

# FMB630 Protocols V0.05



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### 1. FMB630 DATA PROTOCOL

### 1.1 AVL data packet

Below table represents AVL data packet structure.

4 zeroes	Data field length	Codec ID	Number of Data 1	AVL Data	Number of Data 2	CRC-16
4 Bytes	4 Bytes	1 Byte	1 Byte	30- 147 Bytes	1 Byte	4 bytes

Number of data – number of encoded data (number of records).

In FMB630 codec ID is constant 08.

Data field length is the length of bytes [codec id, number of data 2].

Number of data 1 should always be equal to number of data 2 byte.

CRC-16 is 4 bytes, but first two are zeroes and last two are CRC-16 calculated for [codec id, number of data 2]

Minimum AVL packet size is 45 bytes (all IO elements disabled).

Maximum AVL packet size for one record is 268 bytes

#### 1.2 AVL Data

Timestamp	Priority	GPS Element	IO Element
8 Bytes	1 Byte	15 Bytes	6-123

Timestamp – difference, in milliseconds, between the current time and midnight, January 1, 1970 UTC.

## 1.3 Priority

0	Low
1	High
2	Panic

#### 1.4 GPS Element

Longitude	Latitude	Altitude	Angle	Satellites	Speed
4 Bytes	4 Bytes	2 Bytes	2 Bytes	1 Byte	2 Bytes



X Longitude<sup>1</sup> Y Latitude<sup>1</sup>

Altitude In meters above sea level<sup>1</sup>

Angle In degrees, 0 is north, increasing clock-wise <sup>1</sup>

Satellites Number of visible satellites<sup>1</sup>

Speed in km/h. 0x0000 if GPS data is invalid<sup>1</sup>

Longitude and latitude are integer values built from degrees, minutes, seconds and milliseconds by formula.

$$\left(d + \frac{m}{60} + \frac{s}{3600} + \frac{ms}{3600000}\right) * p$$

d Degrees
m Minutes
s Seconds
ms Milliseconds

p Precision (10000000)

If longitude is in west or latitude in south, multiply result by -1. To determine if the coordinate is negative, convert it to binary format and check the very first bit. If it is 0, coordinate is positive, if it is 1, coordinate is negative.

Example:

Received value: 20 9c ca 80

Converted to BIN: 00100000 10011100 11001010 10000000 first bit is 0, which means coordinate is positive

Convered to DEC: 547146368

For more information see two's compliment arithmetics.

#### 1.5 IO element

I Byte	Event IO ID
I Byte	N of <b>Total</b> IO
I Byte	N1 of One Byte IO
I Byte	1'st IO ID
I Byte	1'st IO Value
	:
I Byte	N1'th IO ID
I Byte	N1'th IO Value
I Byte	N2 of Two Bytes
I Byte	1'st IO ID
2 Bytes	1'st IO Value
	÷
I Byte	N2'th IO ID
2 Bytes	N2'th IO Value
I Byte	N4 of Four Bytes
I Byte	1'st IO ID
4 Bytes	1'st IO Value
	÷
I Byte	N4'th IO ID
4 Bytes	N4'th IO Value
I Byte	N8 of Eight Bytes
I Byte	1'st IO ID
8 Bytes	1'st IO Value
I Byte	N8'th IO ID
8 Bytes	N8'th IO Value

Event IO ID – if data is acquired on event – this field defines which IO property has changed and generated an event. If data cause is not event – the value is 0.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> If record is without valid coordinates – (there were no GPS fix in the moment of data acquisition) – Longitude, Latitude and Altitude values are last valid fix, and Angle, Satellites and Speed are 0.



Ν

total number of properties coming with record (N=N1+N2+N4+N8) number of properties, which length is 1 byte number of properties, which length is 2 bytes number of properties, which length is 4 bytes number of properties, which length is 8 bytes N1 N2 N4

	N8 number of properties, which length is 8 bytes						
	Permanent I/O elements (are always sent (with every record) to server if enabled)						
D (ID)	(are aiways se	ent (with	every record) to server if enabled)				
Property ID	D	ъ.	<b>5</b>				
in AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description				
packet							
1	Digital Input Status 1	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
2	Digital Input Status 2	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
3	Digital Input Status 3	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
4	Digital Input Status 4	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
179	Digital Output 1	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
180	Digital Output 2	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
50	Digital Output 3	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
51	Digital Output 4	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
9	Analog Input 1	2	Voltage: mV, 0 – 30 V				
10	Analog Input 2	2	Voltage: mV, 0 – 30 V				
11	Analog Input 3	2	Voltage: mV, 0 – 30 V				
			* Depents on HW Version				
21	GSM signal level	1	Value in scale 1 – 5				
22	Actual profile	1	Value in scale 1 – 4				
24	Speedometer	2	Value in km/h, 0 – xxx km/h				
66	External Power Voltage	2	Voltage: mV, 0 – 30 V				
67	Internal Battery Voltage	2	Voltage: mV				
68	Internal Battery Current	2	Voltage: mA				
70	PCB Temperature	2	10 * Degrees ( °C )				
71	GNSS status	1	0-off/ 1-no antenna (only when using NAVYS)/ 2- no fix/ 3-got fix/ 4-sleep/ 5-over current				
72	Dallas Temperature 1	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
62	Dallas Temperature ID1	8	ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 1				
73	Dallas Temperature 2	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
63	Dallas Temperature ID2	8	ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 2				
74	Dallas Temperature 3	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
64	Dallas Temperature ID3		ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 3				
75	Dallas Temperature 4	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
65	Dallas Temperature ID4		ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 3				
5	Dallas Temperature 5	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
6	Dallas Temperature ID5	8	ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 5				
7	Dallas Temperature 6	2	10 * Degrees ( °C ), -55 - +115, if 3000 – Dallas error				
8	Dallas Temperature ID6	8	ID of Dallas Temperature Sensor 6				
76	Fuel Counter	4	Difference of generated impulses on two signal lines				
240	Movement Sensor	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
239	Ignition	1	Logic: 0 / 1				
78	iButton ID	8	iButton ID number				
178	Network Type	1	0 - 3  G; $1 - 2G$				
	**		* Available since 00.00.54				
208	Acceleration	1	In mG /10. Acceleration change on X axis				
			* Available since 00.00.54				



