct customer_id)from subscriptions),0) from cte
9      where plan_id=4 and previous_plan=0
10
11

```

Result Grid		Filter Rows:	Export:	Wrap Cell Content:
No_of_churn	round(count(*)*100/(select count(distinct customer_id)from subscriptions),0)			
92	9			

Question:6 What is the number and percentage of customer plans after their initial free trial?

WITH cte AS (

SELECT \*,

lead(plan\_id,1)over(partition by customer\_id order by plan\_id) as next\_plan from subscriptions)

select next\_plan,count(\*) as num\_of\_customer,

round(count(\*)\*100/(select count(distinct Customer\_id)from subscriptions),1) as  
percentage\_next\_plan

from cte

where next\_plan is not null and plan\_id=0

group by next\_plan

order by next\_plan;

```
1  -- Question:6 What is the number and percentage of customer plans after their initial free trial?
2  WITH cte AS (
3      SELECT *,
4      lead(plan_id,1)over(partition by customer_id order by plan_id) as next_plan from subscriptions)
5      select next_plan,count(*) as num_of_customer,
6      round(count(*)*100/(select count(distinct Customer_id)from subscriptions),1) as percentage_next_plan
7      from cte
8      where next_plan is not null and plan_id=0
9      group by next_plan
10     order by next_plan;
11
12
```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [A](#)

next_plan	num_of_customer	percentage_next_plan
1	546	54.6
2	325	32.5
3	37	3.7
4	92	9.2

Question:7. What is the customer count and percentage breakdown of all 5 plan\_name values at 2020-12-31?

```
select plan_name,Count(distinct customer_id) as total_customer,
Round(count(distinct customer_id)*100.0/(select count(*) from Subscriptions),2) as percent
From subscriptions
join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id
where
start_date<='2020-12-31'
group by plan_name;
```

```

3 • select plan_name,Count(distinct customer_id) as total_customer,
4 Round(count(distinct customer_id)*100.0/(select count(*) from Subscriptions),2) as percent
5 From subscriptions s
6 join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id
7 where
8 start_date<='2020-12-31'
9 group by plan_name;
10
11

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

plan_name	total_customer	percent
basic monthly	538	20.30
churn	236	8.91
pro annual	195	7.36
pro monthly	479	18.08
trial	1000	37.74

Question:8 How many customers have upgraded to an annual plan in 2020?

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer\_id) AS upgrade\_count

FROM subscriptions s

join plans p on s.plan\_id=p.plan\_id

WHERE plan\_name = 'pro annual'

AND YEAR(start\_date) = 2020

Limit to 1000 rows

```

1 -- Question:8 How many customers have upgraded to an annual plan in 2020?
2 • SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer_id) AS upgrade_count
3 FROM subscriptions s
4 join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id
5 WHERE plan_name = 'pro annual'
6 AND YEAR(start_date) = 2020
7

```

Result Grid | Filter Rows: | Export: | Wrap Cell Content: [IA](#)

upgrade_count
195

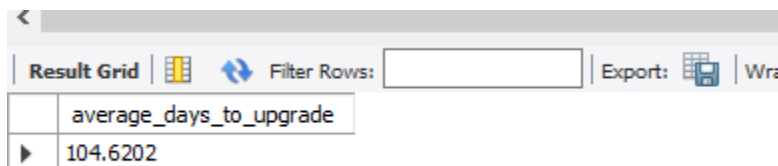
Question:9 How many days on average does it take for a customer to an annual plan from the day they join Foodie-Fi?

SELECT

```

    AVG(DATEDIFF(annual_plan.start_date, initial_subscription.start_date)) AS average_days_to_upgrade
FROM
    Subscriptions AS annual_plan
JOIN
    Subscriptions AS initial_subscription ON annual_plan.customer_id = initial_subscription.customer_id
JOIN
    Plans ON annual_plan.plan_id = Plans.plan_id
WHERE
    Plans.plan_name = 'pro annual'
    AND initial_subscription.start_date = (
        SELECT MIN(start_date)
        FROM Subscriptions
        WHERE customer_id = annual_plan.customer_id
    );

```



average_days_to_upgrade
104.6202

**Question 11:How many customers downgraded from a pro monthly to a basic monthly plan in 2020?**

```

SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT customer_id) AS downgrade_count
FROM subscriptions s
join plans p on s.plan_id=p.plan_id
WHERE plan_name = 'basic monthly'
AND customer_id IN (
    SELECT customer_id
    FROM subscriptions
    WHERE plan_name = 'pro monthly'
    AND start_date >= '2020-01-01'
    AND start_date < '2021-12-30' );

```

