

## COMMUNICATION PROTOCOL

<b>0. INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>1. CONNECTION AND RECONNECTION PHASE</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>2. CONFIGURATION PHASE</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3. STARTING GAME PHASE</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>4. TURN PHASE</b>	<b>5</b>
4.1 MARKET DRAW PHASE	6
4.2 DEV CARD DRAW PHASE	7
4.3 PRODUCTION PHASE	8
<b>5. END OF MATCH PHASE</b>	<b>9</b>
<b>6. DISCONNECTION</b>	<b>10</b>

## 0. INTRODUCTION

The game communication protocol is based on the exchange of Message objects, serialized in human readable JSON format.

There are two typologies of message: **Client-to-Server** and **Server-to-Client**.

Connection, authentication, disconnection and ping are managed via plain text.

The client can always receive update notifications from the server but he can send messages only in certain moments of the game.

If a message is sent in a wrong moment, this will be discarded and not processed by the server.

During his turn, the client receives messages from the server that notify him about the progress of his moves, in order to achieve a cleaner View behaviour.

From now on the client entity will be called “C”, whereas the server will be “S”.

## 1. CONNECTION AND RECONNECTION PHASE

When C connects to S, he receives a welcome message that confirms the correct accomplishment of the connection.

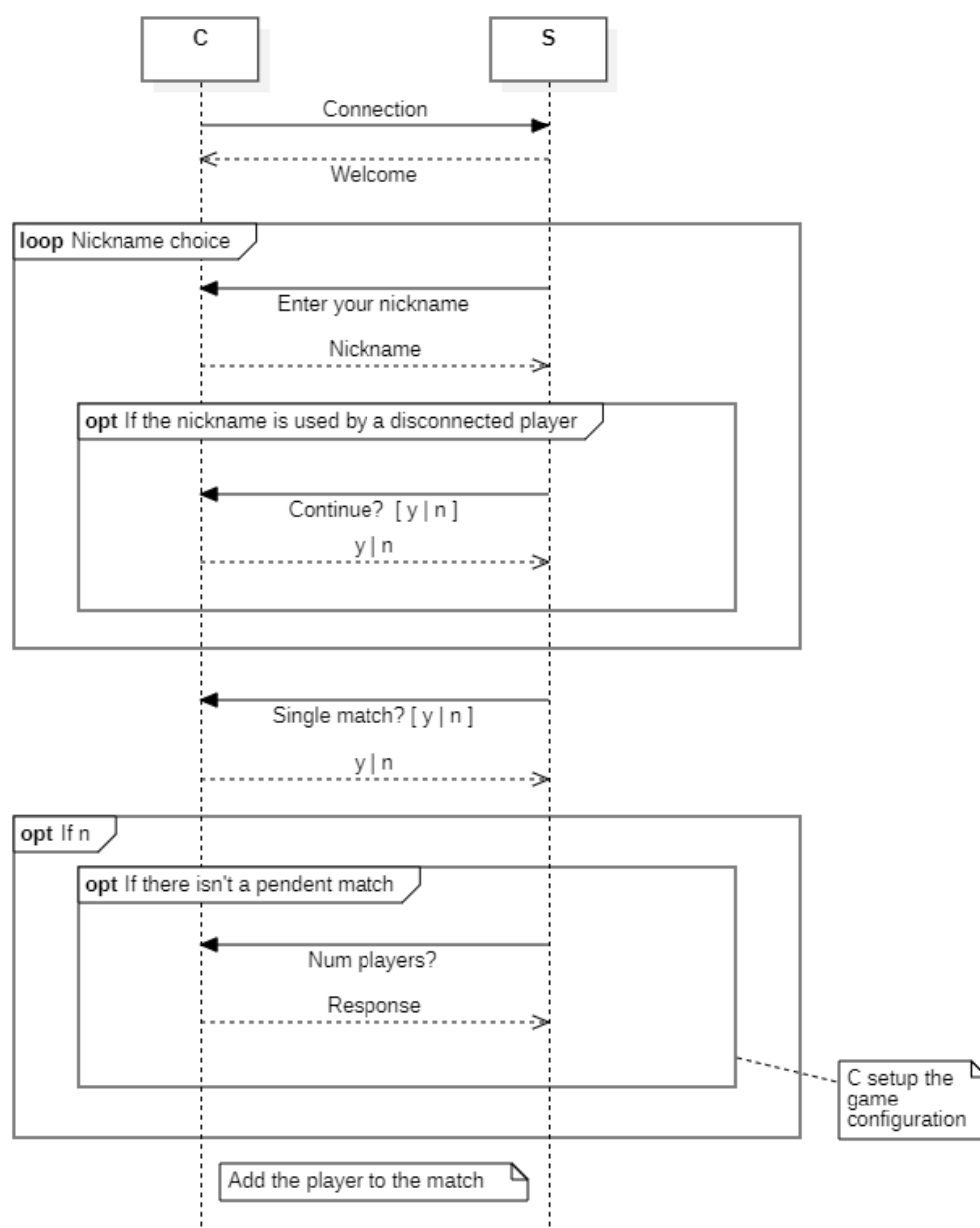
After that, C chooses his own nickname.