Permanent I/O elements						
	(are always sent (with every record) to server if enabled)					
Property ID						
in AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description			
packet						
209	Deceleration	1	In mG /10. Acceleration change on X axis			
		_	* Available since 00.00.54			
181	GPS PDOP	2	Probability * 10; 0-500			
182	GPS HDOP	2	Probability * 10; 0-500			
199	Odometer	4	Distance between two records: m			
200	Deep Sleep	1	0 – not deep sleep mode, 1 – deep sleep mode			
205	Call ID	4	Base station ID. Valid CID ranges are from 0 to 65535 on			
205	Cell ID	4	GSM and CDMA networks and from 0 to 268435455 on UMTS and LTE networks.			
			Location Area code (LAC), it depends on GSM operator. It			
206	Area Code	2	provides unique number which assigned to a set of base GSM			
200	Area Code	2	stations. Max value: 65536			
240	Movement	1	0 – not moving, 1 – moving.			
241	Current Operator Code	4	Currently used GSM Operator code			
	•		Fuel level, measured by LLS sensor on COM1/COM or			
201	Fuel level meter 1	2	RS485, in kvants or liters.			
202		_	Fuel temperature, measured by LLS sensor on COM1/COM2			
202	Fuel temperature 1	1	or RS485, in degrees Celsius.			
202	E 11 1 0	2	Fuel level, measured by LLS sensor on COM1/COM2 or			
203	Fuel level meter 2	2	RS485, in kvants or liters.			
204	Eugl tamparatura 2	1	Fuel temperature, measured by LLS sensor on COM1/COM2			
204	Fuel temperature 2	1	or RS485, in degrees Celsius.			
210	Fuel level meter 3	2	Fuel level, measured by LLS sensor on RS485, in kvants or			
		L	liters.			
211	Fuel temperature 3	1	Fuel temperature, measured by LLS sensor on RS485 interface			
212	Fuel level meter 4	2	Fuel level, measured by LLS sensor on RS485, in kvants or			
			liters.			
213	Fuel temperature 4	1	Fuel temperature, measured by LLS sensor on RS485 interface			
214	Fuel level meter 5	2	Fuel level, measured by LLS sensor on RS485, in kvants or			
	- 3.11 10 101 201010		liters.			
215	Fuel temperature 5	1	Fuel temperature, measured by LLS sensor on RS485 interface			
			Read RFID value, depending on RFID mode, values can be:			
207	RFID ID	8	for RFID mode in hexadecimal format, RFID M7 mode in			
	21 IO alaments of 1 byte.		decimal format.			

There are 21 IO elements of 1 byte size.

Also 22 IO elements of 2 byte size.

Also 3 IO elements of 4 byte size.

And 8 IO elements of 8 byte size.

Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description				
	AUTOCAN						
79	Brake switch	1	0 – pedal released; 1 – pedal depressed				

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Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description
80	Wheel based speed	4	0-65536 (km/h)*
81	Cruise control active	1	0 = switched off ; $1 = $ switched on
82	Slutch switch	1	0 = pedal released; 1 = pedal depressed
83	PTO state	1	0 = off/disabled; 1 = Set; 2 = not available
84	Accelerator pedal position 1	4	0-102 (%)*
85	Engine Percent Load At Current Speed	1	0-125 (%)*
86	Engine total fuel used	4	0 – 2105540607,5 (Liters)*
87	Fuel level 1 X	4	1-102 (%)*
88	Engine speed X	4	0 – 8031,875 (rpm)*
89-103	Axle weight	4	32766 (kg)*
104	Engine total hours of Operation X	4	0 – 214748364 (Hours)*
105-108	vehicle identification number X	Max 24	Max 24 ASCII bytes
109	SW-version supported X	4	4 ASCII bytes (Version format – ab.cd)
110	Diagnostics supported X	1	0 = diagnostics is not supported; 1 = diagnostics is supported; 2 = reserved; 3 = don't care
111	Requests supported X	1	0 = request is not supported; 1= request is supported; 2 = reserved; 3 = don't care;
112	High resolution total vehicle distance X	4	0 - 21055406 km*
113	Service distance	4	-160 635 – 167040 km*
114	Vehicle motion X	1	0 – Motion Not Detected; 1 – Motion Detected
115	driver 2 working state X	1	0 – Rest; 1 – Driver Available; 2 – Work; 3 – Drive; 4 – Error; 5 – not available;
116	driver 1 working state X	1	0 – Rest; 1 – Driver Available; 2 – Work; 3 – Drive; 4 – Error; 5 – not available;
117	Vehicle overspeed	1	0 – No Overspeed; 1 – Overspeed
118	Driver 1 time rel. states	1	0 – Normal; 1 – 15min bef. 4,5h; 2 – 4,5h reached; 3 – 15min bef. 9h; 4 – 9h reached; 5 – 15min bef. 16h; 6 – 16h reached; 7 – Error; 8 – not available;
119	Driver 2 time rel. states	1	0 – Normal; 1 – 15min bef. 4,5h; 2 – 4,5h reached; 3 – 15min bef. 9h; 4 – 9h reached; 5 – 15min bef. 16h; 6 – 16h reached; 7 – Error; 8 – not available;
120	Driver 1 card X	1	0 – Card Not Present; 1 – Card Present;
121	Driver 2 card X	1	0 – Card Not Present; 1 – Card Present
122	Direction indicator	1	0 – Forward; 1 – Reverse;
123	Tachograph performance X	1	0 – No Handling Information; 1 – Handling Information
125	System event X	1	0 – No Tacho Event; 1 – Tacho Event
126	Tachograph vehicle speed X	2	[0 – 65000] – Tacho Vehicle Speed km/h*
127	engine coolant temperature X	1	[-40 – 210] oC– Engine Cooilant Temperature*



Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description
128	Ambient Air Temperature X	2	[-273 – 1770]oC – Ambient Air Temperature*
129-131	Driver 1 Identification	32	24 ASCII Bytes per Driver ID
132-134	Driver 2 Identification X	32	24 ASCII Bytes per Driver ID
135	Fuel rate X	4	[0 – 3212,75] litres/h*
136	Instantaneous Fuel Economy X	4	[0 – 125.5 km/litre ]*
137	At least one PTO engaged	1	0 – No PTO Drive is Engaged; 1 – At least one PTO drive is engaged; 2 – Error; 3 – not available;
138	High resolution engine total fuel used	4	[0 - 4211081,215] litres*
145	Manual CAN1 0	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
146	Manual CAN1 1	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
147	Manual CAN1 2	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
148	Manual CAN1 3	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
149	Manual CAN1 4	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
150	Manual CAN1 5	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
151	Manual CAN1 6	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
152	Manual CAN1 7	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
153	Manual CAN1 8	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
154	Manual CAN1 9	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
216	Manual CAN2 0	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
217	Manual CAN2 1	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
218	Manual CAN2 2	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
219	Manual CAN2 3	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
220	Manual CAN2 4	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
221	Manual CAN2 5	Varying <sup>2</sup>	
222	Manual CAN2 6	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
223	Manual CAN2 7	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
224	Manual CAN2 8	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
225	Manual CAN2 9	Varying <sup>2</sup>	ID Specific data
155	Geofence zone 01	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
156	Geofence zone 02	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
157	Geofence zone 03	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
158	Geofence zone 04	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
159	Geofence zone 05	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
160	Geofence zone 06	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
161	Geofence zone 07	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
162	Geofence zone 08	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
163	Geofence zone 09	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
164	Geofence zone 10	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
165	Geofence zone 11	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
166	Geofence zone 12	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone

 $<sup>^{2}</sup>$  CAN property length can vary depending on filter settings. Data can be sent as 1, 2, 4 or 8 byte property.



Property			
ID in			
AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description
packet			
167	Geofence zone 13	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
168	Geofence zone 14	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
169	Geofence zone 15	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
170	Geofence zone 16	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
171	Geofence zone 17	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
172	Geofence zone 18	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
173	Geofence zone 19	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
174	Geofence zone 20	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
175	Auto Geofence	1	Event: 0 – target left zone, 1 – target entered zone
249	Jamming	1	1 – jamming start, 0 – jamming stop
250	Trip	1	1 – trip start, 0 – trip stop
251	Immobilizer	1	1 – iButton connected
252	Authorized driving	1	1 – authorized iButton connected
253	ECO driving type	1	1 – harsh acceleration, 2 – harsh braking, 3 - harsh cornering
254	ECO driving value	1	Depending on eco driving type: if harsh acceleration, braking and cornering – g*10 m/s <sup>2</sup>
255	Over Speeding	1	At over speeding start km/h, at over speeding end km/h
242	Data limit reached	1	Send When GPRS data limit was reached
243	Excessive Idling	1	Send When Idling with Ignition ON
213	Excessive family		1- Idling; 0 – Idling End
	T	7-CAN200	
30	LVCAN Speed	1	Value in km/h
31	LVCAN Acc Pedal	1	Value in persentages, %
33	LVCAN Fuel Consumed	4	Value in liters, L
	LVCAN Fuel Level		
34	(liters)	2	Value in liters, L
35	LVCAN Engine RPM	2	Value in rounds per minute, rpm
36	LVCAN Total Mileage	4	Value in meters, m
37	LVCAN Fule Level (percent)	1	Value in percentages, %
12	LVCAN Program Number	4	LVCAN Program Number
		K	line data
183	Drive recognize	1	0 – vehicle not in motion, 1 – vehicle in motion
184	Driver 1 working state	1	0 – resting 1 – driver available 2 – work 3 – drive 6 – error 7 – not available
185	Driver 2 working state	1	
186	Overspeed	1	1 – overspeeding, 0 – not overspeeding
187	Driver 1 card	1	0 – card not present, 1 – card present
188	Driver 2 card	1	



_					
Property					
ID in	Property Name	Bytes	Description		
AVL	Troperty reame	Bytes	Beschption		
packet					
			0 – normal		
			1 – 15 min before 4.5h		
			2 – 4.5h reached 3 – 15 min before 9h		
189	Driver 1 time rel state	1	4 – 9 h reached		
109	Driver 1 time fer state	1	5 – 15 min before 16h		
			6 – 16h reached		
			14 – error		
			15 – not available		
190	Driver 2 time rel state	1			
191	Speed	2	Km/h		
192	Odometer	4	Total vehicle distance		
193	Distance of current	4	Current journey distance		
	journey		, ,		
194	Timestamp	4	Timestamp of received information packet		
195	Driver 1 ID MSB	8	Most significant 8 Bytes of driver 1 ID		
196 197	Driver 1 ID LSB Driver 2 ID MSB	8	Least significant 8 bytes of driver 1 ID  Most significant 8 Bytes of driver 2 ID		
197	Driver 2 ID LSB	8	Least significant 8 bytes of driver 2 ID		
13	LVCAN ModuleID	8	Module ID		
AllCAN-300					
1.4	LVCAN Engine Work	AI.			
14	LVCAN Engine Work Time	4	Engine work time in minutes		
15	LVCAN Engine Work		Total Engine work time in minutes		
13	Time (counted)	4	Total Engine work time in innates		
16	LVCAN Total Mileage	4	Total Vehicle Mileage, m		
	(counted)	4			
17	LVCAN Fuel	4	Total Fuel Consumed, liters * 10		
	Consumed (counted)				
18	LVCAN Fuel Rate	2	Fuel Rate, liters *10		
19	LVCAN AdBlue Level	1	AdBlue, %		
20	(percent)		A JDI I I		
20	LVCAN AdBlue Level (liters)	2	AdBlue level, L		
23	LVCAN Engine Load	1	Engine load, %		
25	LVCAN Engine Load  LVCAN Engine				
23	Temperature	2	Engine Temperature, 10 * Degrees ( °C ),		
26	LVCAN Axle 1 Load	2	Axle 1 load, kg		
27	LVCAN Axle 2 Load	2	Axle 2 load, kg		
28	LVCAN Axle 3 Load	2	Axle 3 load, kg		
29	LVCAN Axle 4 Load	2	Axle 4 load, kg		
32	LVCAN Axle 5 Load	2	Axle 5 load, kg		
38	LVCAN Control State		Control state flags		
	Flags	4			
39	LVCAN Agricultural	8	Agricultural machinery flags		
	Machinery Flags	O			
40	LVCAN Harvesting	4	Harvesting Time, minutes		
	Time	•			



