

RSA Conference 2020

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HUMAN
ELEMENT

SESSION ID: PART4-T08

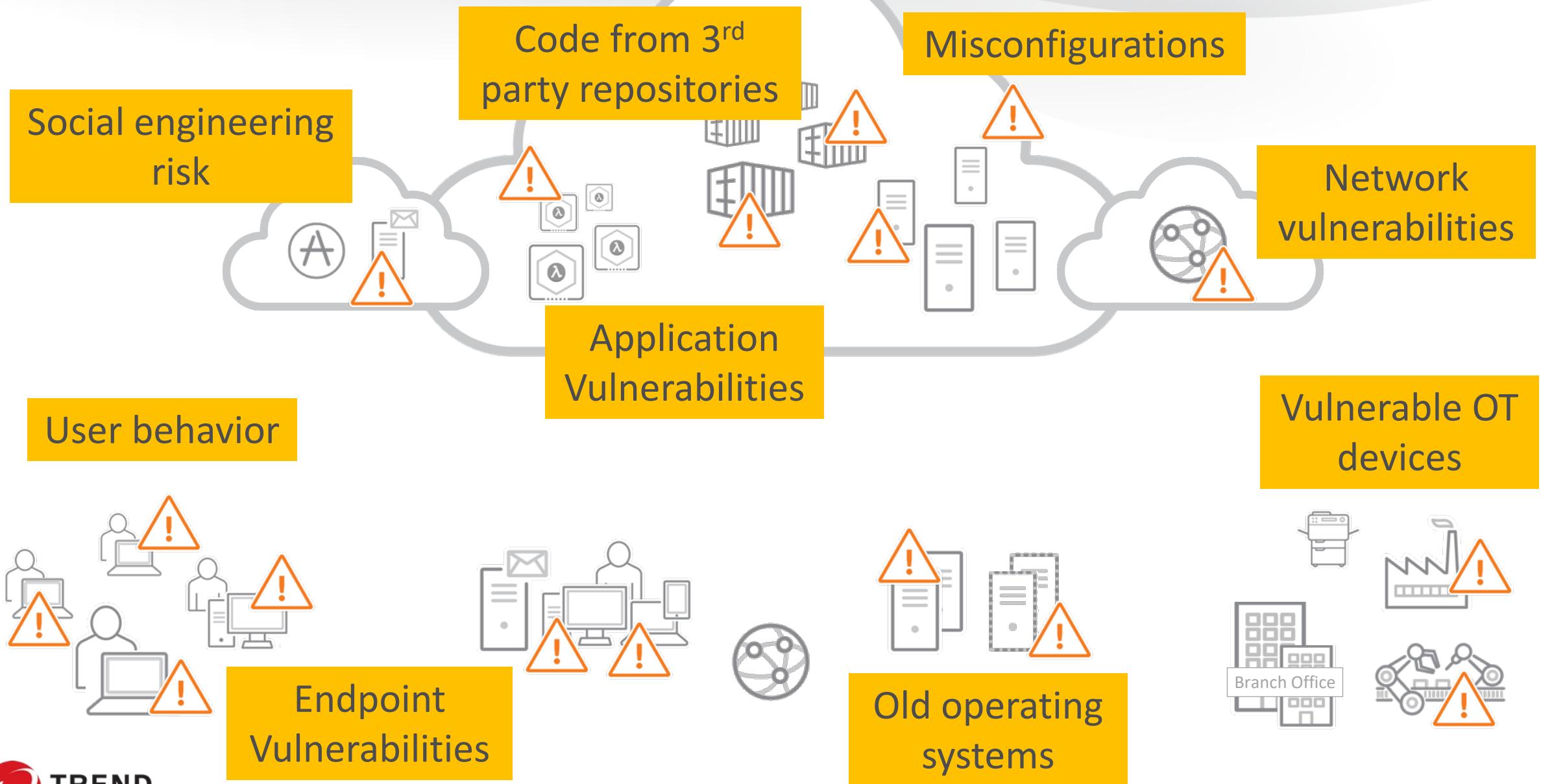
XDR: Improving EDR effectiveness by adding email & network visibility



Eric Skinner

VP, Market Strategy
Trend Micro
@EricSkinner

#RSAC



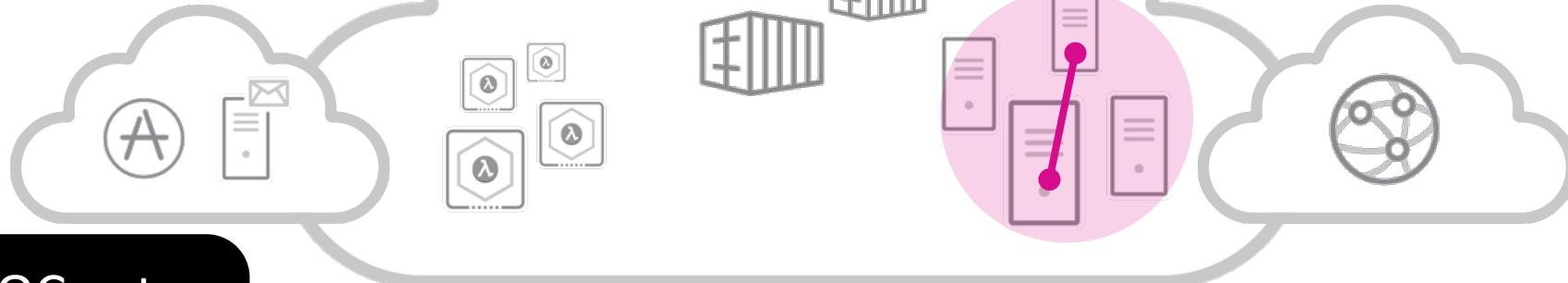


SOC/IR ANALYST

Wants fast detection &
response across
entire environment



...and limited visibility to threats affecting cloud workloads

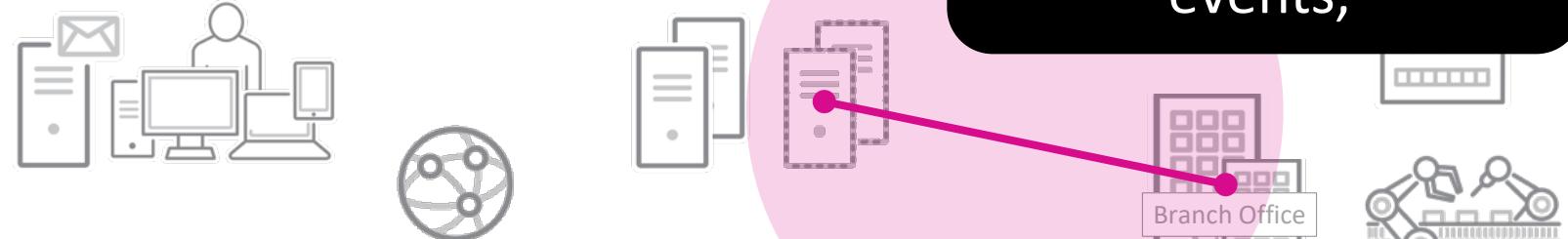


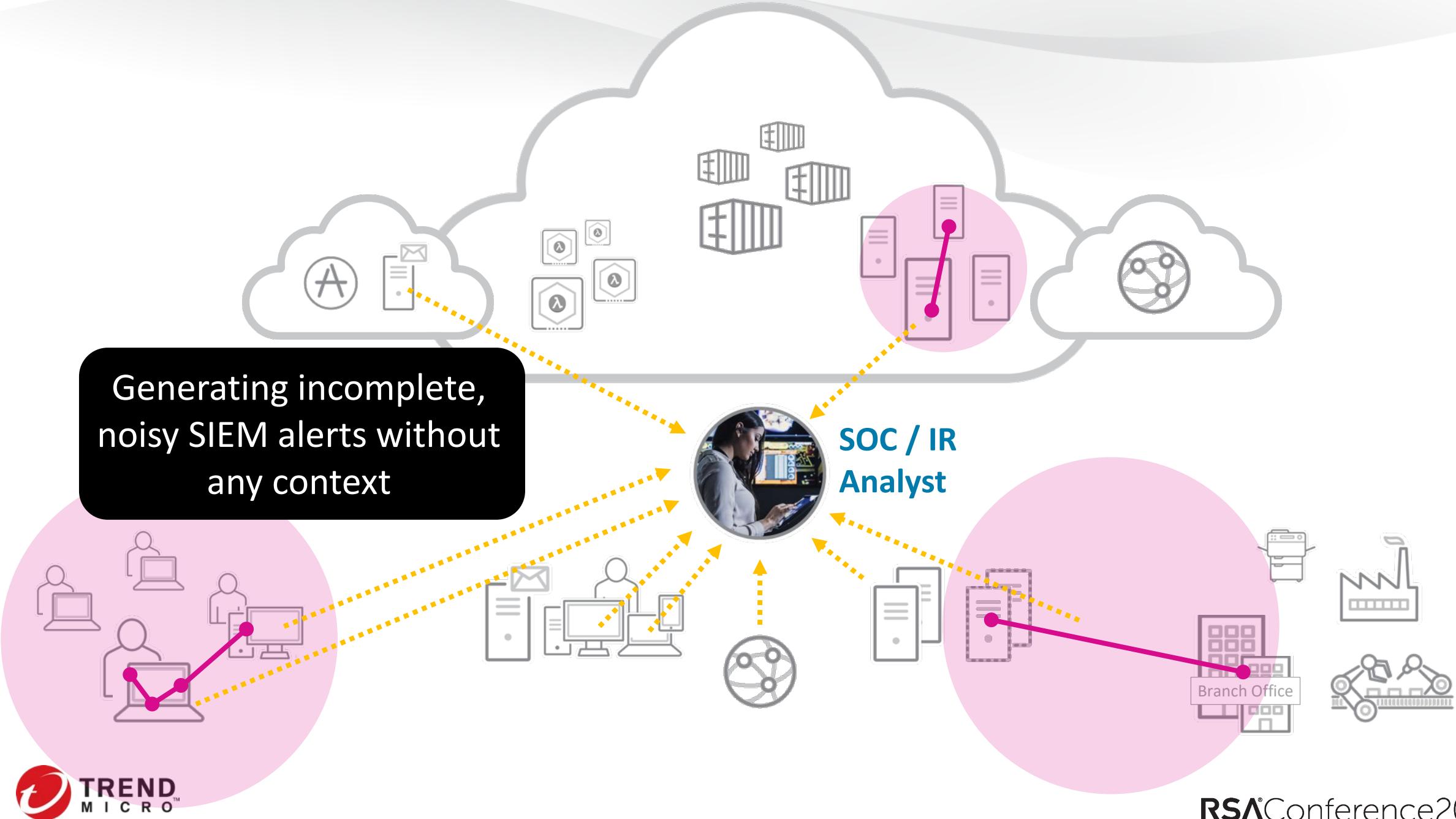
Today, the SOC gets siloed insight into endpoints (EDR)...