If the nickname is in use among the active players connected to the server, the client will be asked to choose a new one.

Else, if the nickname is linked to a previously disconnected client, the client will be asked to choose if he wants to continue the current match or to choose a different nickname.

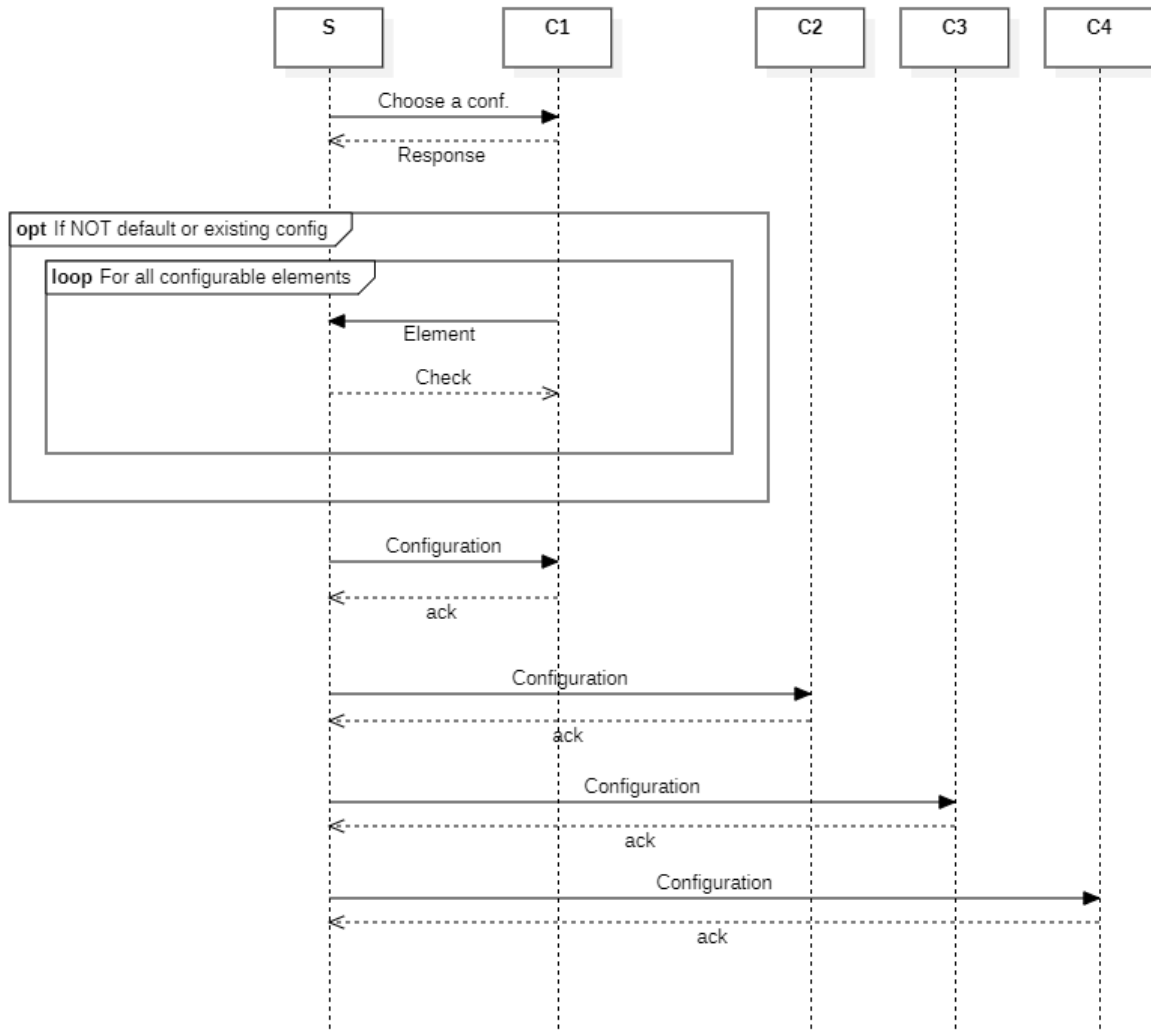
Next, C selects which modality he wants to play with (single or multiplayer).