D (				
Property				
ID in	Property Name	Bytes	Description	
AVL	11.0	<b>J</b> ****	1	
packet				
41	LVCAN Area of	4	Area of Harvest, m^2	
	Harvest		26 1 20 1 ( 42 )	
42	LVCAN Mowing	4	Mowing efficiency, (m <sup>2</sup> )/h	
12	Efficiency		N. V. 1	
43	LVCAN Grain Mown	4	Mown Volume, kg	
4.4	Volume LVCAN Grain Moisture		Caria Maistrana in massa 0/	
44		2	Grain Moisture in proc, %	
45	LVCAN Harvesting	2	Harvesting Drum RPM, RPM	
1.6	Drum RPM			
46	LVCAN Gap Under	1	Gap Under Harvesting Drum, mm	
47	Harvesting Drum		Consider Charles Eller	
47	LVCAN Security State	8	Security State Flag	
48	Flags LVCAN Tacho Total		Tacho Total Vehicle Distance, m	
46	Vehicle Distance	4	Tacho Total Venicle Distance, in	
49	LVCAN Trip Distance	4	Trip Distance, m	
52	LVCAN Tacho Vehicle	4	Tacho Vehicle Speed, km/h	
32	Speed	2	Tacho venicie Speed, kni/n	
53	LVCAN Tacho Driver		Tacho Driver Card Presence	
	Card Presence	1	Tacho Driver Card Fresence	
54	LVCAN Driver1 States	1	Driver1 States	
55	LVCAN Driver2 States	1	Driver2 States	
56	LVCAN Driver1	1	Driver2 States	
30	Continuous Driving	2	Driver1 Continuous Driving Time, minutes	
	Time	2	Driver Continuous Driving Time, minutes	
57	LVCAN Driver2			
	Continuous Driving	2	Driver2 Continuous Driving Time, minutes	
	Time	_	2111012 Commuous 2111mg 11mo, mmuos	
58	LVCAN Driver1		Drivert Countries D. 1.77	
	Cumulative Break Time	2	Driver1 Cumulative Break Time, minutes	
59	LVCAN Driver2	2	D: AC 1.: D 1.Ti	
	Cumulative Break Time	2	Driver2 Cumulative Break Time, minutes	
60	LVCAN Driver1			
	Duration Of Selected	2	Driver1 Duration Of Selected Activity, minutes	
	Activity			
61	LVCAN Driver2			
	Duration Of Selected	2	Driver2 Duration Of Selected Activity, minutes	
	Activity			
69	LVCAN Driver1	2	Di 10 la Di 5	
	Cumulative Driving	2	Driver1 Cumulative Driving Time, minutes	
77	Time			
77	LVCAN Driver2	2	Driver Completing Driving Time and and	
	Cumulative Driving	2	Driver2 Cumulative Driving Time, minutes	
106	Time LVCAN Driver1 ID			
100	High	8	Driver1 ID High	
107	LVCAN Driver1 ID			
107	Low	8	Driver1 ID Low	
	~~''			



Property				
ID in	_	_		
AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description	
packet				
108	LVCAN Driver2 ID	8	Driver2 ID High	
	High	0	Direct 2 iD Tilgii	
140	LVCAN Driver2 ID	8	Driver2 ID Low	
141	Low LVCAN Battery			
141	Temperature	2	10* Degrees, (°C)	
142	LVCAN Battery Level	1	X7.1	
	(percent)	1	Value in percentages, %	
			Door status value: Min – 0, Max – 16128  Door status is represented as bitmask converted to	
			decimal value. Possible values:	
			0 – all doors closed,	
			0x100 (256) – front left door is opened,	
1.40	LUCAND C.	2	0x200 (512) – front right door is opened,	
143	LVCAN Door Status	2	0x400 (1024) – rear left door is opened,	
			0x800 (2048) – rear right door is opened,	
			0x1000 (4096) – hood is opened,	
			0x2000 (8192) – trunk is opened,	
			0x3F00 (16128) – all doors are opened,	
			or combinations of values	
176	LVCAN DTC Errors	1	DTC errors count	
226	LVCAN CNG Status	1	0 – engine not on CNG	
227	TATOLAN ONO II 1	4	1 – engine not on CNG	
227	LVCAN CNG L	2	CNG level in kg * 10	
228	LVCAN CNG Level		CNG level in percentages, % * 10	
256	IDOV Eval Laval	1 n	reflects the ratio of the volume of fuel remaining to the	
256	IBOX Fuel Level	1	total volume of the primary fuel storage container	
		-	resolution: 0.5 %	
257	IBOX Battery Voltage	2	battery voltage in Volts (V)	
	, ,	2	resolution: 0.05 V	
258	IBOX Total Electric		reflects the accumulated time of operation of the unit	
	Hours	4	when running under electric power.	
250	IDOV Total Valiate		resolution: 0.05 h  This value represents the time a unit is ON" but not	
259	IBOX Total Vehicle Hours		This value represents the time a unit is "ON" but not necessarily having the engine running. The unit could be	
	110018	4	ON and the engine OFF in the case of a Shutdown	
		•	Alarm or when the unit is in "Null" or "Idle" mode.	
			resolution: 0.05 h	
260	IBOX Total Engine		This PID reflects the accumulated time of operation of	
	Hours	4	the engine.	
			resolution: 0.05 h	



Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description	
261	IBOX Zone 1 Alarm Type*	1	0 – no alarm 1 – level 0 alarm (log-stored/routine maintenance requered) 2 – level 1 alarm (low fuel) 3 – level 2 alarm (maintenance past due) 4 – level 3 alarm (reserved for future use) 5 – level 4 alarm (reserved for future use) 6 – level 5 alarm (reserved for future use) 7 – level 6 alarm (reserved for future use) 8 – level 7 alarm (check / immediate required) 9 – level 8 alarm (reserved for future use) 10 – level 9 alarm (reserved for future use) 11 – level 10 alarm (reserved for future use) 12 – level 11 alarm (reserved for future use) 13 – level 12 alarm (reserved for future use) 14 – level 13 alarm (reserved for future use) 15 – level 14 alarm (shutdown or catasthropic system failure)	
262	IBOX Zone 1 Alarm Code	1	manufacturer specific code of value 0 to 255	
263	IBOX Zone 1 Return Air Temperature 1	2	zone1 return Air #1 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
264	IBOX Zone 1 Supply Air Temperature 1	2	zone1 supply #1 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
265	IBOX Zone 1 Temperature Setpoint	2	zone1 temperature Setpoint in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
266	IBOX Zone 1 Evaporator Coil Temperature	2	zone1 evaporator Coil Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
267	IBOX Zone 1 Return Air Temperature 2	2	zone1 return Air #2 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
268	IBOX Zone 1 Supply Air Temperature 2	2	zone1 supply #2 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
269	IBOX Zone 1 Operating mode**	1	0 – power off or unknown 1 – cooling 2 – heating 3 – defrost 4 – null 5 – pretrip 6/7 – manufacturer specific Received data needs to be masked as E0 >> 5 to get described operating mode.	



Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description	
270	IBOX Zone 2 Alarm Type*	1	0 – no alarm 1 – level 0 alarm (log-stored/routine maintenance requered) 2 – level 1 alarm (low fuel) 3 – level 2 alarm (maintenance past due) 4 – level 3 alarm (reserved for future use) 5 – level 4 alarm (reserved for future use) 6 – level 5 alarm (reserved for future use) 7 – level 6 alarm (reserved for future use) 8 – level 7 alarm (check / immediate required) 9 – level 8 alarm (reserved for future use) 10 – level 9 alarm (reserved for future use) 11 – level 10 alarm (reserved for future use) 12 – level 11 alarm (reserved for future use) 13 – level 12 alarm (reserved for future use) 14 – level 13 alarm (reserved for future use) 15 – level 14 alarm (shutdown or catasthropic system failure)	
271	IBOX Zone 2 Alarm Code	1	manufacturer specific code of value 0 to 255	
272	IBOX Zone 2 Return Air Temperature 1	2	zone2 return Air #1 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
273	IBOX Zone 2 Supply Air Temperature 1	2	zone2 supply #1 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
274	IBOX Zone 2 Temperature Setpoint	2	zone2 temperature Setpoint in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
275	IBOX Zone 2 Evaporator Coil Temperature	2	zone2 evaporator Coil Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
276	IBOX Zone 2 Return Air Temperature 2	2	zone2 return Air #2 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
277	IBOX Zone 2 Supply Air Temperature 2	2	zone2 supply #2 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C	
278	IBOX Zone 2 Operating Mode**	1	0 – power off or unknown 1 – cooling 2 – heating 3 – defrost 4 – null 5 – pretrip 6/7 – manufacturer specific Received data needs to be masked as E0 >> 5 to get described operating mode.	



Property					
ID in	D A	D.	D		
AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description		
packet					
279	IBOX Zone 3 Alarm Type*	1	0 – no alarm 1 – level 0 alarm (log-stored/routine maintenance requered) 2 – level 1 alarm (low fuel) 3 – level 2 alarm (maintenance past due) 4 – level 3 alarm (reserved for future use) 5 – level 4 alarm (reserved for future use) 6 – level 5 alarm (reserved for future use) 7 – level 6 alarm (reserved for future use) 8 – level 7 alarm (check / immediate required) 9 – level 8 alarm (reserved for future use) 10 – level 9 alarm (reserved for future use) 11 – level 10 alarm (reserved for future use) 12 – level 11 alarm (reserved for future use) 13 – level 12 alarm (reserved for future use) 14 – level 13 alarm (reserved for future use) 15 – level 14 alarm (shutdown or catasthropic system)		
200	IDOV 7 2 AI		failure)		
280	IBOX Zone 3 Alarm Code	1	manufacturer specific code of value 0 to 255		
281	IBOX Zone 3 Return Air Temperature 1	2	zone3 return Air #1 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
282	IBOX Zone 3 Supply Air Temperature 1	2	zone3 supply #1 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
283	IBOX Zone 3 Temperature Setpoint	2	zone3 temperature Setpoint in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
284	IBOX Zone 3 Evaporator Coil Temperature	2	zone3 evaporator Coil Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
285	IBOX Zone 3 Return Air Temperature 2	2	zone3 return Air #2 Temperature in celsius *10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
286	IBOX Zone 3 Supply Air Temperature 2	2	zone3 supply #2 Temperature in celsius * 10 MIN: -1838.2 °C MAX: 1802.6 °C		
287	IBOX Zone 3 Operating Mode**	1	0 – power off or unknown 1 – cooling 2 – heating 3 – defrost 4 – null 5 – pretrip 6/7 – manufacturer specific Received data needs to be masked as E0 >> 5 to get		
		   Th	described operating mode.		
Thermoking					



Property			
Property ID in			
AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description
packet			
	MOBILEYE sound		0 – silent
288			1 – left line departure warning
	type		2 – rigth line departure warning
			3 – headway warning
		1	4 – traffic sign recognition (if enabled via EyeWatch)
			5 – urban forward collision warning
			6 - forward collision warning/pedestrian collision
			warning
289	MOBILEYE peds in	1	0 – no warning
	DZ	1	1 – pedestrians in danger zone warning
290	MOBILEYE peds	1	0 – no warning
	FCW	1	1 – pedestrians in forward collsion warning
291	MOBILEYE time		0 – day indicated
	indicator	1	1 – dusk indicated
			2 – nigth is indicated
292	MOBILEYE error	1	0 – no error
	valid		1 – error code is valid
293	MOBILEYE error	1	error code as in mobileye user manual. Code is valid if
	code	-	error valid bit is set
294	MOBILEYE zero	1	0 – hos vehicle moving
	speed		1 – host vehicle is stopped
295	MOBILEYE headway	1	0 – then close in path vehicle is not detected
	valid	1	1 – then close in path vehicle detected
296	MOBILEYE headway	1	headway measurement in seconds * 10
	measurement		
297	MOBILEYE LDW off		0 – lane departure warning are enabled
		1	1 – lane depatture warnings are disabled due to low
200	MODILEVE 1.6		speed or configuration
298	MOBILEYE left	1	0 – no left line departure warning
200	LDW on		1 – left line depatrure warning event
299	MOBILEYE right	1	0 – no right line departure warning
200	LDW on		1 – right line depatrure warning event
300	MOBILEYE	1	indicator of internal error. (mobileye manual)
201	maintenance		` ' '
301	MOBILEYE failsafe		<ul><li>0 – no failsafe modes</li><li>1 – indicates one of the internal failsafe modes (blur</li></ul>
		1	image, saturated image, low sun, partial bloking, partial
			transparent)
302	MOBILEYE FCW on		1 – forward collision warning will be on for the entire
502		1	warning length
303	MOBILEYE TSR	4	0 – trafic sign recognition OFF
	enabled	1	1 – trafic sign recognition ON
304	MOBILEYE headway	4	
	wrn. repeat	1	1 – indicates that headway repeatable feature is ON
L	L	l	



