

Public Key Cryptography

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Remember Patrick's talk...

Medical



Legal

Military

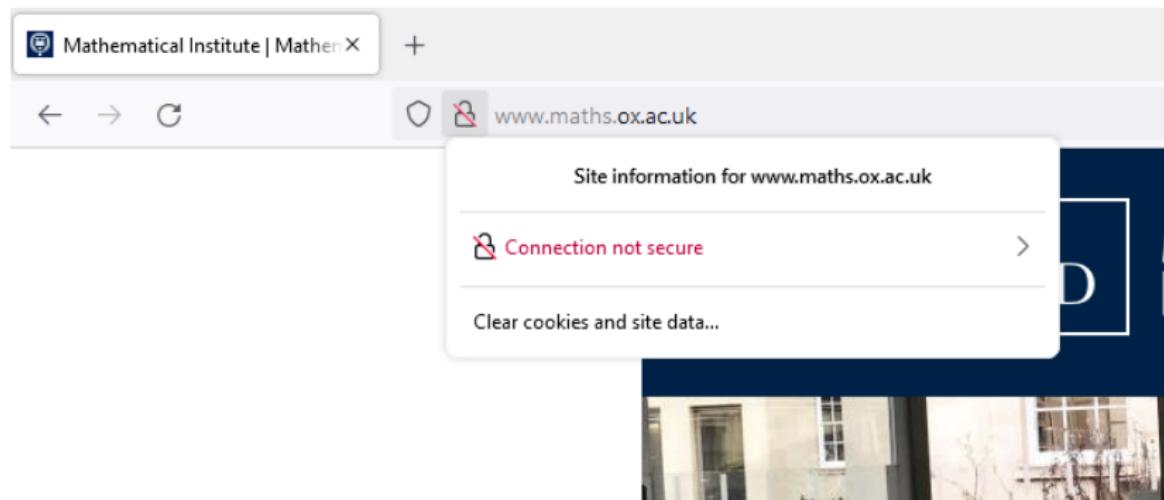
Finance

Critical Infrastructure

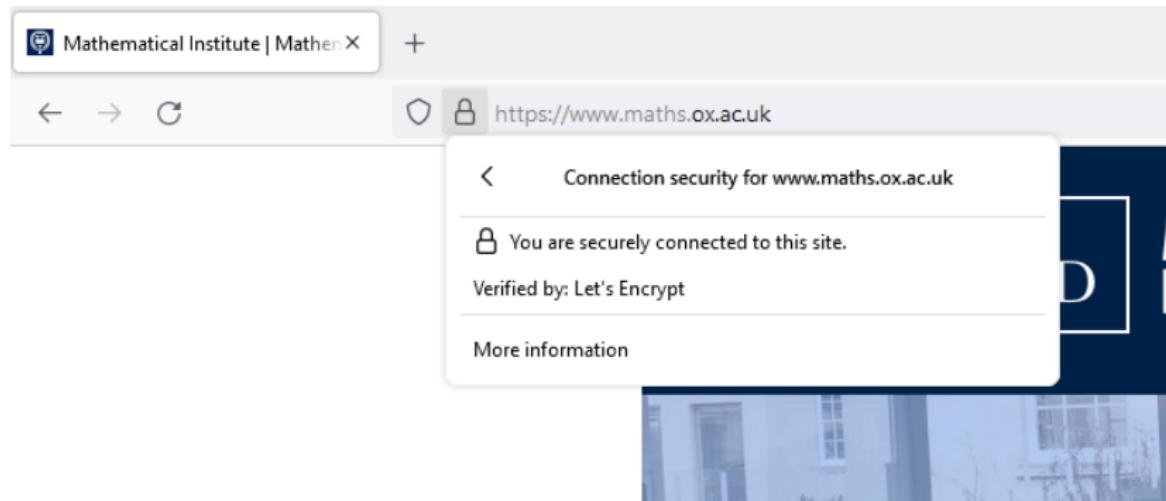
Social Media

e-Commerce

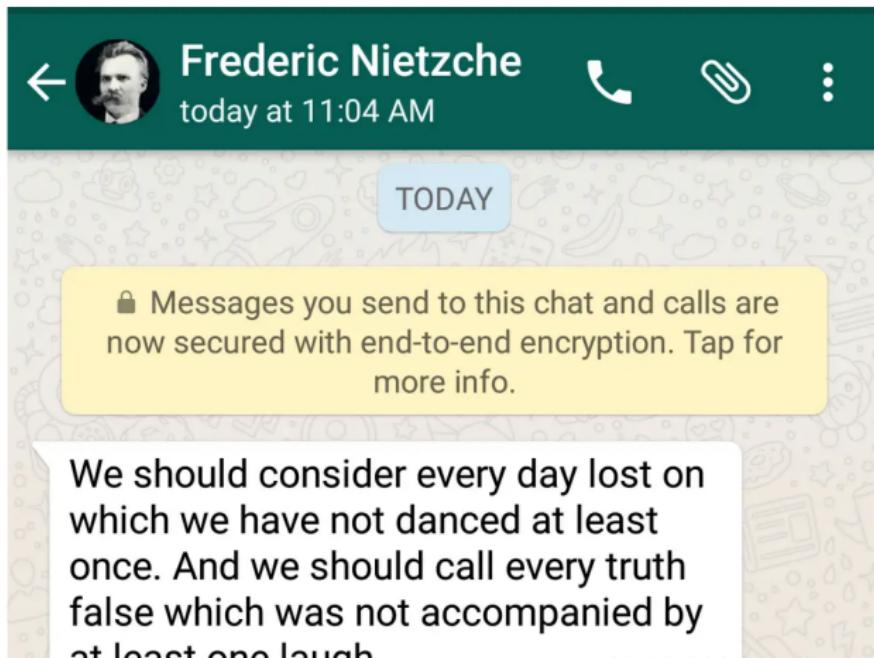
Where do we encounter cryptography?



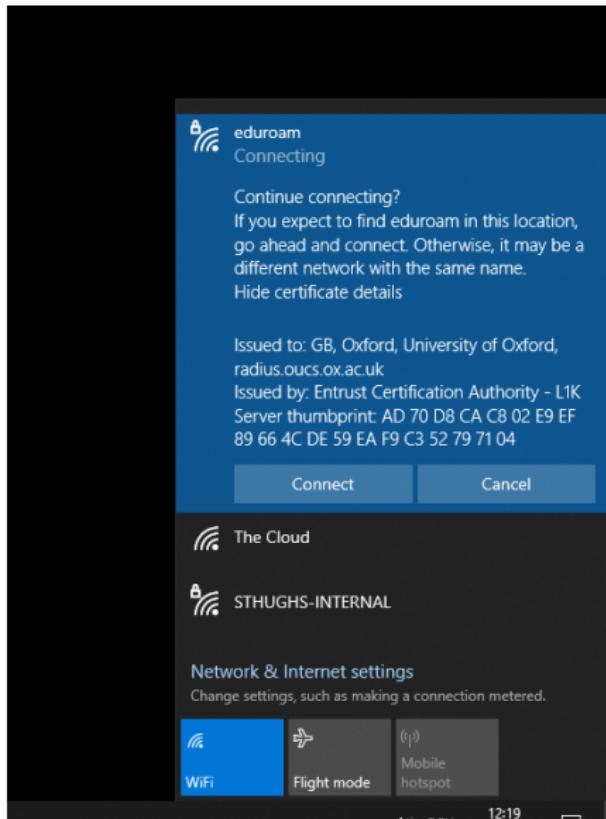
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Beginnings of cryptography

Caesar's cipher

H E L L O
↓ +3
K H O O R

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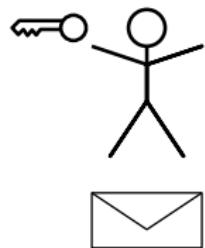
Caesar's cipher

H E L L O
↓ +3
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- Very insecure (even if shift is unknown)
- Symmetric cipher