In the case of multiplayer choice, if there isn't another forming match C has to select how many players he wants in his match, otherwise he will be added to the forming one.



## 2. CONFIGURATION PHASE

In the configuration phase the clients have to set up the game and so they need several pieces of information. These are sent to them by S after that the client who created the match has sent to S the chosen configuration.

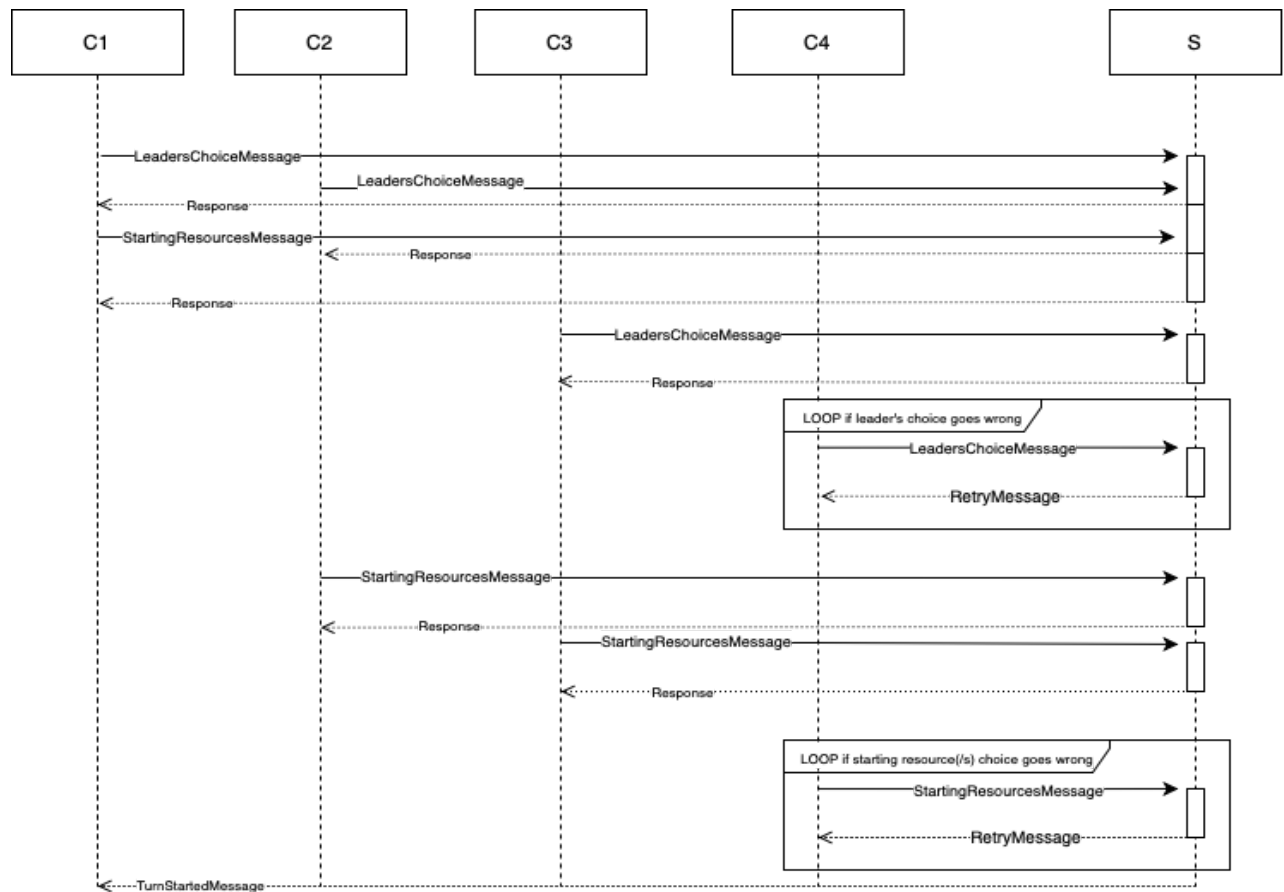


### 3. STARTING GAME PHASE

In the starting game phase every player in the match, depending on his position on the cycle, chooses his leaders and starting resources simultaneously.

Every player's choice will be sequentially taken and processed, associating a State for everyone in the match.

When every player is in the STARTING\_PHASE\_DONE state, the match starts.



> **LeadersChoiceMessage:**

[ String nickname, List<String> CardIDs ]

