

AG217 PORTFOLIO MANAGEMENT & SECURITY
ANALYSIS
COURSEWORK SUMMARY

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Variables

N = Number of Assets

t = Time

P = Portfolio

f = Risk-Free Asset

m = Market

i = Asset i

$E(R)_i$ = Expected Return on asset i

w_i = Weight of Asset i

$(1 - w_i)$ = Weight of Asset k

σ_i = Std.Dev (Risk) of Asset i

σ_i^2 = Variance (Risk) of Asset i

$\rho_{i,k}$ = Correlation of Assets i and k

$\text{cov}_{i,k}$ = Covariance of Assets i and k

In = Number of Input Values

β_i = Beta Value of Asset i (Sensitivity of Asset i to Another)

α_i = Abnormal Return of Asset i (Residuals' Distance from SML)

P_t = Price at Time t

CF_t = Cash Flow (Or Coupon) at Time t (Final Year of Bond: $\text{CF}_t = (\text{CF}_t + \text{fv})$)

y = Yield to Maturity

fv = Face Value of Bond

Y = Current Yield

$S_{0,t}$ = Annualised Spot Rate Between Time 0 and Time t

$\frac{S_{0,t}}{2}$ = Semi-Annual Spot Rate Between Time 0 and Time t

$E(S_{t1,t2})$ = Expected Spot Rate Between Time 1 and Time 2

$f_{t1,t2}$ = Forward Rate Between Time 1 and Time 2

i = Interest Rate (Can = y)

D = Duration

D_A = Modified Duration

C = Convexity

R_u = Unexpected Return

Mean Variance Analysis

1 Expected Return

1.1 Two-Asset Portfolio

$$E(R)_P = w_x E(R)_x + w_y E(R)_y$$

1.2 Generalised Infinite-Asset Portfolio

$$E(R)_P = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i E(R)_i$$

1.3 Two-Asset Portfolio w/ Risk-Free Asset

$$E(R)_P = w_f R_f + w_m E(R)_m$$

2 Variance & Standard Deviation as Risk Measures

2.1 Two-Asset Portfolio

$$\sigma_P^2 = w_x^2 \sigma_x^2 + w_y^2 \sigma_y^2 + 2w_x w_y \text{cov}_{x,y}$$

2.2 Risk-Free Asset Portfolio

$$\sigma_P^2 = w_m^2 \sigma_m^2$$

$$\sigma_f = 0$$

$$\therefore \text{cov}_{x,y} = 0$$

2.3 Using the 1/N Strategy

$$\sigma_P^2 = \left(\frac{1}{N}\right) \sigma^2 + \left(\frac{N-1}{N}\right) \text{cov}$$

3 Correlation & Covariance

3.1 Correlation

$$\rho_{x,y} = \frac{\text{cov}_{x,y}}{\sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

3.2 Covariance

$$\text{cov}_{x,y} = \sigma_x \sigma_y \rho_{x,y}$$

Where:

$\rho = 1$: Perfect Positive Correlation (Together)

$\rho = -1$: Perfect Negative Correlation (Apart)

$\rho = 0$: No Correlation

4 Optimal Weights in 0-Risk & Perfect Negative Correlation

Perfect Negative Correlation: $\rho = -1$

Yields a 0-Risk Portfolio: $\sigma_P^2 = 0$

$$w_x = \frac{\sigma_y}{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}$$

$$w_y = \frac{\sigma_x}{\sigma_x + \sigma_y}$$

5 Inputs

5.1 Variance

$$\text{In}_{\sigma_i^2} = N$$

5.2 Covariance

$$\text{In}_{\text{cov}} = N \left(\frac{N-1}{2} \right)$$

Asset Pricing

1 Abnormal Return

$$\alpha_P = R_P - E(R)_P$$

2 Expected Return

2.1 Recall the R_f Tangent to the Efficient Frontier

$$E(R)_P = R_f + \sigma_P \left(\frac{E(R)_m - R_f}{\sigma_m} \right)$$

2.2 Capital Market Line (CML)

$$E(R)_P = R_f + w_m (E(R)_m - R_f)$$

2.3 Security Market Line (SML)

$$E(R)_i = R_f + \beta_i (E(R)_m - R_f)$$

Where:

$(E(R)_m - R_f)$ = Market Risk Premium

$\beta = 1$: Tracking Market Folio

$\beta \neq 1$: Actively Investing

$\beta > 1$: Aggressively Investing (Expect Market Folio Increase)

$\beta < 1$: Defensively Investing (Expect Market Folio Decrease)

3 Beta Values

Assets

$$\beta_i = \frac{\text{COV}_{i,m}}{\sigma_m^2}$$

Portfolios

$$\beta_P = \sum_{i=1}^N w_i \beta_i$$

Bond Pricing

1 Price

$$P_0 = \sum_{t=1}^N \frac{CF_t}{(1+y)^t}$$

2 Current

$$Y = \frac{CF}{P_0}$$

3 Yield to Maturity

Step 1

Find upper and lower limits of P varying by y

Step 2

Conclude 1% ΔY gives: $(P_{\text{upper}} - P_{\text{lower}}) = \Delta P_{1\% \Delta Y}$

Step 3

$$\Delta y_{\text{req}} = \frac{P_{\text{upper}} - P_0}{\Delta P_{1\% \Delta Y}}$$

Step 4

Convert y_{upper} to % and add (+) number from Step 3

4 Spot Rates

4.1 Price of Bond Using Spot Rates

$$P_0 = \frac{CF}{\left(1 + \frac{S_{0,t}}{2}\right)^t}$$

4.2 Spot Rates

$$S_{0,t} = 2 \left(\left(\frac{CF}{P_0} \right)^{\frac{1}{t}} - 1 \right)$$

Where:

Spot rates are semi-annual (e.g. 1 period ($t = 1$) means 6 months)

4.3 Expected Spot Rates

$$E(S)_{t1,t2} = 2 \left(\frac{\left(1 + \frac{S_{0,t2}}{2}\right)^{t2}}{\left(1 + \frac{S_{0,t1}}{2}\right)^{t1}} - 1 \right)$$

4.4 Forward Rates

$$E(S)_{t1,t2} = f_{t1,t2}$$

5 Duration of Bond

5.1 Basic Duration

$$D = \frac{\sum t \left(\frac{CF_t}{(1+i)^t} \right)}{P_0}$$

5.2 Modified Duration

$$D_A = \frac{D}{(1+i)}$$

Where:

Duration (years) captures sensitivity of a bond to Δi

6 Convexity of Bond

$$C = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\sum t(t+1) \left(\frac{CF_t}{(1+i)^t} \right)}{P_0} \right)$$

7 Unexpected Return

7.1 With Duration

$$R_u = -D_A \Delta i$$

7.2 With Duration & Convexity

$$R_{uw/C} = -D_A \Delta i + C(\Delta i)^2$$

Where:

Unexpected return is represented as a percentage (%)