Symmetric cryptography

Alice



Bob



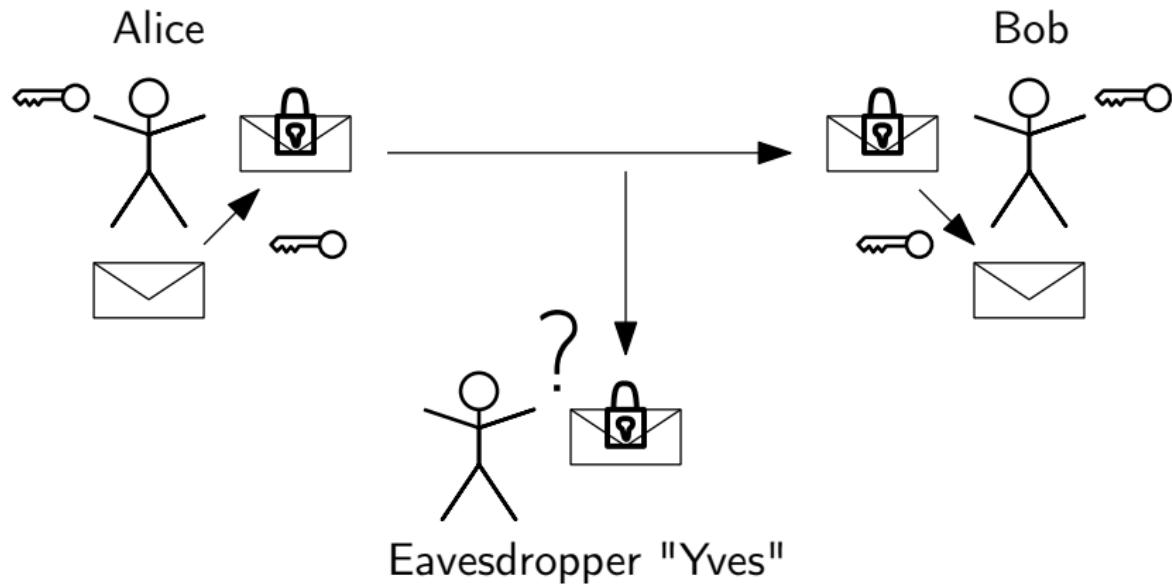
Symmetric cryptography



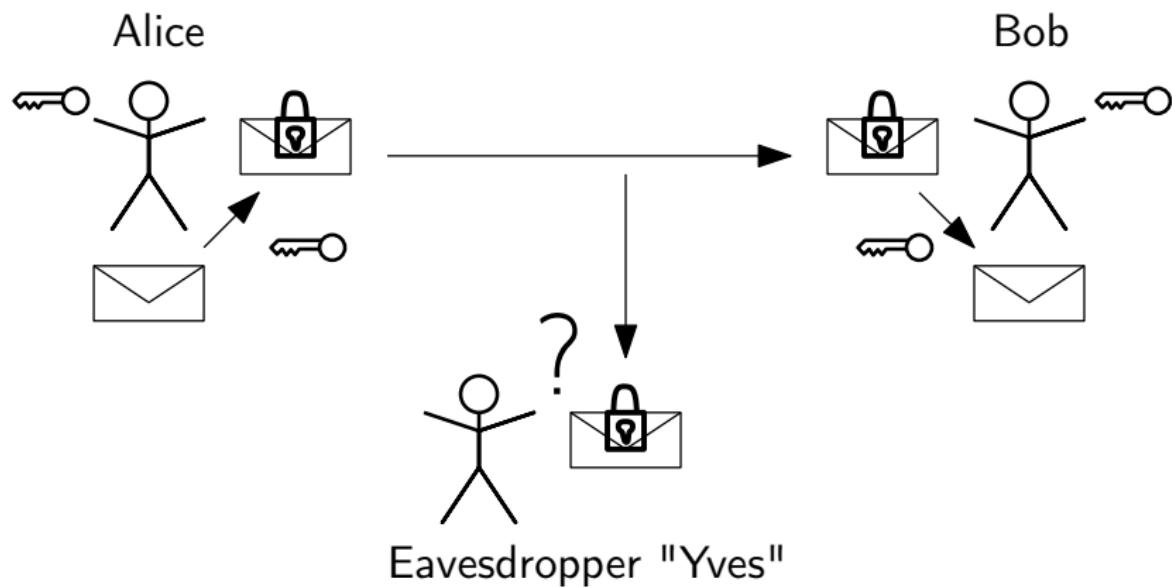
Symmetric cryptography



Symmetric cryptography

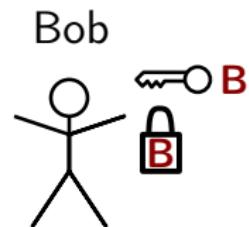
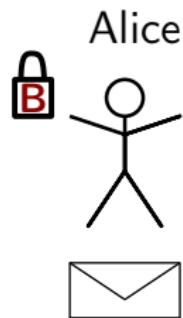


Symmetric cryptography



Problem: Key Exchange!