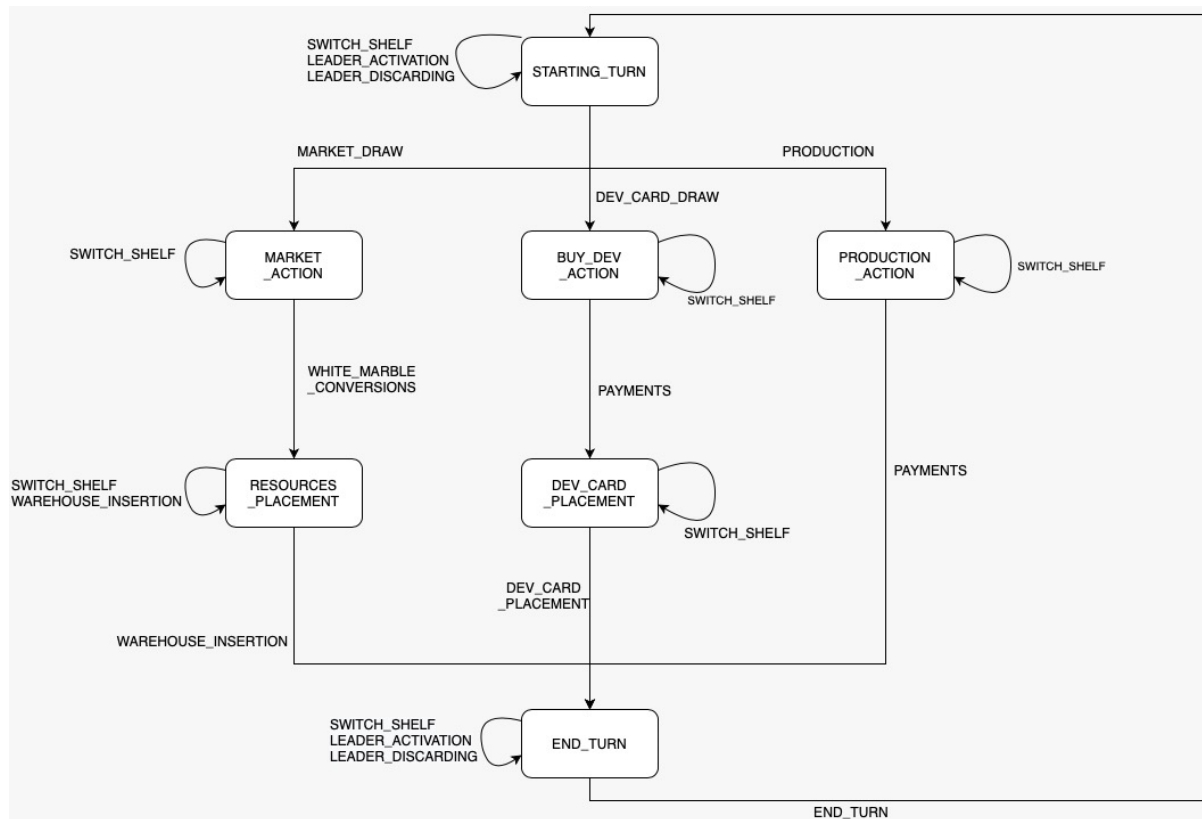
> **StartingResourcesMessage:**

[ String nickname, List<PhysicalResource> ]

> **RetryMessage:**

[String nickname, String errMsg ]

## 4. TURN PHASE



The turn phase handles all the main actions of the game by a turn-based logic, indeed the only player who can send command messages is the current player and, according to the fsm's state, only some messages are accepted.

If a message comes from another player it will be ignored, else if the message comes from the right player but in the wrong fsm state the player will receive a **RetryMessage** from S.