Property			
ID in	D	ъ.	5
AVL	Property Name	Bytes	Description
packet			
305	MOBILEYE headway		Headway warning level:
	wrn. level		0 - then no vehicle detected
			1 – then close in path vehicle present with headway
		1	which is bigger than headway config
			2 – then close in path vehicle present with headway
			which is smaller or equal than headway config or then
206	MODIL EVE TOD		headway is less than 0,6 indicates if current vehicle speed is bigger than
306	MOBILEYE TSR wrn. level		recognized traffic sign
	wiii. ievei		0 – vehicle speed < road speed
			1 – vehicle speed > road speed + [0-5] kmh
		1	2 – vehicle speed > road speed + [5-10] kmh
		1	3 – vehicle speed > road speed + [10-15] kmh
			4 – vehicle speed > road speed + [15-20] kmh
			5 – vehicle speed > road speed + [20-25] kmh
			6 – vehicle speed > road speed + [25-30] kmh
207	MODIL EVE toman		7 – vehicle speed > road speed + [30+] kmh 0 – no tamper alert
307	MOBILEYE tamper		1 – tamper alert
	alert	1	It will be active if there is no vehicle or lane detection
			for duration of 10 minutes.
308	MOBILEYE high	_	0 – high beam off
	beam	1	1 – high beam on
309	MOBILEYE low	1	0 – low beam off
	beam	1	1 – low beam on
310	MOBILEYE wipers	1	0 – wipers off
	-	1	1 – wipers on
311	MOBILEYE right	1	0 – right turn signal is off
	signal	1	1 – right turn signal is on
312	MOBILEYE left	1	0 – left turn signal is off
	signal	1	1 – left turn signal is on
313	MOBILEYE brake	1	0 – brake signal is off
	signal	•	1 – brake signal is on
314	MOBILEYE wipers	1	0 – wipers data not available
	available		1 – wipers data available
315	MOBILEYE low	1	0 – low beam data available
	beam available		1 – low beam data available
316	MOBILEYE high	1	0 – high beam data not available
215	beam available		1 – high beam data available
317	MOBILEYE speed	1	0 – speed data not available
246	available		1 – speed data available
318	MOBILEYE speed	1	speed value 0-255 km/h
319	MOBILEYE TSR1	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in
220	MODIL EVE TODA		mobileye manual  PAW traffic sign recognition data as described in
320	MOBILEYE TSR2	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in mobileye manual
321	MOBILEYE TSR3		RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in
321	MODILL ID ISKS	8	mobileye manual
L	I	i	· <b>/</b> · · · · · ·



Property ID in AVL packet	Property Name	Bytes	Description
322	MOBILEYE TSR4	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in mobileye manual
323	MOBILEYE TSR5	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in mobileye manual
324	MOBILEYE TSR6	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in mobileye manual
325	MOBILEYE TSR7	8	RAW traffic sign recognition data as described in mobileye manual
326	MOBILEYE TSR VO	8	RAW vision only decision data as described in mobileye manual

### 1.6 Codec 8 Example

Received data:

In total 152 Bytes.

000000000 <u>4 zeroes</u>, 4 bytes 0000008c <u>data length</u>, 4 bytes 08 - Codec ID

01- Number of Data (1 record)

#### 1'st record data

0000013feb55ff74 - <u>Timestamp</u> in milliseconds (1374042849140) GMT: Wed, 17 Jul 2013 06:34:09 GMT

00 - Priority

#### GPS Element

 0f0ea850
 - Longitude 252618832 = 25,2618832° N

 209a6900
 - Latitude 546990336 = 54,6990336 ° E

0094 - Altitude 148 meters

0000 - Angle 214°

12 - 12 Visible sattelites

0000 - 0 km/h speed

#### IO Element

00 - IO element ID of Event generated (in this case when 00 data generated not on event)

1e - 30 IO elements in record (total)



```
09 - 9 IO elements, which length is 1 Byte
  01
          - IO element ID = 01
  00
          - IO element's value = 0
  02
          - IO element ID = 02
  00
          - IO element's value = 0
  03
         - IO element ID = 03
         - IO element's value = 0
  00
  04
          - IO element ID = 04
  00
         - IO element's value = 0
  16
         - IO element ID = 22 (dec)
  01
         - IO element's value = 1
  47
          - IO element ID = 71 (dec)
  03
         - IO element's value = 3
         - IO element ID = 240 (dec)
  FΟ
  00
         - IO element's value = 0
  15
         - IO element ID = 21 (dec)
          - IO element's value = 0
  04
  С8
         - IO element ID = 200 (dec)
         - IO element's value = 0
  00
OC - 12 IO elements, which value length is 2 Bytes
  09
         - IO element ID = 9 (dec)
          - IO element's value
  0073
  0a
          - IO element ID = 10 (dec)
  0046
         - IO element's value
         - IO element ID = 11 (dec)
  0b
  0050
         - IO element's value
  13
          - IO element ID = 19 (dec)
  0046
         - IO element's value
  43
         - IO element ID = 67 (dec)
         - IO element's value
  06d7
  44
         - IO element ID = 68 (dec)
         - IO element's value
  0000
         - IO element ID = 181 (dec)
  В5
  000b
         - IO element's value
  В6
          - IO element ID = 182 (dec)
  0007
         - IO element's value
         - IO element ID = 66 \text{ (dec)}
  42
         - IO element's value
  2e9f
         - IO element ID = 24 (dec)
  18
  0000
         - IO element's value
  cd
         - IO element ID = 205 (dec)
          - IO element's value
  0386
         - IO element ID = 206 (dec)
  CE
  0001
         - IO element's value
07 - 7 IO elements, which value length is 4 Bytes
  C7
              - IO element ID = 199 (dec)
             - IO element's value
  0000000
              - IO element ID = 241 (dec)
```



```
0000601a
            - IO element's value
46
              IO element ID = 70 (dec)
00000134
              IO element's value
48
            - IO element ID = 72
                                  (dec)
8dd0000b
            - IO element's value
            - IO element ID = 73 (dec)
49
8dd0000
            - IO element's value
            - IO element ID = 74 (dec)
4a
8dd0000b
            - IO element's value
4c
            - IO element ID = 76 (dec)
            - IO element's value
0000000
```



- CRC-16, 4 Bytes (first 2 are always zeroes)

### 1.7 Codec 16 description and example

Records to server will be sended as shown in table bellow. The main difference between CODEC8 and CODEC16 is CODEC ID which will be 0x10 instead of 0x08, AVL ID's in AVL data is sent in 2 bytes, instead of 1 byte. Also new parameter - Generation type is adeed. By receiving 0x10 codec ID server must know that AVL data record will be parsed different.

