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QDA 2023/03/01

Quality

feature $\rightarrow Y$

DETERMINISTIC

RANDOM VARIABLE (R.V.)

$$Y_t \stackrel{(*)}{=} \mu_t + \varepsilon_t$$

independently and identically distributed

H₀:

$$\mu_t = \mu$$

$$\varepsilon_t \sim N(0, \sigma_\varepsilon^2)$$

equivalently:

$$Y_t \stackrel{(*)}{=} \mu_t + \varepsilon_t$$

R.V.

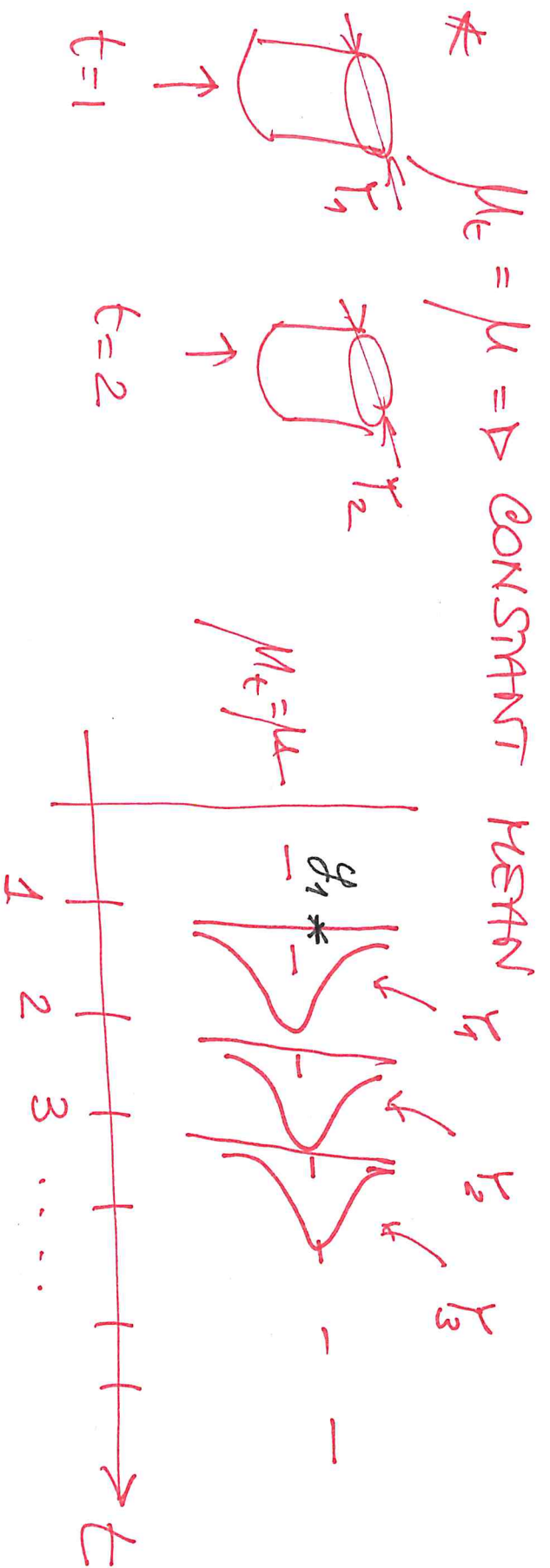
$$Y_t \sim N(\mu_t, \sigma_\varepsilon^2)$$

