A farmer with a wolf, a goat, and a cabbage must cross a river by boat. The boat can carry only the farmer and a single item. If left unattended together, the wolf would eat the goat, or the goat would eat the cabbage. How can they cross the river without anything being eaten? https://en.m.wikipedia.org/wiki/Wolf,\_goat\_and\_cabbage\_problem

- This spec tought me the difference between CHOICE and with  $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2$
- > CHOOSE is definitely a confusing operator, many people have problems with it including myself.
- > The idea is that CHOOSE always picks the same value, it does not represent arbitrary values.
- > If you're trying to say "sub can be any element of Claims Data", then the "there exists"
- > operator (existential quantification) is what you're looking for, i.e.
- $> \exists \text{ sub } \in ClaimsData: SomePredicate(sub)$

And: > What if multiple values satisfy CHOOSE? In this case the only requirement is that the result is deterministic: the engine must always return the same value, no matter what. In practice this means that TLC will always choose the lowest value that matches the set. https://learntla.com/core/operators.html  $\neq$  choose

CHOOSE has to be deterministic but in my previous implementation (in last commit) I was trying to use CHOOSE to pick any element in subset of side such that removing that item from side would have left it in a valid state. Because I was using CHOOSE, the was always picking the same value leading to a very small possible state transitions and a lot of headache to me.

```
— MODULE wolf\_goat\_cabbage
LOCAL INSTANCE TLC
LOCAL INSTANCE FiniteSets
LOCAL INSTANCE Integers
WOLF \triangleq \text{"Wolf"}
GOAT \triangleq "Goat"
CABBAGE \triangleq "Cabbage"
\begin{aligned} &FinalResult \; \triangleq \; \{WOLF, \, GOAT, \, CABBAGE\} \\ &InvalidStates \; \triangleq \; \{\{CABBAGE, \, GOAT\}, \, \{WOLF, \, GOAT\}\} \end{aligned}
baitinv \triangleq TRUE
 baitinv \stackrel{\triangle}{=} TLCGet("level") < 14
  --algorithm wolf_goat_cabbage{
variables side\_start = FinalResult, side\_end = \{\};
     IsValidState(side) \triangleq \neg(side \in InvalidStates)
     Inv \stackrel{\triangle}{=} side\_end \neq FinalResult
      this operator is used select an item
      from side such that removing this item
      will leave "side" in a valid state.
      ValidSubsets(side) \triangleq \{s \in SUBSET (side) : IsValidState(side\_start \setminus s) \land Cardinality(s) = 1\}
 }
macro PickFrom( side, other_side_is_valid ) {
     await \land transport = \{\}
                 \land side \neq \{\} \land other\_side\_is\_valid;
```

```
choose an item such that this side is left valid:
    with ( item \in ValidSubsets(side) ) {
           transport := item;
           side := side \setminus transport;
     }
 }
macro DropItemTo( side ) {
     leave an item to side\_start side. If needed to avoid conflicts, load the other item.
    await transport \neq \{\};
    side := side \cup transport;
    transport := \{\};
 }
process ( Farmer = 1 )
variable transport = \{\}; \{
    while ( TRUE ) {
        either {
              pick an item from side\_start and load it.
             PickFrom(side_start, IsValidState(side_end));
                pick an item from side\_start and load it.
              PickFrom(side_end, IsValidState(side_start));
              DropItemTo(side\_start);
          } or {
              DropItemTo(side\_end);
     }
 }
}
 BEGIN TRANSLATION (chksum(pcal) = "7c28162a" \land chksum(tla) = "b19f62f8")
VARIABLES side\_start, side\_end
IsValidState(side) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \neg (side \in InvalidStates)
Inv \stackrel{\triangle}{=} side\_end \neq FinalResult
ValidSubsets(side) \triangleq \{s \in SUBSET\ (side) : IsValidState(side\_start \setminus s) \land Cardinality(s) = 1\}
VARIABLE transport
vars \triangleq \langle side\_start, side\_end, transport \rangle
ProcSet \triangleq \{1\}
```

```
Init \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Global variables
           \land side\_start = FinalResult
           \land side\_end = \{\}
            Process Farmer
           \land transport = \{\}
Farmer \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \lor \land \land transport = \{\}
                          \land side\_start \neq \{\} \land (IsValidState(side\_end))
                    \land \exists item \in ValidSubsets(side\_start):
                          \land transport' = item
                          \land side\_start' = side\_start \setminus transport'
                    ∧ UNCHANGED side_end
                \lor \land \land transport = \{\}
                          \land side\_end \neq \{\} \land (IsValidState(side\_start))
                    \land \exists item \in ValidSubsets(side\_end):
                          \land \mathit{transport'} = \mathit{item}
                          \land \mathit{side\_end'} = \mathit{side\_end} \setminus \mathit{transport'}
                    \land UNCHANGED side\_start
                \lor \land transport \neq \{\}
                    \land side\_start' = (side\_start \cup transport)
                    \land transport' = \{\}
                    \land UNCHANGED side\_end
                \lor \land transport \neq \{\}
                    \land side\_end' = (side\_end \cup transport)
                    \land transport' = \{\}
                    ∧ UNCHANGED side_start
Next \triangleq Farmer
Spec \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \wedge Init \wedge \Box [Next]_{vars}
             \wedge WF_{vars}(Next)
             \wedge WF_{vars}(Farmer)
 END TRANSLATION
TypeOk \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \land \forall el \in side\_start : el \in \{WOLF, GOAT, CABBAGE\}
                 \land \forall el \in side\_end : el \in \{WOLF, GOAT, CABBAGE\}
                 \land \forall el \in transport : el \in \{WOLF, GOAT, CABBAGE\}
```