

Tutto quello che avreste voluto sapere sui fit* (*ma non avete mai osato chiedere) (parte II)

Laboratorio di Metodi Computazionali e Statistici (2023/2024)

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November 30, 2023

Fit di Likelihood

Per fare esercizio con i fit di likelihood proviamo a fittare dati distribuiti secondo un esponenziale negativo (file `exp.dat`)

$$p(t) = \frac{1}{\tau} \exp(-t/\tau)$$

eseguiremo i seguenti fit:

- Likelihood binned
- Likelihood binned (extended)
- Likelihood unbinned

Fit di Likelihood

Unbinned Maximum Likelihood (n eventi)

$$\mathcal{L} = \prod_{i=1}^N \ln f(x_i; \theta) \qquad -\ln(\mathcal{L}) = -\sum_{i=1}^N \ln f(x_i; \theta)$$

Binned Maximum Likelihood (N bins)

$$\mathcal{L}(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_N; p_1, p_2, \dots, p_N) = \frac{n!}{n_1! n_2! \dots n_M!} p_1^{n_1} p_2^{n_2} \dots p_N^{n_N}$$
$$-\ln(\mathcal{L}) = -\sum_{i=1}^M n_i \ln(p_i) + \text{const}$$

Binned Extended Maximum Likelihood (N bins)

$$\mathcal{L}(n_1, n_2, \dots, n_N; p_1, p_2, \dots, p_N) = \prod_{i=1}^N \frac{e^{-\nu_i} \nu_i^{n_i}}{n_i!} \qquad \nu_i = np_i$$
$$-\ln(\mathcal{L}) = -\sum_{i=1}^M (n_i \ln(\nu_i) - \nu_i)$$

Fit di Likelihood Unbinned

```
1 namespace data{
2     vector<double> x;
3 }
4
5 void logl(int &npar, double *gin, double &f, double *par, int iflag){
6     f = 0.0;
7     for (int i=0;i<data::x.size();i++){
8         f += log(par[0]) + data::x[i]/par[0];
9     }
10 }
11
12 void fitexp(){
13
14     ifstream file("exp.dat");
15     double x;
16     TH1D *h = new TH1D("h", "", 40, 0, 10);
17     while (file >> x){
18         data::x.push_back(x);
19         h->Fill(x);
20     }
21     TMinuit minuit(1);
22     minuit.SetFCN(logl);
23     minuit.SetErrorDef(0.5);
24     minuit.DefineParameter(0, "tau", 1.5, 0.01, 0., 0.);
25
26     minuit.Command("MIGRAD");
27     double tau, etau;
28     minuit.GetParameter(0, tau, etau);
29
30     h->SetMarkerStyle(20);
31     h->Draw("E");
32     TF1 *fe = new TF1("fe", "[0]*1/[1]*exp(-x/[1])", 0, 10);
33     fe->SetParameter(1, tau);
34     fe->SetParameter(0, h->GetEntries()*h->GetBinWidth(1));
35     fe->Draw("SAME");
36 }
```



Fit di Likelihood Binned

```
1 from ROOT import *
2 from iminuit import Minuit
3 import numpy as np
4 from math import *
5
6 def flogl(tau):
7     val = 0
8     for i in range(1,h.GetNbinsX()+1):
9         tmin = h.GetBinCenter(i)-h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
10        tmax = h.GetBinCenter(i)+h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
11        p = (exp(-tmin/tau)-exp(-tmax/tau))
12        val = val - h.GetBinContent(i)*log(p)
13    return val
14
15 #Main
16 h = TH1D("h","",20,0,10)
17 for line in open("exp.dat"):
18     h.Fill(float(line))
19
20 m = Minuit(flogl,tau=2,error_tau=0.01,errordef=0.5,print_level=2)
21 m.migrad() # run minimiser
22
23 tau = m.values[0]
24 print(tau)
25 h.Draw("E")
26 hfit = TH1D(h)
27 for i in range(1,h.GetNbinsX()+1):
28     tmin = h.GetBinCenter(i)-h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
29     tmax = h.GetBinCenter(i)+h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
30     p = (exp(-tmin/tau)-exp(-tmax/tau))
31     hfit.SetBinContent(i,p*h.GetEntries())
32 hfit.Draw("SAME")
33 hfit.SetLineColor(2)
34
35 gApplication.Run(True)
```

