

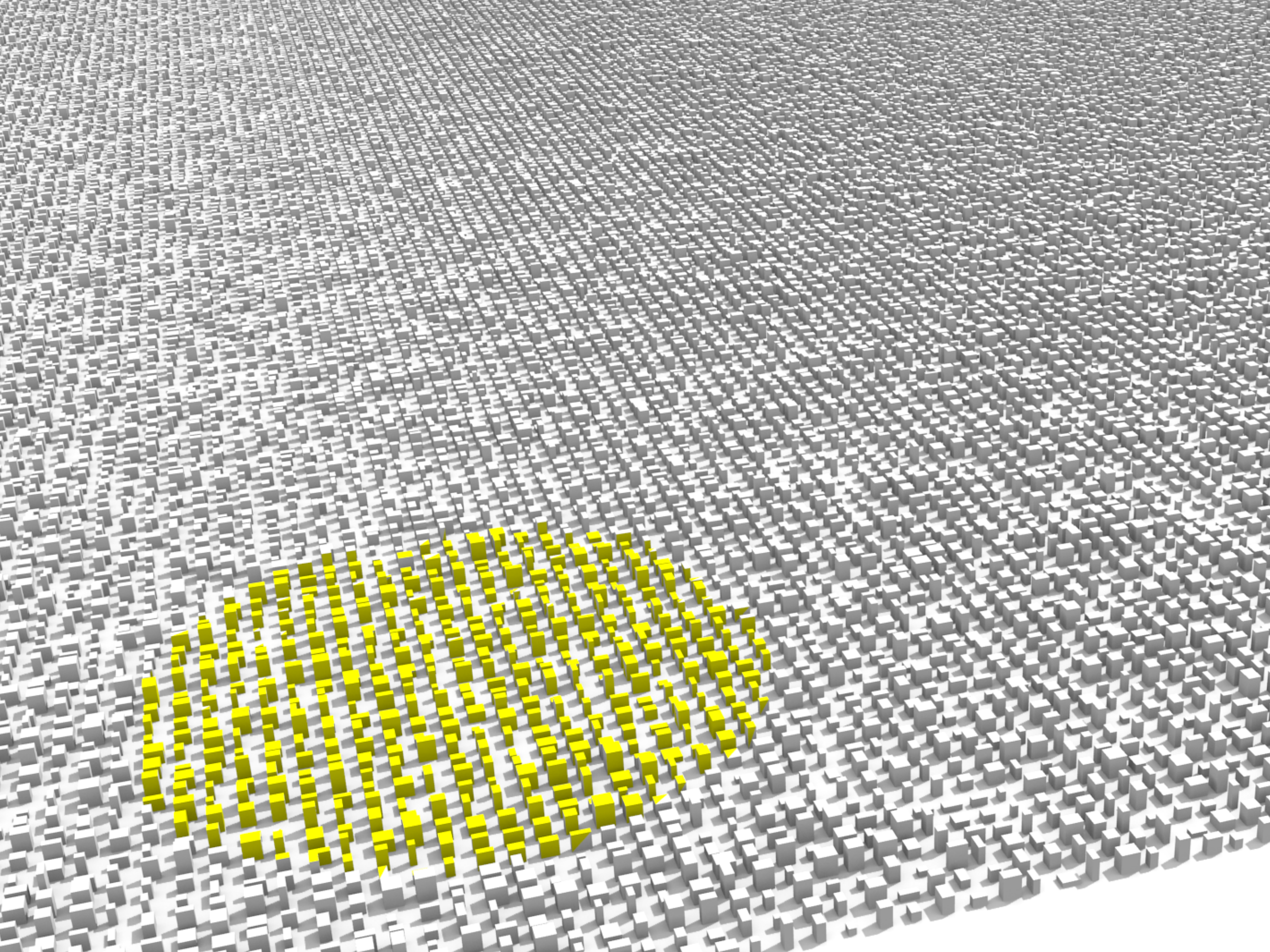
Use-cases for WP3

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1. Estimation of population in an area of interest

