

topic_clustering

March 23, 2021

0.1 Topic Clustering

```
[1]: # import needed libraries
from bson import json_util
import requests, json, re
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
import string
from gensim.models import ldamodel
from gensim.corpora.dictionary import Dictionary
import pyLDavis.gensim
import os
import random
import numpy as np
import datetime
from nltk import word_tokenize, sent_tokenize, ngrams, pos_tag
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
import gensim, operator
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy import spatial
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
```

0.1.1 Load data

```
[2]: data = []
with open('./tweets.json', 'r') as f:
    for line in f.readlines():
        data.append(json.loads(line))
print('There are', len(data), 'tweets for topic clustering.')
print('Here is an example of the tweet:')
print(data[0])
```

There are 5071 tweets for topic clustering.
Here is an example of the tweet:

```
{'url': 'https://twitter.com/AshleyDHeck1/status/1244776214222553088', 'text':
'Ya know how everyone kept saying "hold my beer", as a way to show things could
most definitely get worse in situations? ... Well they named this stupid virus
after a beer.      #randomthoughts #coronavirus #wth #COVID19 #corona #lol
#imlosingit https://t.co/gZJKJc8md', 'date': 1585612750000, 'tweet_id':
1244776214222553088, 'user_name': 'AshleyDHeck1', 'cleaned_text': 'Ya know how
everyone kept saying hold my beer as a way to show things could most definitely
get worse in situations Well they named this stupid virus after a beer
randomthoughts coronavirus wth COVID corona lol imlosingit '}
```

0.1.2 Save data to a data frame

```
[3]: df = pd.DataFrame(data[0:])
df = df.iloc[:, 0:6]
df.columns = ["url", "text", "date", "tweet_id", "user_name", "cleaned_text"]
df['date'] = df['date'].apply(lambda d: datetime.datetime.fromtimestamp(int(d)/
↪ 1000).strftime('%Y-%m-%d'))
df.head()
```

```
[3]:
```

	url \	text	date \
0	https://twitter.com/AshleyDHeck1/status/124477...	Ya know how everyone kept saying "hold my beer...	2020-03-30
1	https://twitter.com/CffeeAndSarcasm/status/124...	AA is going to need a bouncer when this is ove...	2020-03-30
2	https://twitter.com/KarinBrauns/status/1244757...	Don't drown in your own thoughts.. Stay close ...	2020-03-30
3	https://twitter.com/AspenBrewingCo/status/1244...	Mix it up this week with a delicious pizza and...	2020-03-30
4	https://twitter.com/Didanmeg/status/1244748406...	The only beer we will be drinking until this w...	2020-03-30

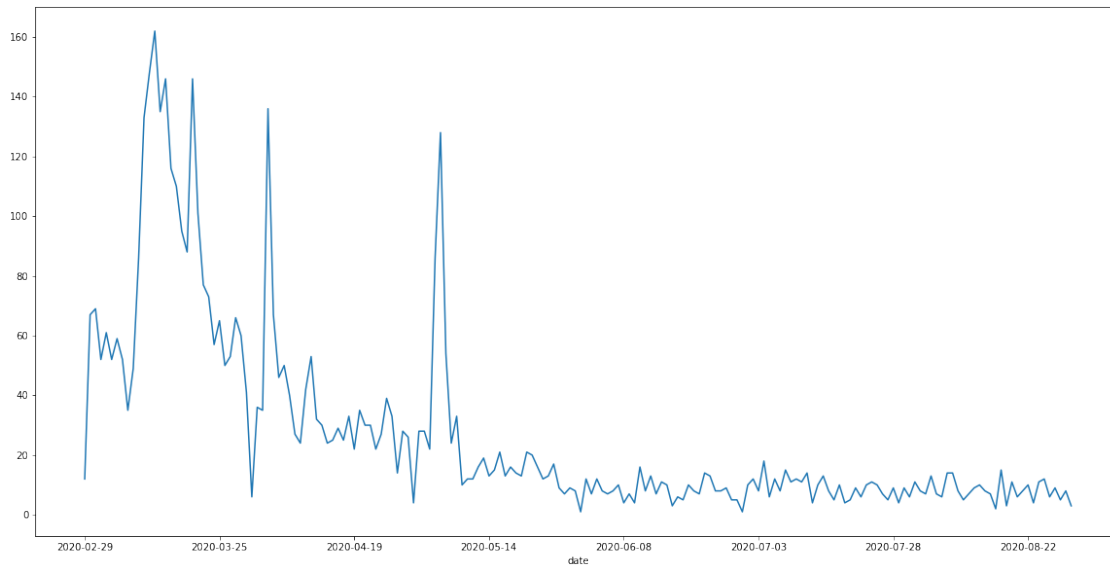
	tweet_id	user_name \
0	1244776214222553088	AshleyDHeck1
1	1244758836516397056	CffeeAndSarcasm
2	1244757544431751171	KarinBrauns
3	1244753120669958144	AspenBrewingCo
4	1244748406435852289	Didanmeg