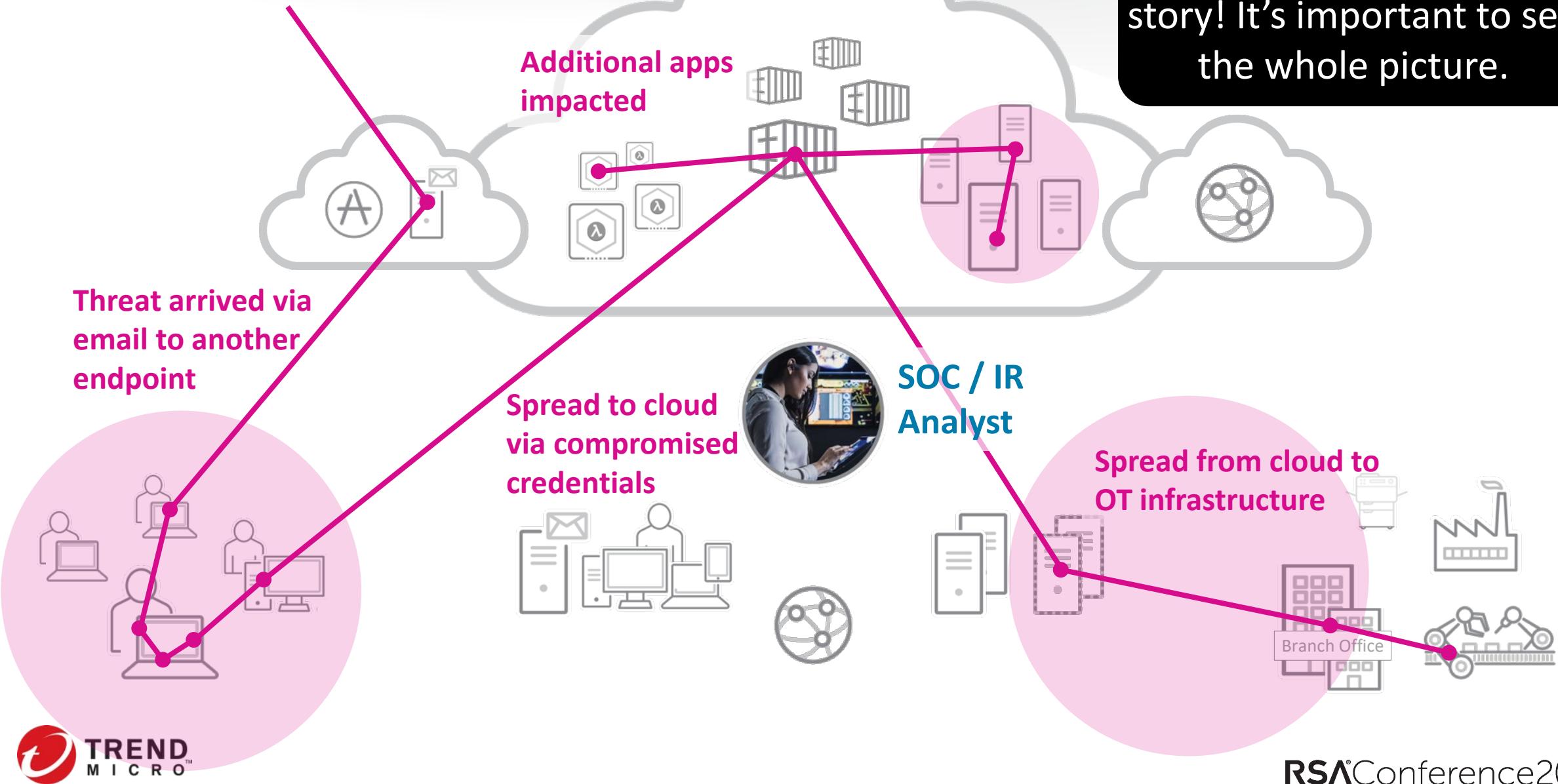
SOC / IR Analyst

...a separate siloed view into network events,

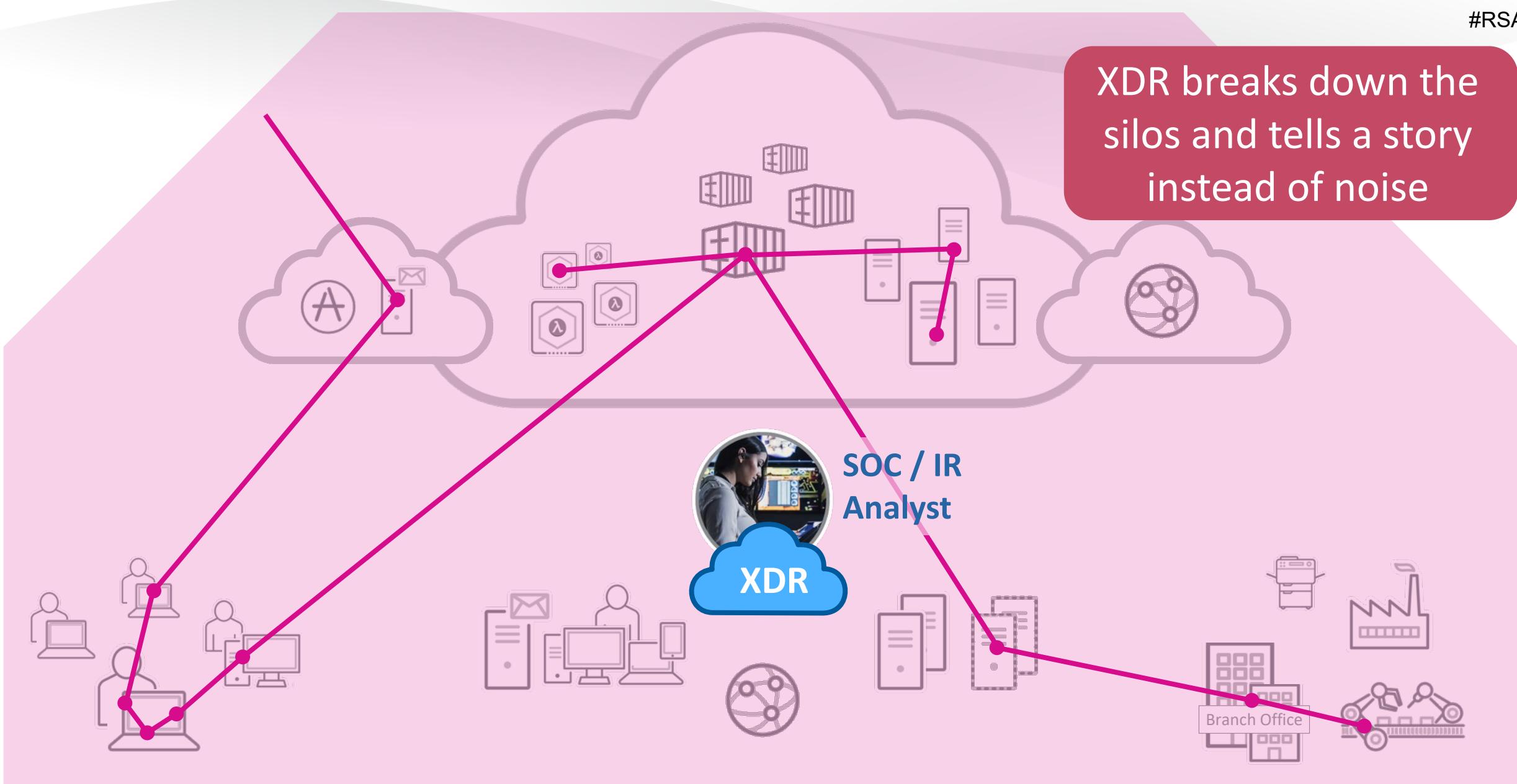


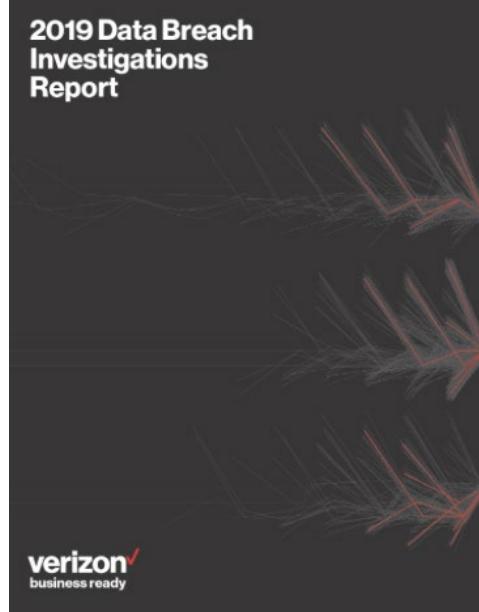


There was more to the story! It's important to see the whole picture.