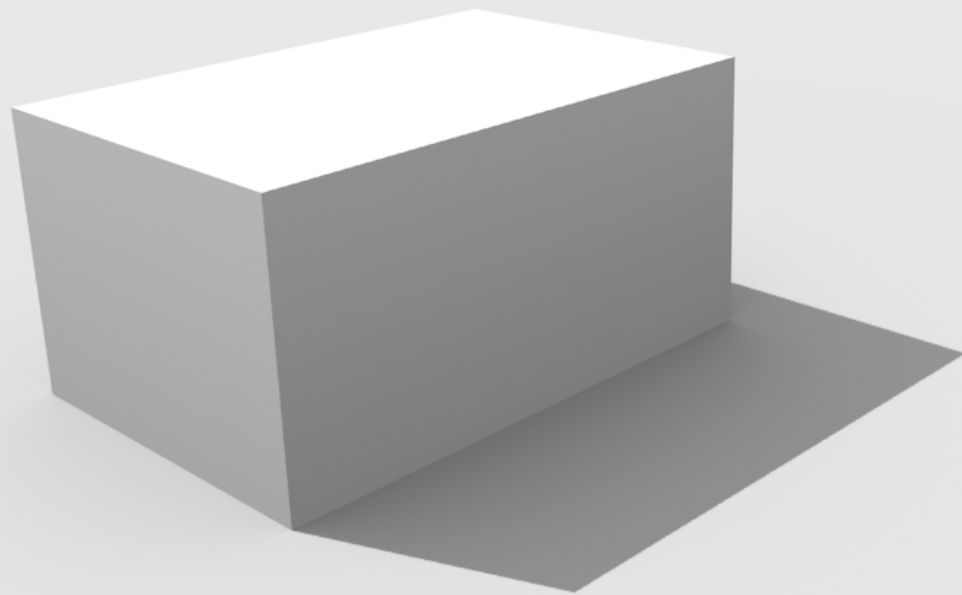
- Described in the Annex of D2.8.III.2 INSPIRE Data Specification on Buildings – Technical Guidelines
- Computing the number of inhabitants per building based on the area/volume of the building, height, attributes, ...
- Relevant because different LODs produce different results, and it also involves attributes (e.g. building use) which are in practice not available in LOD1