Fit di Likelihood Binned (Extended)

```
1 from ROOT import *
2 from iminuit import Minuit
3 import numpy as np
4 from math import *
5
6 def flogl(tau,norm):
7     val = 0
8     for i in range(1,h.GetNbinsX()+1):
9         tmin = h.GetBinCenter(i)-h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
10        tmax = h.GetBinCenter(i)+h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
11        mu = (exp(-tmin/tau)-exp(-tmax/tau))*norm
12        val = val - (h.GetBinContent(i)*log(mu)-mu)
13    return val
14
15 #Main
16 h = TH1D("h","",20,0,10)
17 for line in open("exp.dat"):
18     h.Fill(float(line))
19
20 m = Minuit(flogl,tau=2,norm=1000,errordef=0.5,print_level=2)
21 m.migrad() # run minimiser
22
23 tau = m.values[0]
24 norm = m.values[1]
25 print(tau,norm)
26 h.Draw("E")
27 hfit = TH1D(h)
28 for i in range(1,h.GetNbinsX()+1):
29     tmin = h.GetBinCenter(i)-h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
30     tmax = h.GetBinCenter(i)+h.GetBinWidth(i)/2
31     p = (exp(-tmin/tau)-exp(-tmax/tau))
32     hfit.SetBinContent(i,p*norm)
33 hfit.Draw("SAME")
34 hfit.SetLineColor(2)
35
36 gApplication.Run(True)
```

Fit di Likelihood in ROOT

ROOT ha già disponibili molte delle tipologie di fit che abbiamo visto

- Binned Likelihood. Implementata tramite opzione “MULTI” nel metodo Fit per istogrammi
- Binned Extended Likelihood. Implementata tramite opzione “L” nel metodo Fit per istogrammi
- Unbinned Likelihood. Per questo ovviamente serve un contenitore diverso dall'istogramma.

La classe TTree permette di descrivere più variabili per un singolo dato (senza alcun “impacchettamento”). Ecco alcuni metodi utili

```
TTree()  
ReadFile(const char *filename, const char *var_descr="")  
int TTree::GetEntries()  
int TTree::GetEntry(int i)  
TTree::UnbinnedFit (const char * funcname, const char * varexp)
```

Tree

- `TTree()`
Costruttore
- `ReadFile (const char *filename, const char *var_descr="")`
legge da file secondo l'espressione "`var1:var2:var3...`", è possibile specificare i formati: `F(float)/D(double)/I(int)/C(string)` (`F` default) come "`var1/D:var2/D:var3/D...`"
- `int TTree::GetEntries()`
ritorna il numero di dati
- `int TTree::GetEntry(int i)`
carica in memoria il dato `i`-esimo che da quel momento sarà accessibile con `nomeOggettoTree.var`
- `TTree::UnbinnedFit (const char * funcname, const char * var)`
esegue un Unbinned Fit con la funzione `funcname` (`TF1`) sulla variabile `var`

Esempio

```
1 from ROOT import *
2
3 t = TTree();
4 t.ReadFile("exp.dat","t/D")
5 for i in range(0,t.GetEntries()):
6     t.GetEntry(i)
7     print(t.t)
```


Fit di Likelihood Unbinned (ROOT)

```
1 void fitexp_ROOT(){
2
3     TTree tree;
4     tree.ReadFile("exp.dat","t");
5
6     TF1 f("f","1/[0]*exp(-x/[0])",0,10);
7     f.SetParameter(0,1);
8     tree.UnbinnedFit("f","t");
9
10 }
```

Fit di Likelihood Binned (ROOT)

```
1 from ROOT import *
2 from iminuit import Minuit
3 import numpy as np
4 from math import *
5
6 #Main
7
8 h = TH1D("h","",20,0,10)
9 for line in open("exp.dat"):
10     h.Fill(float(line))
11
12 h.Draw("E")
13
14 f = TF1("f","[1]/[0]*exp(-x/[0])",0,10)
15 f.SetParameter(0,1)
16 f.FixParameter(1,1)
17
18 h.Fit("f","OMULTI")
19 f.SetParameter(1,h.GetEntries()*h.GetBinWidth(1))
20 f.Draw("SAME")
21
22 gApplication.Run(True)
```

Fit di Likelihood Binned+Extended (ROOT)

```
1 from ROOT import *
2 from iminuit import Minuit
3 import numpy as np
4 from math import *
5
6 #Main
7
8 h = TH1D("h","",20,0,10)
9 for line in open("exp.dat"):
10     h.Fill(float(line))
11
12 h.Draw("E")
13
14 f = TF1("f","[1]/[0]*exp(-x/[0])",0,10)
15 f.SetParameter(0,1)
16 f.SetParameter(1,h.GetEntries()*h.GetBinWidth(1))
17 print(h.GetEntries()*h.GetBinWidth(1))
18 h.Fit("f","L")
19
20 gApplication.Run(True)
```