

Section 1

1. Which of these refers to the connectivity between different external networks?

- (A) VPN
- (B) Intranet
- (C) Internet
- (D) DMZ

2. Which of these does not allow us to identify a device on the network?

- (A) Virtual port number
- (B) IP address
- (C) MAC address
- (D) Hostname

3. Replace the underlined word in the following statement with the correct word(s). If you believe the statement is already correct, then select *No change is required*:

A DMZ allows or denies network traffic based on a set of rules.

- (A) VPN
- (B) Internet
- (C) Firewall
- (D) No change is required

4. Which of these technologies allows you to securely connect to a private network over an insecure network?

- (A) Extranet
- (B) DMZ
- (C) Firewall
- (D) VPN

5. Which of the following devices would you most likely position within a DMZ?

- (A) Domain controller
- (B) DHCP server
- (C) Print server
- (D) Web server

6. What is the default security level for Restricted sites?

- (A) Low
- (B) Medium-Low
- (C) Medium-High
- (D) High

7. What network protocol is used by the ping utility?

- (A) DHCP
- (B) ICMP
- (C) ARP
- (D) PPTP

8. When would you use a VPN concentrator at both ends of the VPN tunnel?

- (A) When home-based users are connecting to the head office
- (B) When field-based engineers are connecting to the head office
- (C) When a branch office is connecting to the head office**
- (D) None of the above

9. Which of the following would you implement to allow trusted third parties to gain limited access to your internal network?

- (A) Extranet**
- (B) DMZ
- (C) Firewall
- (D) Internet

Section 2

1. What protocol is used to map an IP address to a MAC address?

- (A) DHCP
- (B) ICMP
- (C) HTTP
- (D) ARP

2. Which of the following is a valid MAC address format?

- (A) AA:AA:12:34::AA:AA
- (B) AB:F1:1B:FE:12:D1:65:91
- (C) AB:12:12:CA:1F
- (D) AG:CA:1F:AA:11:DA

3. What type of data transmission allows traffic to flow in both directions at the same time?

- (A) Unidirectional
- (B) Simplex
- (C) Half-duplex
- (D) Full-duplex

4. Which of the following describes a network that spans a city?

- (A) CAN
- (B) LAN
- (C) MAN
- (D) WAN

5. An IP address that can be used locally within your network and is not routable across the internet is known as what?

- (A) An alternate private IP address
- (B) Private IP address
- (C) Public IP address
- (D) ARP

6. Which of these commands will display the MAC addresses of your interfaces?

- (A) ipconfig /all
- (B) show mac
- (C) display mac
- (D) ifconfig /all

7. What identifier does a switch use when making a forwarding decision?

- (A) Destination IP address
- (B) Source IP address
- (C) Destination MAC address
- (D) Source MAC address

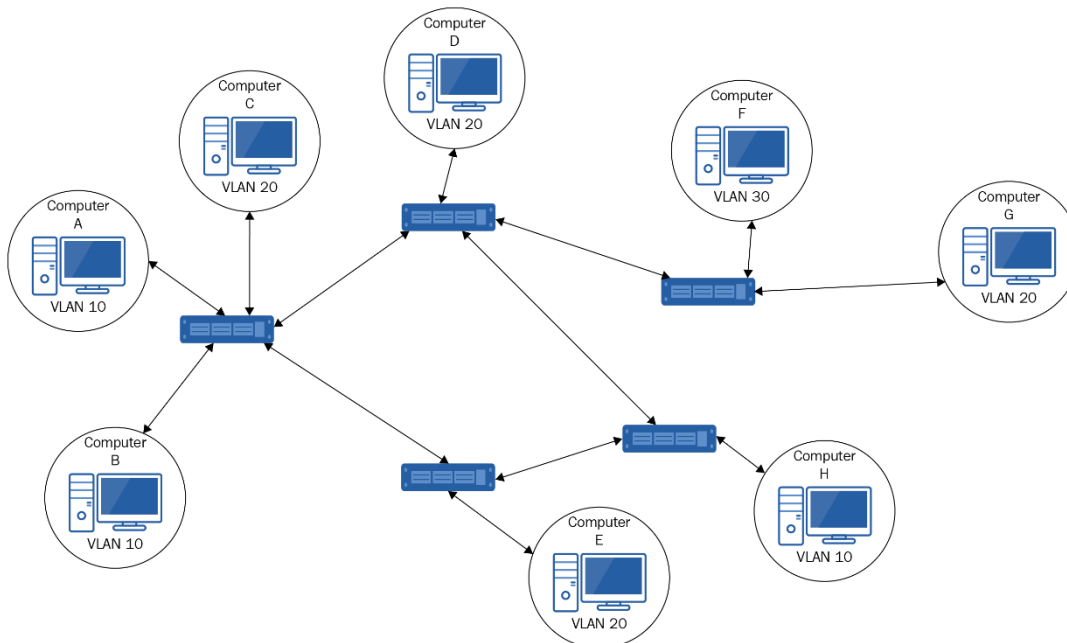
8. A network that covers a small geographical area is known as a _____. Fill in the blank:

- (A) CAN
- (B) LAN**
- (C) MAN
- (D) WAN

9. Which of the following is the broadcast MAC address?

- (A) aa:aa:aa:aa:aa:aa
- (B) ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff**
- (C) 11:11:11:11:11:11
- (D) 99:99:99:99:99:99

10. Looking at the following diagram, if Computer A sent a broadcast transmission, which devices would receive the data? Do not include Computer A in the count.



- (A) 2
- (B) 3
- (C) 7**
- (D) 8

Section 3

1. What type of network medium is used by SONET?

- (A) UTP
- (B) Coaxial
- (C) Wireless
- (D) Optical**

2. What is the speed of an E3 connection?

- (A) 1.544 Mb/s
- (B) 2.048 Mb/s
- (C) 34.368 Mb/s**
- (D) 44.736 Mb/s

3. Which devices convert digital signals to analog signals for transmission over the telephone network?

- (A) Modem**
- (B) Switch
- (C) Router
- (D) Telnet

4. Which device in a packet-switching network is most likely to function as a PAD?

- (A) Modem
- (B) Switch
- (C) Router**
- (D) Telnet

5. How many B channels does an ISDN Basic Rate Interface have?

- (A) 1
- (B) 2**
- (C) 3
- (D) 4

6. Which WAN technology used fixed-size cells to transfer data?

- (A) Frame relay
- (B) Packet switching
- (C) ATM**
- (D) 3G

7. Which of the following is used for error checking in X.25 networks?

- (A) CRC**
- (B) ATM
- (C) ECC
- (D) PSE

8. If you had a committed information rate (CIR) of 128 Kb/s, what would the burst excess be?

- (A) 128 Kb/s**
- (B) 192 Kb/s
- (C) 224 Kb/s
- (D) 320 Kb/s

9. What device routes traffic around a packet-switched network?

- (A) PSE**
- (B) PAD
- (C) CSU/DSU
- (D) DTE

Section 4

Wi-Fi networks use which access method?

- (A) Token ring
- (B) CSMA/CD
- (C) CSMA/CW
- (D) CSMA/CA

2. A junior network technician needs to set up an access point using 802.11g. What frequency will it use?

- (A) 2.4 Hz
- (B) 2.4 KHz
- (C) 2.4 GHz
- (D) 2.5 THz

3. Which 802.11 standard has the furthest indoor range?

- (A) 802.11g
- (B) 802.11a
- (C) 802.11n
- (D) 802.11ac

4. What type of wireless topology would be used when you want to connect two devices directly together in a peer-to-peer relationship?

- (A) WDS
- (B) Ad-hoc mode
- (C) Infrastructure mode
- (D) Wireless bridge

5. Which of these Wi-Fi security standards takes advantage of EAP?

- (A) WEP-PSK
- (B) WEP-Enterprise
- (C) WPA-PSK
- (D) WPA2-Enterprise

6. Which of these Wi-Fi standards does not use a 5 GHz frequency?

- (A) 802.11b
- (B) 802.11a
- (C) 802.11n
- (D) 802.11ac

7. You have a wireless network that supports 802.11g, but you have noticed that the network seems to be running at 11 Mbps. What is the most likely cause of this?

- (A) EMI
- (B) Incorrect encryption standard selected
- (C) Interference from Bluetooth devices
- (D) You have an 802.11b device on the network