$$E(\varepsilon_t) = 0$$

$$E(Y_t) \stackrel{(*)}{=} E(\mu_t + \varepsilon_t) = \mu_t$$

$$V(Y_t) \stackrel{(*)}{=} V(\mu_t + \varepsilon_t) = \sigma_\varepsilon^2$$

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* NORMALITY

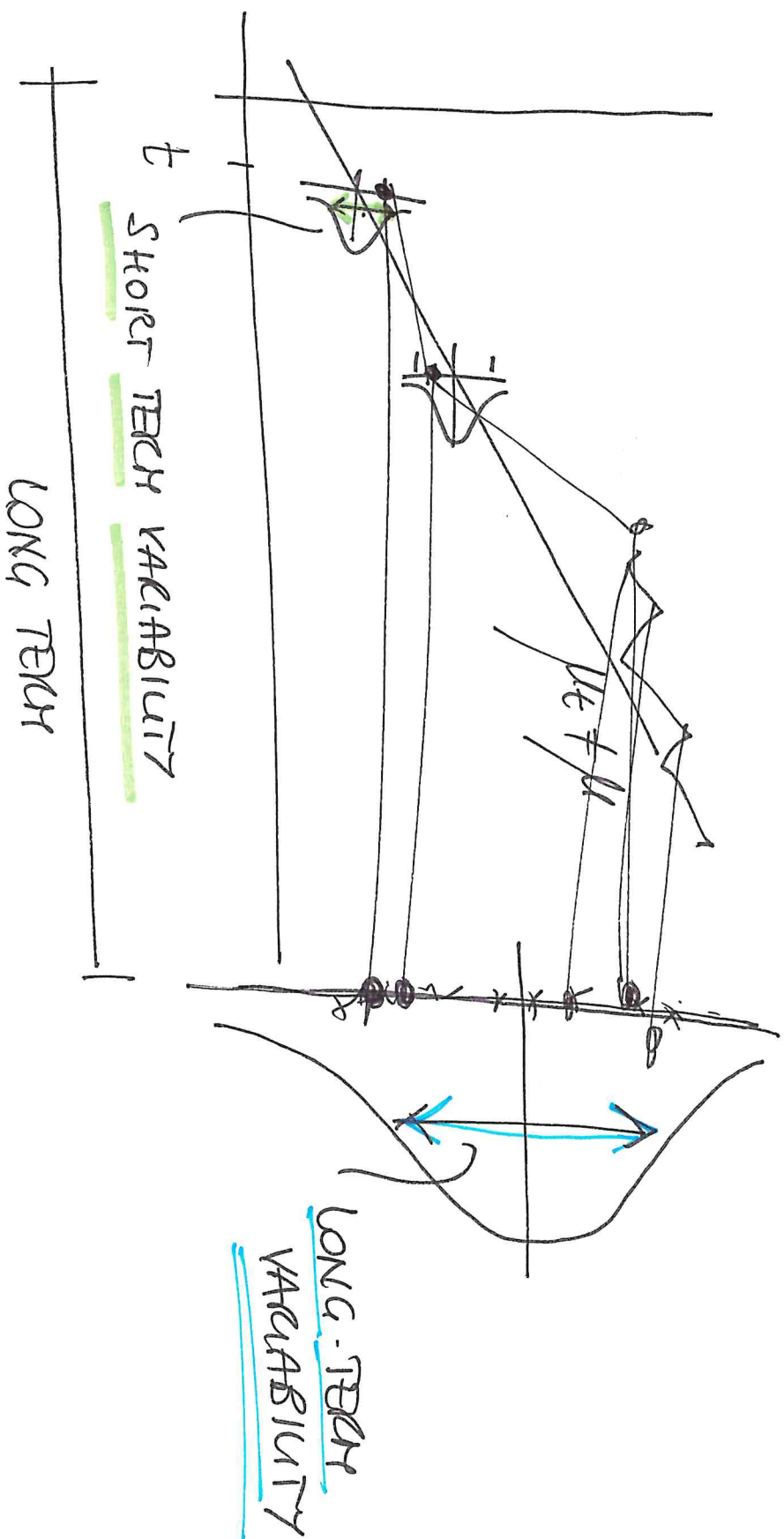
* CONSTANT VARIANCE

$$\sigma_{\epsilon}^2 = \sigma_{\epsilon}^2$$

* INDEPENDENCE (UNCORRELATION = special type of independence)

Y
↓
DISTRIBUTION
R.V.