The turn phase always starts in the **STARTING\_TURN** state and evolves according to the received messages.

**LeaderActivationMessage** and **LeaderDiscardingMessage** are accepted only in **STARTING\_TURN** and in **END\_TURN**, **SwitchShelfMessages** are always accepted and they don't change the fsm's state.

**MarketDrawMessages**, **DevCardMessages** and **ProductionMessages** evolve the fsm into three possible branches: market branch, dev card draw branch and production branch.

## 4.1 MARKET DRAW PHASE

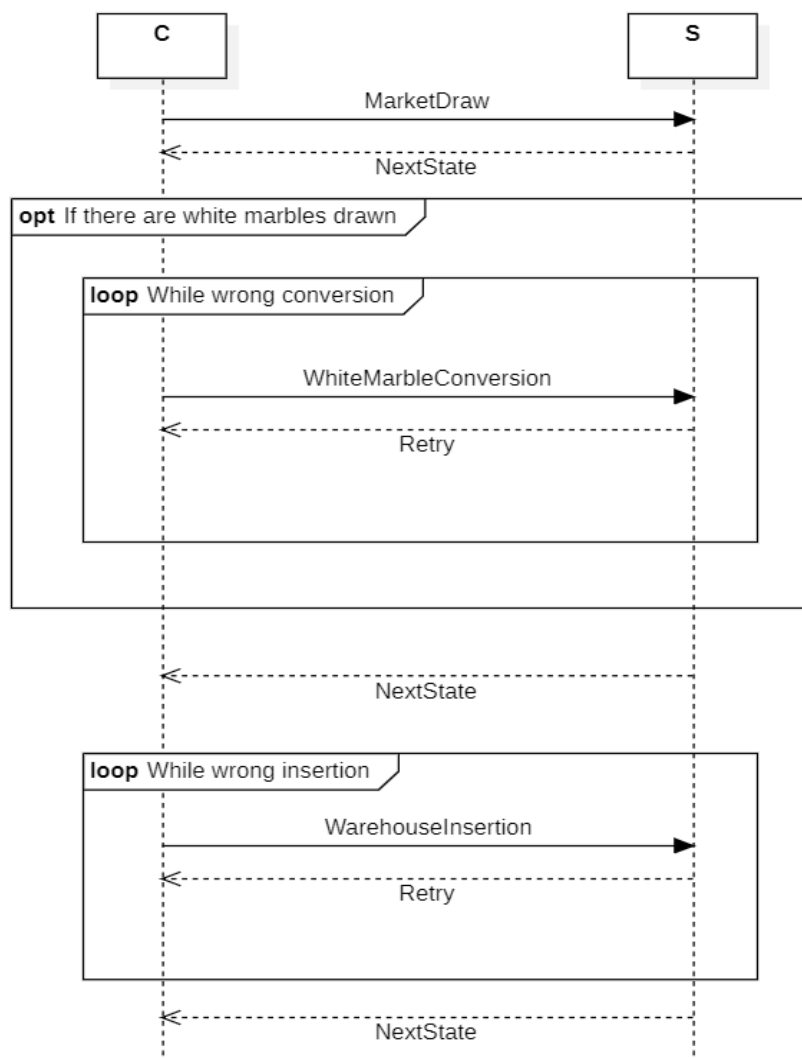
When C send a MarketDrawMessage the fsm enters in the markert draw phase.

