$$L(\lambda) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \ln p(x_i = k_i | \lambda) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \ln \left(\frac{1}{k_i} e^{-\lambda} \lambda^k \right) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[-\ln(k_i!) - \lambda + k_i \ln \lambda \right]$$

$$= -\ln \left(\prod_{i=1}^{N} k_i! \right) - N\lambda + \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} k_i \right) \ln \lambda$$

Solve:
$$O(\lambda) = -N + \frac{1}{2}\sum_{i=1}^{N}K_{i} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \hat{\lambda} = \hat{\nabla} \hat{\Sigma} \hat{k}_{i}$$

$$0 \leq \sum_{i=1}^{N} k_i \leq N^2 \Rightarrow 0 \leq \lambda \leq N \quad \text{valid} \quad V$$

$$= \sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{N} E[k_i] - \lambda} = \frac{N\lambda}{N} - \lambda = 0$$

(b) Bias[λ] = E[λ] - λ = E[λ] ξki] - λ

$$VAr(\lambda) = Var(\sum_{i=1}^{N} k_i) = \frac{1}{N} Var(\sum_{i=1}^{N} k_i) = \frac{1}{N} Var(k_i) = \frac{1}{N}$$

(3)
$$\hat{\lambda} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} k_i = \frac{1}{576} (229 \times 0 + 211 \times 1 + 93 \times 2 + 35 \times 3 + 7 \times 4 + 1 \times 5)$$

$$= 0.93$$
(4)
$$p(x=k \mid 0.93) = \frac{1}{k!} e^{-0.93} (0.93)^k$$

1° number of cells with 0 hits
$$N \times P(X=0|0.93) = 227$$

2° $N \times P(X=1|0.93) = 211$
3° $N \times P(X=2|0.93) = 98$

4°
$$3 N \times p(x=3|0.93) = 30$$
5° $4 N \times p(x=4|0.93) = 7$

5°
$$(x + y) = (x + y) = 7$$

6° $(x + y) = (x + y) = 7$

I can make the conclusion that the flying bombs obey poisson distribution.