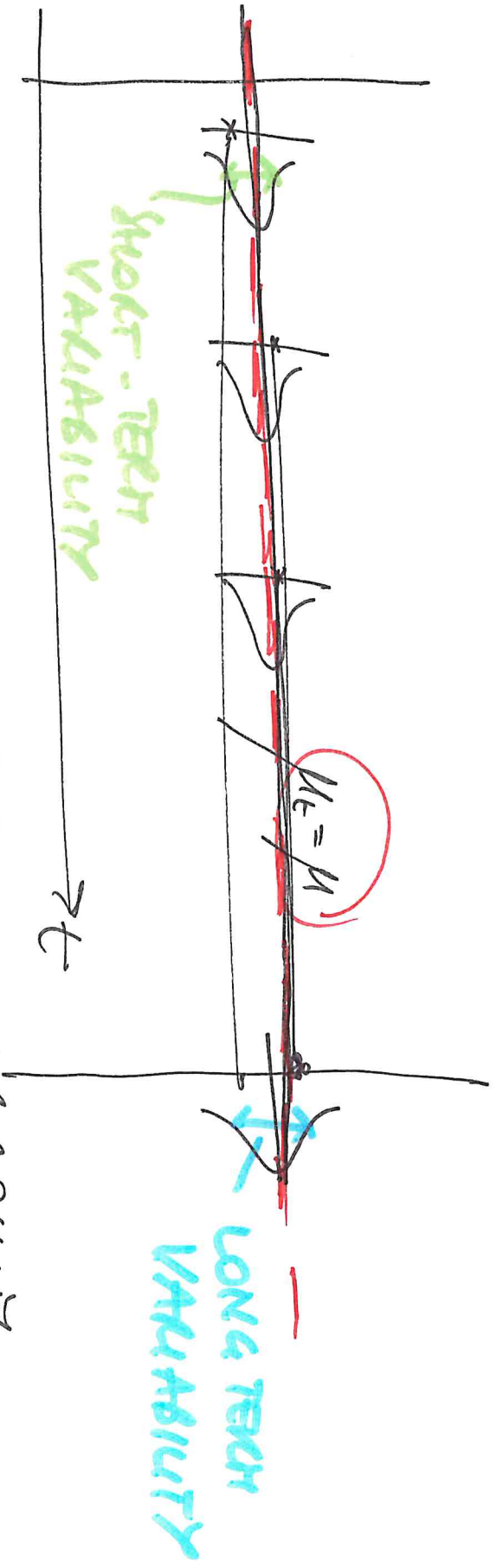
f
OCCURRENCE
DATA OBSERVED
NUMBER



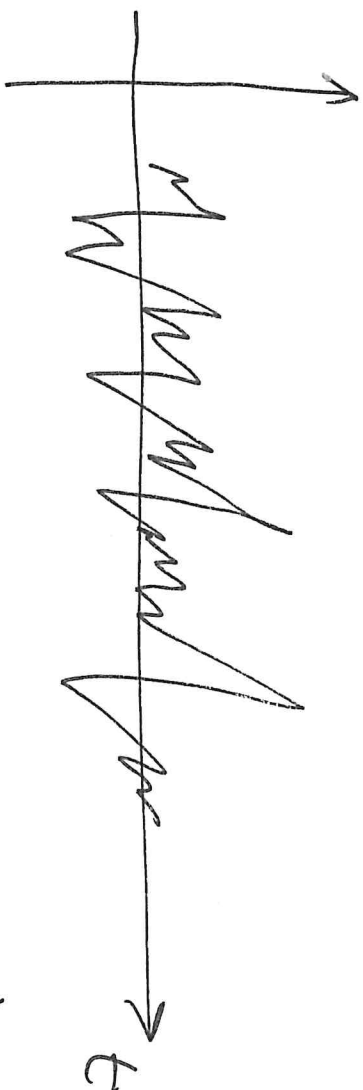
TREND $\mu_t \neq \mu \Rightarrow$ LONG-TERM VARIABILITY \geq SHORT-TERM VARIABILITY
 as the LONG-TERM VARIABILITY is including the SHORT-TERM one + drift of the means μ_t \nearrow TREND