	cleaned_text
0	Ya know how everyone kept saying hold my beer ...
1	AA is going to need a bouncer when this is ove...
2	Don't drown in your own thoughts Stay close at...
3	Mix it up this week with a delicious pizza and...
4	The only beer we will be drinking until this w...

- The trend of tweets

```
[4]: no_of_tweets = df.groupby(['date'])
tweets_over_time=no_of_tweets.count().drop(columns=['url', '
↳ 'text', 'user_name', 'cleaned_text'])
ts = pd.Series(tweets_over_time['tweet_id'],index=tweets_over_time.index)
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
ts.plot()
```

```
[4]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7fdf505ce220>
```



0.1.3 LDA model

```
[5]: # Convert tweet to lowercase
text = []
for item in df['cleaned_text']:
    text.append(item.lower())

[6]: # Remove stopwords
word=[]
for t in text:
    word.append(word_tokenize(t))
stop_words = set(stopwords.words('english'))
non_stop_word = []
for s in word:
    sent = []
    for w in s:
        if w not in stop_words:
            sent.append(w)
    non_stop_word.append(sent)
```

```
[7]: tweets = pd.Series(non_stop_word)
```

```
[8]: dictionary = Dictionary(tweets)
dictionary.filter_extremes(no_below=10, no_above=90)
corpora = [dictionary.doc2bow(doc) for doc in tweets]

lda_model = ldamodel.LdaModel(corpora, num_topics=6, id2word = dictionary,
    ↳passes=40, random_state=4)
```

```
[21]: pyLDAvis.enable_notebook()
vis = pyLDAvis.gensim.prepare(lda_model, corpora, dictionary)
vis
```

```
[21]: PreparedData(topic_coordinates=          x          y topics cluster
Freq
topic
3      -0.047169 -0.063469          1          1 24.049944
5      -0.139312 -0.139897          2          1 19.156610
2      -0.163437 -0.037910          3          1 19.048662
0       0.254900 -0.059986          4          1 16.160795
1       0.151720  0.017722          5          1 14.678576
4      -0.056702  0.283540          6          1  6.905409, topic_info=      Term
Freq      Total Category  logprob  loglift
0      beer 3211.000000 3211.000000 Default 30.0000 30.0000
21     alcohol 1364.000000 1364.000000 Default 29.0000 29.0000
178     hand 287.000000 287.000000 Default 28.0000 28.0000
179    hands 283.000000 283.000000 Default 27.0000 27.0000
35      ' 853.000000 853.000000 Default 26.0000 26.0000
..      ...      ...      ...      ...      ...
44    drinking 43.235523 245.244720 Topic6 -4.4701 0.9373
145     beers 38.207447 210.015656 Topic6 -4.5938 0.9687
209     long 31.364672  57.613319 Topic6 -4.7911 2.0648
21     alcohol 36.658817 1364.692017 Topic6 -4.6352 -0.9442
456     sales 31.516981 130.545853 Topic6 -4.7863 1.2517

[352 rows x 6 columns], token_table=      Topic      Freq      Term
term
537      1 0.962883 actually
21       1 0.266727 alcohol
21       4 0.203709 alcohol
21       5 0.501945 alcohol
21       6 0.027112 alcohol
...      ...      ...
35       2 0.485972      '
35       3 0.154574      '
109      1 0.996281      "
251      1 0.990161      "
```