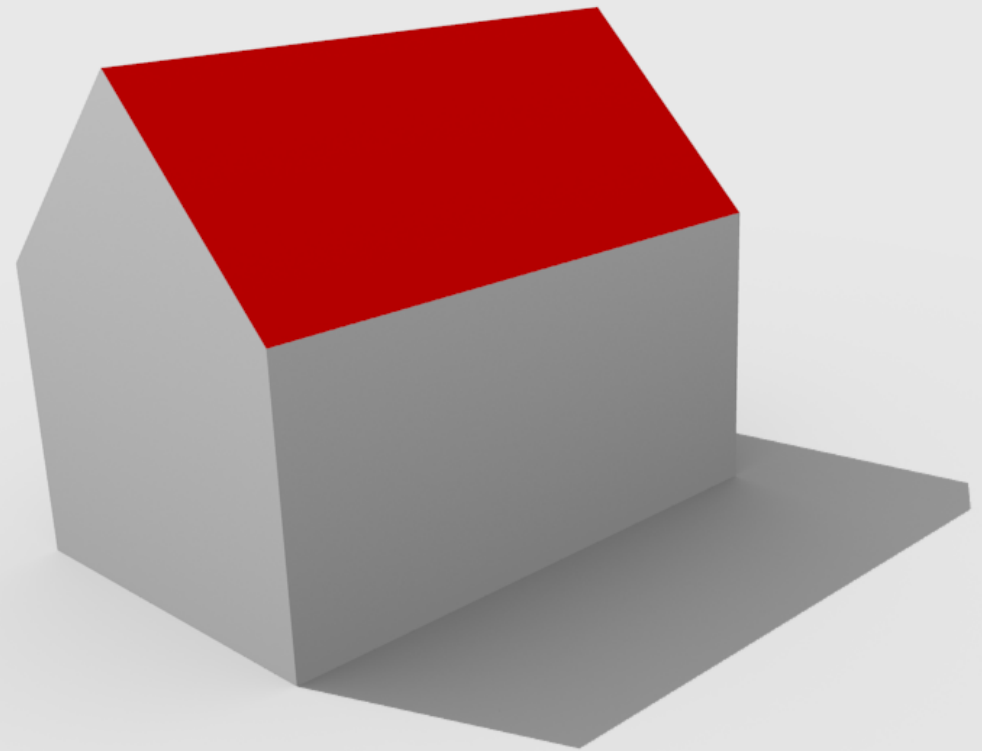
2. Determination of property taxes

- Applicable to jurisdictions where property taxes are determined from the size and use of the building (e.g. Italy)
- Determined from volume and other geometric parameters
- Boeters, R., 2013. Automatic enhancement of CityGML LoD2 models with interiors and its usability for net internal area determination. MSc thesis, Delft University of Technology.

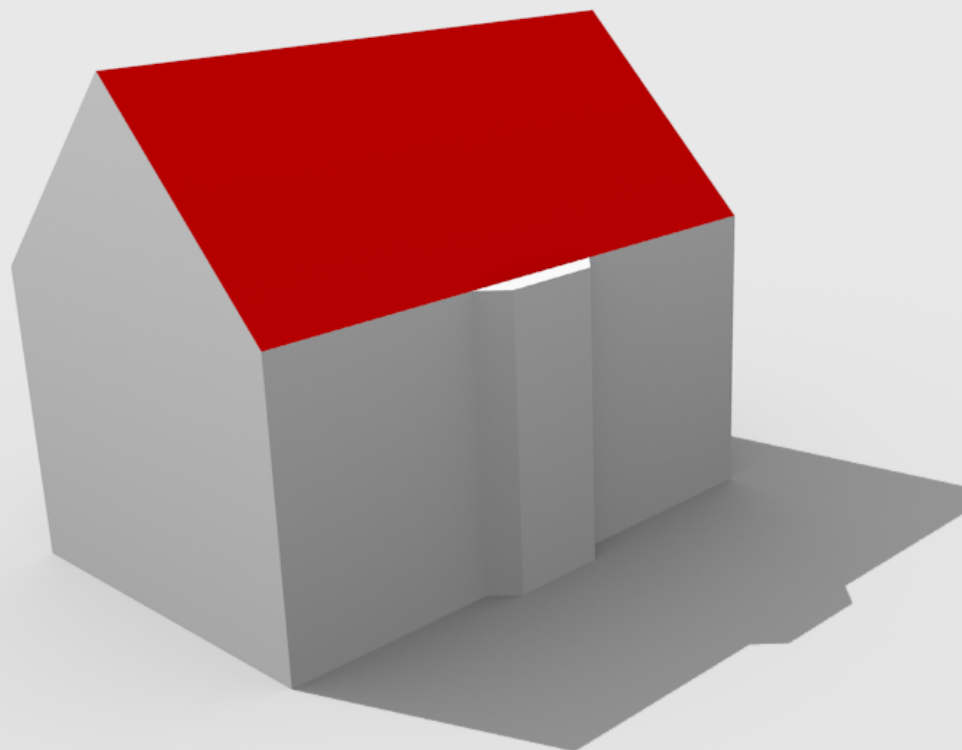
3. Shadow modelling



LOD1



LOD2.0



LOD2.1



LOD3

3. Shadow modelling

- Regulation in Dutch cities, such as the Hague
- Different LODs cast a different shadow
- Semantics not relevant
- Room for creating customised LODs suited for this use-case