④

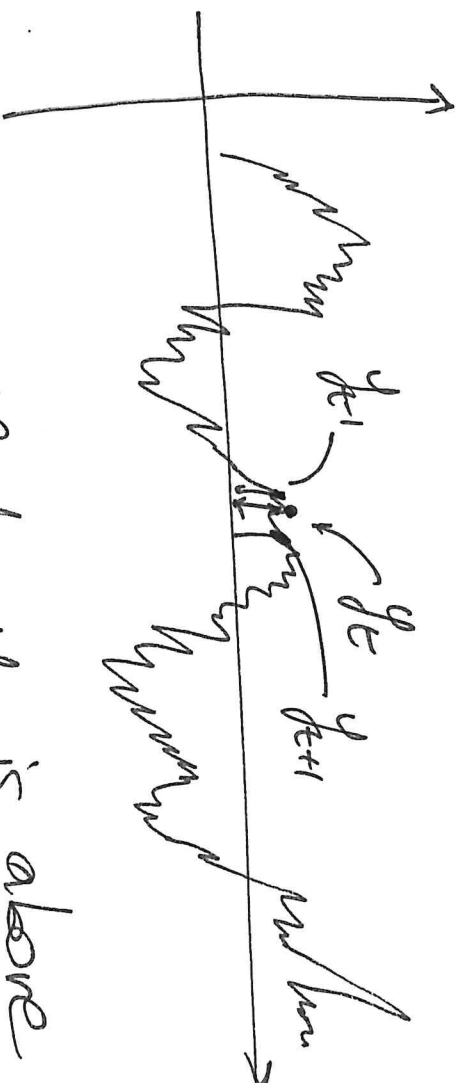
NO
READ
 $\mu_t = \mu$



SHORT-TERM = LONG-TERM VARIABILITY
as $\mu_t = \mu \rightarrow$ SECOND SOURCE OF
VARIABILITY DISAPPEARED



AUTOCORRELATION (MEAN DEPENDENCE)



probability that y_t is above the mean depends on the y_{t-1}

⑥ (STANDARD) TEST of HYPOTHESES \Rightarrow RUNS TEST

~~RANDOM~~
 ~~$M/M/\infty$~~

H_0 : We are coming out from a RANDOM SEQUENCE
 \uparrow
 NULL

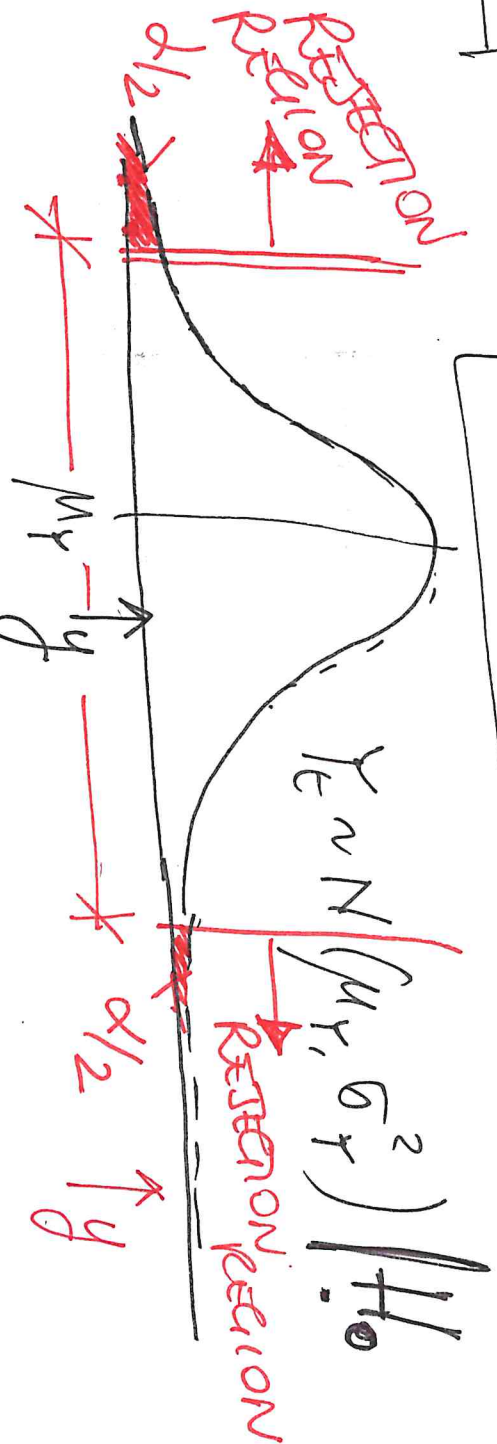
H_1 : We are coming out from a NON RANDOM SEQUENCE
 \uparrow
 ALTERNATIVE