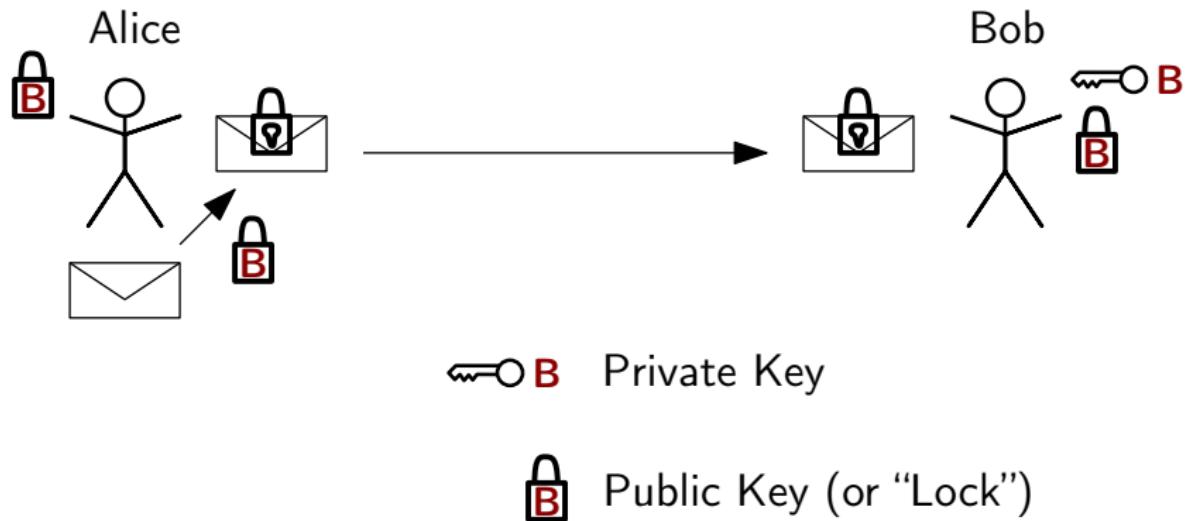
Asymmetric cryptography



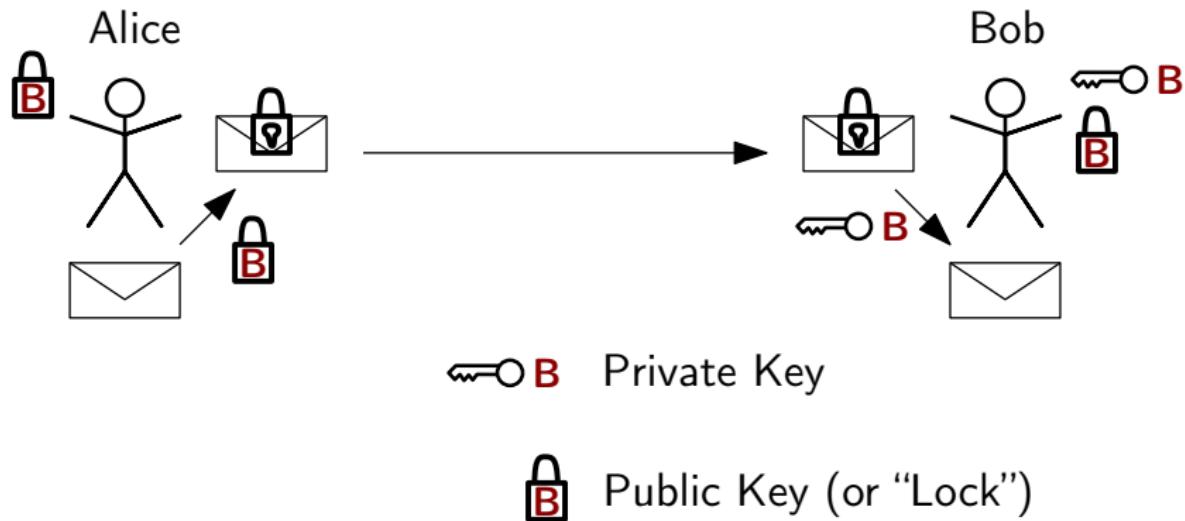
🔑 B Private Key

🔒 B Public Key (or “Lock”)