Codec16 is supported from firmware -00.03.xx and newer. All AVL ID's which are higher then 255 will can be used only in CODEC16 protocol.

#### Generation type elements

	J 1		
Value	Record created		
0	On exit		
1	On Entrance		
2	On Both		
3	Reserved		
4	Hysterisis		
5	On Change		
6	Eventual		
7	Periodcal		

Codec16 TCP packet frame

Header	Data	Codec.ID	NOD1	AVL DATA	NOD2	CRC16
	length					
4 Bytes	4 Bytes	0x10	1B	Variable	1B	4 Bytes

NOD1, NOD2 – number of data (number of packed records)

Codec ID – constant 0x10.

Data length – the length of packet from CodecID to NOD2.

NOD2 should be equal to NOD1.



CRC16 is 4 bytes, but first two are zeroes and last two are CRC-16 calculated for CodecID to NOD2

#### Received data:

```
00000000 4 zeroes, 4 bytes

0000009D data length, 4 bytes

10 - Codec ID

02- Number of Data (2 records)
```

#### 1'st record data

```
0000013feb55ff74 - <u>Timestamp</u> in milliseconds (1374042849140)

GMT: Wed, 17 Jul 2013 06:34:09 GMT

00 - Priority
```

#### **GPS Elements**

```
Of0ea850 - Longitude 252618832 = 25,2618832° N

209a6900 - Latitude 546990336 = 54,6990336° E

00AE - Altitude 148 meters

00B9 - Angle 214°

0B - 12 Visible sattelites

0000 - 0 km/h speed
```

#### IO Elements

0000 - IO element ID of Event generated (in this case when 00 - data generated not on event)

```
<mark>07</mark> - Generation type
```

```
OA - 10 IO elements in record (total)
05 - 5 IO elements, which length is 1 Byte
  0001
         - IO element ID = 01
  00
          - IO element's value = 0
         - IO element ID = 02
  0002
         - IO element's value = 0
  00
  0003
         - IO element ID = 03
         - IO element's value = 0
  00
         - IO element ID = 04
  0004
  00
         - IO element's value = 0
  0120
         - IO element ID = 288 (dec)
  00
         - IO element's value = 0
```



```
- 2 IO elements, which value length is 2 Bytes
0018   - IO element ID = 24 (dec)
0000   - IO element's value
0046   - IO element ID = 70 (dec)
0129   - IO element's value
```

**02** - 2 IO elements, which value length is 4 Bytes

```
00C7 - IO element ID = 199 (dec)

00000000 - IO element's value

0046 - IO element ID = 70 (dec)

00000000 - IO element's value
```

#### 2'st record data

0000015B198C7498 000F0DBC502095872F00AE00B90B0000000070A0500010 0000200003000004000120000200180000004601290200C700000000004C0000000 001003E000000000000000

```
- Dumber of Data (2 records)
- CRC-16, 4 Bytes (first 2 are always zeroes)
```

#### 1.8 Communication with server

First when module connects to server, module sends its IMEI. First comes short identifying number of bytes written and then goes IMEI as text (bytes).

For example IMEI 123456789012345 would be sent as 000f333536333037303432343431303133

First two bytes denote IMEI length. In this case 000F means, that imei is 15 bytes long.

After receiving IMEI, server should determine if it would accept data from this module. If yes server will reply to module 01 if not 00. Note that confirmation should be sent as binary packet. I.e. 1 byte 0x01 or 0x00.

Then module starts to send first AVL data packet. After server receives packet and parses it, server must report to module number of data received as integer (four bytes).

If sent data number and reported by server doesn't match module resends sent data.

#### Example:

Module connects to server and sends IMEI:

000f333536333037303432343431303133

Server accepts the module:

01

Module sends data packet:

Codec	AVL data packet	AVL data array	CRC
type	header		
	Four zero bytes,	CodecId – 08 or codec 16,	CRC of 'AVL data array'
	'AVL data array' length	NumberOfData – 2.	
	- 254	(Encoded using continuous bit	



		stream. Last byte padded to align to byte boundary)	
Codec8	00000000000000FE	0802(data elements)02	00008612
Codec16	000000000000000FE	1002(data elements)02	00008612

Server acknowledges data reception (2 data elements): 00000002



# 2. SENDING DATA OVER UDP/IP

### 2.1 UDP channel protocol

UDP channel is a transport layer protocol above UDP/IP to add reliability to plain UDP/IP using acknowledgment packets. The packet structure is as follows:

UDP datagram				
UDP channel packet x N	Packet length 2 bytes Packet length (excluding this field) in endian byte order		Packet length (excluding this field) in big endian byte order	
packet X 1 (	Packet Id	2 bytes	Packet id unique for this channel	
	Packet Type	1 byte	Type of this packet	
	Packet payload	m bytes	Data payload	

	Packet Type				
0	Data packet requiring acknowledgment				
1	Data packet NOT requiring acknowledgment				
2	Acknowledgment packet				

Acknowledgment packet should have the same *packet id* as acknowledged data packet and empty data payload. Acknowledgement should be sent in binary format.

Acknowledgment packet				
Packet length 2 bytes 0x0003				
Packet id	2 bytes	same as in acknowledged packet		
Packet type	1 byte	0x02		

## 2.2 Sending AVL data using UDP channel

AVL data are sent encapsulated in UDP channel packets (Data payload field).

AVL data encapsulated in UDP channel packet			
AVL packet id (1 byte)	Module IMEI	AVL data array	

AVL packet id (1 byte) – id identifying this AVL packet Module IMEI – IMEI of a sending module encoded the same as with TCP



#### AVL data array – array of encoded AVL data

Server response to AVL data packet		
AVL packet id (1 byte)	Number of accepted AVL elements (1 byte)	

AVL packet id (1 byte) – id of received AVL data packet

Number of AVL data elements accepted (1 byte) – number of AVL data array entries from the beginning of array, which were accepted by the server.

#### Scenario:

Module sends UDP channel packet with encapsulated AVL data packet (*Packet* type=1 or 0). If packet type is 0, server should respond with valid UDP channel acknowledgment packet. Since server should respond to the AVL data packet, UDP channel acknowledgment is not necessary in this scenario, so *Packet type=1* is recommended.

