REGOLATORI PID (Proportionsh, lutegole Domishiro)
La legge shi centra la PID e malta usat 2 e 4 st serobsudi 22 stzy legge eli cout vollo idesle: $O(E) = K_{p} e(E) + K_{i} e(T) dT + K_{p}$

· Azione P pru emore, piu since di controlle, Up = Kpe Se v Fosse solt-suto Up Der solle 0 #0 (in generate)

1DEA ("subomstic resety): 0(L) = Up(L) + U cen U sæbbo in mode de evere e =0 MA evidentamente to di perde de volore del set pourt

Allar come ostado To ? (Suporii suno Mozo) I' ho travetro Se 1 <0 deble crescere & l >0 dere decre son Mos Oèpop. 2 Je dt 1 Automotic reset, => Azrione

o Azi ane il sistems in AC V2 2 regrue in tote répine, in présents di 23 vier l'enve e noulo Foure strenstire dells legge di controllo PID: U=Kpe+K, sedt+kode dt $()(s) = (K_P + K_I + K_D s) F(s)$ $= K \left(1 + \frac{1}{5} + 5 + 5 + \frac{1}{5} \right) E(5)$ NG VADAGNO, TEMPO TEMPO DERWATIVO INTEGRALE

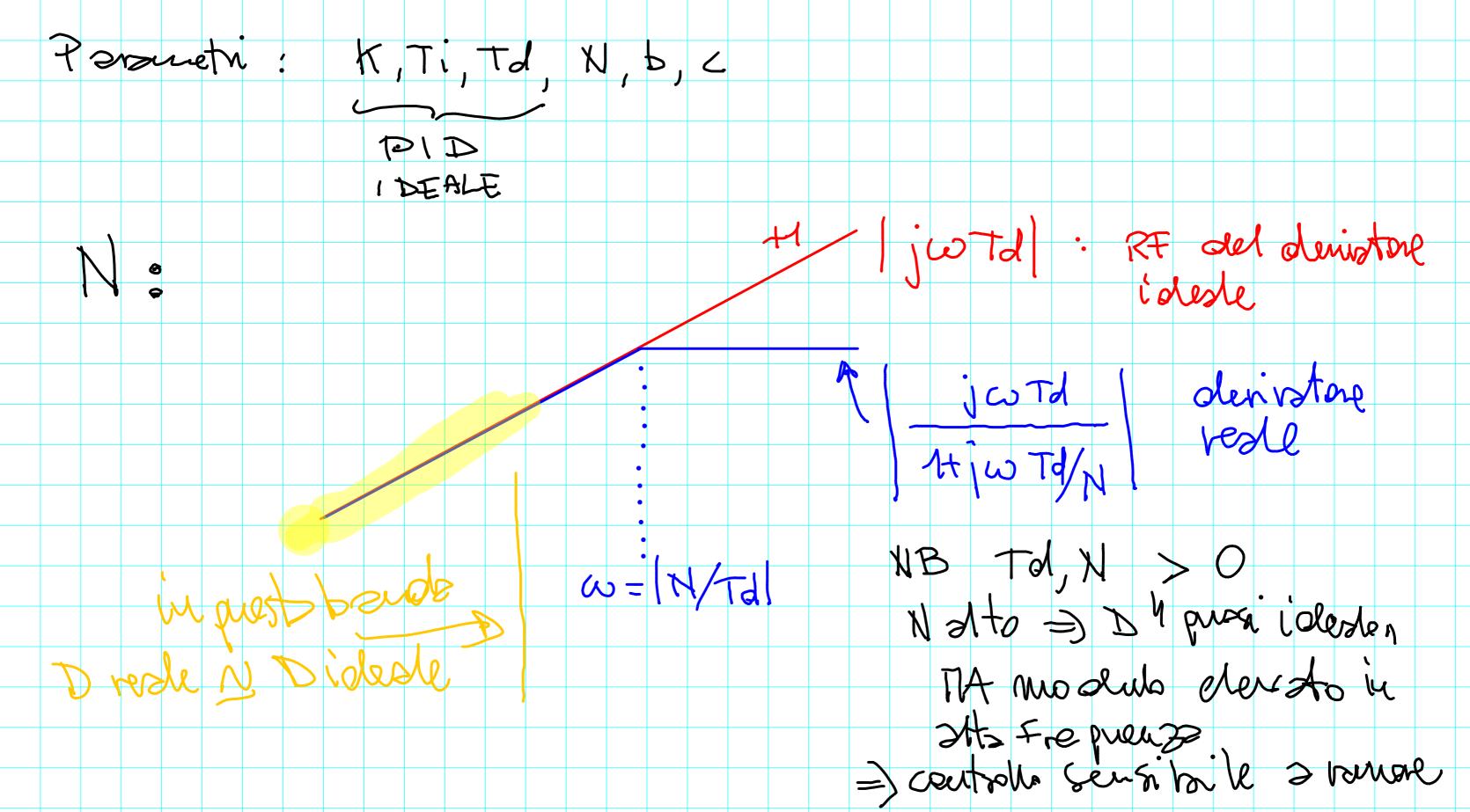
(22me1pole) Fours 15A rede a 1 grado di liberta Persuetr K. Ti, Td, N ()(5)= K (1+ 1+ 5Td/N)

