CS991 MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT COURSEWORK ASSIGNMENT

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Academic Year 2021/2022

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The Task

Overview

- 1. Usability evaluation techniques
- 2. Graphical User Interface on protoyping level
- 3. Requirements analysis
- 4. Role of either: developer or software engineer

Target

- Students
- Course directors

Specification

CIS Personal Circumstances Manager which [1] allows (registered) students to record personal circumstances and [2] allows course directors to monitor the personal circumstances of students during the academic year.

- Students
 - Log in to institution w/ username and password
 - View current and historic personal cicumstances
 - Edit current personal circumstances
 - Delete current personal circumstances
 - Add new personal circumstances (start date, end date, description, optional attachment w/ evidence)
 - Log out
- Course Directors
 - Log in to institution w/ username and password
 - View list of students w/ recorded personal circumstances
 - View details of each personal circumstances entry
 - Search for student using registration number
 - Order personal circumstances by start date most recent
 - Log out

1 Core Task: Heuristic Evaluation

1.1 Basics

As an alternative to empirical, formal and automated methodologies where people or a series of pre-defined simulations test software throughout various stages and levels of relevance in the design process; Nielsen (1994) proposes a critique-based heuristic evaluation method which involves feedback relative to particular areas of expertise. Niesel finds that this approach is effective before user testing, as minor issues should not be allocated space or time in user testing; before redesign, as relevant subjective opinion may skew in a direction not necessarily followed initially; when you're aware of issues however desire assurance so time is not wasted on them; and, pre-final release for the final polish.

Nielsen also claims that the optimal number of 'experts' assigned to an evaluation is three to five, in order to find the optimal number of problems relative to the cost-benefit analysis. In this case however, of course only one is being used as the problem sample is likely to be extremely small. Each problem should be listed indivdually and marked against the set of ten heuristic factors and a severity rating, as seen in Table 1.1. There should be two or three passes upon each problem.

Heuristics H ₁ : Visibility of System Status H ₂ : System-Real-World Match H ₃ : User Control & Freedom
H ₂ : System-Real-World Match
H ₃ : User Control & Freedom
9
H ₄ : Consistency & Standards
H ₅ : Error Prevention
H ₆ : Recognition Rather than Recall
H ₇ : Flexibility & Efficiency of Use
H ₈ : Aesthetic & Minimalist Design
H ₉ : User Recognition, Diagnostic & Recovery from Error
H ₁₀ : Help & Documentation
Severity Ratings
S ₀ : Don't think it is a usability problem
S ₁ : Cosmetic issue; repair in additional time
S ₂ : Minor usability problem; allocate low priority to repair
S ₃ : Major usability problem; allocate high priority to repair
S ₄ : Critical error; repair immediately

Table 1.1: Heuristics & Severity Rating

1.2 Analysis

DESCRIPTION	Vio.	Sev.	Proposed Solution
Location:	H_7	S_2	Create major link as opposed
Adding a personal circumstances report is a very common protocol amongst students, from my experience. Although			to hierarchical path.
I've never completed one myself, at least (approx.) 30%			
of students I've known have. Therefore, that makes this			
feature just as relevant as something like booking a library			
room, for example. Which is a prominant feature. This			
feature should be just as accessible.			
Spacing:	$\mathrm{H}_{4},$	S_1	Increase heading margin.
Major heading on the primary form page has inconsistent	$_{ m H_8}$		
spacing (margins/ local padding) which is too small and			
looks improper against the consistently high line height			
throughout the form.			
Scaling:	H_8	S_1	Correct style scaling to scale
Page does not scale well to medium–small device widths.			below 300%.
This means elements are lost and unreadable		_	
Gutters:	H_8	S_1	Increase gutters by approxi-
White space gutters in main text body division appear too			mately 5%
narrow and therefore make long strings of text harder to			
read. This also makes elements such as the text input box			
appear to wide.	TT	C	Character that is a set to be a fall of
Date Input Boxes:	H_7	S_2	Change the input type of the input boxes to date so there
Input boxes for 'first date of circumstance' and 'last date			•
of circumstance' are of text type and therefore there is a greyscale prompt posted above the input boxes to encour-			is always the correctly defined input format, and remove the
age the user to follow a particular format, which is just			greyscale prompt.
awkward as users must enter a series of special characters			greyscare prompt.
in particular places.			
Date Select:	H_3 ,	S_2	By including these date se-
Next to the input boxes for the discussed dates, are op-	H_4 ,	52	lect features as a drop-down
tional date select features which allow the user to find	H_5		or pop-up overlay would reduce
dates using a calendar system. These features open in a			browser associated issues. Fur-
new browser window. This may be an issue where cer-			ther, removing the feature all-
tain user browser preferences may block features such as			together may be more effective
links opening new windows, etc. The user may also be left			in reducing bloat, if the previ-
unaware of what the issue is if the new window does not			ously discussed amendments to
open as there is no protocol in place to inform them.			the date input boxes are implemented.
Date Select Window:	H_4 ,	S_2	Amend, for consistency:
The graphic design/styling of the new window displaying	H_8		colors: spacing, font, font-
the date select calendar is completely inconsistent with the			decoration, margin and
primary Pegasus stylesheet. This isn't really a big issue			padding standards, table bor-
as your just selecting three things however, for the sake of			ders, to name a few.