Server sends UDP channel packet with encapsulated response (*Packet type=1* – this packet should not require acknowledgment)

Module validates AVL packet id and Number of accepted AVL elements. If server response with valid AVL packet id is not received within configured timeout, module can retry sending.

#### Example:

Module sends the data:

Codec	UDP channel header	AVL packet header	AVL data array
	Len – 253,	AVL packet id $-0$ xDD,	CodecId – 08 or codec 16,
	Id – 0xCAFE,	IMEI – 1234567890123456	NumberOfData – 2.
	Packet type – 01		(Encoded using continuous
	(without ACK)		bit stream)
Codec8	00FDCAFE01	DD000F31333435363738393031323	0802(data elements)02
		33435	
Codec16	00FDCAFE01	DD000F31333435363738393031323	1002(data elements)02
		33435	,

#### Server must respond with acknowledgment:

UDP channel header	AVL packet acknowledgment	
Len – 5,	AVL packet id $-0xDD$ ,	
Id - 0xABCD,	NumberOfAcceptedData – 2	
Packet type – 01 (without ACK)		
0005ABCD01	DD02	



## Another example, with all IO id's enabled

Server received data:

<u>Data length</u>: 00a1 or 161 Bytes (not counting the first 2 data length

bytes)

Packet identification: 0xCAFE 2 bytes

Packet type: 01
Packet id: 1b
Imei length: 000

Actual imei: 333536333037303432343431303133

Codec id: 08
Number of data: 01

Timestamp: 0000013febdd19c8

Priority: 00

GPS data: 0f0e9ff0209a718000690000120000

UDP protocol is the same as TCP except message header is 7 bytes, which consist of: data length, packet identification, packet type and packet id.

Then goes imei length and imei itself.

And after that goes AVL data.

And at the very end number of data byte. There is no CRC in UDP.



## 3. SENDING DATA USING SMS

AVL data or events can be sent encapsulated in binary SMS. TP-DCS field of these SMS should indicate that message contains 8-bit data (for example: TP-DCS can be 0x04).

SM data (TP-UD)		
AVL data array	IMEI: 8 bytes	

AVL data array - array of encoded AVL data

*IMEI* – IMEI of sending module encoded as a big endian 8-byte long number.



## 4. 24 POSITION SMS DATA PROTOCOL

24-hour SMS is usually sent once every day and contains GPS data of last 24 hours. TP-DCS field of this SMS should indicate that message contains 8-bit data (i.e. TP-DCS can be 0x04).

Note, that 24 position data protocol is used only with subscribed SMS. Event SMS use standard AVL data protocol.

### 4.1 Encoding

To be able to compress 24 GPS data entries into one SMS (140 octets), the data is encoded extensively using bit fields. Data packet can be interpreted as a bit stream, where all bits are numbered as follows:

Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Bytes 4
Bits 0-7	Bits 8-15	Bits 16-24	Bits 25

Bits in a byte are numbered starting from least significant bit. A field of 25 bits would consist of bits 0 to 24 where 0 is the least significant bit and bit 24 – most significant bit.

#### 4.2 Structure

SMS Data Structure			
	Size (bits)	Field	Description
	8	CodecId	CodecId = 4
	35	Timestamp	Time corresponding to the first (oldest) GPS data element, represented in seconds elapsed from 2000.01.01 00:00 EET.
	5	ElementCount	Number of GPS data elements.
ElementCount *		GPSDataElement	GPS data elements.
		Byte-aling padding	Padding bits to align to 8-bits boundary
	64	IMEI	IMEI of sending device as 8-byte long integer

The time of only the first GPS data element is specified in Timestamp field. Time corresponding to each further element can be computed as elementTime = Timestamp + (1 hour \* elementNumber).

	GPSDataElement Company of the Compan			
Size (bits) Field		Field	Description	
	1	1	ValidElement	ValidElement=1 – there is a valid GpdDataElement following, ValidElement=0 – no element at this position.



GPSDataElement							
		1	DifferentialCoords	Format of following data.			
ValidElement == 1	DifferentialCoords == 1	14	LongitudeDiff	Difference from previous element's longitude. LongitudeDiff = prevLongitude – Longitude + 2 <sup>13</sup> – 1			
		14	LatitudeDiff	Difference from previous element's latitude LatitudeDiff = prevLatitude – Latitude + 2 <sup>13</sup> – 1			
	DifferentialCoo rds == 0	21	Longitude	Longitude= $\{(\text{LongDegMult} + 18 * 10^8) * (2^{21} - 1)\}$ over $\{36*10^8\}$			
		20	Latitude	Latitude=(LatDegMult + $9*10^8$ ) * ( $2^{20} - 1$ ) over { $18*10^8$ }			
		8	Speed	Speed in km/h.			

Longitude	longitude field value of GPSDataElement
Latitude	latitude field value of GPSDataElement
LongDegMult	longitude in degrees multiplied by 10 <sup>7</sup> (integer part)
LatDegMult	latitude in degrees multiplied by 10 <sup>7</sup> (integer part)
prevLongitude	longitude field value of previous GPSDataElemen
prevLatitude	latitude field value of previous GPSDataElement

## 4.3 Decoding GPS position

When decoding GPS data with DifferentialCoords=1, Latitude and Longitude values can be computed as follows:  $Longitude=prevLongitude=LongitudeDiff+2^{13}-1$ ,  $Latitude=prevLatitude=LatitudeDiff+2^{13}-1$ .

If there were no previous non-differential positions, differential coordinates should be computed assuming prevLongitude=prevLatitude=0.

When Longitude and Latitude values are known, longitude and latitude representation in degrees can be computed as follows:

$$LongDeg = \frac{Longitude *360}{2^{21}-1} -180$$
  $LatDeg = \frac{Latitude *180}{2^{20}-1} -90$ 



## 5. SMS EVENTS

When Configured to generate SMS event user will get this SMS upon event

Example:

2016./04/11 12:00:00 P:3 Digital Input 1 Val:1 Lon:51.12258 Lat: 25.7461 Q:0.6



# 6. CHANGE LOG

03191

Nr.	Date	New version number	Comments
1	2017.04.25	0.1	First release
2	2017.06.02	0.2	Jamming detection AVL ID, and description added
3	2017.06.29	0.3	Added and udated LVCAN parameters.
4	2017.07.03	0.4	Updated Cell ID element description
5	2017.07.27	0.5	CAN09 AVL ID's renamed as Manual CAN1 09. Manual CAN2 AVL ID's added.