pronte uns vistosts innedists (pronts) 2 voussion dell'enne Ruob dell'zzione P : grantire enne nullo 2 refine (suppriende de ven me u siz,) [Ciel AC AS n n D: "serticipare, l'eurore vedizmo

· Azione D: tongente > elt)
int= 7

(t+Td) $\hat{\varrho}(t+Td) = \varrho(t) + \frac{d\varrho}{dt} = Td$ ta e(t) van 27 ione PREVISTA di ett) so onzonte Ta To mon deve essere "troppo grade, vispetto elle soda temporale della diusuica on elt) so no la previsione e "notto u ensta => Ud e phoperende Mo von. presists dell'errol: Td e 1 suzzoute di prests perissage et il Ettre du proper mouslit

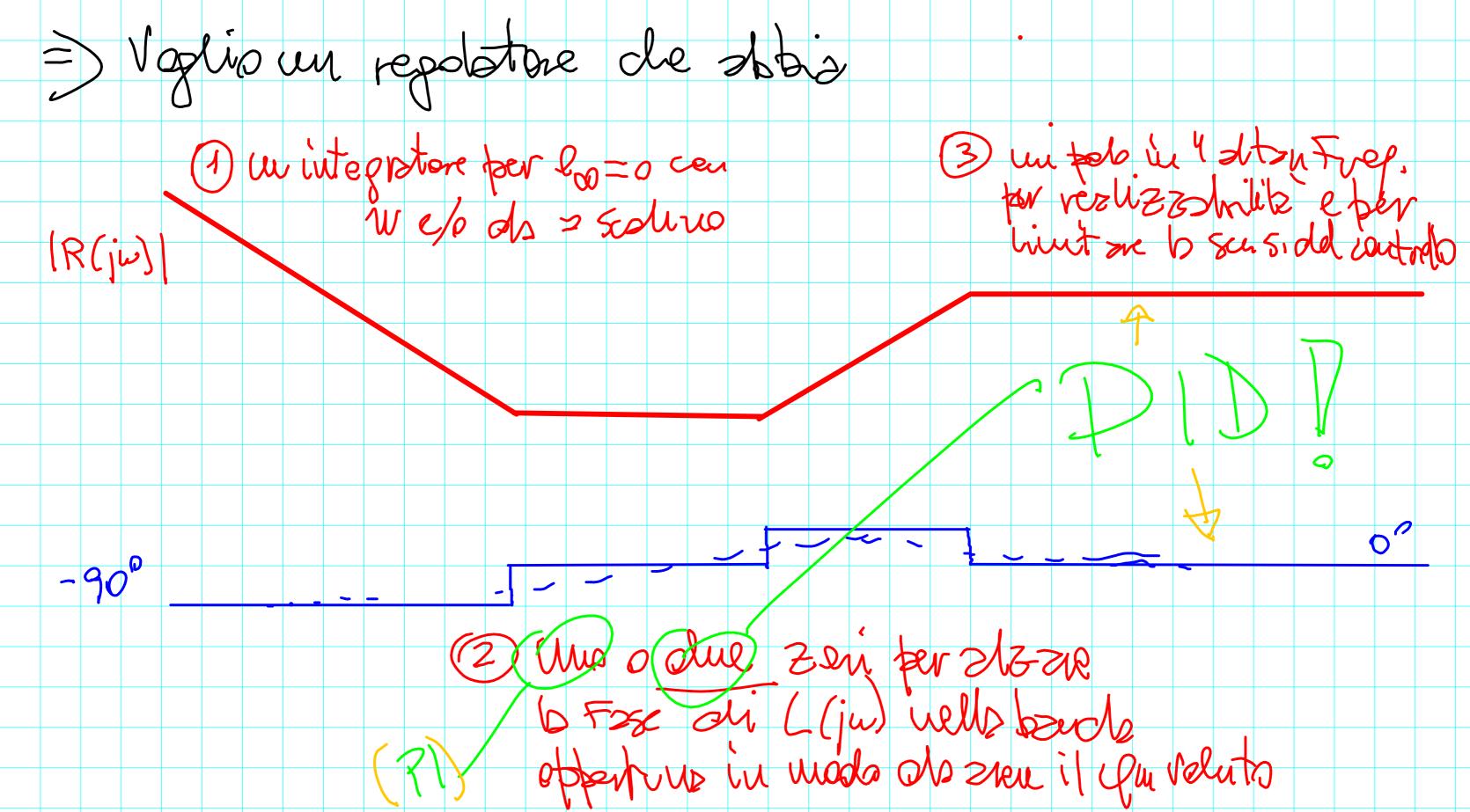
Forms $5W(5)-V(5)+\frac{1}{2}(W(5)-V(5))+\frac{57d}{1+57d}$ tes all set peso del NESSUN pesosol point will strong set paint will since set pour rellation ? perde = reprine valine = p