ASSUME
 H_0 IS TRUE



TEST STATISTIC
 $Y_c \sim D(\cdot, \cdot)$

$Y_c = \# \text{ RUNS}$



⑦ α = first-type error = probability of rejecting H_0
even if H_0 is true

I set $\alpha = 1\%, 5\%, 10\%$

DECISION \ REALITY	(H ₀ is not true)	
	H ₀ IS TRUE	H ₁ IS TRUE
"ACCEPT" H ₀	X 1- α	 β
REJECT H ₀	- α	X 1-β 1- β

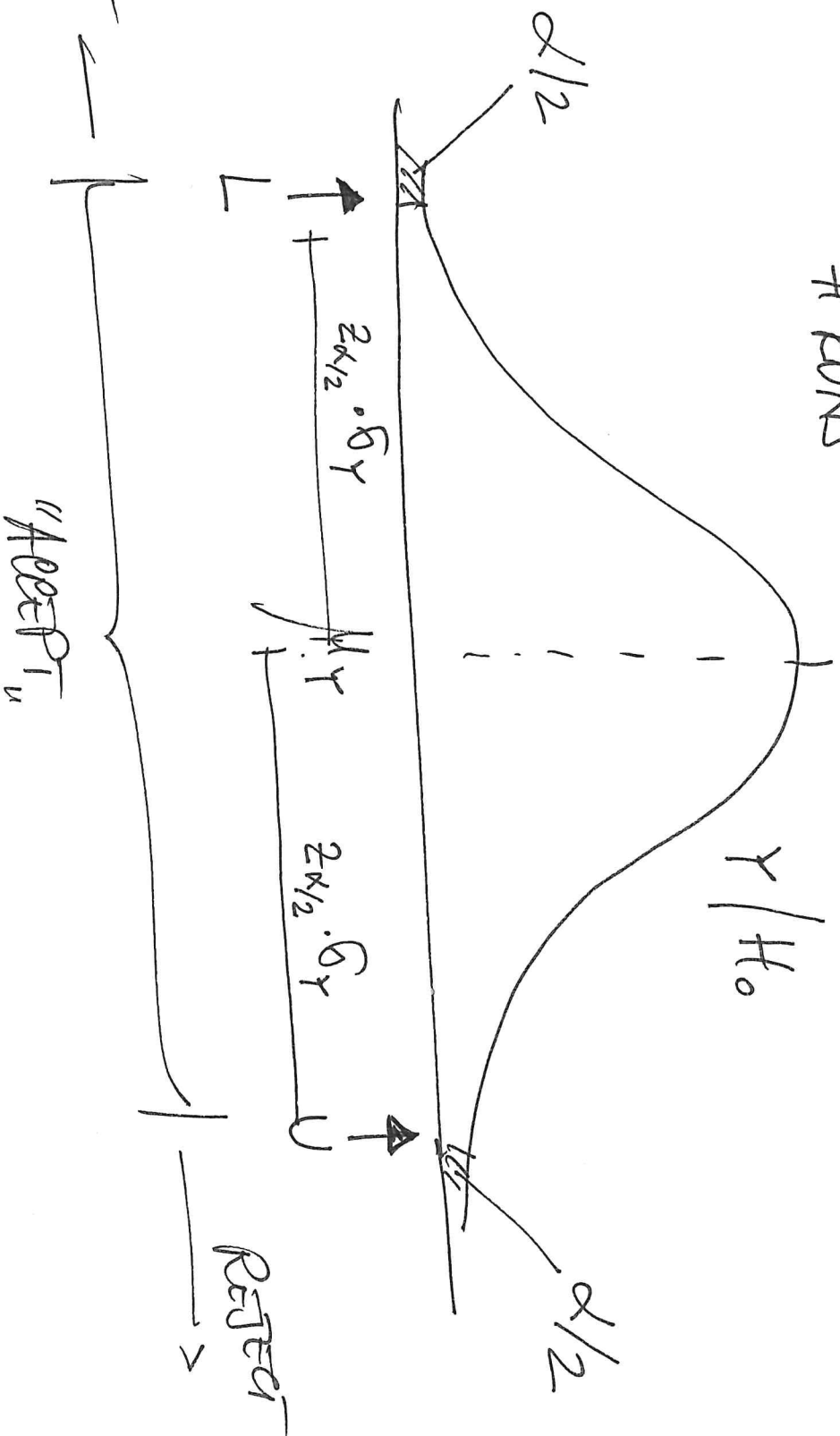
β = second-type error = probability of "accepting"
H₀ even if H₀ is NOT true

