

LAB CYCLE: -2

1. Create a three dimensional array specifying float data type and print it.

```
import numpy as np
depth = int(input("Enter the depth: "))
rows = int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
cols = int(input("Enter the number of columns: "))
array_3d = np.empty((depth, rows, cols), dtype=float)

for d in range(depth):
    print("Enter values for 2D array :")
    for i in range(rows):
        row = input().split()
        for j in range(cols):
            array_3d[d, i, j] = float(row[j])

print("3D Array:")
print(array_3d)
```

```
Enter the depth: 2
Enter the number of rows: 2
Enter the number of columns: 3
Enter values for 2D array :
1.0 2.0 3.0
4.0 5.0 6.0
Enter values for 2D array :
7.0 8.0 9.0
1.0 11.0 12.0
3D Array:
[[[ 1.  2.  3.]
  [ 4.  5.  6.]]

 [[ 7.  8.  9.]
  [ 1. 11. 12.]]]
```

2. Create a 2 dimensional array (2X3) with elements belonging to complex data type and print it. Also display

a. the no: of rows and columns

b. dimension of an array

c. reshape the same array to 3X2

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
num_row=int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
num_col=int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
complex_array=np.empty((num_row,num_col),dtype=complex)
print("Enter complex elemnts for the array")
for i in range(num_row):
    for j in range(num_col):
        real_part=float(input(f"Enter the real part for element at position
({i},{j}) : "))
        imag_part=float(input(f"Enter the imaginary part for element at position
({i},{j}) : "))
        complex_array[i,j]=complex(real_part,imag_part)
print("Complex Array")
print(complex_array)
print("number of rows: ",num_row)
print("number of columns: ",num_col)
dimensions=complex_array.ndim
print("Dimensions of the array: ",dimensions)
reshaped_array=complex_array.reshape(num_col,num_row)
print("Reshapes array:")
print(reshaped_array)
```

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA
S3MCA
Enter the number of rows: 2
Enter the number of rows: 3
Enter complex elemnts for the array
Enter the real part for element at position (0,0) : 1
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (0,0) : 2
Enter the real part for element at position (0,1) : 3
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (0,1) : 4
Enter the real part for element at position (0,2) : 5
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (0,2) : 6
Enter the real part for element at position (1,0) : 7
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (1,0) : 8
Enter the real part for element at position (1,1) : 9
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (1,1) : 10
Enter the real part for element at position (1,2) : 11
Enter the imaginary part for element at position (1,2) : 12
Complex Array
[[ 1. +2.j  3. +4.j  5. +6.j]
 [ 7. +8.j  9.+10.j 11.+12.j]]
number of rows: 2
number of columns: 3
Dimensions of the array: 2
Reshapes array:
[[ 1. +2.j  3. +4.j]
 [ 5. +6.j  7. +8.j]
 [ 9.+10.j 11.+12.j]]

```

3. Familiarize with the functions to create

- a) an uninitialized array***
- b) array with all elements as 1,***
- c) all elements as 0***

```

print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
rows=int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))

```

```

cols=int(input("Enter the number of columns: "))
uninitialized_array=np.empty((rows,cols))
ones_array=np.ones((rows,cols))
zeros_array=np.zeros((rows,cols))
print("Uninitialized array")
print(uninitialized_array)
print("\nArray with all elements are 1")
print(ones_array)
print("\nArray with all elements zero")
print(zeros_array)

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Enter the number of rows: 2

Enter the number of columns: 3

Uninitialized array

```

[[1.92564338e-316 0.00000000e+000 6.93792485e-310]
 [6.93792487e-310 6.93792487e-310 6.93791575e-310]]

```

Array with all elements are 1

```

[[1. 1. 1.]
 [1. 1. 1.]]

```

Array with all elements zero

```

[[0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0.]]

```

4. Create an one dimensional array using arange function containing 10 elements.Display

a. First 4 elements

b. Last 6 elements

c. Elements from index 2 to 7