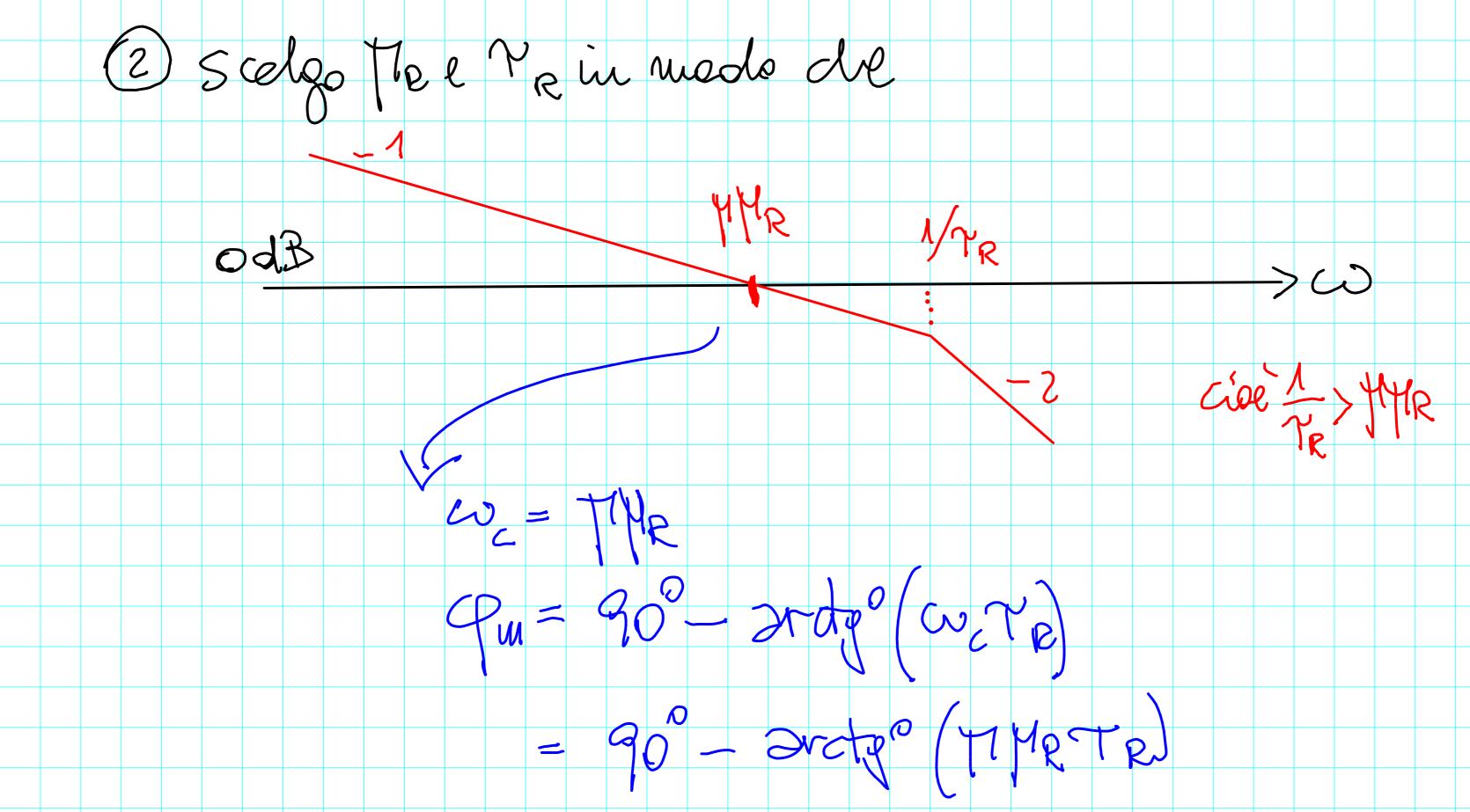


 $\triangle w$ NL Nei primi istenti OBN KBAW Dib nolume le sellecit saisui "brischey Zeli Atriston a Frente di van strain brischy