869 1 0.987095 •

```
[451 rows x 3 columns], R=30, lambda_step=0.01, plot_opts={'xlab': 'PC1',  
'ylab': 'PC2'}, topic_order=[4, 6, 3, 1, 2, 5])
```

```
[9]: # LDA result  
output = []  
for topic_id in range(lda_model.num_topics):  
    topk = lda_model.show_topic(topic_id, 15)  
    topk_words = [ w for w, _ in topk ]  
    output.append(topk_words)  
    print('{}: {}'.format(topic_id, ' '.join(topk_words)))
```

```
0: corona covid coronavirus hand hands alcohol sanitizer virus wash use soap  
water alcoholbased based china  
1: corona alcohol covid lockdown coronavirus liquor amp india pandemic people  
due virus government alcoholic socialdistancing  
2: corona beer coronavirus virus ' mexico one beers summer bar would production  
get free amp  
3: corona beer covid coronavirus alcohol ' people virus drinking " " know get  
one like  
4: corona beer mexican covid virus hold modelo us de name amp pandemic named new  
mayo  
5: corona beer ' day coronabeer coronavirus covid quarantine drink home happy  
love time cincodemayo cheers
```

```
[10]: # store result in a dataframe  
dictionary.filter_extremes(no_below=10, no_above=90)  
corpora = [dictionary.doc2bow(doc) for doc in tweets]  
# show which topic cluster each article belongs to  
topics = []  
for i in range(len(tweets)):  
    topic = lda_model.get_document_topics(corpora[i])  
    topics.append(topic)  
  
# transfer topics into a list of dictionaries  
topics_dic = []  
for topic in topics:  
    dic = {}  
    for item in topic:  
        dic[item[0]] = item[1]  
    topics_dic.append(dic)  
  
topic_cluster = []  
for i in range(len(tweets)):  
    cluster = max(topics_dic[i], key=topics_dic[i].get)  
    l = [data[i]['text'], cluster]
```

```

topic_cluster.append(1)

topic_cluster = pd.DataFrame(topic_cluster)
topic_cluster.columns= ['tweet', 'cluster']
topic_cluster.head()