```

print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
start=int(input("Enter the starting value for the array: "))

```

```

end=int(input("Enter the ending value for the array: "))
array=np.arange(start,end)
print("First 4 elements")
print(array[:4])
print("\nLast 6 elements")
print(array[-6:])
print("\nElements from index 2 to 7")
print(array[2:8])

```

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA
S3MCA
Enter the starting value for the array: 1
Enter the ending value for the array: 10
First 4 elements
[1 2 3 4]

Last 6 elements
[4 5 6 7 8 9]

Elements from index 2 to 7
[3 4 5 6 7 8]

```

5. Create an 1D array with arange containing first 15 even numbers as elements
 - a. Elements from index 2 to 8 with step 2(also demonstrate the same using slice function)
 - b. Last 3 elements of the array using negative index
 - c. Alternate elements of the array
 - d. Display the last 3 alternate elements

```

print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
start=int(input("Enter the starting value: "))
end=int(input("Enter the end value: "))
array=np.arange(start,end+1,step=2)

```

```

# a. Elements from index 2 to 8 with step 2
slice_a=array[2:9:2]
# b. Last 3 elements of the array using negative index
slice_b=array[-3:]
# c. Alternate elements of the array
slice_c=array[::2]
# d. Display the last 3 alternate elements
slice_d=slice_c[-3:]
print("Elements from index 2 to 8 with step 2:")
print(slice_a)
print("Last 3 elements of the array using negative index:")
print(slice_b)
print("Alternate elements of the array:")
print(slice_c)
print("Display the last 3 alternative elements:")
print(slice_d)

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Enter the starting value: 2

Enter the end value: 20

Elements from index 2 to 8 with step 2:

[6 10 14 18]

Last 3 elements of the array using negative index:

[16 18 20]

Alternate elements of the array:

[2 6 10 14 18]

Display the last 3 alternative elements:

[10 14 18]

6. Create a 2 Dimensional array with 4 rows and 4 columns.

a. Display all elements excluding the first row

b. Display all elements excluding the last column

c. Display the elements of 1 st and 2 nd column in 2 nd and 3 rd row

d. Display the elements of 2 nd and 3 rd column

e. Display 2 nd and 3 rd element of 1 st row

f. Display the elements from indices 4 to 10 in descending order(use -values)

```

print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
# Create a 2D array with 4 rows and 4 columns
array_2d=np.arange(1,17).reshape(4,4)
# a. Display all elements excluding the first row
a_result=array_2d[1:]
# b. Display all elements excluding the last column
b_result=array_2d[:, :-1]
# c. Display the elements of the 1st and 2nd column in the 2nd and 3rd row
c_result=array_2d[1:3, 0:2]
# d. Display the elements of the 2nd and 3rd column
d_result=array_2d[:, 1:3]
# e. Display the 2nd and 3rd element of the 1st row
e_result=array_2d[0, 1:3]
# f. Display the elements from indices 4 to 10 in descending order
f_result=array_2d[3:0:-1, 0:4]
print("1.Display all elements excluding the first row:")
print(a_result)
print("\n2.Display all elements excluding the last column:")
print(b_result)
print("\n3.Display the elements of the 1st and 2nd column in the 2nd and 3rd
row:")
print(c_result)
print("\n4.Display the elements of the 2nd and 3rd column:")
print(d_result)
print("\n5.Display the 2nd and 3rd elements of the 1st row:")
print(e_result)
print("\n6.Display the elements from indices 4 to 10 in descending order:")
print(f_result)

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

1.Display all elements excluding the first row:

```
[[ 5  6  7  8]
 [ 9 10 11 12]
 [13 14 15 16]]
```

2.Display all elements excluding the last column:

```
[[ 1  2  3]
 [ 5  6  7]
 [ 9 10 11]
 [13 14 15]]
```

3.Display the elements of the 1st and 2nd column in the 2nd and 3rd row:

```
[[ 5  6]
 [ 9 10]]
```