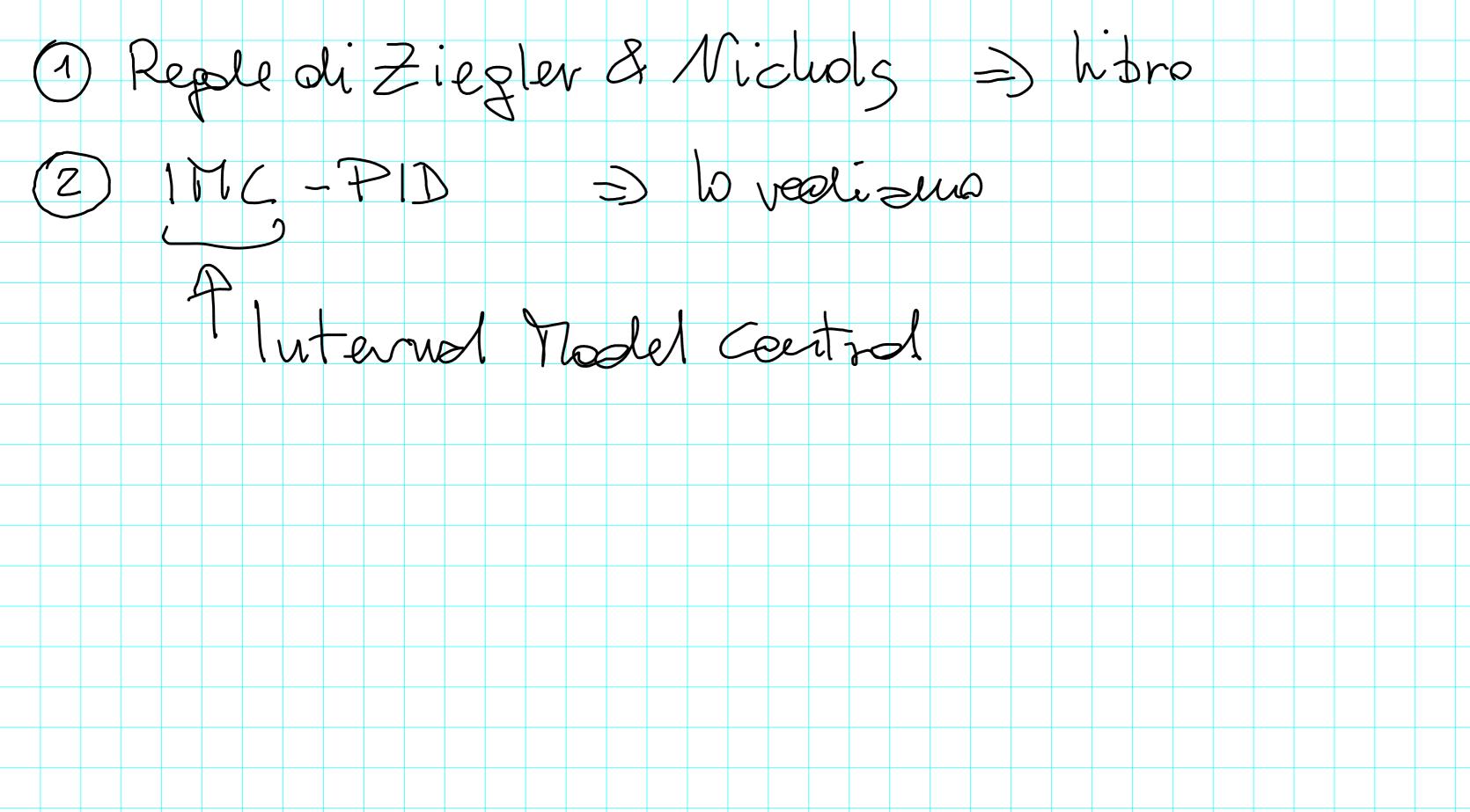
Se varia W > solivo invorsluente ande Q varia à soslivo = de vimbolo c viduce l'effetto di giuili puosi impolsi, Ingli Alveton Coso noterole! PID a derivatione d'uscita OSS purudo W=cost. e=-y=> C=0 nou Grossimosionio