consistency and continuity, this is inappropriate.

Description Input Box:

The description input box has an infinite character limit but a text prompt and subsequent example encouraging the user to keep their text brief. This is bloated and ineffective as the user is still free to abuse the input box. Additionally, the prompt and example take up space with, effectively irrelevant, content which can be replaced with additional minor functionality features.

Edit Practicality:

If a user wishes to alter an existing personal circumstances request, they are prompted to enter their active requests, delete the one with an error and create a new one in its place. This is unecessarily time consuming for the user.

Session Time-Out:

A more general issue with Pegasus; there is no prompt to allow the user to choose between extending their session or logging out if they've been idle for too long. Instead, when you attempt to use a function on the page, you are notified that your session has timed out and you're returned to the login page.

Completion Notification:

Once a request is complete, there is no notification to inform the user that thier request has been successfully submitted. The user is just redirected to the home page. This may lead to confusion as the user must manually check against their records to ensure their most recent request has been submitted. If there are multiple requests, this may become awkward and more time consuming than is necessary.

Viewing Existing Enries:

On the table of existing personal circumstances requests, the link to open the request details is broken (although working in the demonstration video provided under identical circumstances). The link highlighted on the titles of created circumstance requests simply leads to the current page thus, in effect, 'refreshing' the page. Therefore, features such as the option to delete an entry or edit an entry are unavailable. As this is the only way to access them, it makes these required features completely unusable in cases where they may be necessary.

Total Violations: 12 Evaluator: Lewis Britton

PLATFORM(s): Brave Browser (Desktop), Brave Browser (Mobile)

Include a word limit and S_2 H_1 (Space), placeholder which restricts and prompts the user to keep their H_7 H_8 text brief in a more effective manner.

 H_5 S_2 Add a feature which allows H_7 users to edit the 3 input elements (start date, end date and description) of their existing requests.

 H_1

 H_7

 H_1

(Next

 Steps

Com-

ple-

tion)

 H_7

 S_2

Either: introduce a pop-up (or S_2 (Change), something of the sort) prompt when a user has been idle too long, requesting that they either extend their session or logout. Or when the session times out, instead of landing the user at the homepage after re-login, take them to thir last page accessed.

> Include a noticiation of success (pop-pup overlay, new page, redirect to relevant page, etc.)if the request has been successfully. Or, a notification of failure, including a reason and redirection to a relevant page, if the request has not been successfully submitted.