4.Display the elements of the 2nd and 3rd column:

```
[[ 2  3]
 [ 6  7]
 [10 11]
 [14 15]]
```

5.Display the 2nd and 3rd elements of the 1st row:

```
[2 3]
```

6.Display the elements from indices 4 to 10 in descending order:

```
[[13 14 15 16]
 [ 9 10 11 12]
 [ 5  6  7  8]]
```

7. Create two 2D arrays using array object and

a. Add the 2 matrices and print it

b. Subtract 2 matrices

- c. Multiply the individual elements of matrix***
- d. Divide the elements of the matrices***
- e. Perform matrix multiplication***
- f. Display transpose of the matrix***
- g. Sum of diagonal elements of a matrix***

```

print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
rows=int(input("Enter the number of rows for both matrices: "))
cols=int(input("Enter the number of columns for both matrices: "))
matrix1=np.empty((rows,cols))
matrix2=np.empty((rows,cols))
print("Enter the elements for the first matrix: ")
for i in range(rows):
    for j in range(cols):
        matrix1[i,j]=float(input(f"Enter elements at the position ({i},{j}): "))
print("\nEnter elements for the second row: ")
for i in range(rows):
    for j in range(cols):
        matrix2[i,j]=float(input(f"Enter elements at the position({i},{j}): "))
add_result=matrix1+matrix2
subtract_matrix=matrix1-matrix2
#Multiply the individual elements of matrix
multi_result=matrix1*matrix2
division_result=matrix1/matrix2
#matrix multiplication
matrix_multi=np.dot(matrix1,matrix2)
transpose_result=np.transpose(matrix1)
diagonal_sum=np.trace(matrix1)
print("\n1.Adding 2 matrices:")
print(add_result)
print("\n2.Subtracting 2 matrices:")
print(subtract_matrix)
print("\n3.Multiplication of individual elements of 2 matrices:")
print(matrix_multi)
print("\n4.DIvision of elememts of 2 matrices:")
print(division_result)
print("\n5.Matrix Multilication:")
print(matrix_multi)
print("\n6.Transpose of the matrix:")
print(transpose_result)
print("\n7.Sum of the diagonal elements of the matrix:")
print(diagonal_sum)

```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Enter the number of rows for both matrices: 2

Enter the number of columns for both matrices: 2

Enter the elements for the first matrix:

Enter elements at the position (0,0): 1

Enter elements at the position (0,1): 2

Enter elements at the position (1,0): 3

Enter elements at the position (1,1): 4

Enter elements for the second row:

Enter elements at the position(0,0): 5

Enter elements at the position(0,1): 6

Enter elements at the position(1,0): 7

Enter elements at the position(1,1): 8

1.Adding 2 matrices:

```
[[ 6.  8.]  
 [10. 12.]]
```

2.Subtracting 2 matrices:

```
[[ -4. -4.]  
 [ -4. -4.]]
```

3.Multiplication of individual elements of 2 matrices:

```
[[19. 22.]  
 [43. 50.]]
```

4.Division of elements of 2 matrices:

```
[[0.2      0.33333333]  
 [0.42857143 0.5      ]]
```

5.Matrix Multilication:

```
[[19. 22.]  
 [43. 50.]]
```

6.Transpose of the matrix:

```
[[1. 3.]  
 [2. 4.]]
```

7.Sum of the diagonal elements of the matrix:

5.0

Process finished with exit code 0

8. Demonstrate the use of insert() function in 1D and 2D array

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")  
import numpy as np  
arr1d=np.array([1,2,3,4,5])  
insert_arr=np.insert(arr1d,2,6)  
print("\noriginal 1D array:")  
print(arr1d)  
print("\n1D Array after insertion:")  
print(insert_arr)  
arr2d=np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])  
insert_arr=np.insert(arr2d,1,[10,11,12],axis=0)  
print("\nOriginal Array:")  
print(arr2d)  
print("\n2D Array after insertion:")  
print(insert_arr)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA
S3MCA

original 1D array:
[1 2 3 4 5]