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H_0 is true

$$Y \sim N(\mu_Y, \sigma_Y^2)$$

runs

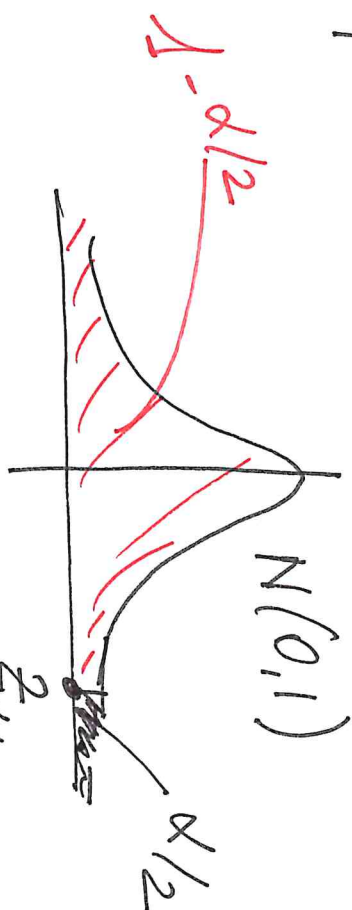


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$$L = \mu_r - K \cdot \sigma_r$$

$$U = \mu_r + K \cdot \sigma_r$$

$$K = z_{\alpha/2}$$



$$z_{\alpha/2} = \Phi^{-1}(1 - \alpha/2) \Leftrightarrow \left[\Phi(z_{\alpha/2}) = 1 - \alpha/2 \right]$$