```

```

[10]:

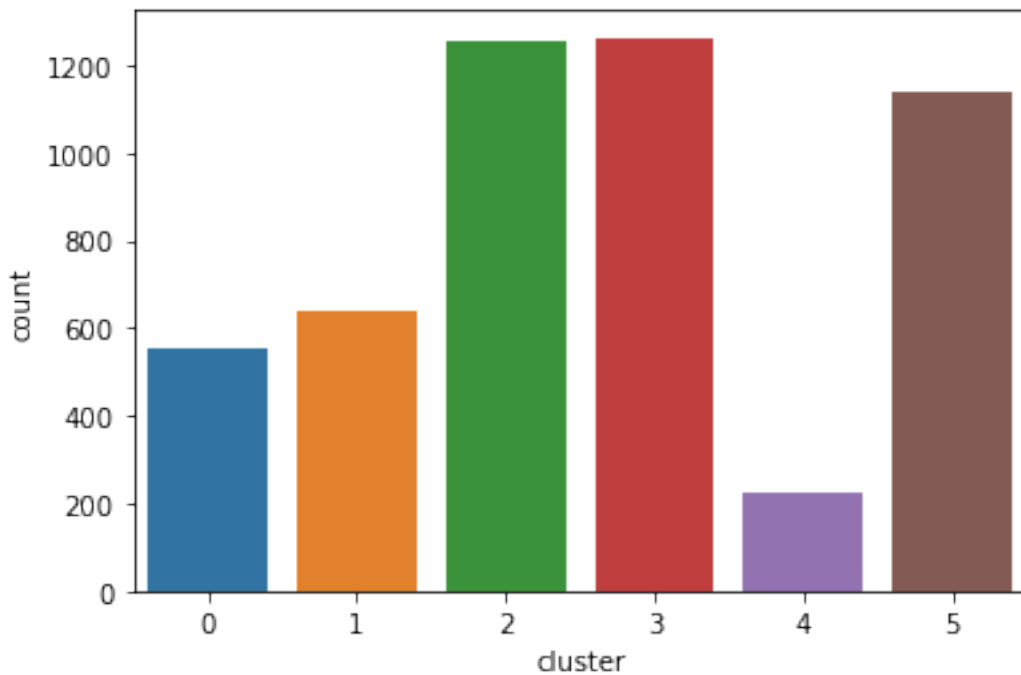
```

	tweet	cluster
0	Ya know how everyone kept saying "hold my beer...	3
1	AA is going to need a bouncer when this is ove...	5
2	Don't drown in your own thoughts.. Stay close ...	3
3	Mix it up this week with a delicious pizza and...	5
4	The only beer we will be drinking until this w...	3

```

[11]: # result visualization
cluster_count = topic_cluster['cluster'].value_counts()
p = sns.countplot(data=topic_cluster, x = 'cluster')
plt.show()

```



0.1.4 Implementation of topic classifier

```

[12]: # Load the pre-trained Word2Vec model
model_path = '/Users/feiyid/desktop/'
def load_wordvec_model(modelName, modelFile, flagBin):
    print('Loading ' + modelName + ' model...')

```

```

    model = KeyedVectors.load_word2vec_format(model_path + modelFile,
↪binary=flagBin)
    print('Finished loading ' + modelName + ' model...')
    return model

model_word2vec = load_wordvec_model('Word2Vec', 'GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.
↪bin.gz', True)

```

Loading Word2Vec model...

Finished loading Word2Vec model...

```

[13]: # Define taxonomy
topic_taxonomy = {
    "Celebration Beer":
    {
        "celebration day": "corona beer drink Cinco de Mayo"
    },
    "Corona Virus":
    {
        "quarantine": "corona covid beer coronavirus quarantine virus sales
↪pandemic stayhome staysafe socialdistancing"
    },
    "Disinfect":
    {
        "sanitize": "corona alcohol covid hand hands sanitizer coronavirus wash
↪soap water use virus alcoholbased mask amp clean handsanitizer sanitizers
↪health"
    },
    "Corona drinking":
    {
        "alcohol drinking": "alcohol corona lockdown covid liquor people amp
↪drinking india us money government shops wine"
    },
    "Mexican":
    {
        "Mexican beer": "corona beer covid coronavirus virus people amp
↪mexican"
    },
    "Sentiment":
    {
        "joy": "corona beer covid coronavirus love happy like china new memes
↪follow wuhan viruscorona"
    },
}

```

```
[14]: # Build functions
# function checks whether the input words are present in the vocabulary for the
# model
def vocab_check(vectors, words):

    output = list()
    for word in words:
        if word in vectors.vocab:
            output.append(word.strip())

    return output

# Calculate semantic similarity of a pair of strings
def calc_similarity(input1, input2, vectors):
    s1words = set(vocab_check(vectors, input1.split()))
    s2words = set(vocab_check(vectors, input2.split()))

    output = vectors.n_similarity(s1words, s2words)
    return output

# Classify topics (run similarity of input string against taxonomy, sort and
# return top 3 result)
def classify_topics(input, vectors):
    feed_score = dict()
    for key, value in topic_taxonomy.items():
        max_value_score = dict()
        for label, keywords in value.items():
            max_value_score[label] = 0
            topic = (key + ' ' + keywords).strip()
            max_value_score[label] += float(calc_similarity(input, topic,
# vectors))

        sorted_max_score = sorted(max_value_score.items(), key=operator.
# itemgetter(1), reverse=True)[0]
        feed_score[sorted_max_score[0]] = sorted_max_score[1]
    return sorted(feed_score.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1),
# reverse=True)[:3]
```

- Topic Similarity

```
[15]: # calculate the topic similarity for each article and choose the best one
topic_similarity = []

tweet = []
for item in df['cleaned_text']:
    text = item.split("#")
    tweet.append(item)
```



```

for i in range(len(tweet)):
    title = tweet[i]
    try:
        output = classify_topics(title, model_word2vec)
    except:
        output = ["None", 0]
    topic = list(output[0])
    topic.append(title)
    topic_similarity.append(topic)

# build the data frame
Classifier = pd.DataFrame(topic_similarity, columns=['topic', 'similarity', 'tweet'])
Classifier.head()

