Tanaya Mukund Bhide

2020BTECS00011

BATCH T5

SOFTWARE ENGINNERING TOOLS LAB

ASSIGNMENT NO 2

(Module 2- Software Development Frameworks)

- 1. List of Frameworks/IDEs/Softwares
- a. Eclipse
- b. Android SDK
- c. Node.Js
- d. DotNet
- e. Ruby on Rails
- f. Anaconda
- g. Google colab
- h. Django
- i. Vue.js
- j. GitHub
- k. React

For every Frameworks/IDEs/Softwares given above provide the answers for below questions

- 1. Original author
- 2. Developers
- 3. Initial release
- 4. Stable release
- 5. Preview release
- 6. Repository (with cloud support)
- 7. Written in (Languages)
- 8. Operating System support
- 9. Platform ,portability
- 10. Available in (Total languages)
- 11. List of languages supported
- 12. Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.)
- 13. Website
- 14. Features
- 15. Size (in MB, GB etc.)
- 16. Privacy and Security
- 17. Type of software (Open source/License)
- 18. If License- Provide details.
- 19. Latest version
- 20. Cloud support (Yes/No)
- 21. Applicability
- 22. Drawbacks (if any)

a. Eclipse

Original author: IBM

Developers: Eclipse Foundation

Initial release: November 7, 2001

Stable release: 2021-09 (4.21.0)

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/eclipse)

Written in (Languages): Java, C++, and others

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Java-based, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): 46

List of languages supported: C, C++, Java, Python, Ruby, PHP, JavaScript, and more

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Integrated development

environment (IDE)

Website: https://www.eclipse.org/

Features: Code editing, debugging, testing, version control, plugins and extensions, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): Eclipse IDE for Java Developers is around 580 MB

Privacy and Security: Eclipse has a privacy policy and security measures in place to protect

users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License- Provide details: Eclipse Public License (EPL-2.0)

Latest version: 4.21.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via plugins and extensions

Applicability: Suitable for developing various types of applications, including web, mobile,

desktop, and more

Drawbacks (if any): Can be slow and resource-intensive at times

b. Android SDK

Original author: Android, Inc.

Developers: Google

Initial release: September 23, 2008

Stable release: 31.1.0

Preview release: 32.0.0-beta3

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/android)

Written in (Languages): Java, Kotlin, and others

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Android platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Java, Kotlin, C++, and more

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Software development kit (SDK)

Website: https://developer.android.com/

Features: Tools and APIs for developing Android applications, including libraries, IDE plugins, emulators, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): The SDK Manager is around 150 MB

Privacy and Security: Android has a privacy policy and security measures in place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License- Provide details: Apache License 2.0

Latest version: 31.1.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): No

Applicability: Suitable for developing Android applications

Drawbacks (if any): Steep learning curve for beginners

c. Node.js

Original author: Ryan Dahl

Developers: Node.js community

Initial release: May 27, 2009

Stable release: 16.13.2

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/nodejs/node)

Written in (Languages): JavaScript, C++, and others

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux, FreeBSD, and more

Platform, portability: Cross-platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: JavaScript, TypeScript, and more

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): JavaScript runtime environment

Website: https://nodejs.org/

Features: Asynchronous I/O, event-driven architecture, package ecosystem, cross-platform development, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): Node.js installer is around 30 MB

Privacy and Security: Node.js has a privacy policy and security measures in place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License-Provide details: Node.js is licensed under the MIT License

Latest version: 16.13.2

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting services such as AWS, Google Cloud Platform, and more

Applicability: Suitable for developing scalable network applications, server-side applications, and more

Drawbacks (if any): Lack of strong typing and complex debugging process

d. DotNet

Original author: Microsoft

Developers: Microsoft

Initial release: February 13, 2002

Stable release: .NET 6.0

Preview release: .NET 7.0 preview 6

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/dotnet)

Written in (Languages): C#, C++, and others

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Cross-platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: C#, F#, Visual Basic .NET, and more

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Software framework and development platform

Website: https://dotnet.microsoft.com/

Features: Cross-platform development, runtime, libraries, tools, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): The .NET 6.0 SDK installer is around 160 MB

Privacy and Security: .NET has a privacy policy and security measures in place to protect

users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License- Provide details: .NET is licensed under the MIT License

Latest version: .NET 6.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting services such as Azure, AWS, Google Cloud

Platform, and more

Applicability: Suitable for developing various types of applications, including web, mobile,

desktop, and more

Drawbacks (if any): Steep learning curve for beginners, requires substantial system resources

e. Ruby on Rails

Original author: David Heinemeier Hansson

Developers: Ruby on Rails core team

Initial release: December 13, 2005

Stable release: 6.1.3.1

Preview release: 7.0.0.alpha2

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/rails/rails)

Written in (Languages): Ruby

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Ruby on Rails platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Ruby

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Web framework

Website: https://rubyonrails.org/

Features: Model-View-Controller (MVC) architecture, Convention over Configuration

(CoC), Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY) principle, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): N/A

Privacy and Security: Ruby on Rails has a security policy and various security features in

place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License-Provide details: MIT License

Latest version: 6.1.3.1

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for developing web applications and APIs

Drawbacks (if any): Can be slower compared to other web frameworks due to its dynamic

nature

f. Anaconda

Original author: Continuum Analytics

Developers: Anaconda, Inc.