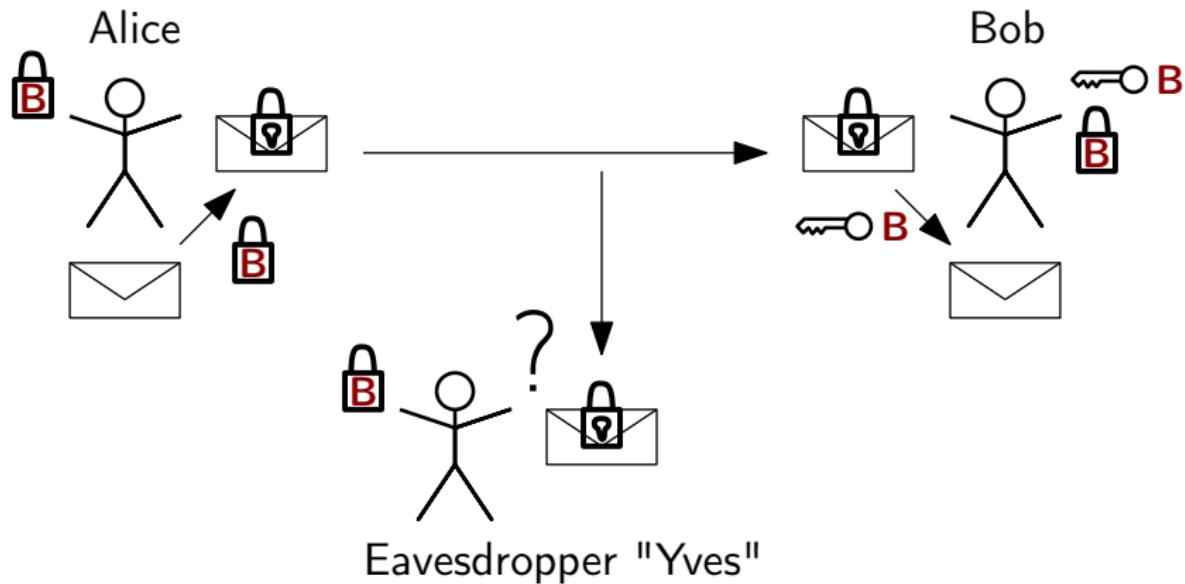
Asymmetric cryptography



Asymmetric cryptography



Asymmetric cryptography



An issue in Public Key Crypto

- Symmetric cryptography can (in principle) be “perfectly secure”
- Asymmetric cryptography cannot

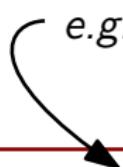
For all possible messages do

- Encrypt the message using the public key
- If the result matches the cipher, we are done

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e.g. *all 1000-character sequences*



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e.g. *all 1000-character sequences*
there are $9.4 \cdot 10^{1414}$ of them

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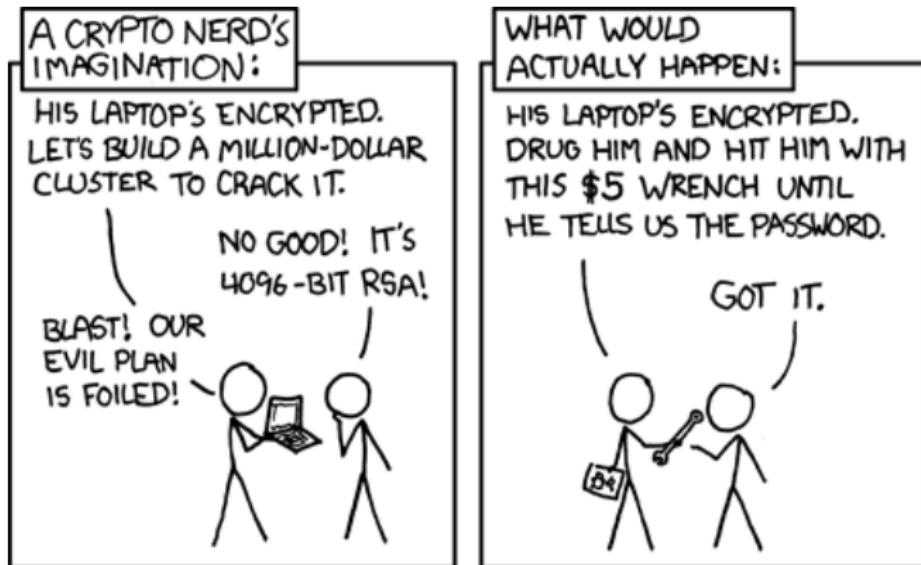
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- Currently: Prime factorization and discrete logarithm

Public Key Crypto

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- Usually problems with mathematical structure
- Currently: Prime factorization and discrete logarithm
- In the future: Quantum-computer safe problems

Thank you for listening!



Source: www.xkcd.com