ppp2_novice_template

中文 (额外地,有全网最全的 VSCode 配置教程)

This is a template for novices learning *Programming: Principles and Practice Using C++ (2rd Edition)*. It requires no C++ or cmake experience.

Software Requirements

- Git
- a C++ IDE that supports CMake (latest Visual Studio, Qt Creator, CLion, etc.)

Download and unzip

- 1. Click the green code button near the top of this page.
- 2. Click the Download ZIP button. This will download the latest repository as a zip file.
- 3. Unzip the downloaded zip file somewhere you are going to store your code.

Usage

- 1. Open your IDE (latest Visual Studio, Qt Creator, CLion, etc.) or *configured* Editors (VSCode with CMake Tools, etc.).
- 2. In your IDE, open this unzipped folder as a folder or as a cmake project.

How to add a new program?

Basics

The best thing about studying C++ with cmake is that a single project can manage multiple programs: you're not required to setup a new project in order to do the next exercise.

In this template, you can simply add a program by:

- 1. open CMakeLists.txt in the root folder.
- 2. add add_program(cprogram_name> <source_file1> [source_file2...]). For example,
 - o add_program(example_single src/example_single/main.cpp) adds an executable named example_single, with its associated code file located at src/example_single/main.cpp. This code file contains an int main() function, which serves as the entry point for the program. After adding this line of add_program, we can use CMake to generate the program from the corresponding code and then execute the program.
 - o add_program(example_multiple src/example_multiple/main.cpp src/example_multiple/hello.cpp) adds an executable named example_multiple, with its associated code files located at src/example_multiple/main.cpp and src/example_multiple/hello.cpp. Among these code files, there is only one int main() function, which serves as the entry point for the program. After adding this line of add_program, we can use CMake to generate the program from the corresponding code and then execute the

program.

3. Reconfigure the project by using some button or reopening the IDE.

The headers used in book is configured correctly by default, just do the <code>add_program</code> step, then you can <code>#include "std_lib_facilities.h"</code> freely.

It's highly recommended to put your code inside src folder.

Headers

As for header files (.h, .hpp, etc.), you can simply put them together with source files. Then source files will be able to correctly #include "<header_file>". For example, in src/example_multiple folder, hello.cpp can #include "hello.hpp" directly.

If you want to make a header file includable globally, you can put it inside include folder. For example, in src/example_single folder, main.cpp can #include "add.hpp" which is put inside include folder.

Install fltk

Here I provide two ways to install fltk.

Use vcpkg

Edit CMakeLists.txt, add a line run_vcpkg() between include(fetch_project_options) and project(cpp starter LANGUAGES CXX). That is:

```
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.25)

list(APPEND CMAKE_MODULE_PATH "${CMAKE_CURRENT_SOURCE_DIR}/cmake")

include(fetch_project_options)

run_vcpkg()
project(cpp_starter LANGUAGES CXX)
```

Reopen your IDE. Then if you're lucky, the installation should have happened automatically.

Use conan

- 1. Install conan 2 somehow.
- 2. <u>Similarly</u>, add run_conan() between include(fetch_project_options) and project(cpp_starter LANGUAGES CXX).
- 3. Reopen your IDE.

If you're lucky, the installation should have happened automatically.

Install other third-party libraries

See README_install_thirdparty_libraries.

References

I learnt cmake mostly from <u>Modern CMake for C++</u>.

What's more, this repository highly depends on <u>aminya/project_options</u>, which improves the CMake experience a lot.

For conan 2.0, the <u>official documentation</u> is helpful.

Details about this repository can be found in <u>对配置文件的解释</u>.