Initial release: November 12, 2012

Stable release: 2021.11

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/ContinuumIO/anaconda-issues)

Written in (Languages): Python

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Python platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Python and R

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Data science platform

Website: https://www.anaconda.com/

Features: Package management, environment management, data visualization, machine learning, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): Anaconda installation package is around 500 MB

Privacy and Security: Anaconda has a privacy policy and various security measures in place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source and commercial licenses

If License- Provide details: Anaconda Distribution and some packages are under the BSD License, while some packages are under different open-source licenses, and some packages are commercial with free trial

Latest version: 2021.11

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for data science, machine learning, and scientific computing projects

Drawbacks (if any): Installation and setup process can be challenging for beginners

g. Google Colab

Original author: Google

Developers: Google

Initial release: October 22, 2018

Stable release: Continuous updates

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): Not available

Written in (Languages): Python

Operating System support: Web-based (accessible through web browsers)

Platform, portability: Web-based platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Python

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Cloud-based Jupyter notebook environment

Website: https://colab.research.google.com/

Features: Access to powerful hardware (GPU, TPU), pre-installed libraries, collaboration

features, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): N/A

Privacy and Security: Google Colab has a privacy policy and various security measures in

place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Proprietary

If License- Provide details: N/A

Latest version: Continuous updates

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, it is a cloud-based service

Applicability: Suitable for machine learning, data analysis, and research projects

Drawbacks (if any): Limited to a certain amount of resources, might have issues with larger

datasets or projects

h. Django

Original author: Adrian Holovaty, Simon Willison

Developers: Django Software Foundation

Initial release: July 21, 2005

Stable release: 4.0

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/django/django)

Written in (Languages): Python

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Python platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Python

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Web framework

Website: https://www.djangoproject.com/

Features: Model-View-Template (MVT) architecture, Object-Relational Mapping (ORM), template system, built-in administration interface, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): Django installation package is around 20 MB

Privacy and Security: Django has a security policy and various security features in place to

protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License- Provide details: BSD License

Latest version: 4.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for developing web applications and APIs

Drawbacks (if any): Can be slower compared to other web frameworks due to its dynamic

nature

i. TensorFlow

Original author: Google Brain Team

Developers: TensorFlow team at Google

Initial release: November 9, 2015

Stable release: 2.7.0

Preview release: 2.8.0rc0

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/tensorflow/tensorflow)

Written in (Languages): C++, Python

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux, Android, iOS

Platform, portability: Cross-platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: Python, C++, Java, Go, Rust, JavaScript, and more

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Machine learning library

Website: https://www.tensorflow.org/

Features: Flexible architecture, distributed training, pre-built models, visualization tools, and

more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): TensorFlow installation package is around 400 MB

Privacy and Security: TensorFlow has a privacy policy and various security measures in place

to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License-Provide details: Apache License 2.0

Latest version: 2.7.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for building and training machine learning models

Drawbacks (if any): Steep learning curve for beginners, requires some background

knowledge in machine learning and programming

i. Vue.js

Original author: Evan You

Developers: Vue.js core team and community contributors

Initial release: February 2014

Stable release: 3.2.26

Preview release: 4.0.0-alpha.14

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/vuejs/vue)

Written in (Languages): JavaScript

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux

Platform, portability: Cross-platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: JavaScript

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): JavaScript framework for building user interfaces and single-page applications

Website: https://vuejs.org/

Features: Reactive and composable view components, template and JSX syntax support, fast rendering and update performance, flexible and scalable architecture, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): The core library is around 80 KB gzipped

Privacy and Security: Vue.js has a privacy policy and various security measures in place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License-Provide details: MIT License

Latest version: 3.2.26

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for building complex and dynamic web applications with high interactivity and performance requirements

Drawbacks (if any): Requires a basic understanding of JavaScript and HTML/CSS, may have a steeper learning curve for beginners compared to simpler libraries.

j. GitHub

Original author: Tom Preston-Werner, Chris Wanstrath, PJ Hyett

Developers: GitHub, Inc.

Initial release: April 10, 2008

Stable release: N/A

Preview release: N/A

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/)

Written in (Languages): Ruby, Erlang, JavaScript, CSS

Operating System support: Web-based platform, accessible from any modern web browser

Platform, portability: Web-based platform, accessible from any modern web browser

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: N/A

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): Web-based Git repository hosting service and collaboration platform for software development

Website: https://github.com/

Features: Git repository hosting, code review and collaboration tools, issue tracking, project management, continuous integration and deployment, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): N/A

Privacy and Security: GitHub has a privacy policy and various security measures in place to protect users' data

Type of software (Open source/License): Partially open-source (core features are open-source, while some enterprise features are proprietary)

If License- Provide details: MIT License for the core features, proprietary license for some enterprise features

Latest version: N/A

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, it is a cloud-based service