8. The EAP falls under which standard?

- (A) 802.1a
- (B) 802.1x**
- (C) 802.11b
- (D) 802.11x

Section 5

1. In a token ring network, what is the central device known as?

- (A) MAU**
- (B) Switch
- (C) Router
- (D) Server

2. Which access method is used on a bus topology?

- (A) Token
- (B) CSMA/CA
- (C) Ticket
- (D) CSMA/CD**

3. All devices in a star topology are unable to communicate with each other. What is most likely at fault?

- (A) Operating system
- (B) Network card
- (C) Switch**
- (D) Cable

4. FDDI utilizes which form of topology?

- (A) Bus
- (B) Ring**
- (C) Star
- (D) Mesh

5. In a full mesh network consisting of five devices, how many interfaces are required in total?

- (A) 4
- (B) 5
- (C) 10**
- (D) 20

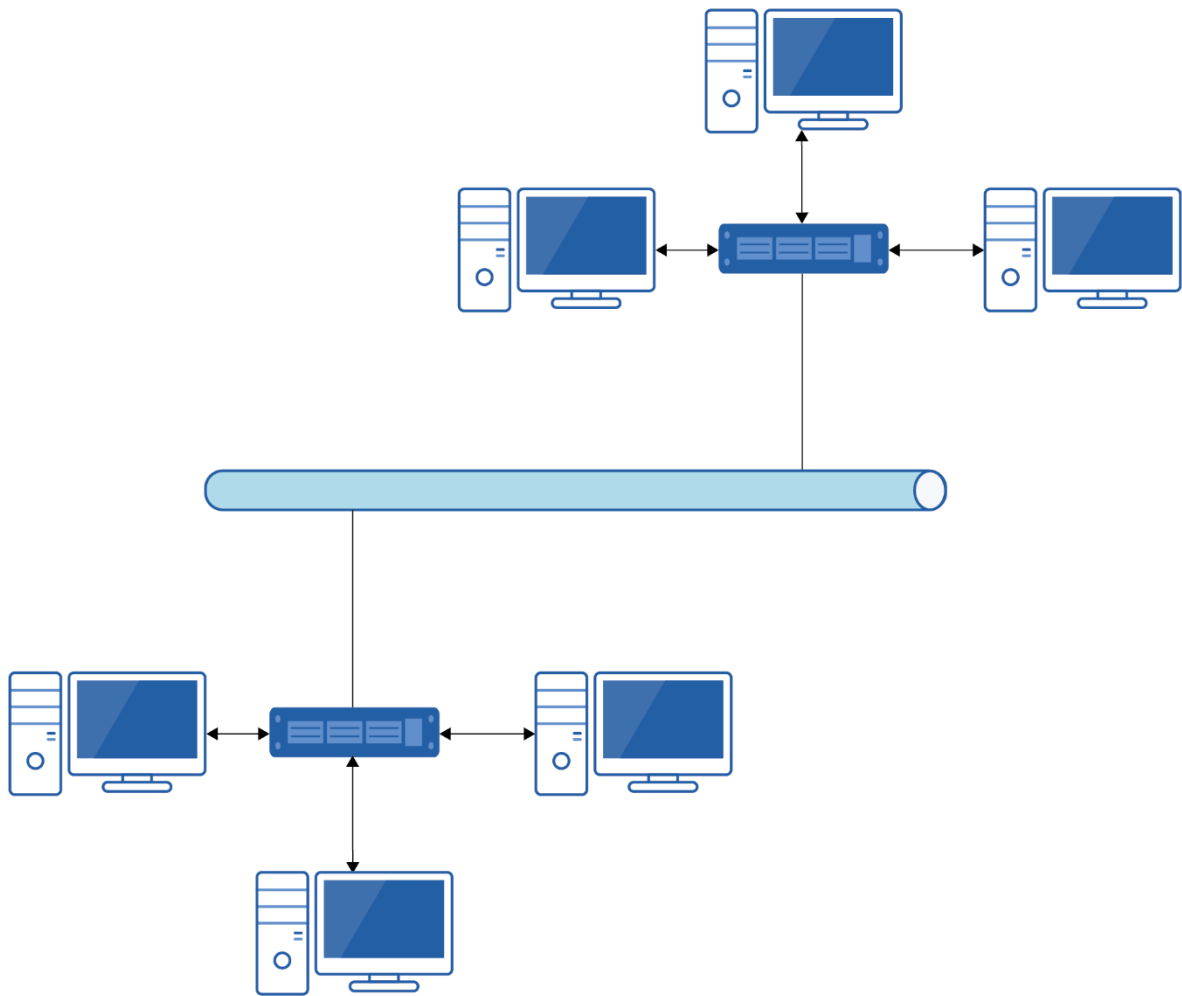
6. Which topology offers the best fault tolerance?

- (A) Full mesh**
- (B) Star
- (C) Partial mesh
- (D) Bus

7. Which IEEE standard covers token ring?

- (A) 802.1
- (B) 802.3
- (C) 802.5**
- (D) 802.15

8. Which type of topology is shown in the following diagram?



- (A) Bus
- (B) Partial mesh
- (C) Star
- (D) Hybrid