1D Array after insertion:
[1 2 6 3 4 5]

Original Array:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

2D Array after insertion:
[[1 2 3]
 [10 11 12]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

9. Demonstrate the use of diag() function in 1D and 2D array.(use both square matrix and matrix with different dimensions)

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
A=np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
D=np.diag(A)
print("\nOriginal 1D array:")
print(A)
print("\nDiagonal Matrix:")
print(D)
B=np.array([[1,2,3],
            [4,5,6],
            [7,8,9]])
D_square=np.diag(B)
print("\nOriginal square matrix:")
print(B)
print("\nDiagonal elements of the square matrix:")
```

```
print(D_square)
c=np.array([[1,2,3],
            [4,5,6]])
D_nonsquare=np.diag(c)
print("\nOriginal non-square matrix:")
print(c)
print("\nDiagonal matrix from non-square matrix:")
print(D_nonsquare)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA
S3MCA

Original 1D array:
[1 2 3 4 5]

Diagonal Matrix:
[[1 0 0 0 0]
 [0 2 0 0 0]
 [0 0 3 0 0]
 [0 0 0 4 0]
 [0 0 0 0 5]]

Original square matrix:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]

Diagonal elements of the square matrix:
[1 5 9]

Original non-square matrix:
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]]

Diagonal matrix from non-square matrix:
[1 5]

10. Create a square matrix with random integer values(use randint()) and use appropriate functions to find:

i) inverse

ii) rank of matrix

iii) Determinant

iv) transform matrix into 1D array

v) eigen values and vectors

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np

# Define the size of the square matrix (change as needed)
matrix_size = 4

# Create a random square matrix with integer values between 1 and 10
random_matrix = np.random.randint(1, 11, size=(matrix_size, matrix_size))

print("Random Square Matrix:")
print(random_matrix)

# Calculate the inverse matrix (if it exists)
try:
    inverse_matrix = np.linalg.inv(random_matrix)
    print("\nInverse Matrix:")
    print(inverse_matrix)
except np.linalg.LinAlgError:
    print("\nInverse does not exist for this matrix.")

# Calculate the rank of the matrix
rank = np.linalg.matrix_rank(random_matrix)
print("\nRank of the Matrix:", rank)

# Calculate the determinant of the matrix
determinant = np.linalg.det(random_matrix)
print("\nDeterminant of the Matrix:", determinant)

# Transform the matrix into a 1D array
matrix_1d = random_matrix.flatten()
print("\nMatrix as a 1D Array:")
print(matrix_1d)

# Calculate eigenvalues and eigenvectors
eigenvalues, eigenvectors = np.linalg.eig(random_matrix)
print("\nEigenvalues:")
print(eigenvalues)
```

```
print("\nEigenvectors:")
print(eigenvectors)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Random Square Matrix:

```
[[ 4  4 10  6]
 [ 1 10  1  9]
 [ 6  5  2  8]
 [ 5  9 10  8]]
```

Inverse Matrix:

```
[[-0.24024024 -0.19219219  0.17117117  0.22522523]
 [-0.28378378 -0.02702703 -0.05405405  0.2972973 ]
 [ 0.11186186 -0.01051051 -0.07657658  0.0045045 ]
 [ 0.32957958  0.16366366  0.04954955 -0.35585586]]
```

Rank of the Matrix: 4

Determinant of the Matrix: 1331.9999999999998

Matrix as a 1D Array:

```
[ 4  4 10  6  1 10  1  9  6  5  2  8  5  9 10  8]
```

Eigenvalues:

```
[24.98309225  6.43428769 -1.37028446 -6.04709549]
```

Eigenvectors:

```
[[-0.47147304 -0.59117439 -0.53496254  0.49940883]
 [-0.43805262  0.71696829 -0.49704756 -0.25209017]
 [-0.43708699 -0.32107959  0.07893587 -0.68284125]
 [-0.62831365 -0.1826943  0.67862209  0.46986082]]
```

11.. Create a matrix X with suitable rows and columns

i) Display the cube of each element of the matrix using different methods(use multiply(), *, power(),)**

ii) Display identity matrix of the given square matrix.

iii) Display each element of the matrix to different powers.