Applicability: Suitable for software development projects of any size and complexity, from individual projects to large enterprise teams

Drawbacks (if any): Limited support for private repositories in the free tier, some features require a paid subscription, potential vendor lock-in for enterprise users.

k. React

Original author: Jordan Walke

Developers: Facebook and community contributors

Initial release: May 29, 2013

Stable release: 18.1.0 (as of February 2023)

Preview release: None

Repository (with cloud support): GitHub (https://github.com/facebook/react/)

Written in (Languages): JavaScript

Operating System support: Windows, macOS, Linux, Android, iOS

Platform, portability: Cross-platform, highly portable

Available in (Total languages): N/A

List of languages supported: JavaScript (JSX)

Type (Programming tool, integrated development environment etc.): JavaScript library for building user interfaces

Website: https://reactjs.org/

Features: Declarative programming, component-based architecture, server-side rendering, virtual DOM, and more

Size (in MB, GB etc.): React core is lightweight, around 100KB

Privacy and Security: React is just a library and has no inherent security risks, but it can be used in a way that could introduce security vulnerabilities if not properly implemented

Type of software (Open source/License): Open-source

If License-Provide details: MIT License

Latest version: 18.1.0

Cloud support (Yes/No): Yes, via cloud hosting providers

Applicability: Suitable for building user interfaces and web applications

Drawbacks (if any): Learning curve for beginners, JSX syntax may be confusing at first, some features are still being developed and may not be stable

- 1. Implement linear regression problem using Google colab (Perform preprocessing, training and testing) Node.Js , Android SDK , Dot Net, Ruby on Rails, Anaconda, Eclipse Use any of one following appropriate dataset.
 - Dataset 1 CDC Data: Nutrition, Physical Activity, & Obesity | Kaggle
 - Dataset 2- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Air+Quality
 - Dataset 3- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Appliances+energy+prediction
 - Dataset 4- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Bike+Sharing+Dataset
 - Dataset 5- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Demand+Forecasting+for+a+store
 - Dataset 6- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Hungarian+Chickenpox+Cases
 - Dataset 7- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/KDD+Cup+1998+Data
 - Dataset 8- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/Water+Quality+Prediction

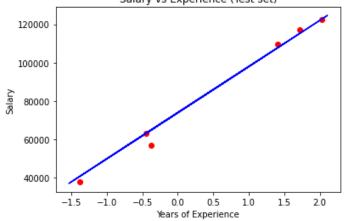
```
import numpy as np
    import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
    # Load data from a CSV file
    data = pd.read_csv("Salary_Data.csv")
    # Split data into features and target variable
    X = data.iloc[:, :-1].values
    y = data.iloc[:, -1].values
    # Split data into training and testing sets
    from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
    X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
    # Scale features using standard scaler
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    X_train = scaler.fit_transform(X_train)
    X_test = scaler.transform(X_test)
    # Train the linear regression model
    regressor = LinearRegression()
    regressor.fit(X_train, y_train)
    # Make predictions on the test set
    y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
    # Compute the mean squared error
    mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
    print("Mean Squared Error: ", mse)
    # Visualize the training set results
    plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color='red')
    plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
    plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
    plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
    plt.ylabel('Salary')
    plt.show()
    # Visualize the test set results
    plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color='red')
    plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
    plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Test set)')
    plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
    plt.ylabel('Salary')
    plt.show()
```

```
Code:
```

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
# Load data from a CSV file
data = pd.read_csv("Salary_Data.csv")
# Split data into features and target variable
X = data.iloc[:, :-1].values
y = data.iloc[:, -1].values
# Split data into training and testing sets
from sklearn.model selection import train test split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=0)
# Scale features using standard scaler
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
X train = scaler.fit transform(X train)
X \text{ test} = \text{scaler.transform}(X \text{ test})
# Train the linear regression model
regressor = LinearRegression()
regressor.fit(X train, y train)
# Make predictions on the test set
y_pred = regressor.predict(X_test)
# Compute the mean squared error
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
print("Mean Squared Error: ", mse)
# Visualize the training set results
plt.scatter(X_train, y_train, color='red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Training set)')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
plt.show()
# Visualize the test set results
plt.scatter(X test, y test, color='red')
plt.plot(X_train, regressor.predict(X_train), color='blue')
plt.title('Salary vs Experience (Test set)')
plt.xlabel('Years of Experience')
plt.ylabel('Salary')
```

• Mean Squared Error: 12823412.298126526





Data set :

Salary Data.csv | Kaggle

1	YearsExpe	Salary
2	1.1	39343
3	1.3	46205
4	1.5	37731
5	2	43525
6	2.2	39891
7	2.9	56642
8	3	60150
9	3.2	54445
10	3.2	64445
11	3.7	57189
12	3.9	63218
13	4	55794
14	4	56957
15	4.1	57081
16	4.5	61111
17	4.9	67938
18	5.1	66029
19	5.3	83088
20	5.9	81363
21	6	93940
22	6.8	91738
23	7.1	98273
24	7.9	101302
25	8.2	113812
26	8.7	109431
27	9	105582
28	9.5	116969