XDR breaks down the silos and tells a story instead of noise





Source: Verizon Data Breach Investigations Report, May 2019

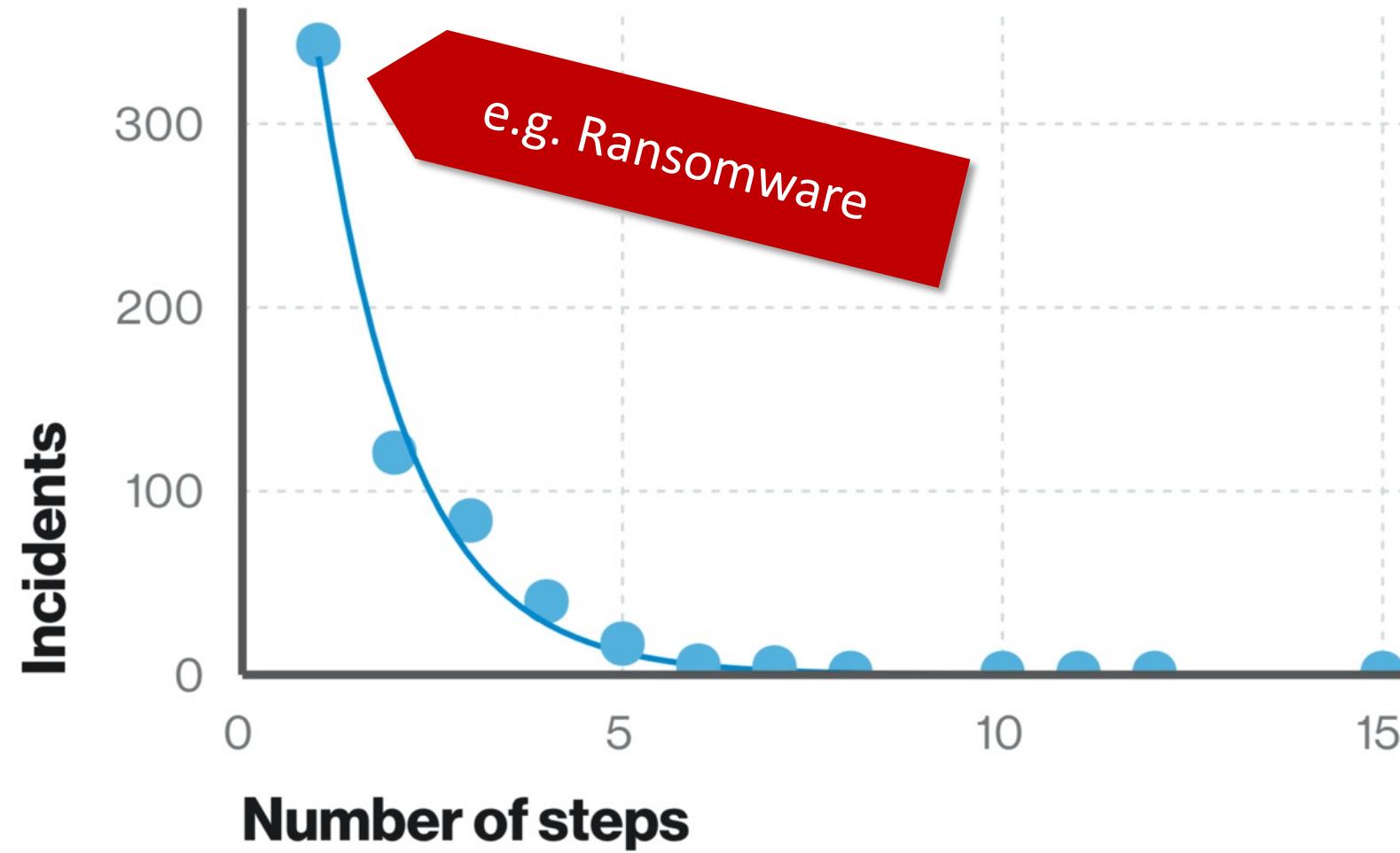


Figure 29. Number of steps per incident ($n=1,285$)
Short attack paths are much more common than long attack paths.



What's XDR, anyway?

An emerging industry term, not vendor-specific.

XDR Definition, emerging:



Josh Zelonis
@josh_zelonis

I'm claiming analyst privilege on XDR:

- 1) The acronym is Extended Detection & Response
- 2) Fully formed XDR capabilities are vendor agnostic and do detection on application, endpoint, and network telemetry.
- 3) If this sounds like a SIM use case it's because this is not new.

1:25 PM · Dec 12, 2019 · [TweetDeck](#)

Josh Zelonis, Principal Analyst, Forrester Research Inc.

December 12, 2019

https://twitter.com/josh_zelonis/status/1205192042843758592

With focus on built-in correlation, not just collection:



Peter Firstbrook
@Pfirstbrook

I think a useful distinction with XDR is local threat intel & IR integration/correlation is out of the box, not DIY in SOAR/SIEM tools.
Just like EDR is not just a bunch of Windows logs in one place.

Peter Firstbrook, VP Analyst, Gartner Inc.

Dec 13, 2019

<https://twitter.com/Pfirstbrook/status/1205559416755511296>

Some Managed Services do “XDR” today



Josh Zelonis
@josh_zelonis

Replying to @CrypTodd and @anton_chuvakin

It's a common misconception that MDR is just managed-EDR, when in reality "good" MDR is managed-XDR already.

While not productized, I imagine most MDR offerings already have fairly mature XDR capabilities internally to deliver the service.

1:59 PM · Dec 13, 2019 · [TweetDeck](#)

Josh Zelonis, Principal Analyst, Forrester Research Inc.

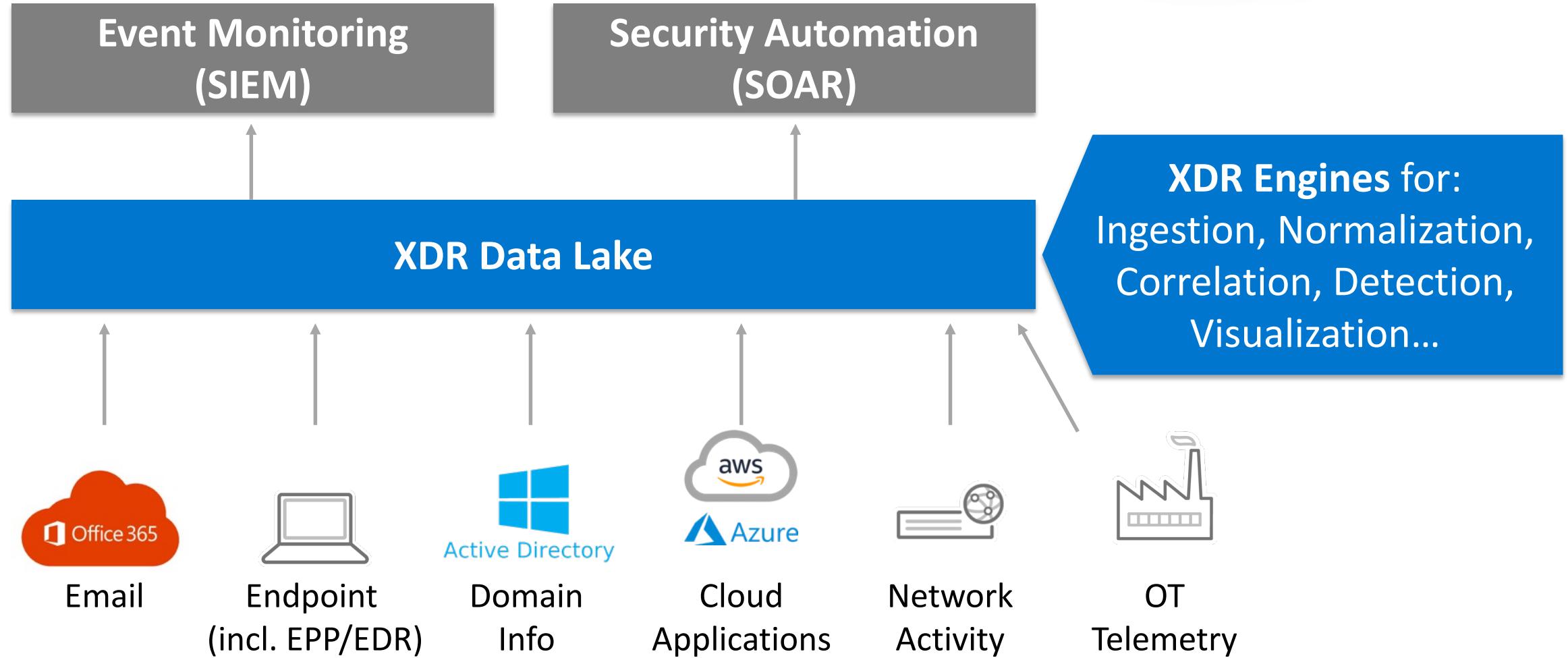
December 13, 2019

https://twitter.com/josh_zelonis/status/1205563012163108864?s=20

XDR Acronym, Expanded

Cross-Layer
X **Detection & Response**
Extended

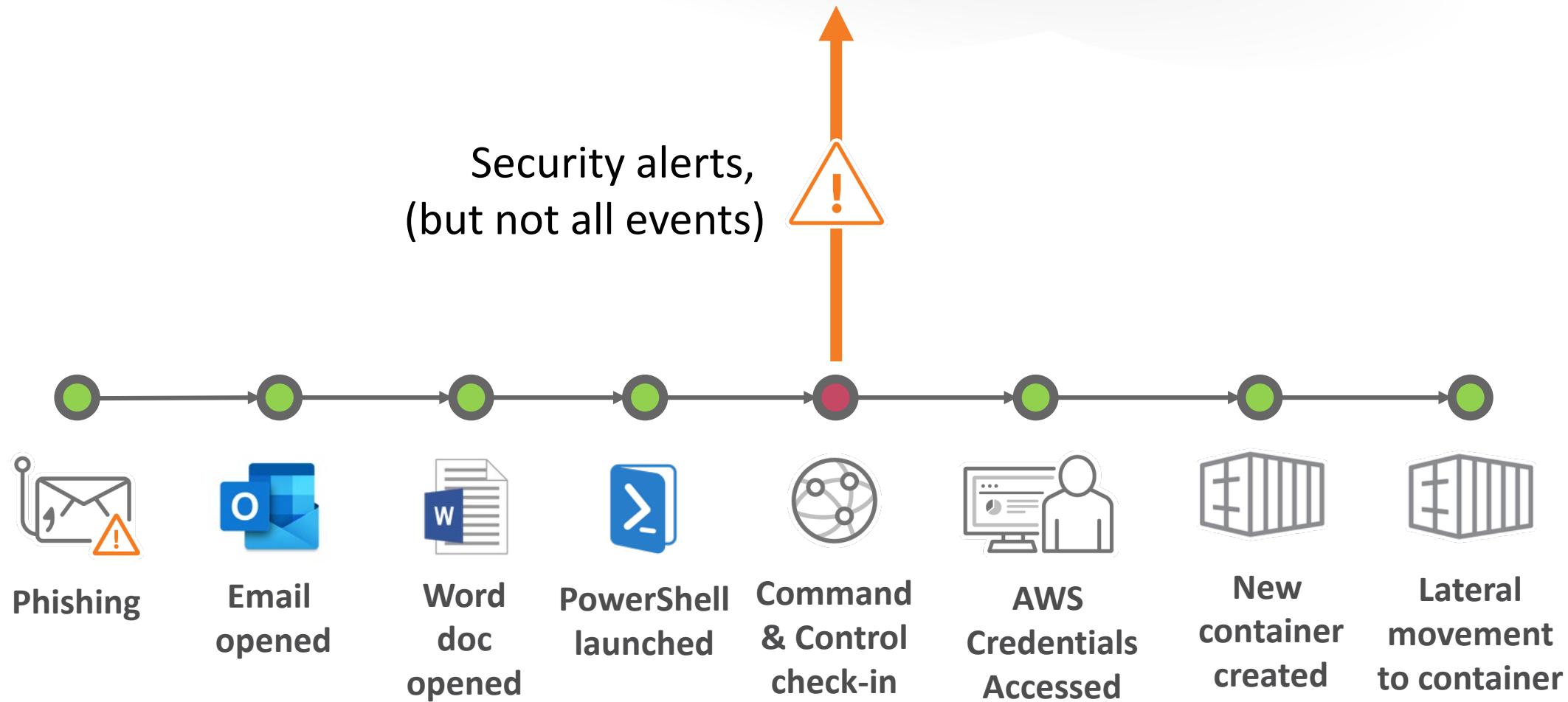
An XDR system view





Isn't this just SIEM? No.

