

1. Please prove the following equation of fibonacci sequence F_i :

$$F_1 + F_3 + F_5 + \boxed{?} + F_{2n-1} = F_{2n}$$

Prove by induction ($\sum_{i=1}^n F_{2i-1} = F_{2n}$)

Base: $k=1$; $F_1 = F_2$ ($F_1 = F_2 = 1$)

$k=2$; $F_1 + F_3 = F_2 + F_3 = F_4$

Let $\sum_{i=1}^n F_{2i-1} = F_{2n}$ be correct for $n=k-1$.

$$\text{For } n=k: \sum_{i=1}^k F_{2i-1} = \sum_{i=1}^{k-1} F_{2i-1} + F_{2k-1} =$$

$$= F_{2k-2} + F_{2k-1} = F_{2k} \quad \square$$

means that $\sum_{i=1}^n F_{2i-1} = F_{2n} \quad \square$

2. Please provide the corresponding characteristic equations for the following recurrence relation:

$$a_n = 2a_{n-1} + 4a_{n-2} - 5a_{n-3}$$

$$x^3 - 2x^2 - 4x + 5 = 0$$

3. Solve the recurrence relation $h_n = 2h_{n-1} + 8h_{n-2}$, $n \geq 2$, $h_1 = 1$, $h_2 = 10$

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Characteristic equation: $x^2 - 2x - 8 = 0$

roots are 4 and -2

$$h_n = A(4)^n + B(-2)^n$$

$$h_1 = 1; \quad h_2 = 10$$

$$h_1 = 1: \quad 4A - 2B = 1 \quad \Rightarrow \quad A = \frac{1}{2}, \quad B = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$h_2 = 10: \quad 16A + 4B = 10$$

$$h_n = \frac{1}{2}(4^n) + \frac{1}{2}(-2)^n$$