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
X = np.array([[1, 2, 3],
              [4, 5, 6],
              [7, 8, 9]])
cubed_matrix1 = np.power(X, 3)
cubed_matrix2 = X ** 3
cubed_matrix3 = np.multiply(X, X, X)
cubed_matrix4 = X * X * X
print("Matrix X:")
print(X)
print("\nCube of each element (using np.power()):")
print(cubed_matrix1)
print("\nCube of each element (using ** operator):")
print(cubed_matrix2)
print("\nCube of each element (using np.multiply()):")
print(cubed_matrix3)
print("\nCube of each element (using * operator):")
print(cubed_matrix4)
identity_matrix = np.identity(X.shape[0])
print("\nIdentity Matrix of X:")
print(identity_matrix)
exponentials = [2, 3, 4]
powered_matrices = [np.power(X, exp) for exp in exponentials]
for i, exp in enumerate(exponentials):
    print(f"\nMatrix X to the power of {exp}:")
    print(powered_matrices[i])
```


SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Matrix X:

```
[[ 1  4  9]
 [16 25 36]
 [49 64 81]]
```

Cube of each element (using np.power()):

```
[[ 1  8 27]
 [ 64 125 216]
 [343 512 729]]
```

Cube of each element (using ** operator):

```
[[ 1  8 27]
 [ 64 125 216]
 [343 512 729]]
```

Cube of each element (using np.multiply()):

```
[[ 1  4  9]
 [16 25 36]
 [49 64 81]]
```

Cube of each element (using * operator):

```
[[      1      64     729]
 [ 4096 15625 46656]
 [117649 262144 531441]]
```

Identity Matrix of X:

```
[[1. 0. 0.]  
 [0. 1. 0.]  
 [0. 0. 1.]]
```

Matrix X to the power of 2:

```
[[ 1 16 81]  
 [256 625 1296]  
 [2401 4096 6561]]
```

Matrix X to the power of 3:

```
[[ 1 64 729]  
 [4096 15625 46656]  
 [117649 262144 531441]]
```

Matrix X to the power of 4:

```
[[ 1 256 6561]  
 [65536 390625 1679616]  
 [5764801 16777216 43046721]]
```

12. Create a matrix Y with same dimension as X and perform the operation $X^2 + 2Y$

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")  
import numpy as np  
print("SJC22MCA-2027 : Georgekutty Biju")  
print("S3MCA")  
X = np.array([[1, 2, 3],  
              [4, 5, 6],  
              [7, 8, 9]])  
  
Y = np.array([[10, 20, 30],  
              [40, 50, 60],  
              [70, 80, 90]])  
result = np.power(X, 2) + 2 * Y  
print("Matrix X:")  
print(X)  
print("\nMatrix Y:")  
print(Y)  
print("\nResult of X^2 + 2Y:")  
print(result)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Matrix X:

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
```

Matrix Y:

```
[[10 20 30]
 [40 50 60]
 [70 80 90]]
```

Result of $X^2 + 2Y$:

```
[[ 21  44  69]
 [ 96 125 156]
 [189 224 261]]
```

13. Define matrices A with dimension 5x6 and B with dimension 3x3. Extract a sub matrix of dimension 3x3 from A and multiply it with B. Replace the extracted sub matrix in A with the matrix obtained after multiplication

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
A = np.array([[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6],
              [7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12],
              [13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18],
              [19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24],
              [25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30]])
B = np.array([[2, 3, 4],
              [5, 6, 7],
              [8, 9, 10]])
submatrix_A = A[:3, :3]
result = np.dot(submatrix_A, B)
A[:3, :3] = result
# Display the updated matrix A
print("Updated Matrix A:")
print(A)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Updated Matrix A:

```
[[ 36  42  48   4   5   6]
 [126 150 174  10  11  12]
 [216 258 300  16  17  18]
 [ 19  20  21  22  23  24]
 [ 25  26  27  28  29  30]]
```