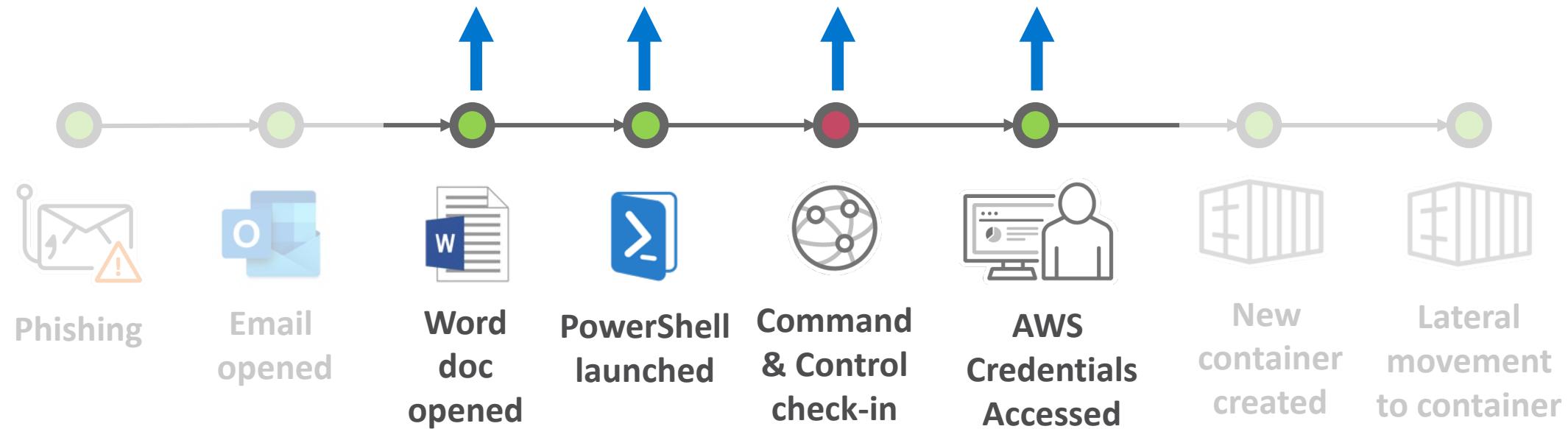
SIEM (Security Information and Event Management)



SIEM (Security Information and Event Management)

Collecting all **endpoint** activity, not just alerts

EDR (Endpoint Detection & Response)

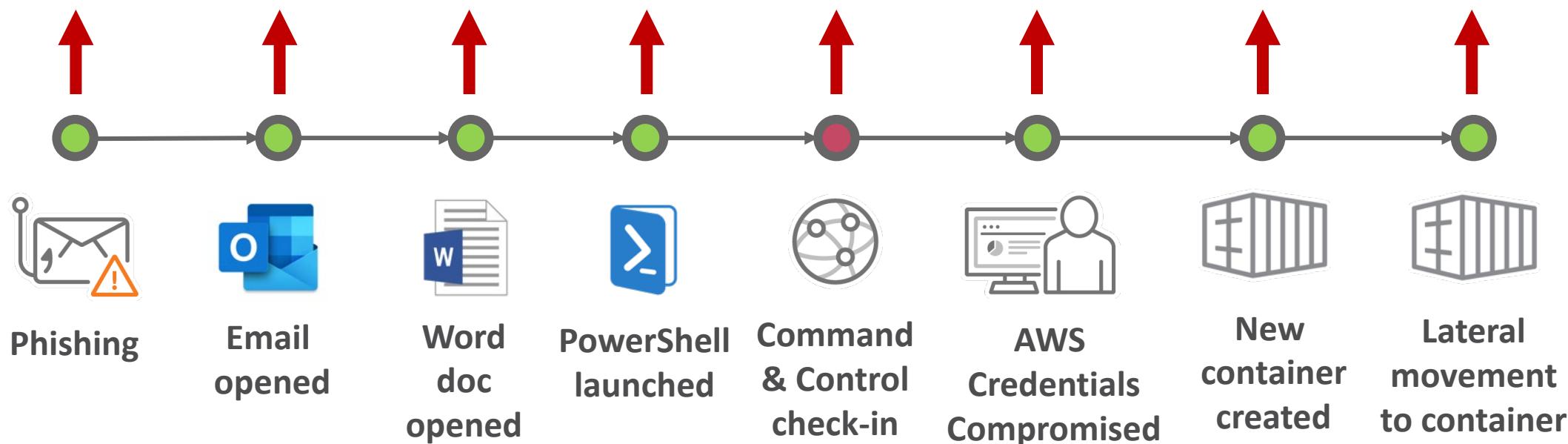


SIEM (Security Information and Event Management)



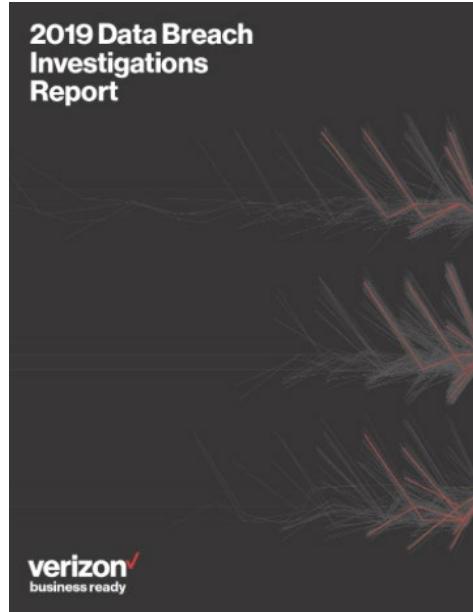
Fewer, higher-fidelity alert that tells a story

XDR (with cloud data lake collecting all activity)





Why email detection & response?

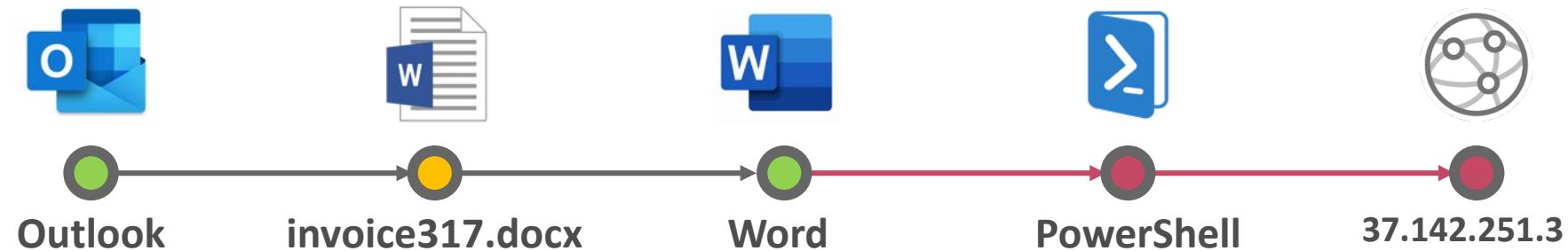


Email as the delivery method
for malware:

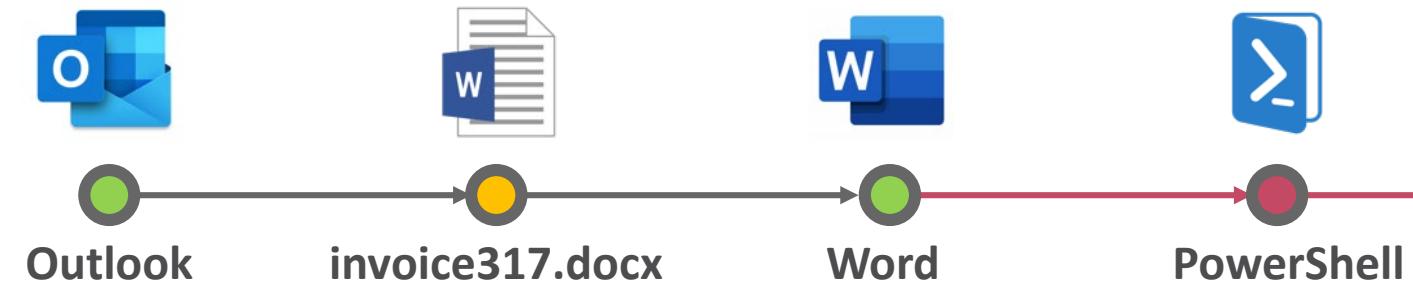
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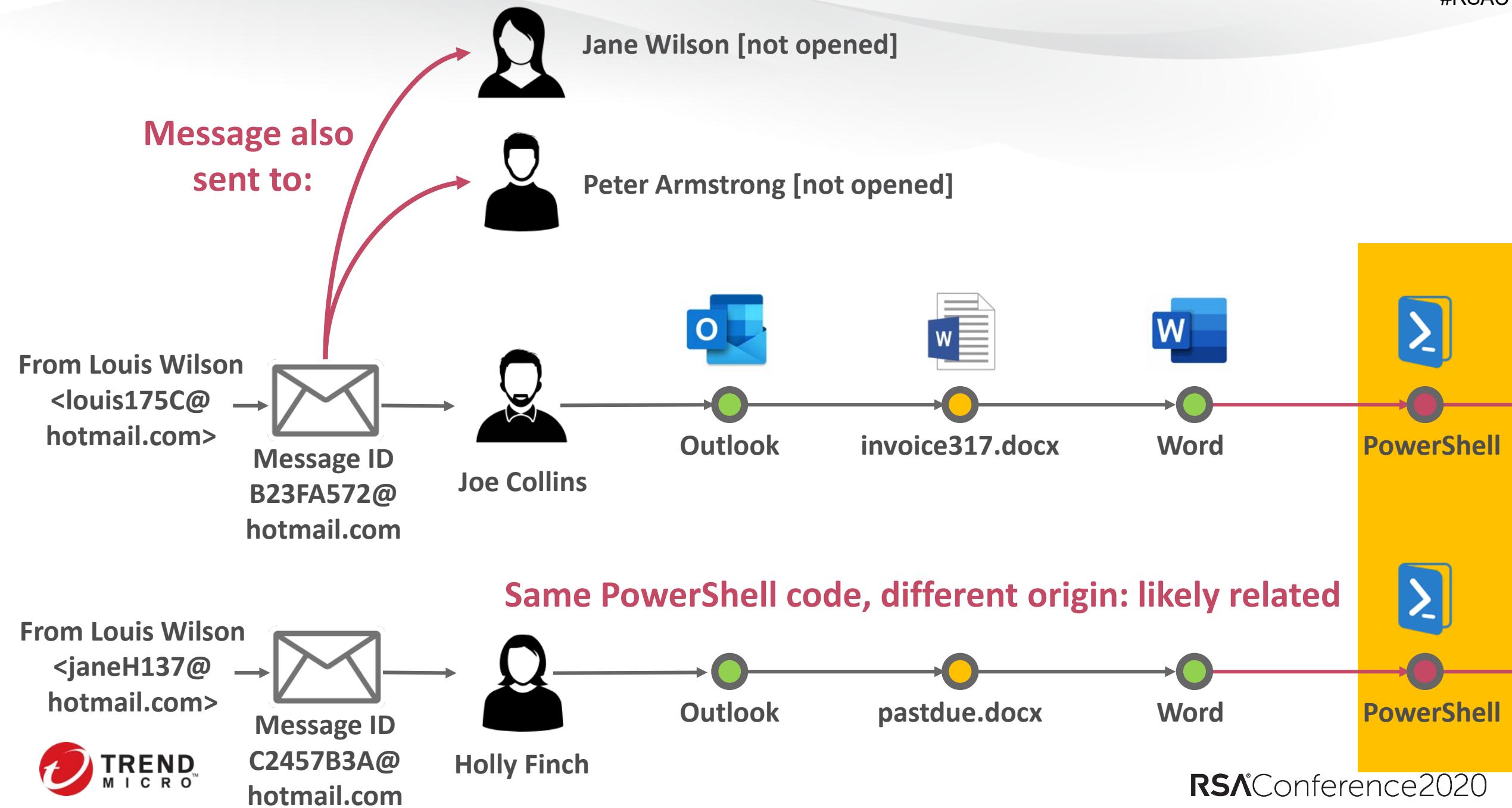
Source: Verizon Data Breach
Investigations Report, May
2019

This looks bad, and can trigger detection...



...but knowing what
happened earlier is
really useful!







Server & Endpoint Attacks are Different

Typical Endpoint Attack

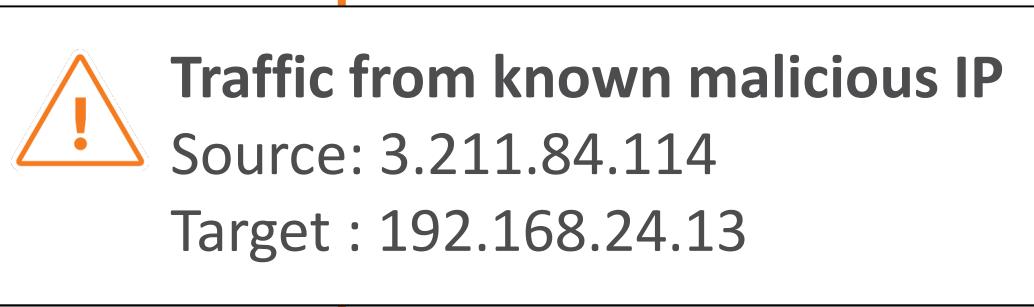


Typical Server Attack





SIEM



**Server
Workload**

Server IR challenge #1: **SIEM has Insufficient Context**

Who manages this server?

Is it in the datacenter or in AWS/Azure?

How critical is the workload?



XDR



SSL Downgrade Attempt



Target: srv03dbms

Location: AWS EU-WEST-1

Managed by: James Hope

Criticality: PRODUCTION

Subnet: PRIVATE



Server
Workload

More Context with XDR Telemetry

Speeding response

Prioritizing severity

Leveraging meta-data
from cloud platforms



SIEM



Log Inspection Alert

Possible attack on the SSH
Server (or version gathering)

Source: 3.211.84.114

Time: Sept 9, 2019 01:30:59

Server IR challenge #2:
Alerts don't tell whole story



Server
Workload

General Information

Time: September 9, 2019 01:30:59

Computer: [ec2-54-201-30-214.us-west-2.compute.amazonaws.com \(Hybrid Jump\) \[i-a504727d\]](#)

Event Origin: Agent

Reason: [1002828 - Application - Secure Shell Daemon \(SSHD\)](#)

Description: Possible attack on the ssh server (or version gathering)

Rank: 50 = Asset Value x Severity Value = 1 x 50

Severity: High (8)

Groups: syslog,sshd,

Program Name: sshd

Event: Bad protocol version identification '\026\003\001\002' from 3.211.84.114 port 51302

Location: /var/log/secure

Source IP:

Source Port:

Destination IP:



SIEM



Log Inspection Alert

Possible attack on the SSH
Server (or version gathering)

Source: 3.211.84.114

Time: Sept 9, 2019 01:30:59



Server
Workload

Server IR challenge #2: Alerts don't tell whole story

This is likely one step of many

What's the bigger picture?

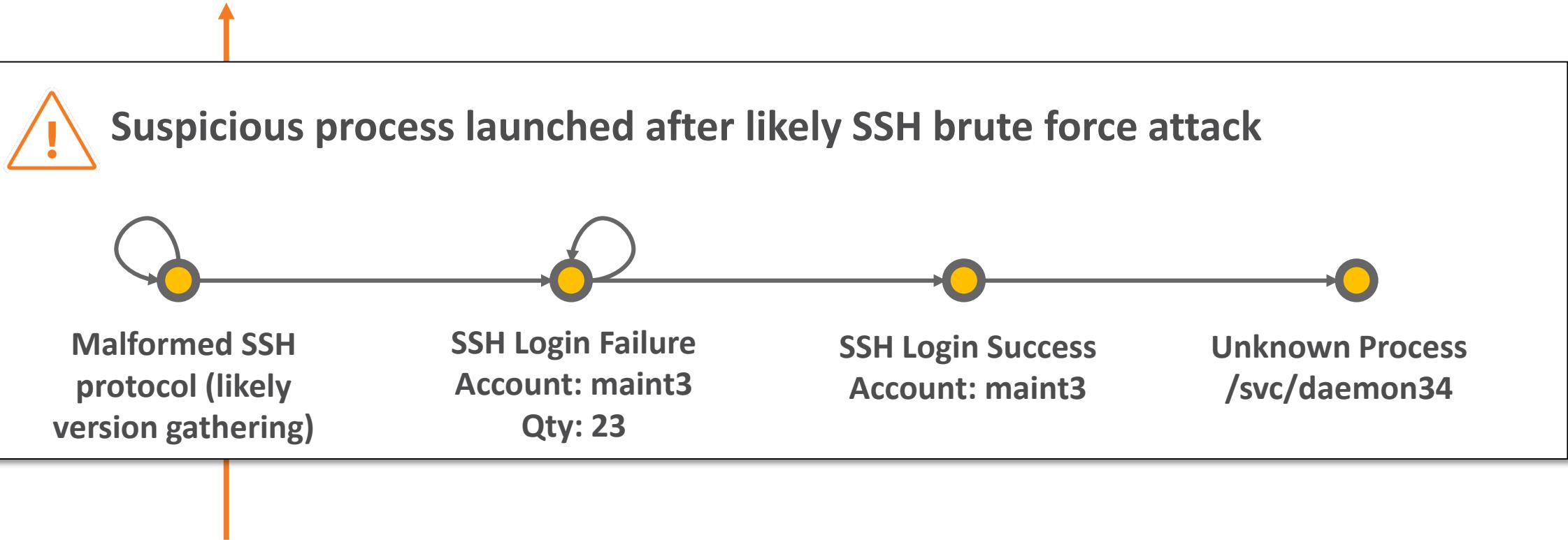
Has the attacker been
successful?



XDR

XDR tells a story

Enables faster/automated response





EDR

 Traffic to known C&C
Source: 10.10.203.57
Target: 3.211.84.114



Server Workload
using Containers

Server IR challenge #3: Endpoint EDR doesn't deeply understand containers

What container has the issue?

What about images that aren't
running?



XDR



Traffic to known C&C from vulnerable container

Source: 10.10.203.57

Target : 3.211.84.114



Docker Container d7886598dbe2

Image ID: e31487ab6f14

Vulnerability: CVE2017-1000408



Server Workload using Containers



Additional vulnerable container images require remediation

Inactive containers

Image IDs: 84c2af573c22 + 14

Vulnerability: CVE2017-1000408



Inbound C&C traffic detected to second vulnerable container

Running container

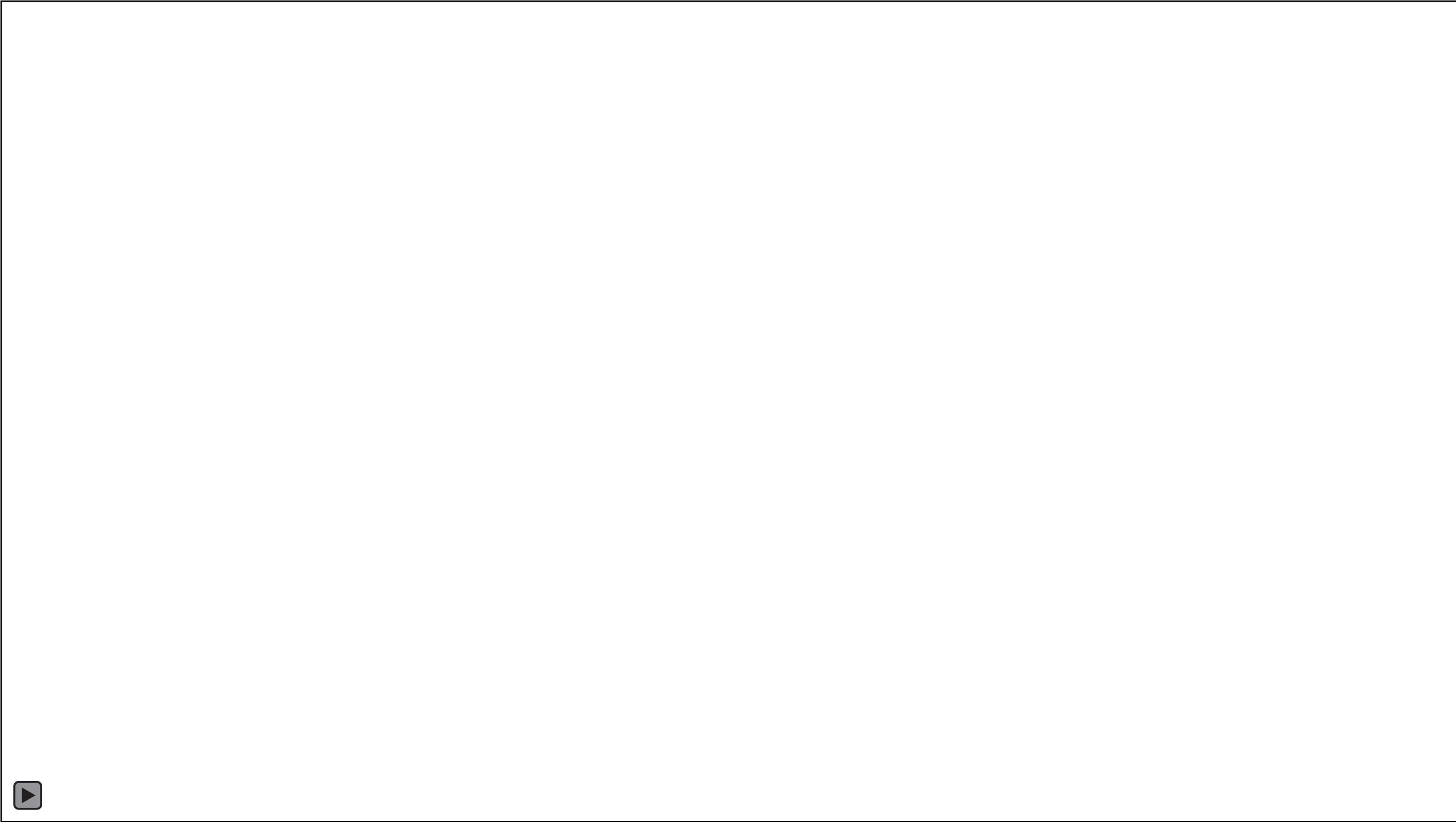
Container: 17cfa731521f

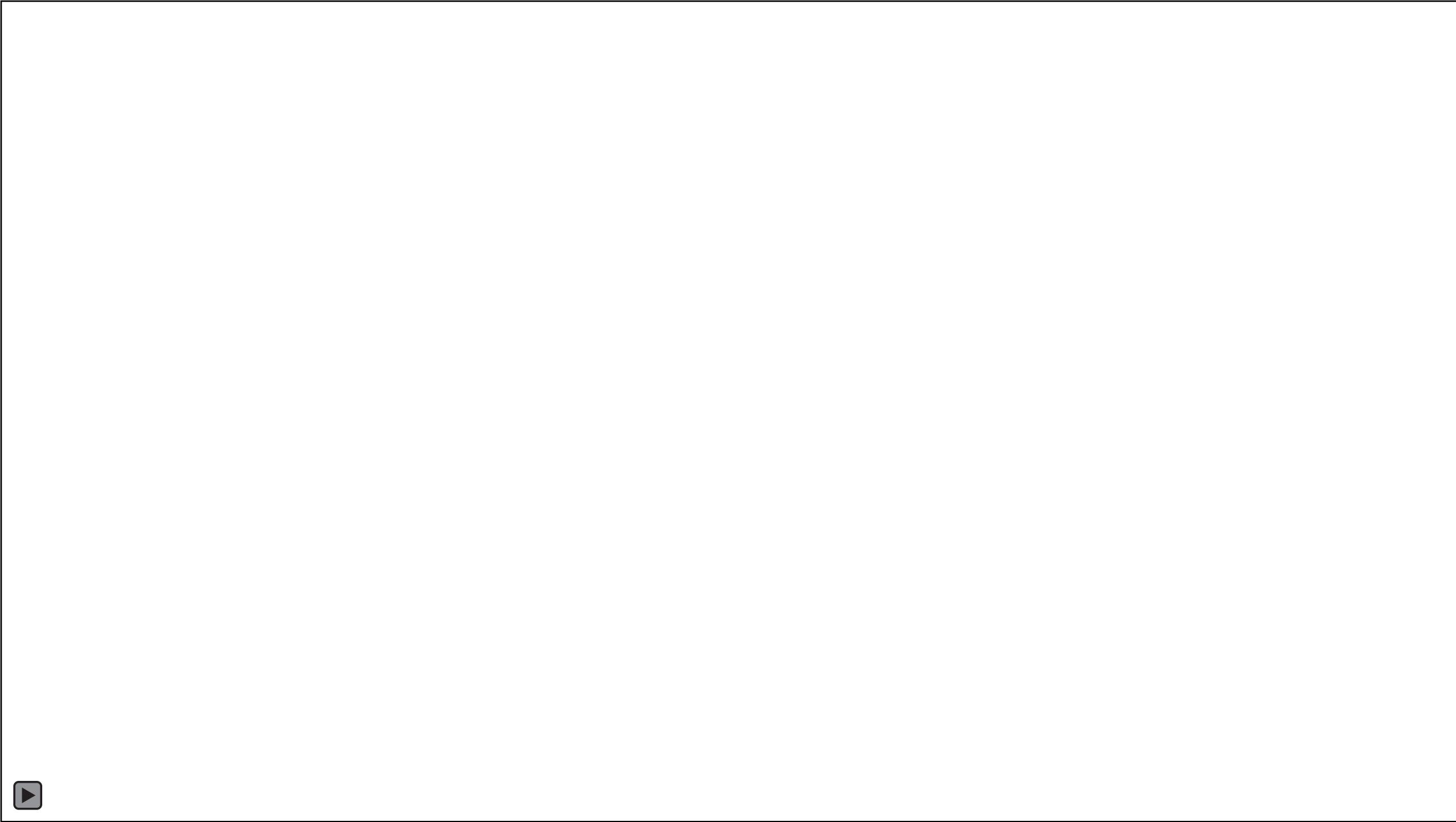
Image ID: 37a2426c631a

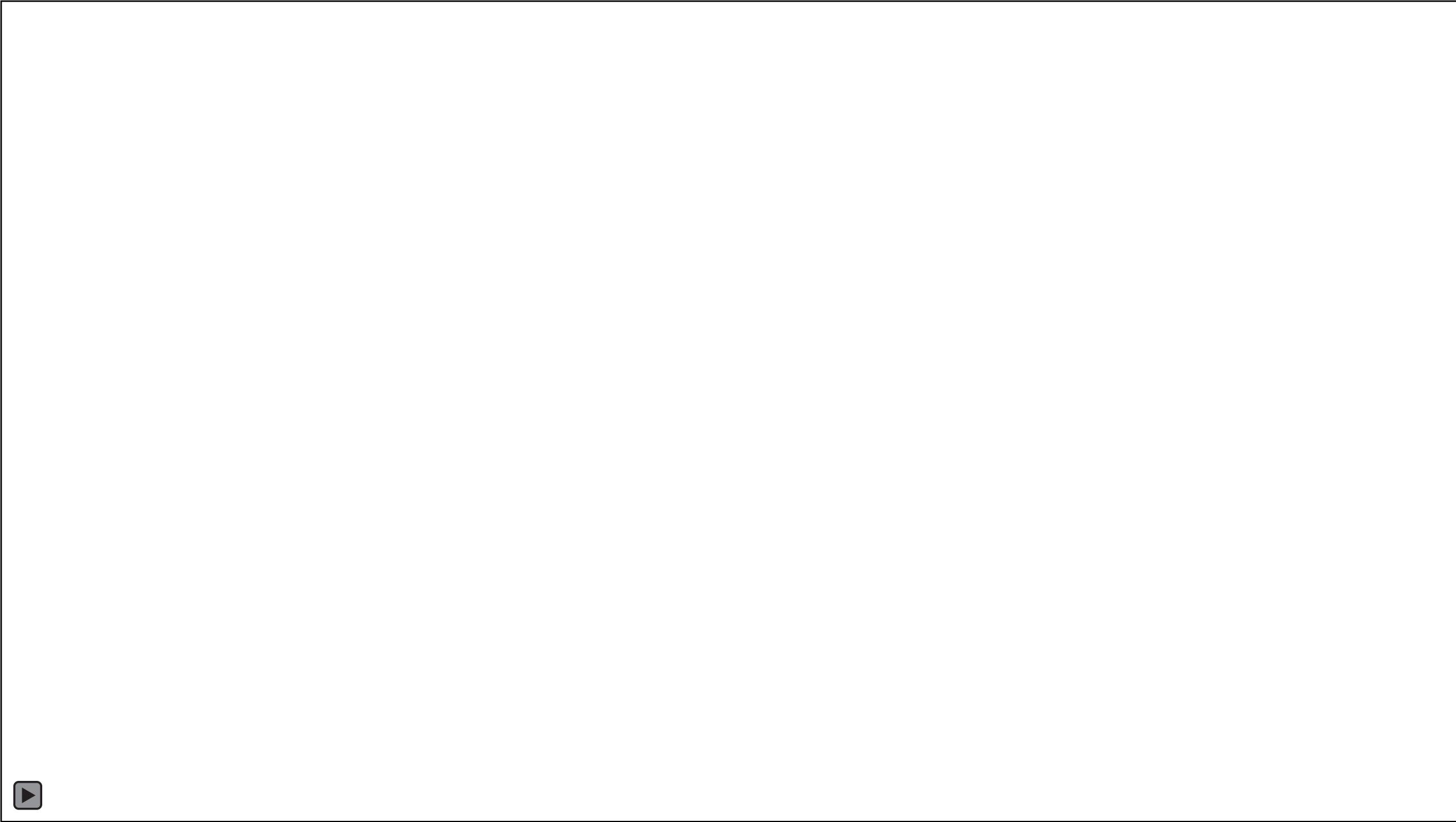
Vulnerability: CVE2017-1000408

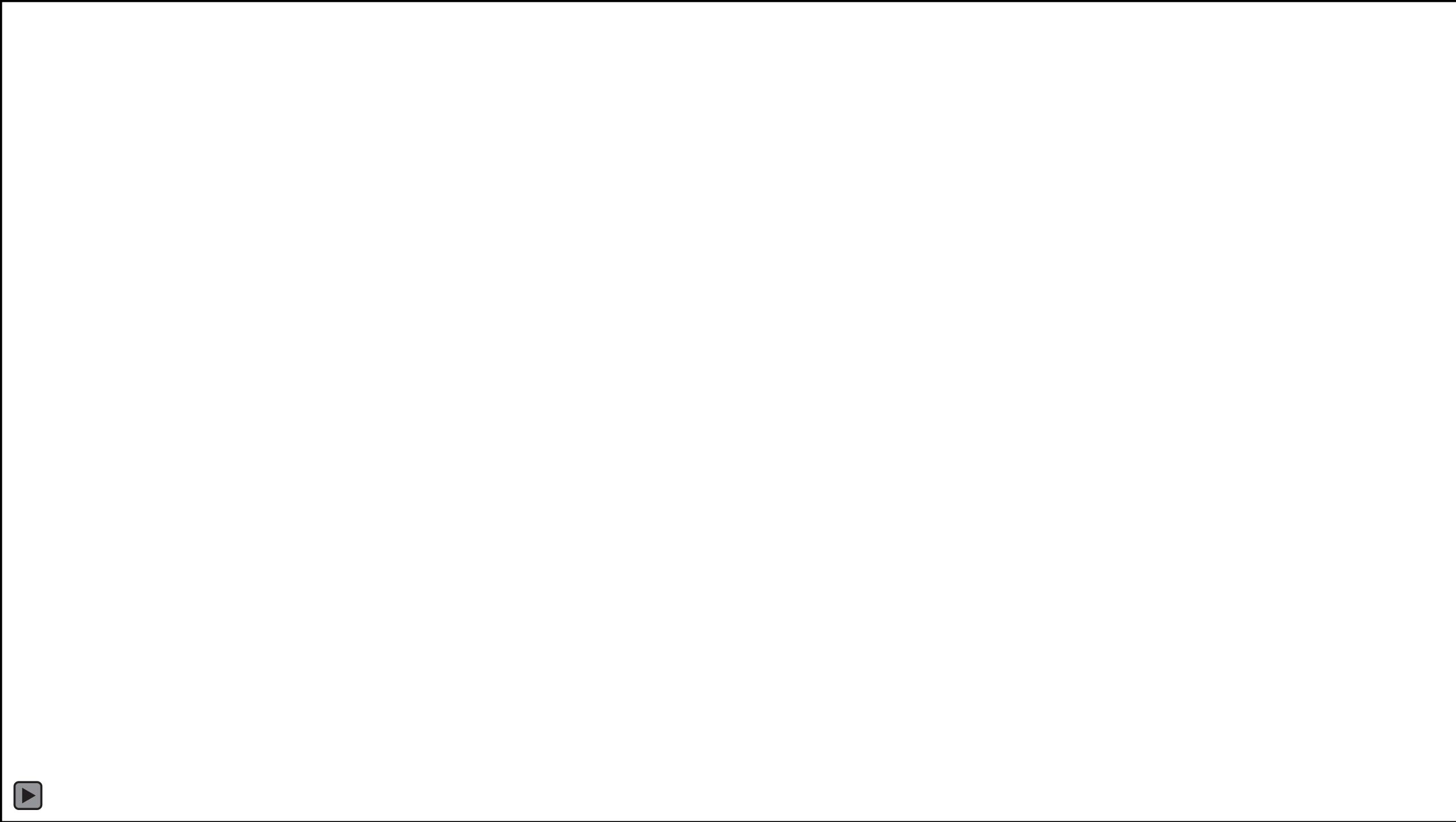
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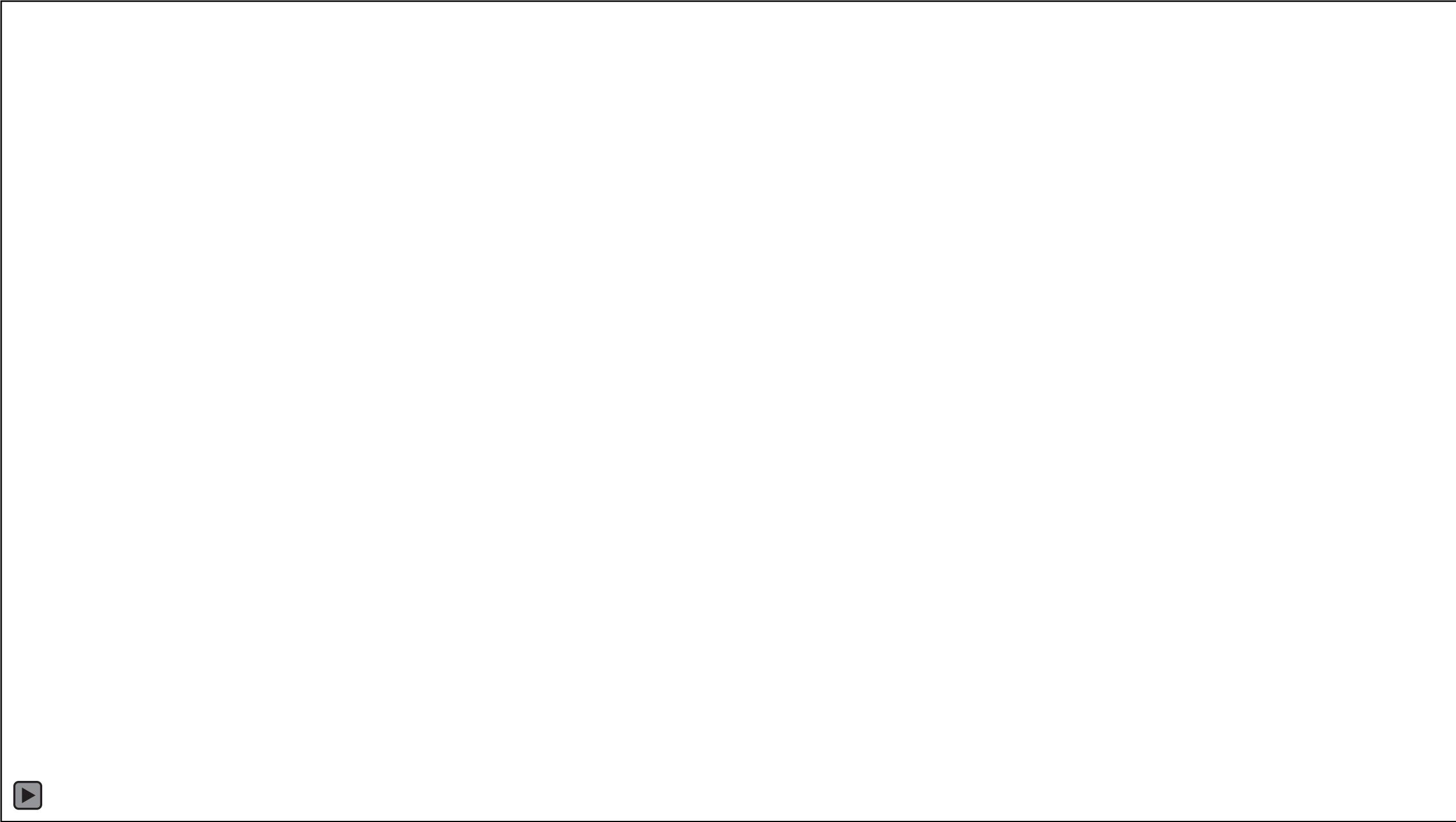
XDR Demo

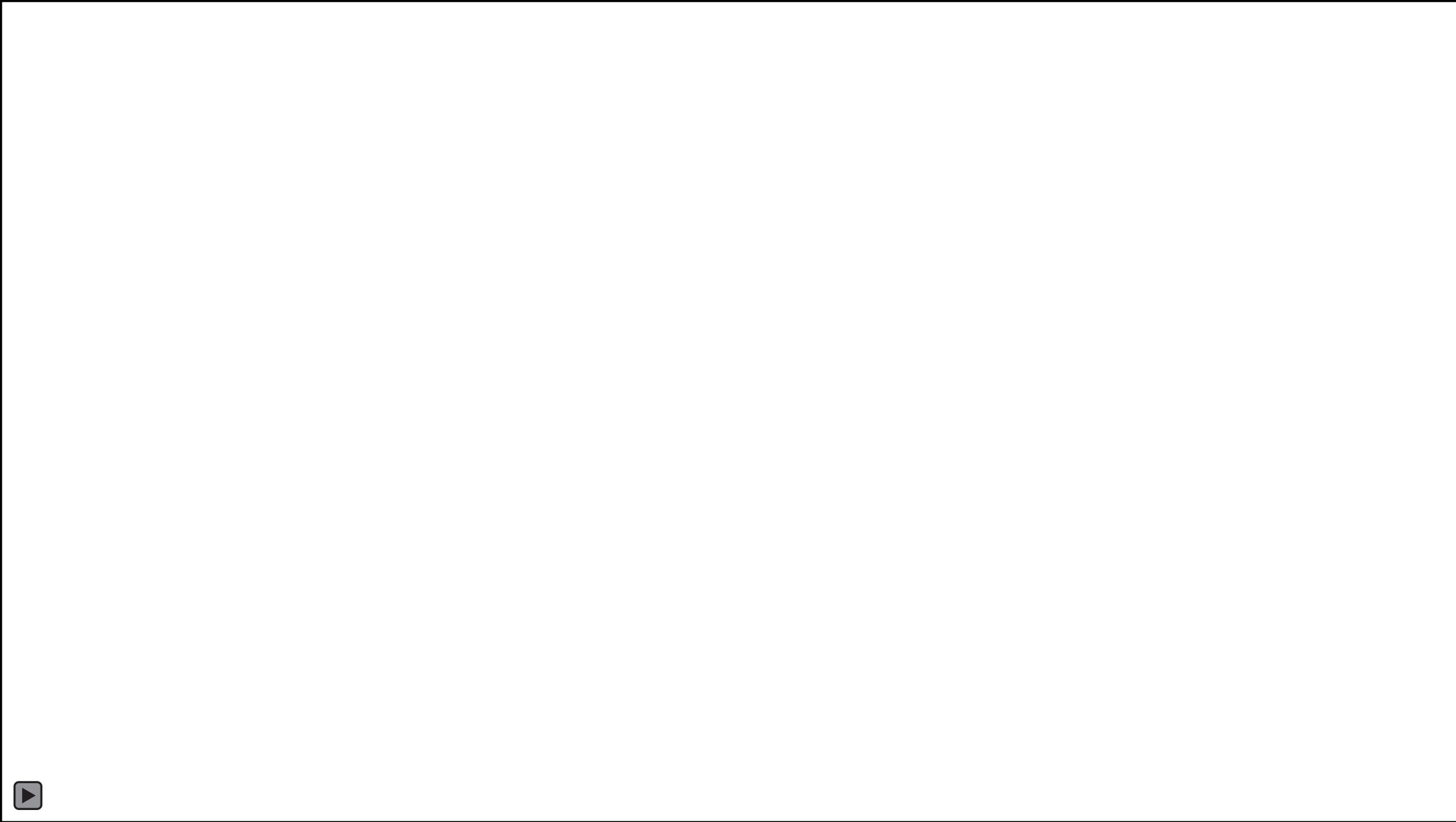


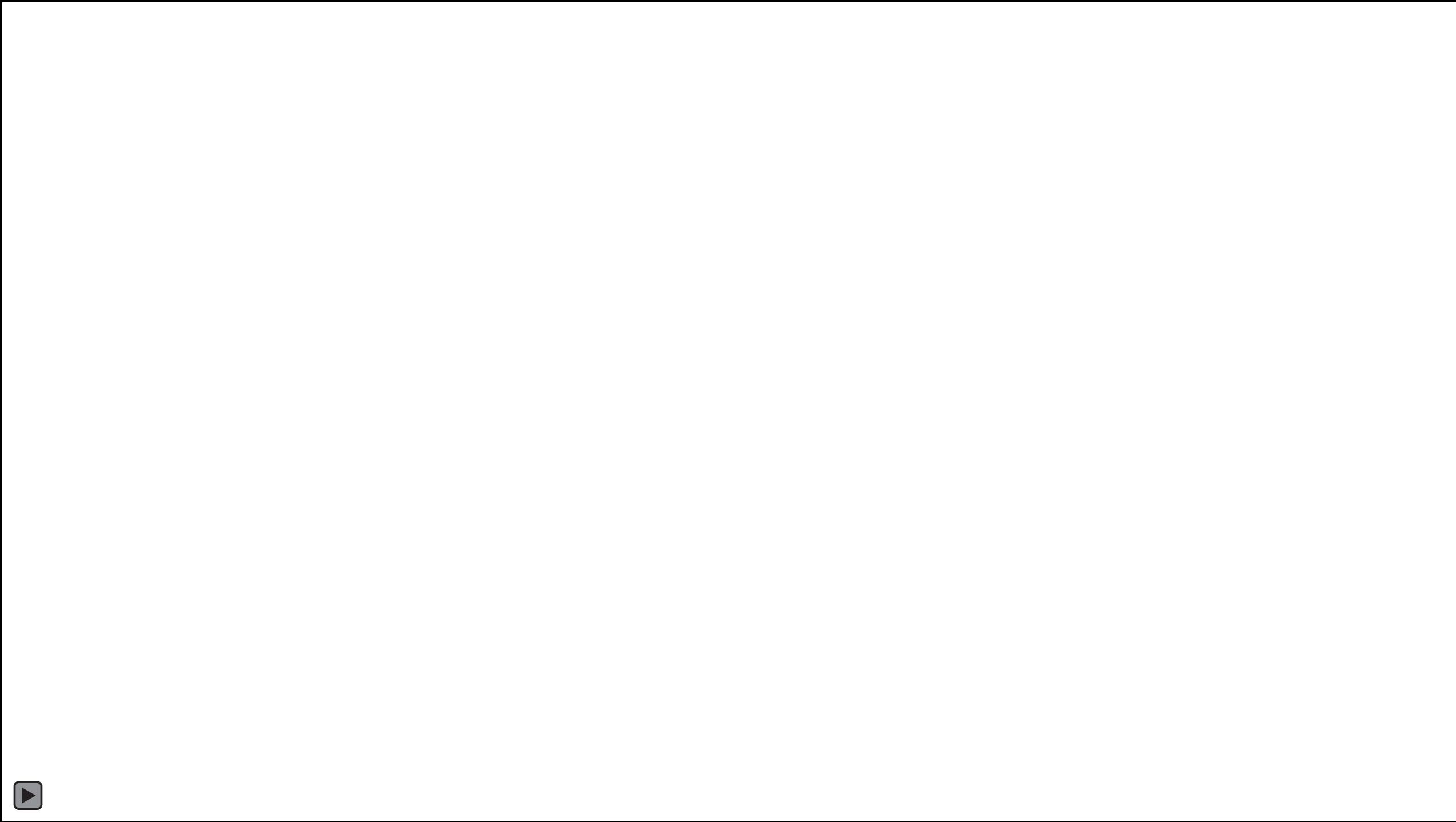












State of XDR Today

**Analysts / vendors / customers
shaping the category & term**

**Vendors understand their own
telemetry best. SIEM sees more
but understands less.**

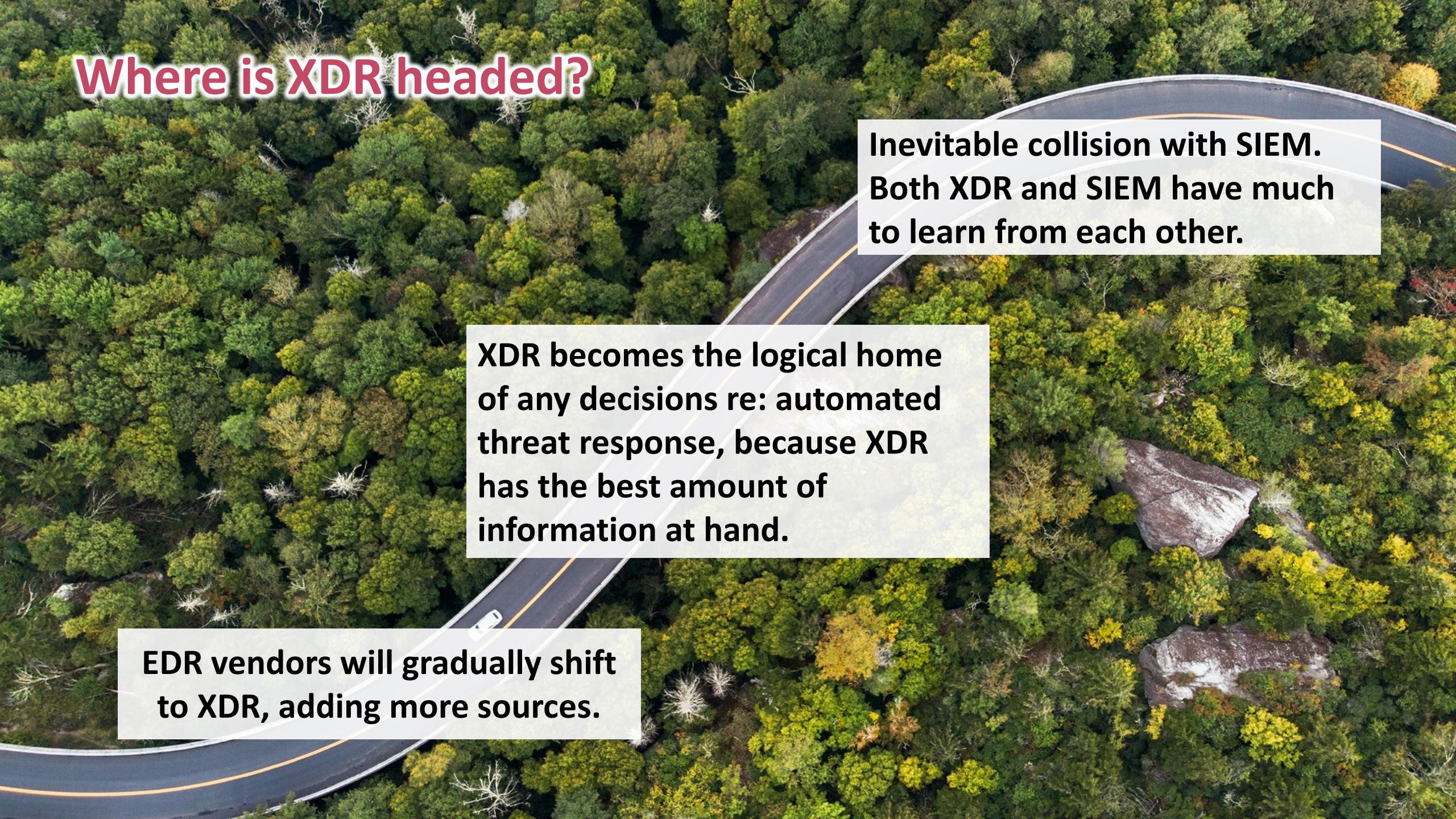
**Currently either goes broad or
deep but not both – which
sources matter to you? Which
deliver most important visibility?**

**Enabling expanded MITRE
ATT&CK mapping as their
frameworks evolve**

**Activity telemetry = lots of
storage required. Expensive for
cloud-based XDR.**

**What is optimal balance
between automated response
vs. manual review?**

Where is XDR headed?

An aerial photograph of a winding asphalt road with a yellow center line, curving through a lush green forest. The forest consists of many different types of trees, some with bright yellow autumn leaves. A single white car is visible on the road, emphasizing its narrowness and the surrounding natural environment.

EDR vendors will gradually shift to XDR, adding more sources.

XDR becomes the logical home of any decisions re: automated threat response, because XDR has the best amount of information at hand.

Inevitable collision with SIEM. Both XDR and SIEM have much to learn from each other.

XDR: Lessons to Apply Today

1. Explore whether your existing EDR can see beyond the endpoint; if yes, and sources are useful, understand and enable that
2. In particular, aim to integrate email visibility into the SOC/IR process, since a high volume of threats originate there.
3. Review whether your server workloads are being treated as more than just a regular endpoint. Can you see containers, misconfigurations, the dev pipeline?
4. Aim for tight linkage between investigation & automated response functions, for example EPP + EDR, as a foundation for automated XDR response



Thank you!

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