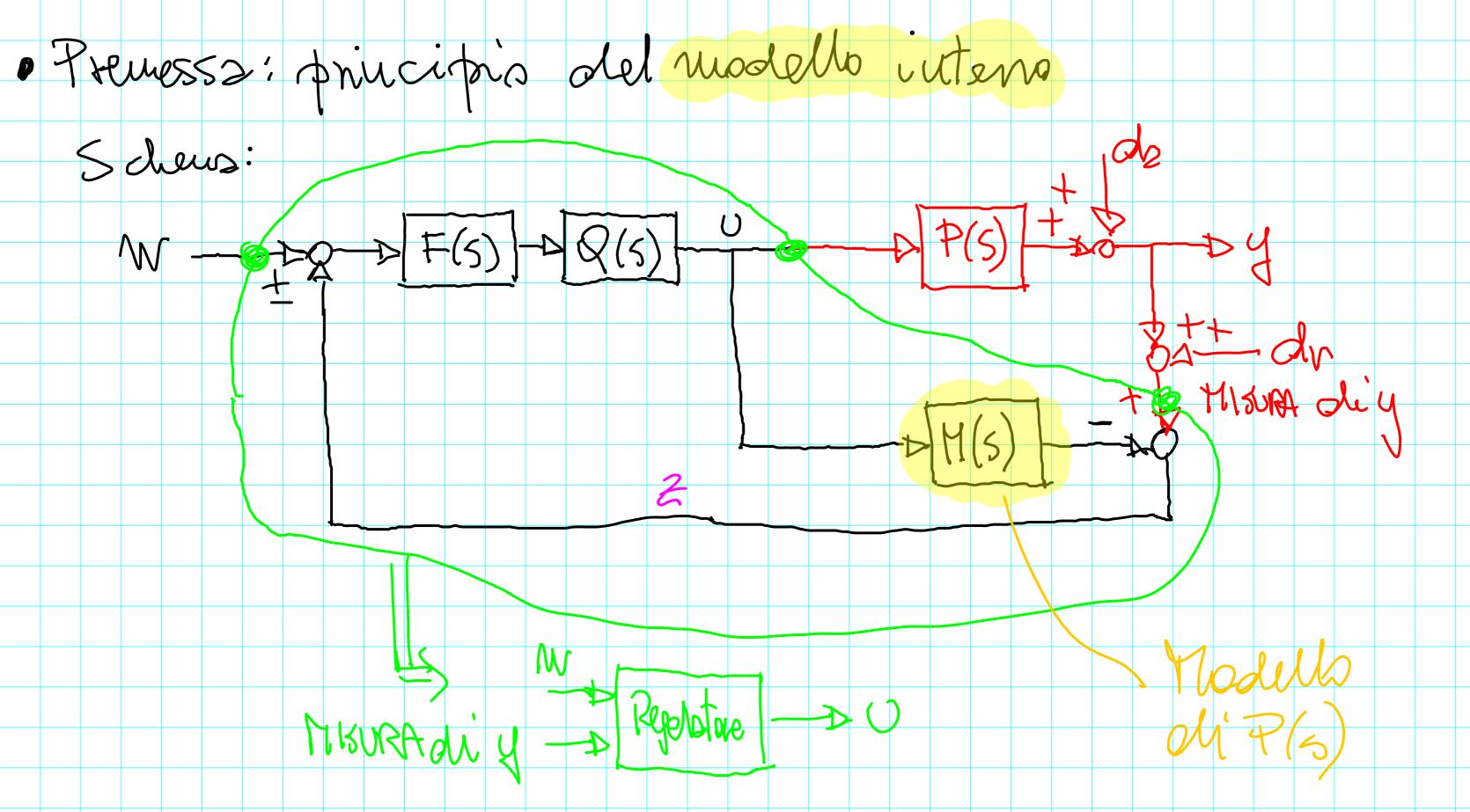
repostore un 2 zon e 2 poli di un un vallongine resolt ou cer 1200 e 1200 Rogiani della vasta applicabilità dell'AID sistems in an per hydri pensodi W = cost. sepsetto > disturbi in subste > scalino o luit sumte verista in e il processe è AS 25. tipico: MITO Frequente nel controlla





Modello di P puells scrit tows all PID Specu Fide Foune de toutro:

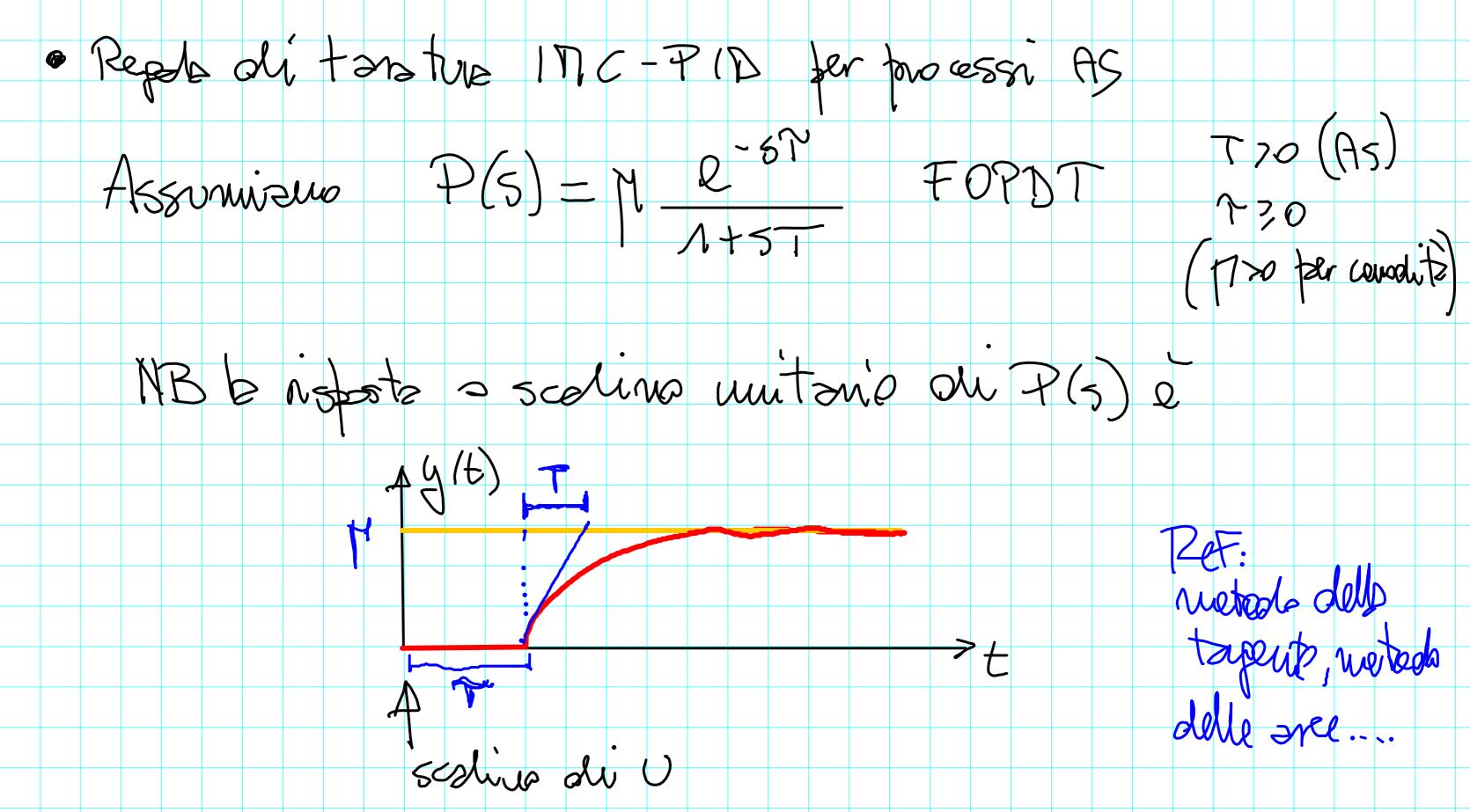




• M(5) modello del processo (1) lu condizioni no Minall, cioè M(s) = P(s) modello estro, no incertezza ob=dr=0 Messu distur bo l'authore aperto (2 = 0) (2) Sentore in cord, nominali, di consequenza,

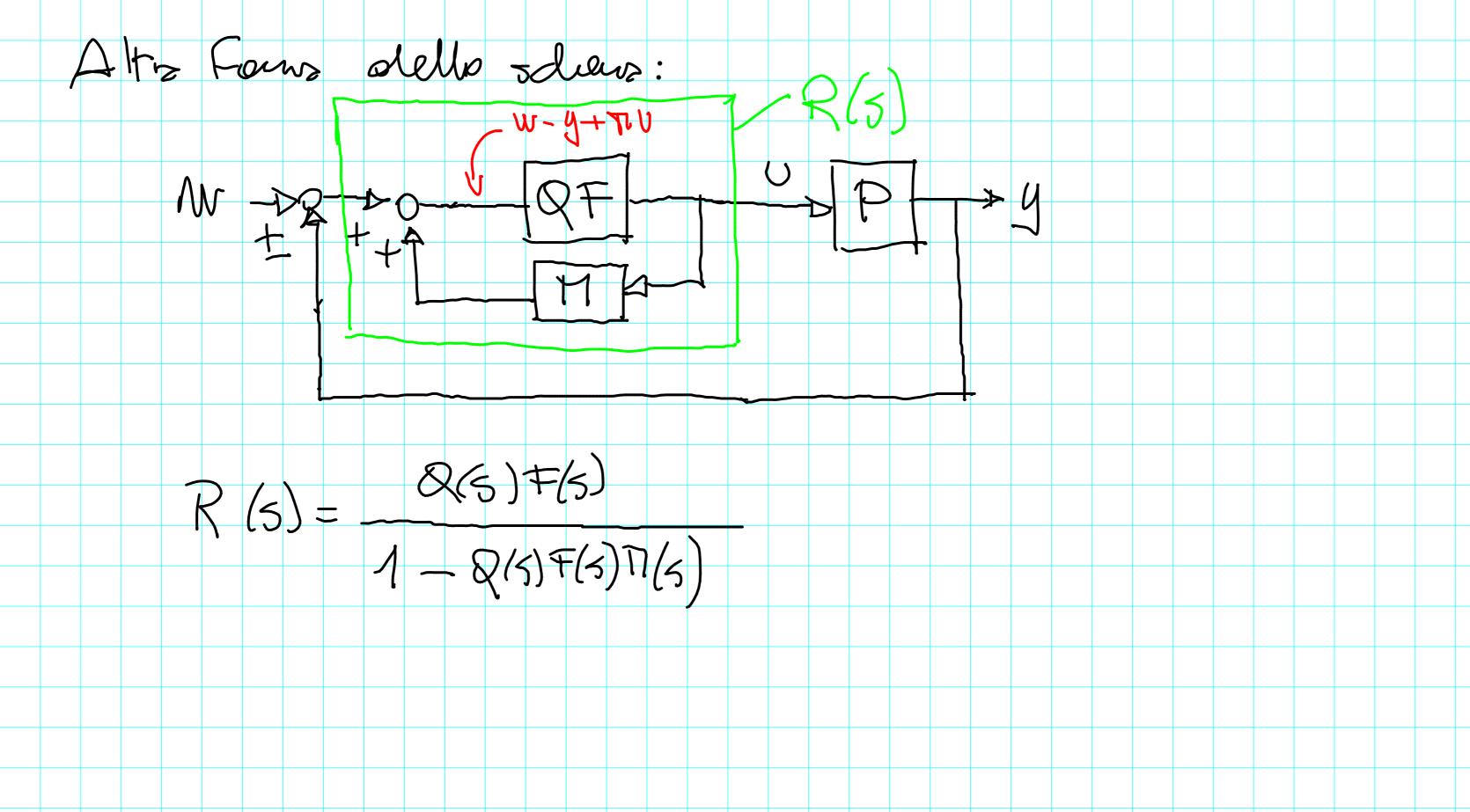
$$Y(5) = F(5)Q(5)P(5)W(5) = F(5)Q(5)T(5)W(5)$$

(3) Se, seutor in and, vormisti, ji pro sucht pond $Q(5) = \frac{1}{77(5)}$ 2000 (5) = F(5) W(5) Tolt do Way NB pero For alevant For some controle Flue forenezso



Hoolello interro: $P(5) = \pi \frac{e^{-5}}{4+5}$ inverto puel du posso, cial le porte s diusuics desidlats de m 2 y (quadepo = 1 =) lo = oper v costsute) OF reduzz.

=) Serve 1 tolo



Nel vostro cese 1457 $R = \frac{QT}{1-QTT}$ 1-455 1 e-5? M 1+5 x -e-5? Dobbieure of Extra us Foti rezionale Fiette (appressiment du Pedé) Pedé (1,0) = 1 - 57 Pade (1,1) = 1-5 7/2 1+57/2 # Zeni # boli

$$R(5) = \frac{1}{1!} \frac{1$$

$$R = \frac{1}{T} \frac{1}{1 + s \lambda} - \frac{1 - s \gamma / 2}{1 + s \gamma / 2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{T(\lambda + \tau)} \frac{(1 + s \gamma / 2)}{s(1 + s \gamma / 2)}$$

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