If the message's parameters raise an exception S will sand a RetryMessage to C, else the number of white marbles drawn will define the next state in the fsm.

If that number is more than 0, the controller changes state to MARKET\_ACTION and S will expect a WhiteMarbles conversion message and after that a WarehouseInsertionMessage.

If that number is 0, the controller changes state to RESOURCES\_PLACEMENT and S will expect a WarehouseInsertionMessage.

When it arrives if it fails S will send a RetryMessage to C, else the controller changes state to END\_TURN.



> **MarketDrawMessage:**

[boolean row, int num]

> **WhiteMarbleConversionMessage:**

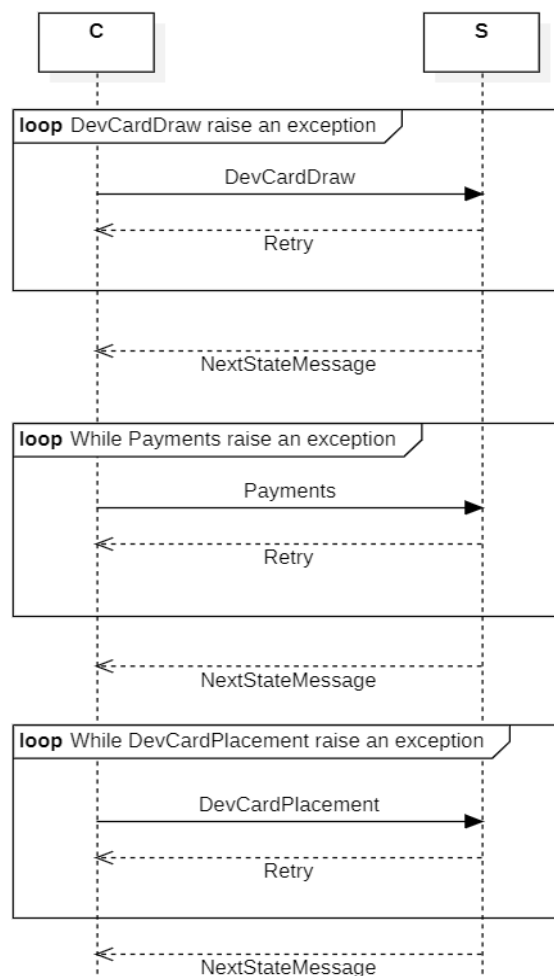
[List<PhysicalResource>]

> **WarehouseInsertionMessage:**

[List<PhysicalResource>]

## 4.2 DEV CARD DRAW PHASE

When C sends a DevCardDrawMessage the fsm enters in the dev card draw phase.  
If the card selected can't be taken by C then S will send a RetryMessage to C, else the controller changes state to BUY\_DEV\_ACTION and waits for a PaymentsMessage.  
When the PaymentsMessage arrives if it's parameters raise an exception S will send a RetryMessage to C.  
When the PaymentsMessage is accepted the controller changes state to DEV\_CARD\_PLACEMENT and waits for a DevCardPlacementMessage.  
When it arrives if it's parameters raise an exception S will send a RetryMessage to C, else the controller changes state to END\_TURN.



