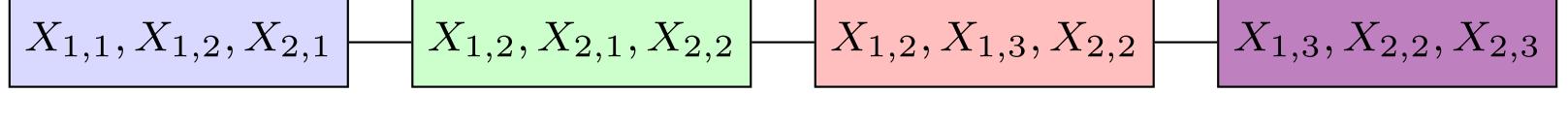
Graphical model and junction tree

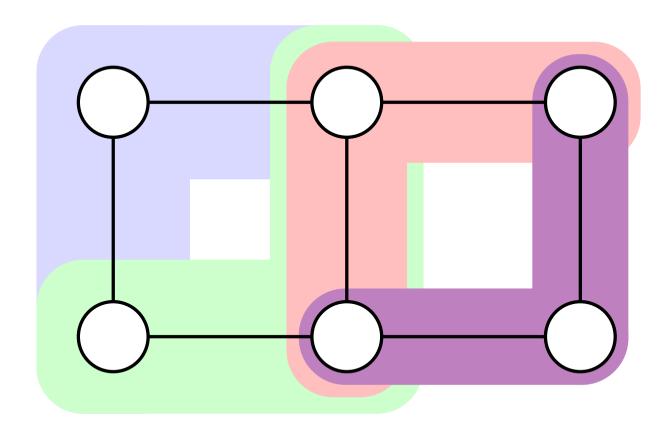
informally, a junction tree "shoehorns" a graph into a tree

 can use the tree structure to speed up Metro (allowed to forget the past)

•treewidth: a measure of graph complexity (if treewidth w, can forget history w steps away)

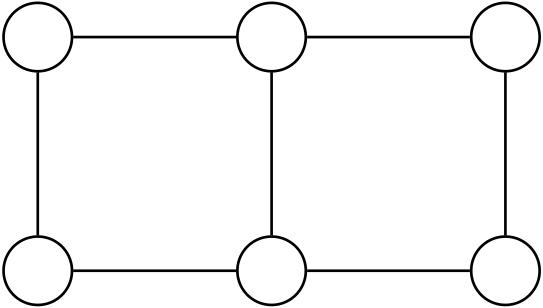


treewidth: largest node size minus 1



X_i independent of X_i given the remaining variables if no edge connects i and j

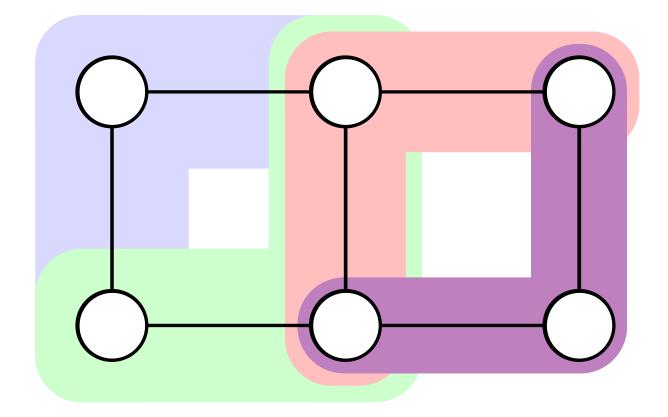
Using junction tree, Metro has time complexity $O(p2^{w})$, w being the treewidth



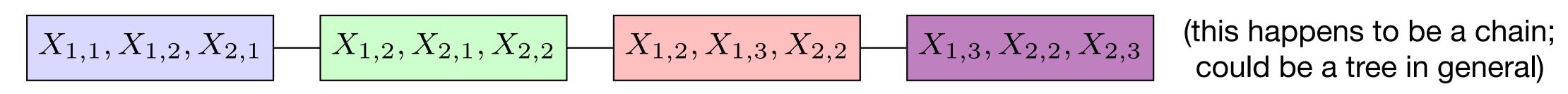
(this happens to be a chain; could be a tree in general)

Graphical model and junction tree

 X_i independent of X_j given the remaining variables if no edge connects i and j



- •informally, a junction tree "shoehorns" a graph into a tree
- •can use the tree structure to speed up Metro (allowed to forget the past)
- •treewidth: a measure of graph complexity (if treewidth *w*, can forget history *w* steps away)

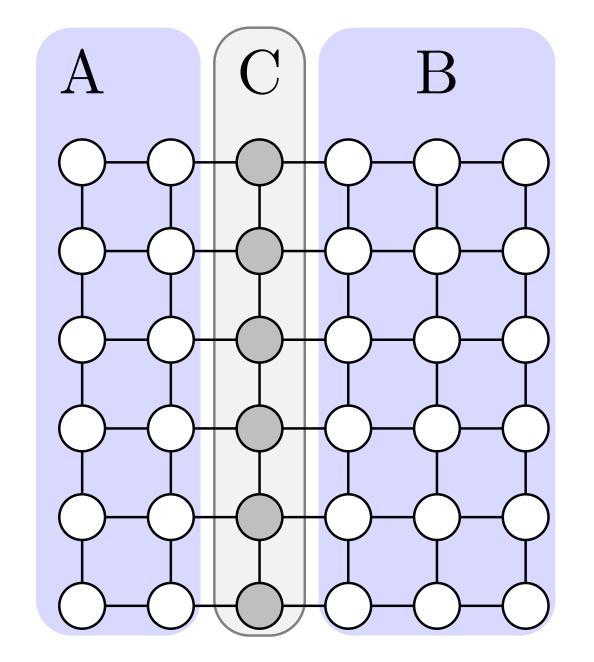


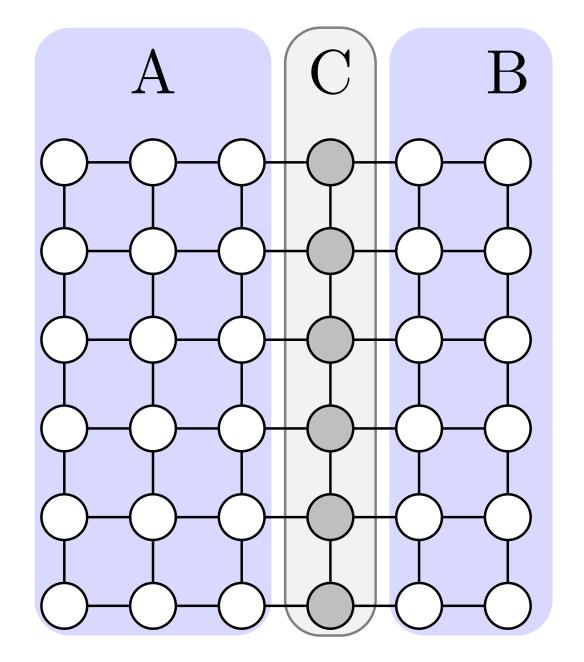
treewidth: largest node size minus 1

Using junction tree, Metro has time complexity $O(p2^{w})$, w being the treewidth

Reduce treewidth by conditioning

A $d_1 \times d_2$ grid has treewidth min (d_1, d_2)





two examples of conditioning to reduce the treewidth of a 6×6 grid from 6 to 3