

10 Continuity

10.1 Sketch $y = u(x)$ on $[-1, 1]$ if the function u is determined by

$$u(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 0; \\ x(1 - x), & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases}$$

10.2 Sketch the “hat” function $y = h(x)$, defined on $[-a, a]$ (with $a > 0$) by

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{x}{a}, & \text{if } -a \leq x < 0; \\ 1 - \frac{x}{a}, & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq a. \end{cases}$$

10.3 Sketch each of the following functions over the domain given, and identify any jump discontinuities.

$$(a) f_a(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x, & \text{if } x < 0; \\ 1 + x, & \text{if } x \geq 0. \end{cases} \quad \text{Sketch for } x \in [-2, 2].$$

$$(b) f_b(x) = \begin{cases} x - 1, & \text{if } x < 0; \\ x + 1, & \text{if } x \geq 0. \end{cases} \quad \text{Sketch for } x \in [-2, 2].$$

$$(c) f_c(x) = \begin{cases} -1, & \text{if } x < 0; \\ 0, & \text{if } x = 0; \\ 1, & \text{if } x > 0. \end{cases} \quad \text{Sketch for } x \in [-2, 2].$$

$$(d) f_d(x) = \begin{cases} x(x + 1), & \text{if } -1 \leq x < 0; \\ \sin(\pi x), & \text{if } 0 \leq x \leq 1. \end{cases} \quad \text{Sketch for } x \in [-1, 1].$$

$$(e) f_e(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } -2 > x; \\ 1 + x, & \text{if } -2 \leq x < -1; \\ |x|, & \text{if } -1 \leq x \leq 1; \\ 1 - x, & \text{if } 1 < x \leq 2; \\ 0, & \text{if } x > 2. \end{cases} \quad \text{Sketch for } x \in [-3, 3].$$

10.4 Identify the values of x at which the following expressions are undefined.

$$(a) \frac{x^2 - 25}{x - 5} \quad (b) \frac{x - 5}{x^2 - 25} \quad (c) \frac{x^2 + 7x + 12}{x + 4} \quad (d) \frac{x - 8}{x^2 - 5x - 24}$$

For which of these expressions is it possible to define a function whose value agrees with that of the expression everywhere that it is defined, and which is continuous on \mathbb{R} ?

10.5 Find the coordinates at which the graphs of the following expressions have holes.

(a) $\frac{x^2 + 6x + 8}{x + 2}$ (b) $\frac{x^3 + 27}{x + 3}$ (c) $\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2}}$

10.6 Suppose that f is a function satisfying $|f(x)| \leq |x|$ for all x .

Show that f is continuous at 0. (Hint: show first that $f(0) = 0$.)

10.7 Suppose that f satisfies $f(x + y) = f(x) + f(y)$ for all x, y and that f is continuous at 0.

Show that $f(0) = 0$ and that f is continuous everywhere.

(Hint: use the form of the limit given in Exercise 9.7.)