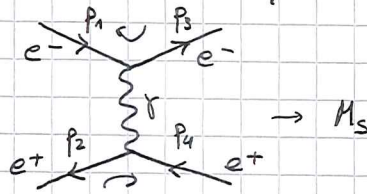
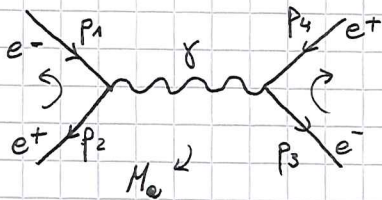


1. Lowest order diagrams of process  $e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$   $\neq$  matrix elements



$$M_a = -\frac{e^2}{q^2} [\bar{v}(p_2) \gamma^\mu u(p_1)] g_{\mu\nu} [\bar{u}(p_3) \gamma^\nu v(p_4)]$$

$$= -\frac{e^2}{q^2} [\bar{v}(p_2) \gamma^\mu u(p_1)] [\bar{u}(p_3) \gamma_\mu v(p_4)]$$

$$M_s = -\frac{e^2}{q^2} [\bar{u}(p_3) \gamma^\mu u(p_1)] [\bar{v}(p_4) \gamma_\mu v(p_2)]$$

2.

I.  $\sum_{\text{spins}} |M_a|^2 = \text{Tr}[(p_2 - m) \gamma^\mu (p_1 + m) \gamma^\nu] \text{Tr}[(p_3 + m) \gamma_\mu (p_4 - m) \gamma_\nu] \frac{e^4}{q^4}$

↳ Since we are interested in  $\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ GeV}$ ,  $m \ll E$ , then we can neglect masses of  $e^-$  and  $e^+$  (ultra relativistic limit)

$$\approx \text{Tr}[p_2 \gamma^\mu p_1 \gamma^\nu] \text{Tr}[p_3 \gamma_\mu p_4 \gamma_\nu]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tr}[p_2 \gamma^\mu p_1 \gamma^\nu] &= p_{2\alpha} p_{1\beta} \text{Tr}[\gamma^\alpha \gamma^\mu \gamma^\beta \gamma^\nu] \\ &= p_{2\alpha} p_{1\beta} 4(g^{\alpha\mu} g^{\beta\nu} - g^{\alpha\beta} g^{\mu\nu} + g^{\alpha\nu} g^{\mu\beta}) \\ &= 4[p_2^\mu p_1^\nu - g^{\mu\nu} (p_1 \cdot p_2) + p_2^\nu p_1^\mu] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Tr}[p_3 \gamma_\mu p_4 \gamma_\nu] &= p_{3\alpha} p_{4\beta} \text{Tr}[\gamma_\alpha \gamma_\mu \gamma_\beta \gamma_\nu] \\ &= 4[p_{3\mu} p_{4\nu} - g_{\mu\nu} (p_3 \cdot p_4) + p_{3\nu} p_{4\mu}] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow \sum_{\text{spins}} |M_a|^2 &= 16 [(p_2 \cdot p_3)(p_1 \cdot p_4) - (p_1 \cdot p_2)(p_3 \cdot p_4) + (p_1 \cdot p_3)(p_2 \cdot p_4) + \\ &\quad - (p_3 \cdot p_4)(p_1 \cdot p_2) + 4(p_1 \cdot p_2)(p_3 \cdot p_4) - (p_3 \cdot p_4)(p_1 \cdot p_2) + \\ &\quad + (p_2 \cdot p_4)(p_1 \cdot p_3) - (p_1 \cdot p_2)(p_3 \cdot p_4) + (p_2 \cdot p_3)(p_1 \cdot p_4)] \frac{e^4}{q^4} \\ &= 32 [(p_2 \cdot p_3)(p_1 \cdot p_4) + (p_1 \cdot p_3)(p_2 \cdot p_4)] \frac{e^4}{q^4} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle |M_a|^2 \rangle &= \frac{1}{4} \sum_{\text{spins}} |M_a|^2 = 8 [(p_2 \cdot p_3)(p_1 \cdot p_4) + (p_1 \cdot p_3)(p_2 \cdot p_4)] \frac{e^4}{q^4} \\ &= \frac{8e^4}{s^2} [(p_2 \cdot p_3)(p_1 \cdot p_4) + (p_1 \cdot p_3)(p_2 \cdot p_4)] \end{aligned}$$