```

```

[15]:
      topic  similarity \
0      joy    0.663286
1 alcohol drinking  0.625928
2      joy    0.696251
3      joy    0.638301
4 alcohol drinking  0.564316

```

tweet

```

0 Ya know how everyone kept saying hold my beer ...
1 AA is going to need a bouncer when this is ove...
2 Don't drown in your own thoughts Stay close at...
3 Mix it up this week with a delicious pizza and...
4 The only beer we will be drinking until this w...

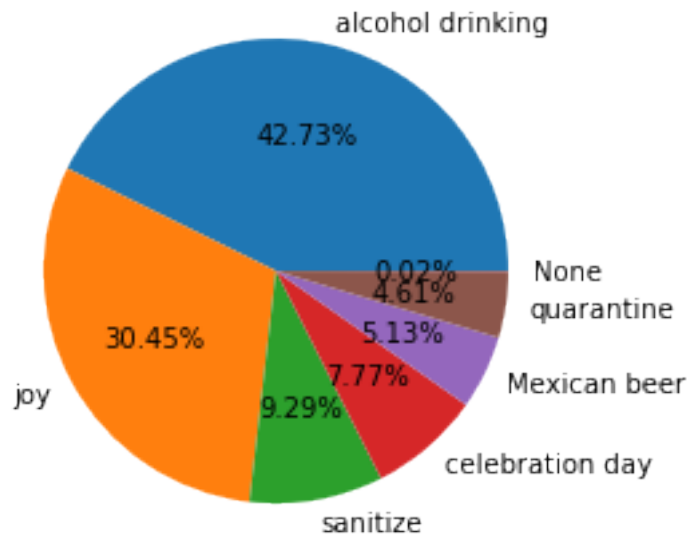
```

```

[16]: # Visualization
topic_count = Classifier['topic'].value_counts()
plt.pie(topic_count.values,
        labels=topic_count.index,
        autopct='%1.2f%%')
plt.title('Topic Classifier', fontsize=20)
plt.show()

```

Topic Classifier



- Topic Trend

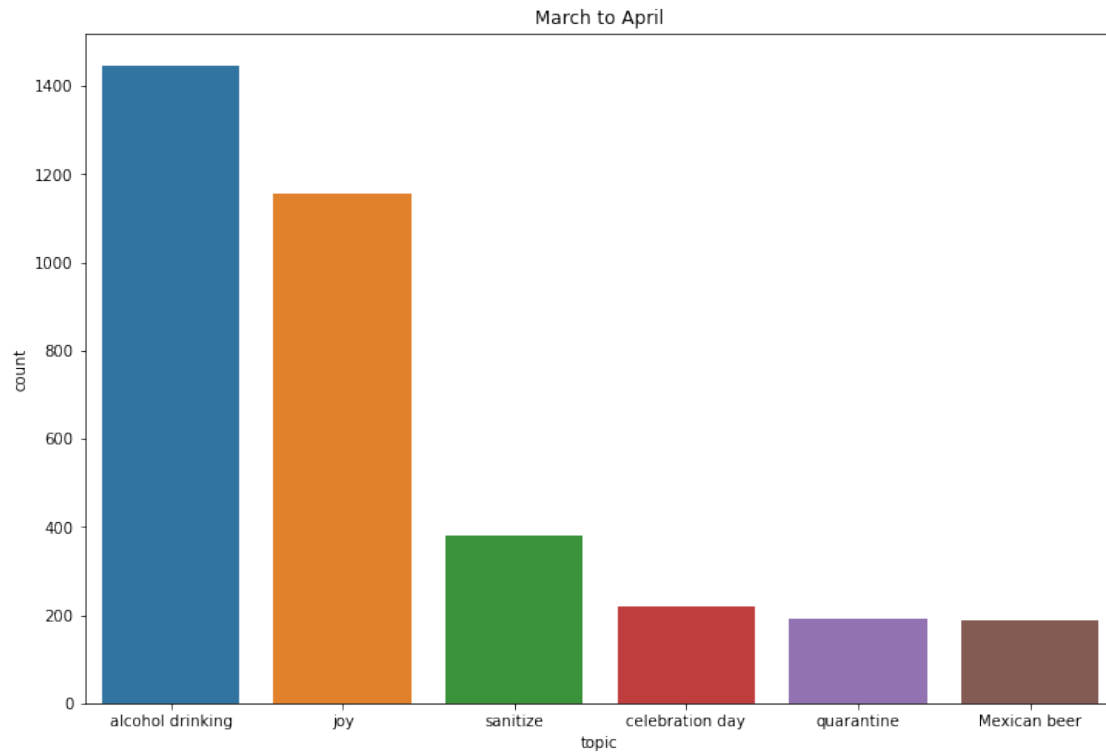
```
[17]: Classifier['date'] = df['date']
classifier_plot = Classifier[Classifier['topic'] != 'None']
classifier_plot.head()
```

```
[17]:
```

