JavaScript Basics

Learning Objectives

- Connect a JavaScript file with <script>
- Log to the console
- Select elements with querySelector
- Add, remove and toggle CSS classes on click with addEventListener

Connect a JavaScript file

The script tag has two attributes:

```
src="./index.js" sets the URL to our JavaScript file
```

defer tells the browser to delay the loading of the script until all HTML elements are loaded.

Alternative: script tag at the end of the body element, so defer attribute is not necessary. Less modern.

```
<head>
...
</head>
<body>
...
<script src="./index.js"></script>
</body>
```

Hello World: console log()

In JavaScript we can print text to the console of the web browser. We can use this for debugging or error logging for example.

```
console.log("Hello World!"); // logs into console
console.clear(); // clears console
```

```
console.error("Error!"); // logs as error into console
```

Selecting HTML Elements: querySelector()

Before we can add interactivity, we need to select the necessary HTML-Elements:

```
<body>
  <main class="main" id="main" data-js="main">...</main>
  </body>
```

There are multiple ways to select the above main section within our JavaScript. A good practice is to use a data-* attribute, like the data-js in the following example:

```
const mainElement = document.querySelector('[data-js="main"]');
```

Other css selectors work as well, but the data-* attribute selectors should be preferred.

```
// tag as identifier
const mainElement = document.querySelector("main");
// class as identifier -> .
const mainElement = document.querySelector(".main");
// id as identifier -> #
const mainElement = document.querySelector("#main");
```

Add Interaction: .addEventListener()

We can listen to **events** like **clicks** on an Element and execute code when the event is triggered. The method addEventListener is used to react to events.

```
<button type="button" data-js="button">Log into console
```

```
const button = document.querySelector('[data-js="button"]');
button.addEventListener("click", () => {});
```

First you specify the kind of event, e.g. **click**, then you define what code should be executed when the event is triggered. You write that code between the {} brackets, e.g. a **console.log**.

```
const button = document.querySelector('[data-js="button"]');
button.addEventListener("click", () => {
   console.log("Yeah");
});
```

There different events you can listen to, for example:

```
button.addEventListener("mouseover", () => {});
```

```
button.addEventListener("keydown", () => {});
```

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- You don't have to understand the syntax for now, we will cover this in a later session.

Add/remove & toggle classes: .classList.

You can add, remove and toggle classes, e.g. to change the styling of an element.

```
<main data-js="main">
  <button type="button" data-js="button">Add a class</button>
  </main>
```

Add **page--primary** class to the above main section by using the **selectedElement.classList.add** method:

```
const main = document.querySelector('[data-js="main"]');
const button = document.querySelector('[data-js="button"]');
button.addEventListener("click", () => {
   main.classList.add("page--primary");
});
```

A click on the button adds the class **page--primary** to the main element:

```
<main data-js="main" class="page--primary">
    <button type="button" data-js="button">Add a class</button>
  </main>
```

You can also remove or toggle a class in the same way:

```
main.classList.remove("page--primary");

main.classList.toggle("page--primary");
```

Resources

Connect a JavaScript file

The Script element

Hello World

Console

Selecting HTML Elements

Document

Using data attributes

document.querySelector

data-* attribute

Add Interaction

.addEventListener()

Event reference

Add/remove & toggle classes

classList