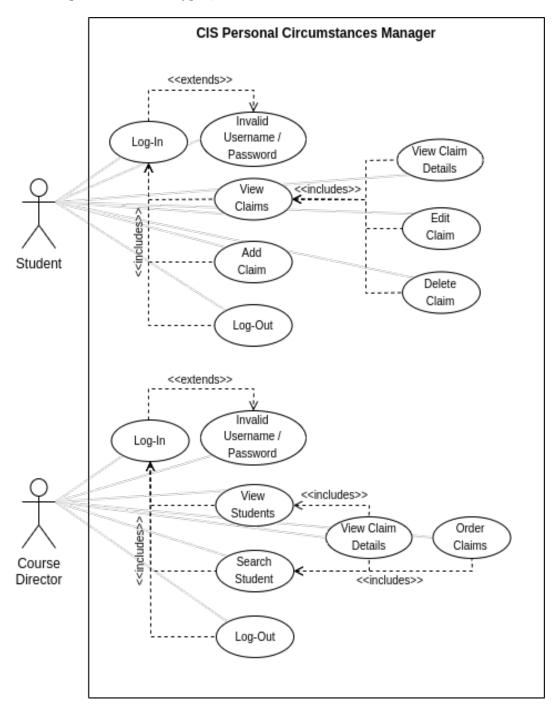
Correct link/path. H_3 , S_3

Table 1.2: Heuristic Analysis

2 Use Cases

2.1 Use Case Diagram

Note that the log-in and log-out cases appear once per actor as they serve different functions and exchange different data types, to different locations.



2.2 Use Case Descriptions

	Actor: Student
	Log-In
Trigger	A student wishes to log-in to their account.
Scenario	A student wishes to view, edit, delete or add a personal cirumstance
	claim.
Precondition(s)	A student must hold an account.
	They must use their correct username and password to log-in.
Post Condition(s)	A student has the ability to view, edit, delete or add a personal cirum
	stances claim, and log-out from within the system.
Main Path	A student arrives at log-in page.
	They select their account type: 'student'.
	They enter their username and password.
	They select the submit button.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	A student enters incorrect username/password.
	They are prompted to complete the form again.
	Or:
	A student logs-out from within the system.
	They must complete and submit the form again to log-back-in.
	Invalid Username/Password
Trigger	A student enters the incorrect username/password combination.
Scenario	A student has accidentally entered the wrong username/password.
	A student has forgotten their username/password.
	An unprepaired student is attempting to gain access to an accoun
	which is not theirs.
Precondition(s)	A student must have a valid account (therefore, username/password)
T NECONETTION(C)	They must enter either a valid existing username or password with an
	unmatching adjacent username/password.
Post Condition(s)	A student is prompted to enter their log-in details again.
Main Path	A student enters the wrong username/password relative to the account
1717111	they're attempting to access at the username/password stage of the
	log-in protocol.
Alternative Path	N/A
ALIERNATIVE I AIR	View Claims
Trigger	A student selects the 'view claims option' from the student page
TRIGGER	header.
Scenario	A student wishes to view their active (pending) claims.
SCENARIO	A student wishes to view their active (pending) claims. A student wishes to view their expired (historically granted/denied)
D	claims.
Precondition(s)	A student must be logged-in.
Post Condition(s)	A student can view all of their active and expired claims.
Main Path	They have the option to edit or delete any active claim.
	A student lands on this page after log-in.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	They select the 'view claims' option from the student page header
	This is available from both the 'view claims' and 'add claim' pages.
	VIEW CLAIM DETAILS
	A student selects the 'view' option under the details heading from
Trigger	
Trigger Scenario	within a particular claim row. A student wishes to view the additional text which they previously

Precondition(s)	A student must be logged-in.
D (1)	They must be on the 'view claims' page.
Post Condition(s)	A student can view the the additional text.
Mary Damy	They can select the view option again to hide the additional text.
Main Path	A student lands on the 'view claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'view' option under the details heading from within a particular claim row.
Alternative Path	N/A
THE EURATIVE TATII	EDIT CLAIM
Trigger	A student selects the 'edit' option from within a particular claim row.
Scenario	A student wishes to edit all possible details (title, start date, end date,
Solivinuo	details (description), attachments) of a previously submitted claim.
Precondition(s)	A student must be logged-in.
(-)	They must be on the 'view claims' page.
	They must select an acitye claim to edit, the edit option is not avail-
	able for expired claims.
Post Condition(s)	A student is presented with a new page which resembles that of adding
	new claims where they can enter (change) the claim title, start date,
	end date, details (description), and attachments.
	All of the claim's existing details are copied as placeholders to the
	input options.
	They can use the submit button to submit the changes.
Main Path	A student lands on the 'view claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'edit' option from within a particular claim row.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A
	DELETE CLAIM
Trigger	A student selects the 'delete' option from within a particular claim
	row.
Scenario	A student wishes to remove a previously submitted claim.
Precondition(s)	A student must be logged in.
	They must be on the 'view claims' page.
	They must select an acitve claim to delete, the delete option is not
	available for expired claims.
Post Condition(s)	A claim and all of its attributes are removed from the system.
	A student can no longer view this claim.
Main Path	A student lands on the 'view claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'delete' option from within a particular claim row.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A
	Add Claim
Trigger	A student selects the 'add claim' option from the student page header.
Scenario	A student wishes to add a new personal circumstances claim.
Precondition(s)	A student must be logged in.
Post Condition(s)	A student is presented with an input form where they can enter the
	claim title, start date, end date, details (description), and attachments of a new claim.
	or a new claim. They can use the submit button to submit the new claim.
	The new claim and all of its details will be available to view under
	'view claims' → 'active claims'.
Main Path	A student lands on the 'view claims' page after log-in.
MAIN LAIN	They select the 'add claim' option from the student page header.
	They land on the 'add claim' page.
Alternative Path	N/A
	Log-Out

Triccer	A student wiches to low out of their assourt
Trigger Scenario	A student wishes to log-out of their account. A studdent wishes to terminate their browsing of their personal cir-
SCENARIO	
D(a)	cumstance claims.
Precondition(s)	A student must be logged-in to the system (meaning they are on the
D (()	main site pages, not the log-in stages).
Post Condition(s)	A student is returned to the log-in page (select account type step)
	and has the option to leave the site or to log-back-in.
Main Path	A student is on any page of the main student system (i.e. not the
	login stages).
	They select the 'log-out' button on the header.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A
	Actor: Course Director
	Log-In
Trigger	A course director wishes to log-in to their account.
Scenario	A course director wishes to view, edit, delete or add a personal cirum-
	stances claim.
Precondition(s)	A course director must hold an account.
	They must use their correct username and password to log-in.
Post Condition(s)	A course director has the ability view students (view claim details)
	search for a student (view claim details, order claims by date), and
	log-out from within the system.
Main Path	A course director arrives at log-in page.
	They select their account type: 'course director'.
	They enter their username and password.
	They select the submit button.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	A course director enters incorrect username/password.
	They are prompted to complete the form again.
	Or:
	A course director logs-out from within the system.
	They must complete and submit the form again to log-back-in.
	Invalid Username/Password
Trigger	A course director enters the incorrect username/password combina-
	tion.
Scenario	A course director has accidentally entered the wrong user-
	name/password.
	A course director has forgotten their username/password.
	An unprepaired course director is attempting to gain access to an ac-
	count which is not theirs.
Precondition(s)	A course director must have a valid account (therefore, user-
()	name/password).
	They must enter either a valid existing username or password with ar
	unmatching adjacent username/password.
Post Condition(s)	A course director is prompted to enter their log-in details again.
Main Path	A course director enters the wrong username/password relative to the
MAIN I AIII	account they're attempting to access at the username/password stage
Armony american Damer	of the log-in protocol.
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A
T	VIEW STUDENTS
Trigger	A course director selects the 'claims' option from the course director
~	page header.
Scenario	A course director wishes to view all active claims and all their associ
	ated details, by all registered students on the system.

Precondition(s)	A course director must be logged-in.
Post Condition(s)	A course director can view all students who have active claims.
Main Path	A course director lands on this page after log-in.
Alternative Path	They select the 'claims' option from the course director page header
	This is available from both the 'claims' and 'search' pages.
	Search Student
Trigger	A course director selects the 'search' option from the course director
Scenario	page header.
SCENARIO	A course director wishes to search for a specific student (via their student ID) in order to view their active claims and all associate
D (-)	details.
Precondition(s)	A course director must be logged-in.
Post Condition(s)	A course director can display active claim details for any student of their choice.
Main Path	A course director lands on the 'claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'search' option from the course director page heade
	They input a student's ID.
	They submit the request using the submit search button.
Alternative Path	N/A
THE HUNTIVE TAIN	View Claim Details
Trigger	A course director selects 'view' the option under the details headin
1 RIGGER	
C	from within a particular claim row.
Scenario	A course director wishes to view the additional text which was sul
D ()	mitted by students under their claim details, when creating the claim
Precondition(s)	A course director must be logged-in.
	They must be on the 'claims' page.
	Or:
	They must be on the 'search', where results have been generated by
	student ID input and search submission.
Post Condition(s)	A course director can view the the additional text.
	They can select the view option again to hide the additional text.
Main Path	A course director lands on the 'claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'view' option under the details heading from within
	particular claim row.
Alternative Path	A course director lands on the 'claims' page after log-in.
	They select the 'search' option from the course director page heade
	They search for a particular students claims using their student ID
	They select the 'view option' under the details heading from within
	particular claim row.
	Order Claims
Trigger	A course director selects the an option from the order claims selection
Scenario	A course director wishes to order active claims for a specific resu
	in descending order (newest first) (requirement), or ascending order
	(oldest first) (non-requirement).
Precondition(s)	A course director must be loggen-in.
1 RECONDITION(S)	
	They must be on the 'search', where results have been generated by
Dam Circa (1)	student ID input and search submission.
Post Condition(s)	A course director can display active claim details for any studer
	of their choice, and choose to order the claims in an ascending of
	descending fashion.

Main Path	A course director lands on the 'claims' page after log-in.	
	They select the 'search' option from the course director page header.	
	They input a student's ID.	
	They submit the request using the submit search button.	
	They select an option to sort the claims for the chosen student in	
	ascending or descending order.	
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A	
Log-Out		
Trigger	To course director wishes to log-out of their account.	
Scenario	A course director wishes to terminate their browsing of students' per-	
	sonal circumstance claims.	
Precondition(s)	A course director must be logged-in to the system (meaning they are	
	on the main site pages, not the log-in stages).	
Post Condition(s)	A course director is returned to the log-in page (select account type	
	step) and has the option to leave the site or to log-back-in.	
Main Path	A course director is on any page of the main course director system	
	(i.e. not the login stages).	
	They select the 'log-out' button on the header.	
ALTERNATIVE PATH	N/A	

Table 2.3: Use Case Descriptions

3 Medium Fidelity Prototype

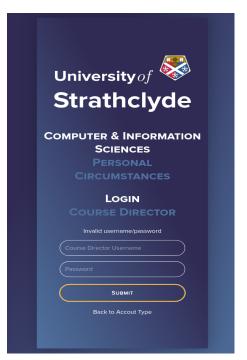
This medium fidelity prototype developed for this project makes use of HTML, CSS and JavaScirpt in order to deliver a basically functioning user interface which responds in a way which would be reflected by the final application. However, it doesn't relay or fetch any database data. Data used in this example comes from basic HTML and JavaScript generations. Note that screenshots may be skewed / out of proportion as they are scaled to fit in equal rows and columns in a nice, neat LATEX table. For the sake of continuity and clarity, all use cases are presented here, not just three.



Log-In (Student/Course Director) Basic login page.



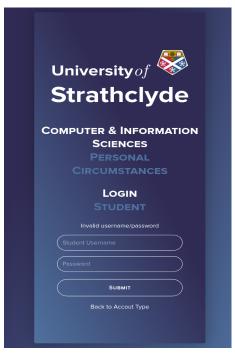
Log-In (Course Director)
After selecting log-in as course director.



Invalid Username/Password (Course Director) Incorrect or no details entered.

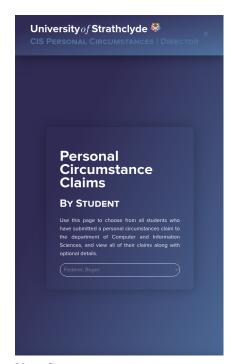


Log-In (Student)
After selecting log-in as student.



Invalid Username/Password (Student) Incorrect or no details entered.

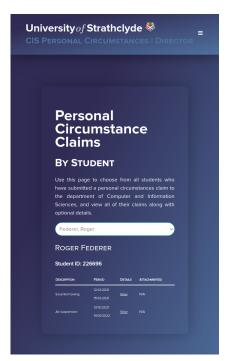
Table 3.4: Login Pages



VIEW STUDENTS Select student page.



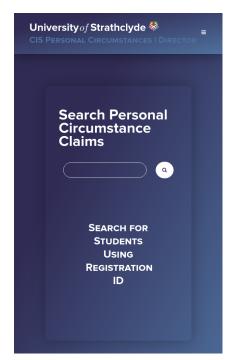
VIEW STUDENTS
Drop-down example.



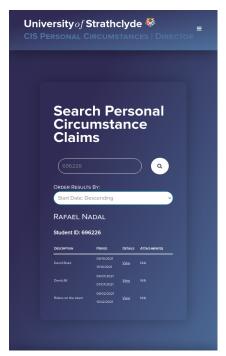
VIEW STUDENTS
Student selected from drop-down, details appear for 'Roger Federer'



View Claim Details
Selected option to view additional details of Roger's
claims.

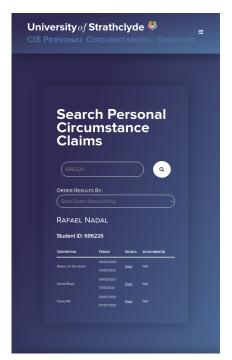


SEARCH STUDENT Search student page.



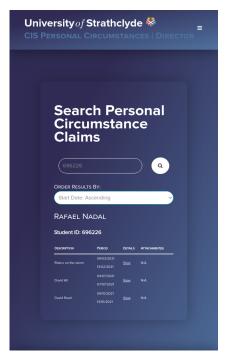
Order Claims

Sort: descending by start date (latest first), from dropdown.



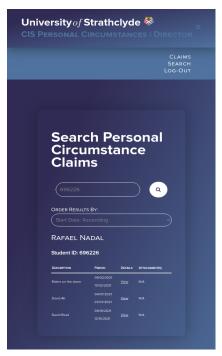
SEARCH STUDENT

Searched for '696226' and submitted using the search icon button. This resulted in 'Rafael Nadal's claims being presented.



Order Claims

Sort: ascending by start date (oldest first), from dropdown.



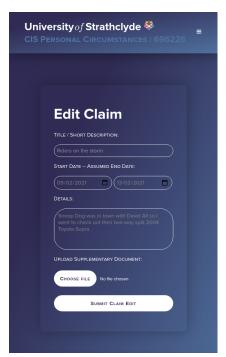
Example of page select division under header from 'hamburger' symbol.

Table 3.5: Course Director Pages



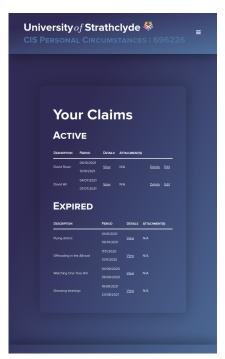
VIEW CLAIMS

View active and expired claims page. Options to delete and edit claims.



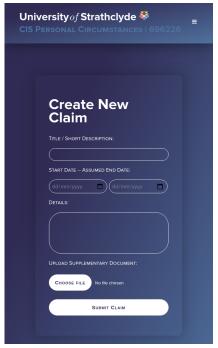
Edit Claim

Edit claim page, using edit claim button from 'Your Claims' page. Claim details copied as placeholders. Options to edit title, start date, end date, details, add file (input file), and submit.



DELETE CLAIM

Claim record missing after use of delete button.



ADD CLAIM

Create new claim page. Options to input title, start date, end date, details, add file (input file), and submit

Table 3.6: Student Pages

Bibliography

[1] Nielsen, J. (1994). Heuristic Evaluation. Usability Inspection Methods, John Wiley & Sons