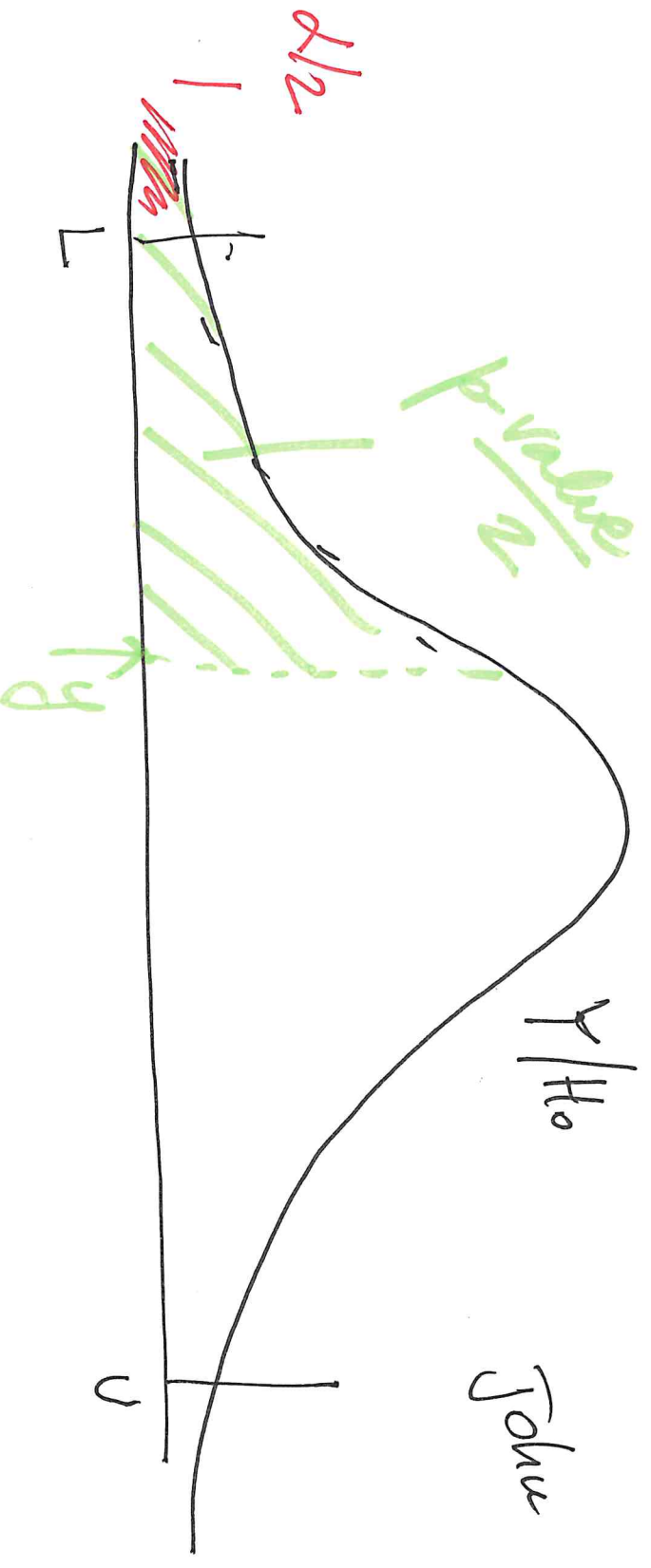
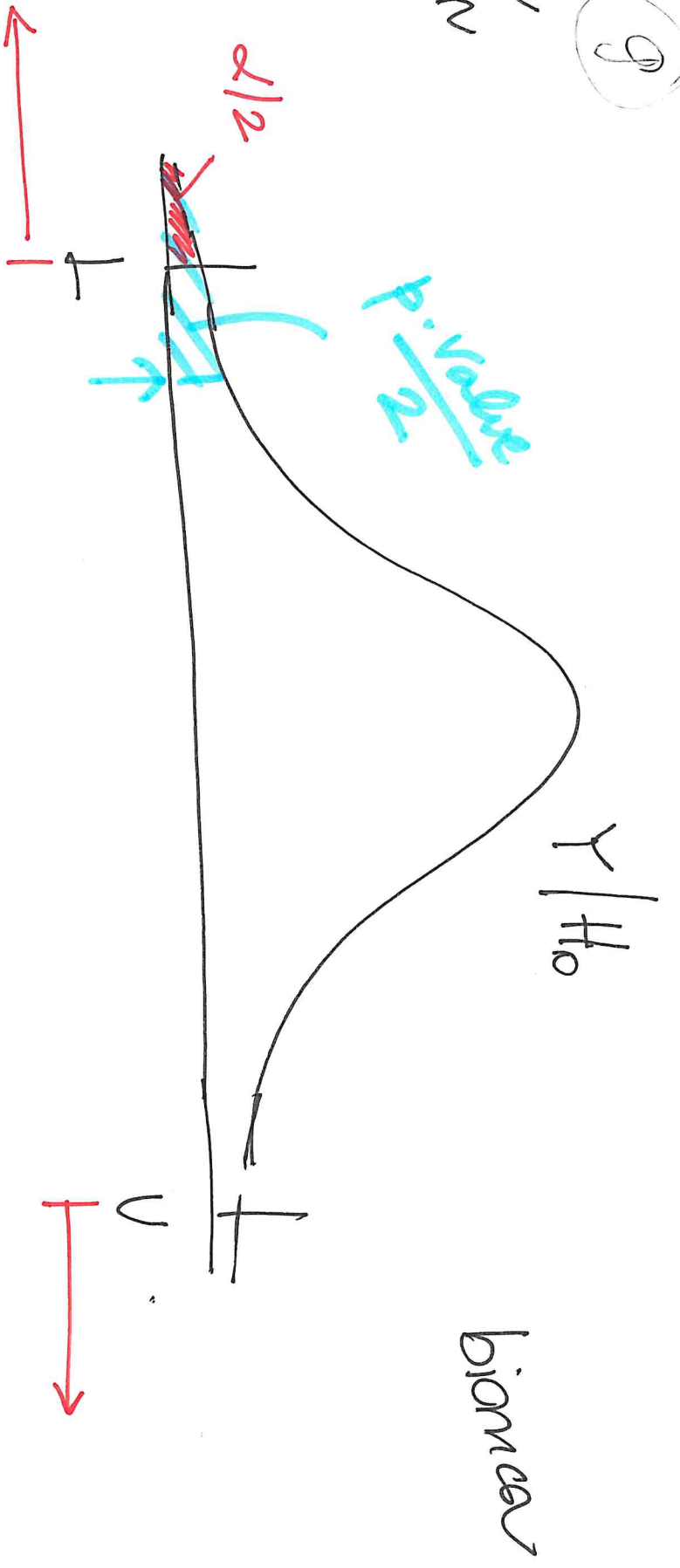
$$\approx 2 \quad \alpha = 5\%$$

