

Library Management System (Simplified)

Using Singleton + Factory Only

This is a clean, simple, interview-friendly implementation.

- ✓ Only two design patterns: - **Singleton Pattern** → Only one Library instance - **Factory Pattern** → Creates Books and Members
-

✓ Project Folder Structure

```
LibrarySystem/
|—— Book.h
|—— Book.cpp
|—— Member.h
|—— Member.cpp
|—— Library.h
|—— Library.cpp
|—— Factory.h
|—— main.cpp
|—— tasks.json (VS Code)
|—— launch.json (VS Code)
|—— README.md
```

✓ Book.h

```
#pragma once
#include <string>

class Book {
private:
    std::string title;
    std::string author;
    bool isBorrowed;

public:
    Book(const std::string& t, const std::string& a);
```

```
    void borrowBook();
    void returnBook();
    bool isBorrowedStatus() const;
    std::string getTitle() const;
    std::string getAuthor() const;
};
```

Book.cpp

```
#include "Book.h"

Book::Book(const std::string& t, const std::string& a)
    : title(t), author(a), isBorrowed(false) {}

void Book::borrowBook() { isBorrowed = true; }
void Book::returnBook() { isBorrowed = false; }

bool Book::isBorrowedStatus() const { return isBorrowed; }
std::string Book::getTitle() const { return title; }
std::string Book::getAuthor() const { return author; }
```

Member.h

```
#pragma once
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include "Book.h"

class Member {
private:
    std::string name;
    int id;
    std::vector<Book*> borrowed;

public:
    Member(const std::string& n, int id);

    void borrowBook(Book* b);
    void returnBook(Book* b);
    void showBorrowedBooks() const;
```

```
    int getId() const;
    std::string getName() const;
};
```

✓ Member.cpp

```
#include "Member.h"
#include <iostream>

Member::Member(const std::string& n, int id) : name(n), id(id) {}

void Member::borrowBook(Book* b) {
    if (b->isBorrowedStatus()) {
        std::cout << "Book already borrowed!
";
        return;
    }
    borrowed.push_back(b);
    b->borrowBook();
}

void Member::returnBook(Book* b) {
    for (auto it = borrowed.begin(); it != borrowed.end(); ++it) {
        if (*it == b) {
            borrowed.erase(it);
            b->returnBook();
            return;
        }
    }
    std::cout << "This book was not borrowed by this member.
";
}
}

void Member::showBorrowedBooks() const {
    if (borrowed.empty()) {
        std::cout << "No borrowed books.
";
        return;
    }
    std::cout << "Borrowed Books:
";
    for (auto b : borrowed) {
        std::cout << "- " << b->getTitle() << " by " << b->getAuthor() << "
```

```
    ";
}

int Member::getId() const { return id; }
std::string Member::getName() const { return name; }
```

✓ Factory.h (Factory Pattern)

```
#pragma once
#include "Book.h"
#include "Member.h"

class Factory {
public:
    static Book* createBook(const std::string& title, const std::string&
author) {
        return new Book(title, author);
    }

    static Member* createMember(const std::string& name, int id) {
        return new Member(name, id);
    }
};
```

✓ Library.h (Singleton)

```
#pragma once
#include <vector>
#include "Book.h"
#include "Member.h"

class Library {
private:
    std::vector<Book*> books;
    std::vector<Member*> members;

    Library() {} // private constructor

public:
```

```

static Library& getInstance();

void addBook(Book* b);
void addMember(Member* m);

Book* findBook(const std::string& title);
Member* findMember(int id);

void borrowBook(int memberId, const std::string& title);
void returnBook(int memberId, const std::string& title);

void showBooks() const;
};

```

Library.cpp

```

#include "Library.h"
#include <iostream>

Library& Library::getInstance() {
    static Library instance;
    return instance;
}

void Library::addBook(Book* b) { books.push_back(b); }
void Library::addMember(Member* m) { members.push_back(m); }

Book* Library::findBook(const std::string& title) {
    for (auto b : books) if (b->getTitle() == title) return b;
    return nullptr;
}

Member* Library::findMember(int id) {
    for (auto m : members) if (m->getId() == id) return m;
    return nullptr;
}

void Library::borrowBook(int memberId, const std::string& title) {
    Member* m = findMember(memberId);
    Book* b = findBook(title);

    if (!m || !b) {
        std::cout << "Member or Book not found!
    ";
}

```

```

        return;
    }

    m->borrowBook(b);
}

void Library::returnBook(int memberId, const std::string& title) {
    Member* m = findMember(memberId);
    Book* b = findBook(title);

    if (!m || !b) {
        std::cout << "Member or Book not found!
";
        return;
    }

    m->returnBook(b);
}

void Library::showBooks() const {
    if (books.empty()) {
        std::cout << "No books in library.
";
        return;
    }

    for (auto b : books) {
        std::cout << "-" << b->getTitle() << " by " << b->getAuthor();
        if (b->isBorrowedStatus()) std::cout << " (Borrowed)";
        std::cout <<
";
    }
}

```

main.cpp

```

#include <iostream>
#include "Library.h"
#include "Factory.h"

int main() {
    Library& lib = Library::getInstance();

    lib.addBook(Factory::createBook("C++ Basics", "Bjarne"));

```

```

lib.addBook(Factory::createBook("UML Made Easy", "Fowler"));

lib.addMember(Factory::createMember("John", 101));
lib.addMember(Factory::createMember("Alice", 102));

int choice;
do {
    std::cout << "
1. Show Books
2. Borrow Book
3. Return Book
4. Exit
Choice: ";
    std::cin >> choice;

    if (choice == 1) lib.showBooks();
    else if (choice == 2) {
        int id; std::string title;
        std::cout << "Member ID: "; std::cin >> id; std::cin.ignore();
        std::cout << "Book Title: "; std::getline(std::cin, title);
        lib.borrowBook(id, title);
    }
    else if (choice == 3) {
        int id; std::string title;
        std::cout << "Member ID: "; std::cin >> id; std::cin.ignore();
        std::cout << "Book Title: "; std::getline(std::cin, title);
        lib.returnBook(id, title);
    }
} while (choice != 4);

return 0;
}

```

README.md (Short)

```

## Library Management System (C++)
### Design Patterns Used
- Singleton → Only one Library instance
- Factory → Creates Book and Member objects

### Features
- Add Books
- Add Members

```

- Borrow / Return Books
- Show All Books

```
### Build (VS Code)  
Use: C/C++ Extension + MinGW  
```bash  
g++ *.cpp -o app.exe
./app.exe
```

```



This is a **clean, simple, interview-ready** version using ONLY: ✓ Singleton ✓ Factory

If you want next: ✓ UML diagram (Class + Sequence)

- ✓ Add file handling
- ✓ Add exceptions
- ✓ Add smart pointers (unique_ptr)