### > DevCardDrawMessage:

[String nickname, int row, int column]

### > PaymentsMessage:

[String nickname, List<PhysicalResource>, Map<Integer, PhysicalResource>]

### > DevCardPlacementMessage:

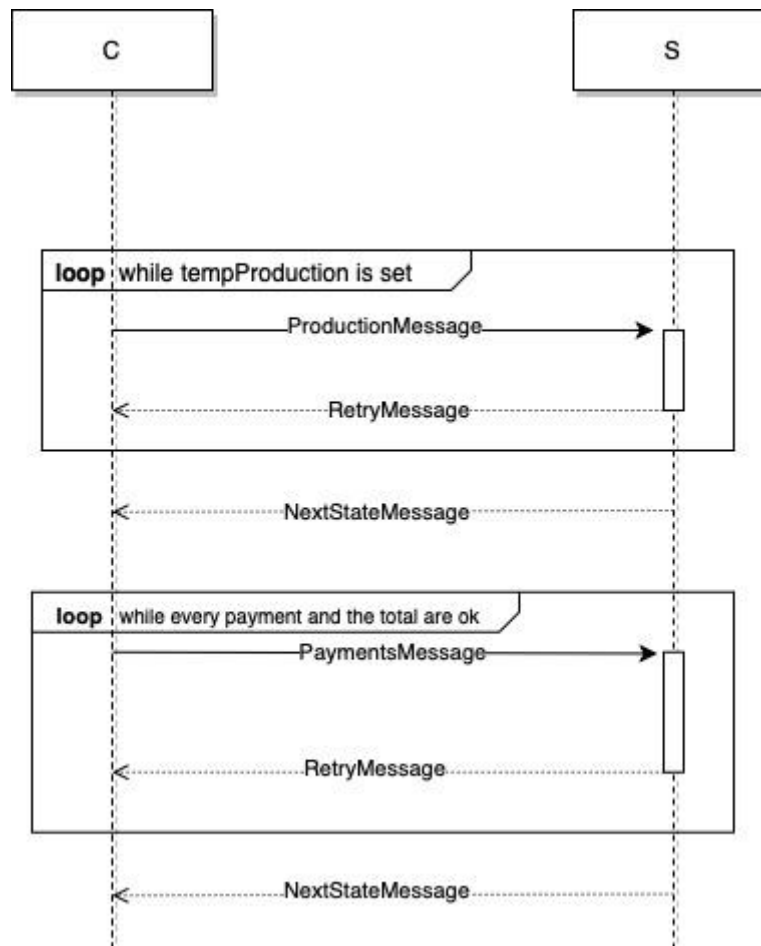
[String nickname, int column]



### 4.3 PRODUCTION PHASE

When C chooses the production Action, he's supposed to send to S a specific message that contains the list of all the chosen producible cards' IDs and a single Production which specifies the whole conversion of costs and earnings of Unknown resources.

Error (Retry) messages are thrown in case of: not-producible card choosing, not available resources as payments, mismatch between unknown resources and chosen cards.



**> ProductionMessage:**

[ String nickname, List<String> CardIDs, Production unknownProduction ]

**> PaymentsMessage:**

[ String nickname, List<PhysicalResource> sbPayments, Map<Integer, PhysicalResource> whPayments ]

**> RetryMessage:**

[ String nickname, String errMessage ]

