

# PDF Protection Tool

## Introduction

In modern digital environments, the security of confidential documents is paramount. This tool enhances the basic file security concepts by implementing a multi-modal solution for PDF encryption using the **pypdf** library. Beyond simple encryption, the tool integrates **secrets** module to offer automated generation of secure passwords, effectively mitigating the human risk associated with choosing weak credentials.

## Working Process (Interactive & Automated Security)

The tool operates based on the user's input mode, managing file validity, password generation, and encryption in a robust sequence:

- Argument Handling:** The script first processes command-line arguments, determining the necessary execution mode (Interactive, Auto-Generate, or Direct Password).
- Interactive Selection:** If running interactively, the user is prompted to choose between **auto-generating** a strong, random password or **entering a custom password** (with length warnings).
- Path Validation:** The tool rigorously checks if the input PDF exists, if the input file is a PDF, and if the output path is writable.
- Encryption Core:** It reads the original PDF, copies all pages to a PdfWriter object, and applies **AES-256 encryption** using the final selected password.
- Robust Output:** Provides detailed confirmation including input/output paths, page count, and file size, ensuring the user has all necessary verification data.

## Key Concepts Covered

| Concept                          | Description  |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Cryptographic Security (secrets) | Uses Python's secrets module, ensuring that auto-generated passwords are cryptographically secure and suitable for high-security environments. |
| Interactive CLI                  | Implements the getpass library for secure, invisible password entry and uses conditional logic (argparse) to guide the user flow.              |

|                               |   |
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| <b>AES-256 Encryption</b>     | Leverages modern Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 256-bit to ensure the encrypted file is resilient against current cracking methods.             |
| <b>Robust File Handling</b>   | Includes extensive validation (e.g., <code>validate_paths()</code> ) to handle non-existent files, non-PDF files, and permission issues gracefully. |
| <b>Complexity Enforcement</b> | The <code>generate_strong_password()</code> function enforces the inclusion of uppercase, lowercase, digits, and symbols.                           |

### **Command-Line Flags (Execution Modes)**

The tool's versatility is enabled by its command-line arguments, which allow users to select their desired input method without going through the default interactive menu.

| <b>Flag</b>   | <b>Full Argument</b>   | <b>Mode</b>                     | <b>Purpose</b>   |
|---------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| <b>(None)</b> | (Positional Args Only) | <b>Interactive</b><br>(Default) | Triggers the secure, step-by-step interactive menu to choose a password (recommended for first-time use).                  |
| <b>-a</b>     | <code>--auto</code>    | <b>Auto-Generate</b>            | Skips the interactive prompt and forces the script to immediately generate and use a strong, random 16-character password. |
| <b>-p</b>     | <code>password</code>  | <b>Direct/Manual</b>            | Allows the user to supply the password directly on the command line. (Less secure due to command history risk.)            |

### **Execution Examples**

The following examples illustrate the primary ways the tool can be executed from the command line:

#### **1. Interactive Mode (Default)**

Running the script without any password flags triggers the safest, step-by-step process.

## Command:

python pdf\_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf

```
PS D:\inlingx\pdf_protection> python pdf_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf

=====
PASSWORD SELECTION
=====

Choose password option:
  [1] Auto-generate a strong password (Recommended)
  [2] Enter my own custom password
=====
```

## 2. Auto-Generate Mode (Scripted Security)

Using the -a flag skips prompts and generates a password using the default 16-character length.

## Command:

python pdf\_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf -a

```
PS D:\inlingx\pdf_protection> python pdf_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf -a

[+] Auto-generated password: -W9(Ndz&|n@2-&Q4
[+] Password length: 16 characters

[!] IMPORTANT: Save this password securely!

[*] Validating file paths...

[*] Reading PDF: input.pdf
[*] Found 2 page(s)
[*] Copying pages...
[*] Applying encryption...
[*] Writing encrypted PDF: output.pdf
[*] Output file size: 76,824 bytes

=====
[SUCCESS] PDF successfully encrypted!
=====

Input:    input.pdf
Output:   output.pdf
Pages:    2
Password: -W9(Ndz&|n@2-&Q4
=====

[!] IMPORTANT: Save this password securely!
[!] Without it, the PDF cannot be opened.
=====
```

## 3. Auto-Generate with Custom Length

Using -a combined with -l specifies the exact length of the required strong password.

**Command:**

python pdf\_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf -a -l 24

```
PS D:\inlingx\pdf_protection> python pdf_protector.py input.pdf output.pdf -a -l 24

[+] Auto-generated password: sz&85-y)9t8o]P=,xq>740l7
[+] Password length: 24 characters

[!] IMPORTANT: Save this password securely!

[*] Validating file paths...
[WARNING] Output file already exists: output.pdf
Do you want to overwrite it? (yes/no): yes

[*] Reading PDF: input.pdf
[*] Found 2 page(s)
[*] Copying pages...
[*] Applying encryption...
[*] Writing encrypted PDF: output.pdf
[*] Output file size: 76,824 bytes

=====
[SUCCESS] PDF successfully encrypted!
=====

Input:  input.pdf
Output: output.pdf
Pages:  2
Password: sz&85-y)9t8o]P=,xq>740l7
=====

[!] IMPORTANT: Save this password securely!
[!] Without it, the PDF cannot be opened.
=====
```

# Code Explanation

| Function                                | Purpose  |
|---|--|
| <b>generate_strong_password()</b>       | Creates a guaranteed strong password, checking complexity within a loop for high-entropy randomization.                      |
| <b>interactive_password_selection()</b> | Manages the interactive prompt, allowing the user to select auto-generation or safe manual password entry.                   |
| <b>validate_paths()</b>                 | Crucial pre-check ensuring the input file is accessible and the output location is writable, providing clear error messages. |
| <b>protect_pdf()</b>                    | Contains the core pypdf logic: reading pages, applying writer.encrypt(..., algorithm="AES-256"),                             |

|               |   |
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|               | and writing the output file with comprehensive success reporting.   |
| <b>main()</b> | Orchestrates the entire script, parsing arguments and choosing the correct execution path (Direct, Auto, or Interactive). |

## Results

This revised tool is an effective solution for securing documents. By integrating an **interactive password choice** and using the **secrets** module, the project successfully elevates document security from a basic feature to a robust defense mechanism. The script's detailed error checking ensures a reliable and professional user experience, fulfilling all educational objectives related to file handling, security, and argument parsing.