14. Given 3 Matrices A, B and C. Write a program to perform matrix multiplication of the 3 matrices.

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
print("S3MCA")
A = np.array([[1, 2, 3],
              [4, 5, 6]])
B = np.array([[7, 8],
              [9, 10],
              [11, 12]])
C = np.array([[13, 14],
              [15, 16]])
result = np.dot(np.dot(A, B), C)
print("Result of Matrix Multiplication (A * B * C):")
print(result)
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

S3MCA

Result of Matrix Multiplication (A * B * C):

```
[[1714 1836]
 [4117 4410]]
```

15. Write a program to check whether given matrix is symmetric or Skew Symmetric.

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
def is_symmetric(matrix):
    transpose = np.transpose(matrix)
    return np.array_equal(matrix, transpose)
def is_skew_symmetric(matrix):
    transpose = np.transpose(matrix)
    return np.array_equal(matrix, -transpose)
# Input the dimensions of the matrix
rows = int(input("Enter the number of rows: "))
cols = int(input("Enter the number of columns: "))
# Initialize an empty matrix
matrix = []
# Input the matrix elements
print("Enter the matrix elements row by row:")
for i in range(rows):
    row = []
    for j in range(cols):
        element = float(input(f"Enter element at position ({i+1}, {j+1}): "))
        row.append(element)
    matrix.append(row)

matrix = np.array(matrix)
if is_symmetric(matrix):
    print("The matrix is symmetric.")
elif is_skew_symmetric(matrix):
    print("The matrix is skew-symmetric (antisymmetric).")
else:
    print("The matrix is neither symmetric nor skew-symmetric.")
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Enter the number of rows: 3

Enter the number of columns: 3

Enter the matrix elements row by row:

Enter element at position (1, 1): 0

Enter element at position (1, 2): 1

Enter element at position (1, 3): -2

Enter element at position (2, 1): -1

Enter element at position (2, 2): 0

Enter element at position (2, 3): 3

Enter element at position (3, 1): 2

Enter element at position (3, 2): -3

Enter element at position (3, 3): 0

The matrix is skew-symmetric (antisymmetric).

**16. Given a matrix-vector equation $AX=b$. Write a program to find out the value of X using `solve()`, given A and b as below
 $X=A^{-1}b$.**

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
A = np.array([[2, 3, -1],
              [1, 2, 1],
              [3, 1, -2]])
b = np.array([7, 3, 8])
try:
    X = np.linalg.solve(A, b)
    print("Solution X:")
    print(X)
except np.linalg.LinAlgError:
    print("Matrix A is singular. The system of equations may not have a unique solution.")
```

SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA

S3MCA

Solution X:

[2. 0.8 -0.6]

Note: Numpy provides a function called solve for solving such equations.

17. Write a program to perform the SVD of a given matrix A. Also reconstruct the given matrix from the 3 matrices obtained after performing SVD.

Use the function: `numpy.linalg.svd()`

```
print("SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA\nS3MCA")
import numpy as np
A = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
U, S, Vt = np.linalg.svd(A)
A_hat = U @ np.diag(S) @ Vt
print("Original Matrix A:")
print(A)
print("\nSingular Values:")
print(S)
print("\nReconstructed Matrix A_hat:")
print(A_hat)
```

```
SJC22MCA-2025-FEBIN FATHIMA
S3MCA
```

```
Original Matrix A:
```

```
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
 [7 8 9]]
```

```
Singular Values:
```

```
[1.68481034e+01 1.06836951e+00 4.41842475e-16]
```

```
Reconstructed Matrix A_hat:
```

```
[[1. 2. 3.]
 [4. 5. 6.]
 [7. 8. 9.]]
```