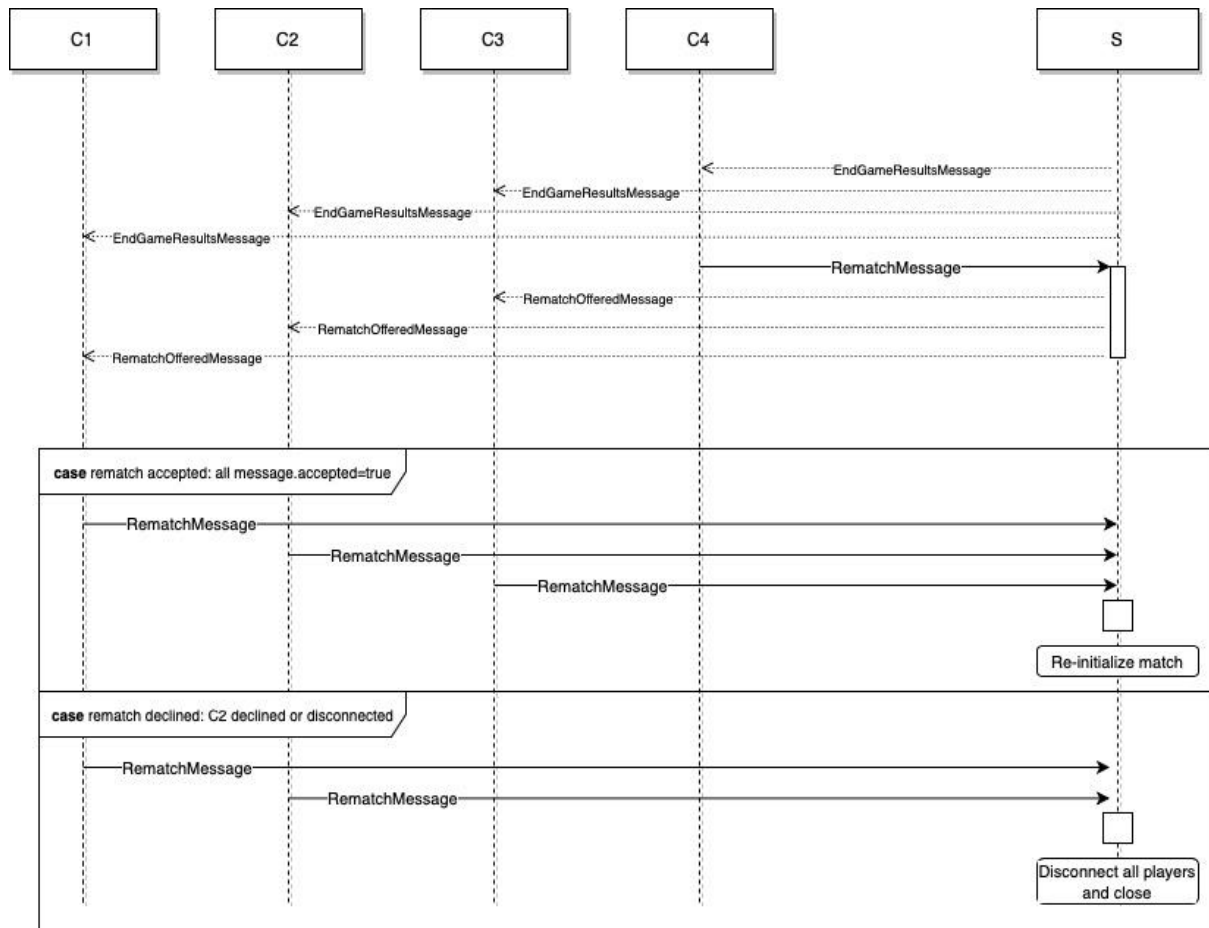
**> NextStateMessage:**

[ String nickname, StateName newState ]

## 5. END OF MATCH PHASE

When the last turn has been played by everyone, the game evolves again into a state in which S broadcasts the Leaderboard, one player can offer a rematch and the others can accept or decline it simultaneously.

If no one declines/disconnects then the game restarts with the same configuration, else the match will be completely closed and the players “gently” disconnected.



### > **EndGameResultsMessage:**

[ String nickname, Map<String,Integer> leaderBoard ]

### > **RematchMessage:**

[ String nickname, boolean accepted ]

### > **RematchOfferedMessage:**

[ String nickname, String message ]

## 6. DISCONNECTION

In order to achieve a fast detection of the disconnections, C is supposed to send an acknowledgement message (ack) to S every time an update comes from S.

If this 'ack' isn't sent before a certain time, the player is set disconnected.

