1. Solving the following linear program using simplex method $\max Z = 3x_1 + 6x_2 + 2x_3$

MEMO NO: Combinatorics HV8-1

$$\begin{cases} 3x_1 + 4x_2 + x_3 \le 2\\ x_1 + 3x_2 + 2x_3 \le 1 \end{cases}$$
$$\begin{cases} x_1 \ge 0, x_2 \ge 0, x_3 \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

DATE:

1.L=3x,+6x,+2x3
(3x, +4x, +x3 +xy = 2
$\begin{array}{c} X_{1} + 3 \times_{0} + 2 \times_{3} + \times_{5} = 1 \end{array}$
$\times i = 0, \hat{c} = 1,5$
hasis B x, x, x, x, x, x,
x4 2 3 4 10 1 0
xs 1 1 3 2 0 1
L(X) 0 -3 (-6) -2 0 0
The provided by the Mills of the provided
We have negative coef in 3rd line (non optimal)
Take 3rd column (1-61-max)
1 take 300 column (1-61 - max)
min (3/4, 1/3) - 1/3 => take 2nd fow as leading
min (3/4, 1/3) - 1/2 => take 2nd fow as leading. Tet new simplex table; take & instead of x into house
min (2/4, 1/3) - 1/2 => take 2nd Pow as leading. Tet new simplex table: take x instead of x into hours. Prosis 6 X1 X2 X3 X4 X5 min
min (2/4, 1/2) = 1/2 => take 2nd Pow as leading. Tet new simplex table: take x instead of x into havis Paris 6 X1 X2 X2 X4 X5 min X4 2-4-2 3-4-2 4-3-6 1-2-4-2 1-0-4-0 0-1-4-(2) 275
min (2/4, 1/2) = 1/2 => take 2nd Pow as leading. Tet new simplex table: take x instead of x into havis Paris 6 X1 X2 X2 X4 X5 min X4 2-4-2 3-4-2 4-3-6 1-2-4-2 1-0-4-0 0-1-4-(2) 275
Take 3 of column (1-61-max) min (3/4, 1/2) = 1/2 => take 2 nd Pow as leading get new simplex table: take x2 instead of x5 into Passis b X1 X2 X3 X4 X5 min X_4 $3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 = 3 $
Take 3°0 column (1-61-max) min (2/4, 1/3) = 1/2 => take 2nd Pow as leading get new simplex table; take x instead of x into has; Paris 6 X1 X2 X3 X4 X5 min X4 (3-4-2) 3-4-2 4-3-6 1-2-4-2 1-0-4-0 0-1-4-2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

min (3, 15/2, 9, 1/3/2) Count new simplex	(-)====================================	1st var i	s laading	<u> </u>	
Count new simples	table, n	ow x, 1	n Basi's inste	ead of xy	
hagis 6	XA	1 X2	X ₃	1 X4 1 X5	
X1 2/3/9/2	5/3/5/3-1	%=6	-5/3/9-(1)	1/5 (3) = 1/3/5 (4)	
X2 13-(43.1/3) (1/5)	1/2-5/3-1/3	1-0.4/3 = (1)	17/3-5/3·1/3·1	0-13 1 1 3 - 13 1 3	
(X) 2-2/30-1 = (12/5)	-1-5/30-1(0)	0-00-1	2-(-5/3)-11-91	0-1-1-12-13-1	
1/3		43	5/3	-1/3 -5/3 =	
Rugis 6 $\times 1$ $\times 1$ $\times 2$ $\times 3$ $\times 3$ $\times 4$ $\times 5$ $\times 1$ $\times $					
answer X=75 2 x2=1/5 + X2=0					
$max_1 = 3.2 + 6.4 + 12.0 = 12/5$					
	2	12	~-=15		