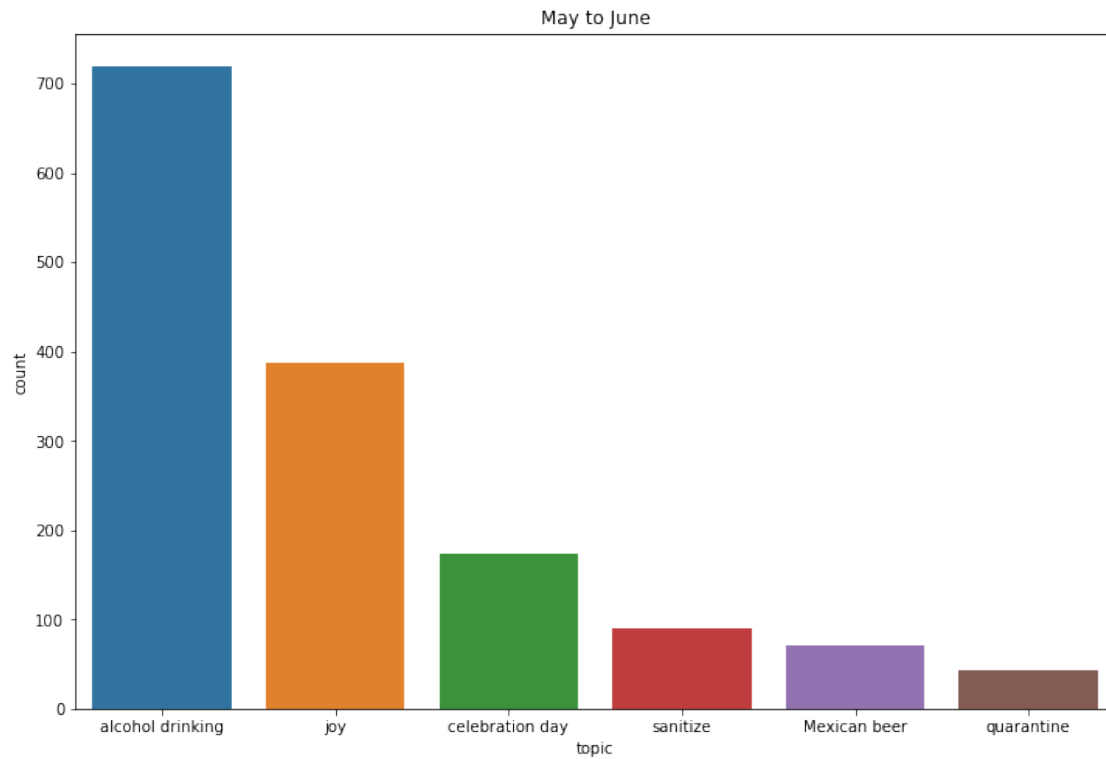
	topic	similarity \
0	joy	0.663286
1	alcohol drinking	0.625928
2	joy	0.696251
3	joy	0.638301
4	alcohol drinking	0.564316

	tweet	date
0	Ya know how everyone kept saying hold my beer ...	2020-03-30
1	AA is going to need a bouncer when this is ove...	2020-03-30
2	Don't drown in your own thoughts Stay close at...	2020-03-30
3	Mix it up this week with a delicious pizza and...	2020-03-30
4	The only beer we will be drinking until this w...	2020-03-30

