CS990 DATABASE FUNDAMENTALS COURSEWORK ASSIGNMENT

LEWIS BRITTON

 $A{\tt CADEMIC}\ Y{\tt EAR}\ 2021/2022$

Table of Contents

The Task

Requirements

- List **entities** w/ description
- ullet List attributes w/ underlined identifier
- List **relationships**, for each:
 - Relationship name
 - Names of entities related
 - Degree of relationship
 - Optionality of relationship
- \bullet List assumptions
- Enhanced Entity Relationship Diagram

Scenario Key Words & Phrases

- 'An' in-patient
- 'A' hospital
- 'A' patient record number
- 'Details of' his/her (person), name, address, DoB, allocated GP
- 'Patients are assigned to a single' ward
- 'Each ward identified by' ward number, name
- 'Some wards may have 0 patients assigned to them'
- 'Each ward staffed by at least one' nurse
- 'In a ward, a designated nurse is in charge of the ward and other nurses'
- 'Every patient allocated one' consultant
- 'Each consultant has recorded' specialization
- 'And leads team of' junior doctors
- 'Who may be' registrars 'or' housemen
- 'All' doctors (both consultant and junior)
- 'Have' staff numbers, names
- Teams identified by' team code, N. doctor members
- 'Doctors may treat many patients'
- 'Each patient may be treated by many doctors, always members of same team as consultant responsible for patient'
- 'One or more' drugs 'are prescribed to patient'
- 'Drugs identified by' name, code number
- 'Also have' date, dosage, prescribing doctor 'for each'
- 'Only doctors prescribe drugs'

1 Preliminaries

1.1 Entities & Attributes

| Entities | DESCRIPTION | Attributes & Identifiers | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| In-Patient | A patient treated in only one ward of a hospital | Patient Record No. Gender (? 'His/her') Name Address DoB Allocated GP Ward | |
| Hospital | An institution in which patients are treated in associated wards, doctors (consultant, junior (reg., house.)) and nurses are employed to treat and survey patients and prescribe drugs etc. | N/A | |
| Ward | A segment of a hospital to which patients are assigned and treated in | Ward No. Name | |
| Nurse | An employee of a hospital who staffs wards and leads other nurses | Staff No. ² | |
| Consultant (Doctor) | A superior (Tier 1) employee of a hosp- tital who consults patients, has a spe- cialization and leads a team of junior doctors | <u>Staff No.</u> Name | |
| Team | A collection of junior doctors lead by a consultant | <u>Team Code</u> N. Doctor Members | |
| Junior Doctor (Doctor) | An inferior (Tier 1) employee of a hospital who is either a registrar or a houseman (with identical attributes) and is part of a team lead by a consultant, many of which may treat a patient if they are in the same consulatnt's team | Staff No. Name | |
| Drug | An item prescribed to in-patients by only doctors, not nurses, to attempt to provide aid to in-patients | Drug Code Name Date Dosage Prescribing Doctor | |
| Nurse Leader ¹ | The leader of a set of nurses and the associated ward if the ward has more than one nurse. Simplifies relationship between nurses and wards | Staff No. ² | |

| Prescription ¹ | An item used to assign drugs to patients and simplify the relationship between teams of junior doctors and drugs, and consultants and drugs. | Prescription Code | | | |
|--|--|-------------------|--|--|--|
| ¹ : New Entity for Relationship | | | | | |
| ² : Surrogate Key | | | | | |

Table 1.1: Entities & Attributes

1.2 Relationships

| Relationship | Entities | Degree | Optionality |
|----------------|------------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Has | Hospital : Ward | 1:N | Obligatory |
| Has | Ward : In-Patient | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Leads | Nurse Leader : Ward | 1:1 | Obligatory |
| Staffs | Nurse: Ward | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Leads | Nurse Leader : Nurse | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Is Assigned To | Consultant : In-Patient | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Treats | Team : In-Patient | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Leads | Consultant : Team | 1:1 | Obligatory |
| Contains | Team : Junior Doctor (Reg./House.) | 1:N | Obligatory |
| Is Prescribed | In-Patient : Prescription | 1:1 | Obligatory |
| Prescribes | Consultant : Prescription | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Prescribes | Team : Prescription | 1:N | Non-Obligatory |
| Contains | Prescription : Drug | N:M | Obligatory |

Table 1.2: Relationships

1.2.1 Commentary

- A hospital must have many wards
- A ward may have many in patients but may also have as little as 0
- A nurse leader heads a ward
- Nurses staff wards but 0 nurses technically may staff a ward as if there is just 1, it is a 'nurse leader', not a 'nurse'
- A nurse leader leads other nurses however, may lead 0 if it's just them on the ward
- A consultant is assigned to an in-patient meaning every in patient must have a consultant but some consultants may not have an in-patient. Some may have many
- A team (of junior doctors) is assigned to an inpatient meaning every in-patient must have a team (only treated by junior doctors from that team), but perhaps not every team is assigned in-patients, so may have 0
- A consultant leads one team
- Each team must contain a set of junior doctors
- Each in-patient is prescribed a prescription

- \bullet A consultant may prescribe many prescriptions if they have many patients, but they may also prescribe 0
- \bullet A team may prescribe many prescriptions if they have many patients, but they may also prescribe 0
- Each prescription contains one or more drugs and each drug may appear in many different prescriptions, however some may not appear in any prescriptions

1.3 Assumptions & Explanations

- Consultants and Junior Doctors are both *Doctors* however, have different **attributes** and are therefore listed as separate **entities**
- Resistrars and Housemen are both *Junior Doctors* however, have identical *attributes* and are therefore listed as the same **entity**
- All wards may have no patients in a perfectly healthy world. However, for this example it is stated that at least some wards are populated, making the relationship non-obligatory
- There are enough nurses for at least one-per-ward
- If a ward is only staffed by one nurse, they may still be considered the 'leader' of the ward however, they lead no other nurses making the Nurse: Nurse relathionship non-obligatory
- There may not be enough patients for all the consultants to be assigned to one, making the relationship non-obligatory;
- Therefore, if a consultant isnt assigned a patient, as teams can only treat patients associated with their consultant, some junior doctors may treat no patients, making the relationship non-obligatory
- As patients can be assigned a minimum of one drug by a doctor, this may either be by a consultant or a junior doctor, making each respective relationship with drug non-obligatory
- There are enough junior doctors in the hospital for every consultant to be lead a team

2 Enhanced Entity Relationship Model (EERM)

