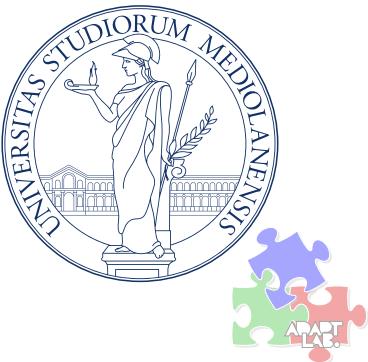
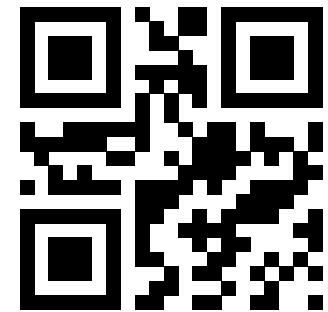


# MLIR: Scaling Compiler Infrastructure for Domain Specific Computation [1]



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Slides: [TODO](#)

# MLIR: Multi-Level Intermediate Representation

Part of the LLVM project, the MLIR is a novel approach to building **reusable**, **modular**, and **extensible** compiler infrastructure.

MLIR aims to address software fragmentation, improve compilation for heterogeneous hardware, significantly reduce the cost of building **domain specific compilers**, and aid in connecting existing compilers together.





# Why another compiler infrastructure?

Although the *one size fits all* approach of traditional compilers (e.g., LLVM [2] and JVM [3]) has been successful for general-purpose programming, it has shown limitations in the context of domain-specific applications.

Many problems are better modeled at a **higher-** or **lower-level abstraction** – e.g., source-level static analysis of C++/Rust is difficult on LLVM IR.

Hence, many languages and frameworks developed their own intermediate representations (IRs) to leverage the **semantic information** of their domain – including TensorFlow’s XLA HLO, PyTorch’s Glow, Rust’s MIR, Swift’s SIL, Clang’s CIL, and so on.

While domain-specific IRs are well-understood, their *high engineering costs* often lead to compromised infrastructure quality. This results in *suboptimal compilers* plagued by bugs, latency, and a poor debugging experience [1].



# MLIR to the rescue

MLIR directly addresses these issues by making it **cheap** to design and **introduce** new abstraction layers.

It achieves this by:

- standardizing the Static Single Assignment (SSA)-based IR data structures,
- providing a declarative system for defining IR *dialects*, and
- providing a wide range of common infrastructure including documentation, parsing and printing logic, location tracking, multithreaded compilation support, pass management.





# Design Principles

- **Parsimony**: Apply *Occam's razor* to builtin semantics, concepts, and programming interface. Specify invariants once, but verify correctness throughout  $\Rightarrow$  *extensibility*.
- **Traceability**: Retain rather than recover information. Declare rules and properties to enable transformation, rather than step wise imperative specification  $\Rightarrow$  *composability*.
- **Progressivity**: Premature lowering is the root of all evil. Beyond representation layers, allow multiple transformation paths that lower individual regions on demand  $\Rightarrow$  *reusability*.



# Little Built-in, Everything Customizable [Parsimony]

- The system is based on a minimal number of fundamental concepts, leaving most of the intermediate representation fully **customizable**.
- A handful of abstractions—types, operations and attributes—should be used to express *everything else*, allowing fewer and more consistent abstractions that are easy to **comprehend**, **extend**, and **adopt**.
- A success criterion for customization is the possibility to express a diverse set of abstractions including **ML graphs**, ASTs, mathematical abstractions such as **polyhedral**, CFGs and instruction-level IRs such as **LLVM IR**, without hard-coding concepts.



# SSA and Regions [Parsimony]

- SSA [4] makes dataflow analysis *simple* and *sparse*. However, while many existing IRs use this flat, linearized CFG, representing higher level abstractions push introducing **nested regions**<sup>2</sup> as a first-class citizen – e.g., structured control flow, concurrency constructs, and closures.
- The (LLVM) normalization/canonicalization process is sacrificed due to the presence of multiple ways to represent the same semantics.
- The frontend is responsible for choosing the right level of abstraction for the IR.

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<sup>2</sup>A region is a single-entry, multi-exit CFG that can be nested inside an operation. It is a generalization of the concept of basic blocks and allows for more flexible control flow representation.



# The Canonical Loop Structure

*Pre-header, header, latch, and body* is a prototypical loop structure.

```
; for (int i = 0; i < n; ++i) { ... }

entry:
    br label %header

header:
    %i = phi i32 [ 0, %entry ], [ %inc, %latch ]
    %cmp = icmp slt i32 %i, %n
    br i1 %cmp, label %body, label %multi-exit

latch:
    %inc = add i32 %i, 1
    br label %header

body:
    ; loop body
    br label %latch

multi-exit:
    ; code after the loop
```

llvm

```
// A simple loop from 0 to 10 with a step of 1
scf.for %i = %c0 to %c10 step %c1 {
    // Loop body goes here
    // %i is the induction variable
    "some.operation"(%i) : (index) -> ()
}
```

mlir

```
// An affine loop: optimized for polyhedral compilation
affine.for %i = 0 to 10 {
    %val = affine.load %buffer[%i] : memref<10xf32>
    // ... operations ...
}
```

mlir



# Maintain Higher-Level Semantics [*Progressivity*]





# Declaration and Validation [*Parsimony*/*Traceability*]





# Source Location Tracking [*Traceability*]



**Thank You!**



## Bibliography

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