$$P(z \leq z_{\alpha/2}) = 1 - \alpha/2$$

\uparrow
 $N(0,1)$

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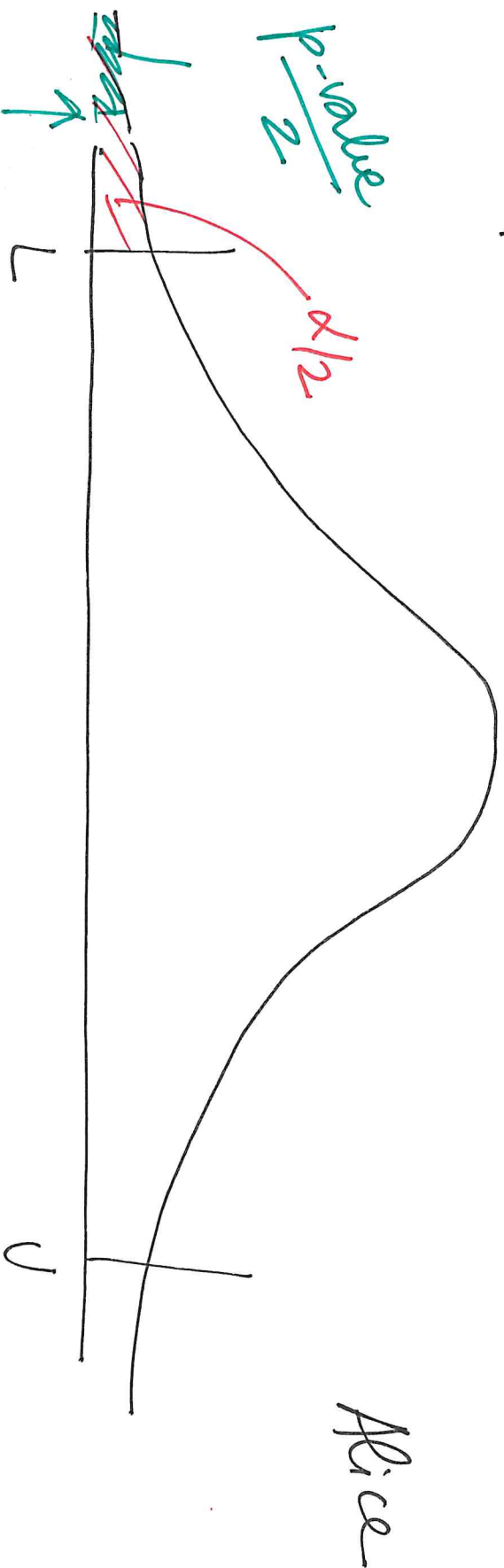
z
 z
 z



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$p\text{-value} > \alpha \Rightarrow \text{"ACCEPT"} H_0$
(NON REJECT)

$p\text{-value} \leq \alpha \Rightarrow \text{REJECT } H_0$



$$\frac{p\text{-value}}{2} = \text{Prob} \left\{ Y \leq y \mid H_0 \right\}$$

\downarrow

$Y \sim N(\mu_T, \sigma_T^2)$