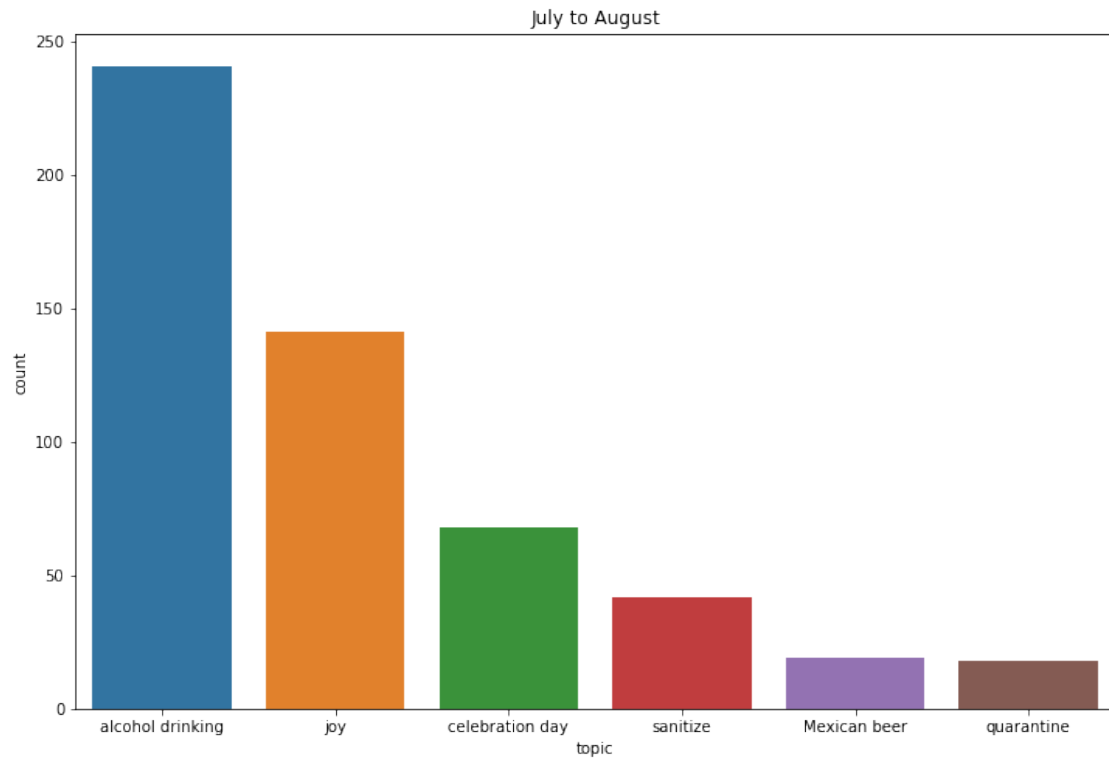
```
[18]: mar2apr = classifier_plot[classifier_plot['date'] < "2020-05-01"]
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
p = sns.countplot(data=mar2apr, x = 'topic', order = mar2apr['topic'].
    ↳value_counts().index)
plt.title('March to April')
plt.show()
```



```
[19]: may2june = classifier_plot[classifier_plot['date'] < "2020-07-01"]
may2june = classifier_plot[classifier_plot['date'] >= "2020-05-01"]
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
p = sns.countplot(data=may2june, x = 'topic',order = may2june['topic'].
    ↳value_counts().index)
plt.title('May to June')
plt.show()
```



```
[20]: july2aug = classifier_plot[classifier_plot['date'] >= "2020-07-01"]
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
p = sns.countplot(data=july2aug, x = 'topic',order = july2aug['topic'].
    ↳value_counts().index)
plt.title('July to August')
plt.show()
```



[]: