

# APP MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

**Our Team :**

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# CONTRIBUTION

**We all contributed equally!**

Rishabh Jain-25%

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# OVERVIEW

**The Application Management System makes it easy for end users, developers, and businesses to collaborate and fulfill their particular responsibilities without difficulty as the optimal platform for managing applications. It is a reliable and effective database.**

# PROJECT OBJECTIVES



01

## Store

The project's central storage area is where all of the apps will be kept. The store should be well-structured and arranged to give users a seamless and easy browsing experience. Based on application category, popularity, and ranking, the user ought to be able to locate whatever application they are looking for.

02

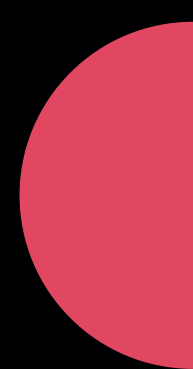
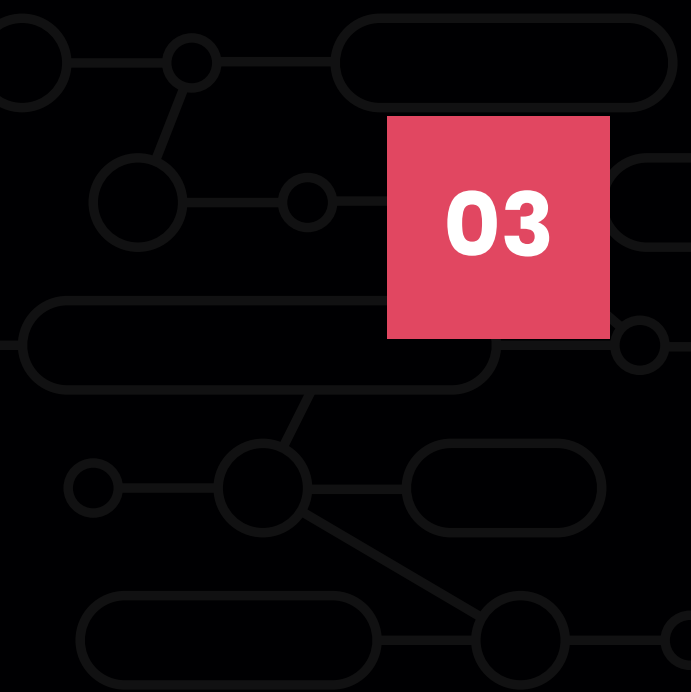
## User

A user should be able to view the programs that are installed on their devices, their current versions, and their in-app subscriptions.

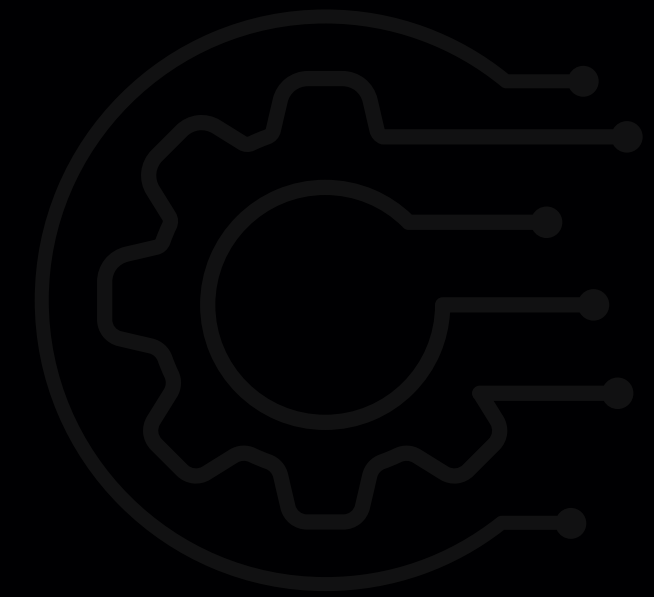
03

## Developers

·The ability for developers to create apps, view the most recent metadata for those applications, and update versions of those applications is essential. App versions and the adverts linked to them should be simple for developers to track.



# CONTENT



## 01 Overview

## 02 Project Objectives

## 03 Sql Database

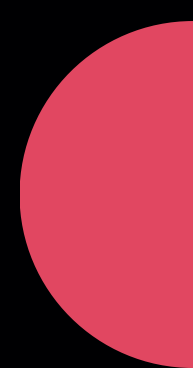
- Tables
- Views
- Functions
- Triggers
- Stored Procedures

## 04 Security Rules Defined

## 05 Sql Scripts

- Tables and Users
- ER Diagram
- Data flow diagrams

## 06 Reports



# TABLES & USERS

## Tables

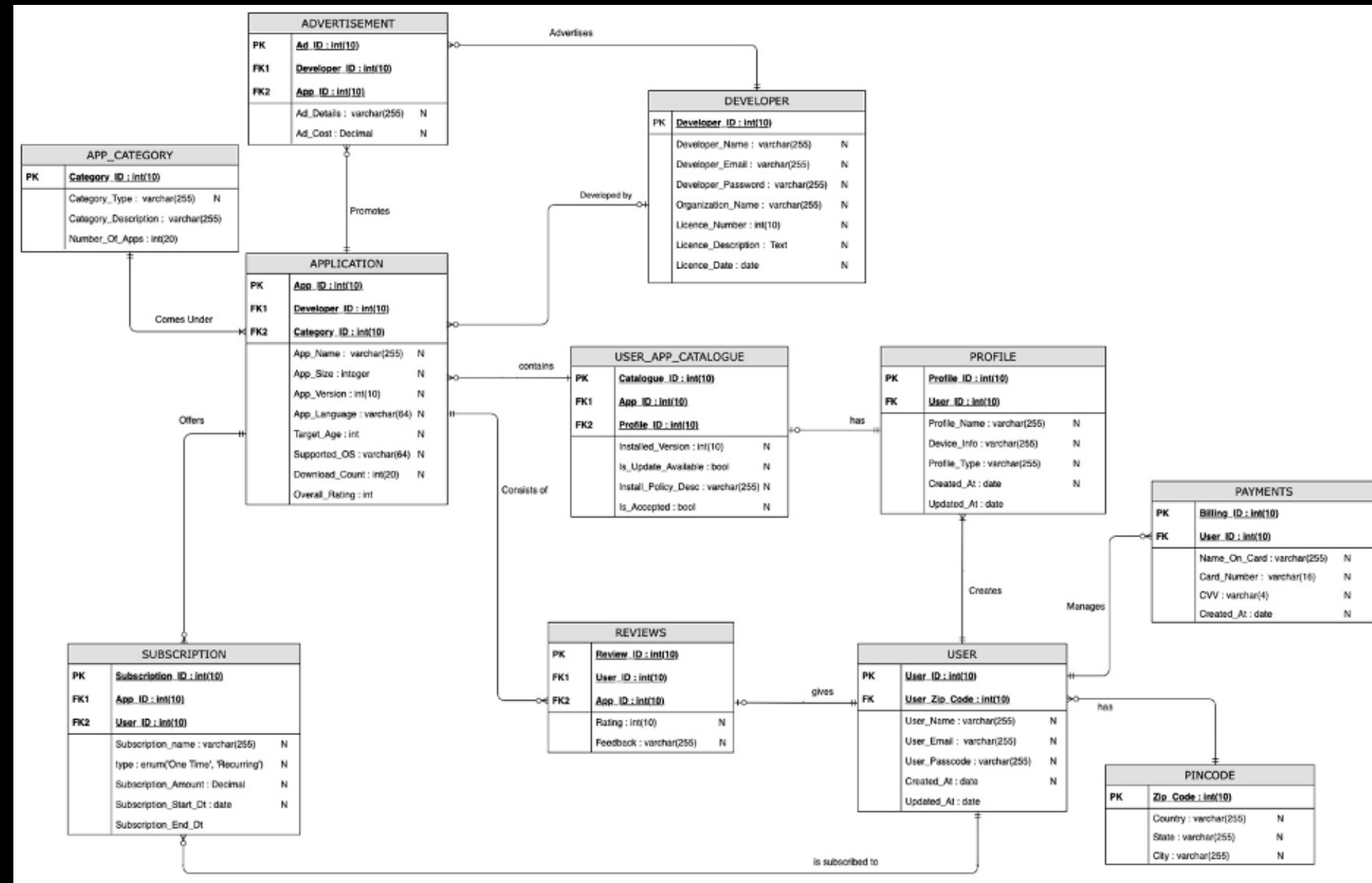
- USER\_INFO
- PINCODE
- PAYMENTS
- DEVELOPER
- APP\_CATEGORY
- APPLICATION
- PROFILE
- REVIEWS
- USER\_APP\_CATALOGUE
- ADVERTISEMENT
- SUBSCRIPTION

## Users

- DB\_ADMIN
- DEVELOPER\_MANAGER
- USER

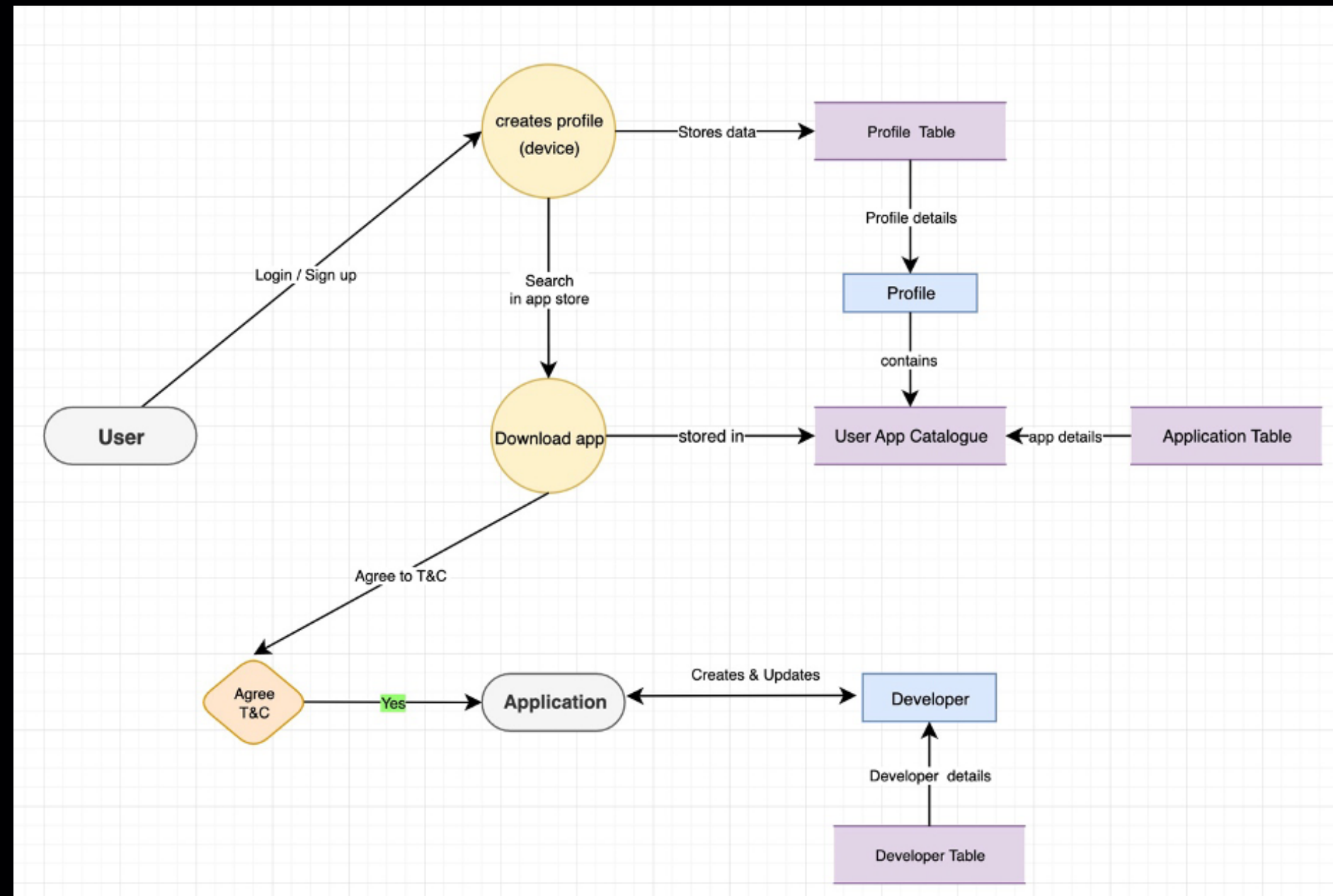


# ER - DIAGRAM



# DATA FLOW DIAGRAM -1

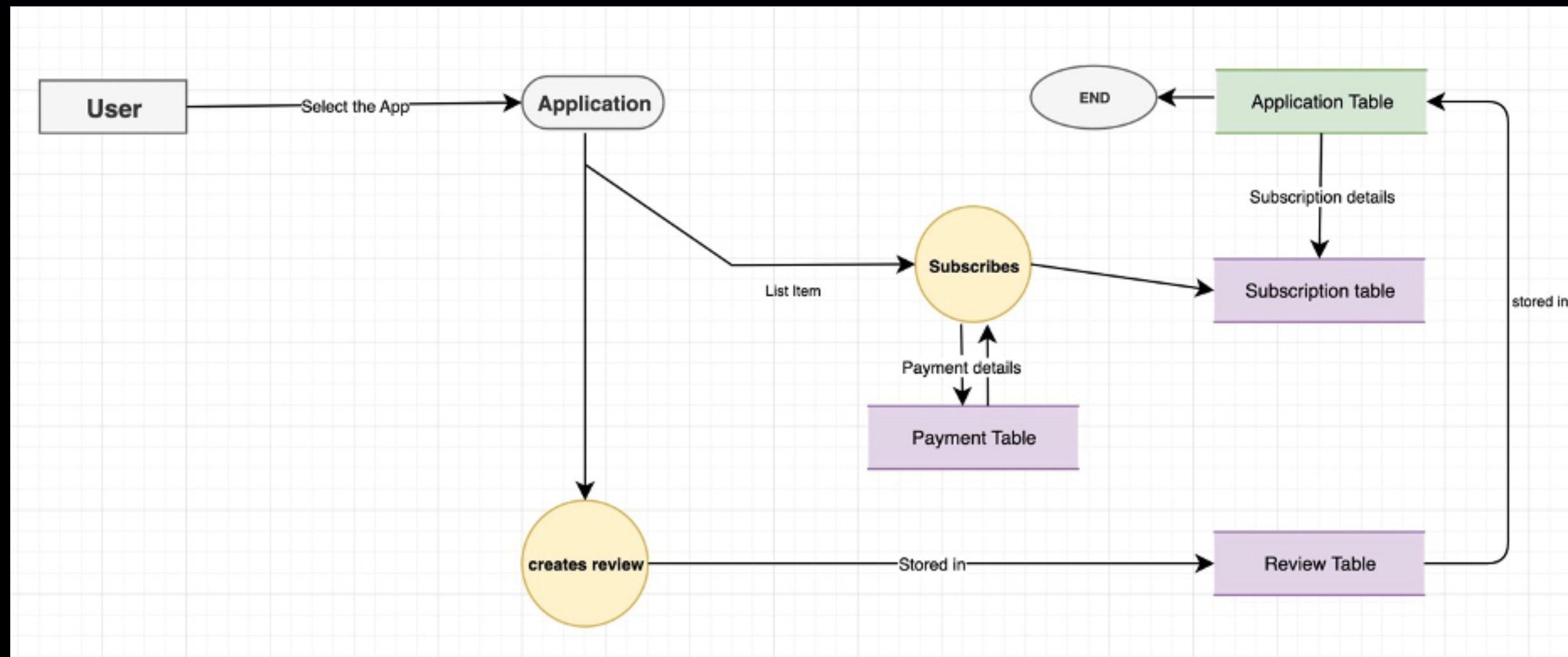
## User Login & App install Module.





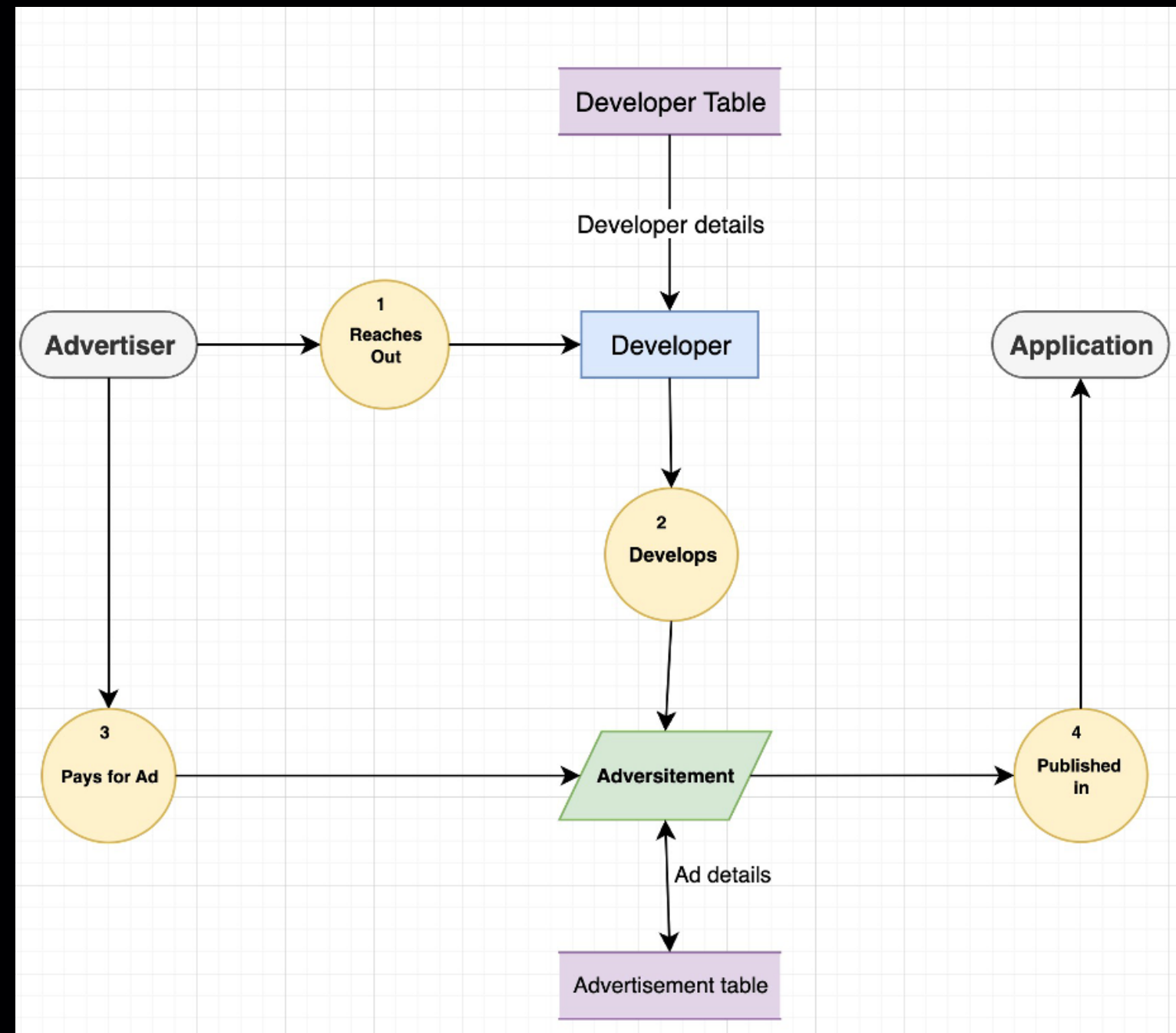
# DATA FLOW DIAGRAM -2

## User Subscription & Review Module



# DATA FLOW DIAGRAM -3

## Advertisement Module



# SECURITY RULES

## **DB\_ADMIN**

### **Complete Access -> All Tables**

- The DB\_ADMIN has complete access to all the tables, He can perform everything on every table

## **DEVELOPER\_MANAGER**

### **SELECT -> REVIEWS**

### **APP\_CATEGORY**

### **SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE -> APPLICATION**

### **ADVERTISEMENT**

### **SUBSCRIPTION**

- The DEVELOPER\_MANAGER can select data from the REVIEWS and the APP\_CATEGORY table and can perform Inserts and Updates on the APPLICATION, ADVERTISEMENT and SUBSCRIPTIONS table.

## **USER**

### **SELECT -> USER\_APP\_CATALOGUE**

### **SUBSCRIPTION**

### **SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE -> USER**

### **PAYMENTS**

### **PINCODE**

### **PROFILE**

### **REVIEWS**

- The USER can select from the USER\_APP\_CATALOGUE and can perform inserts and updates on USER, PAYMENTS, PINCODE, PROFILE and REVIEWS.

# TABLES CREATION

## Table List:

- 1.Application
- 2.Advertisement
- 3.App\_Category
- 4.License
- 5.Developer
- 6.User\_App\_Catalogue
- 7.User
- 8.Subscription
- 9.Install\_Policy
- 10.Profile
- 11.Payments
- 12.Reviews

```
-- USER_APP_CATALOGUE Table
CREATE TABLE user_app_catalogue (
  catalogue_id      INT PRIMARY KEY,
  app_id            INT,
  profile_id        INT,
  installed_version  INT,
  is_update_available NUMBER(1) DEFAULT 0 CHECK ( is_update_available IN ( 0, 1 ) ),
  install_policy_desc VARCHAR(255),
  is_accepted       NUMBER(1) DEFAULT 0 CHECK ( is_accepted IN ( 0, 1 ) )
);

ALTER TABLE user_app_catalogue
  ADD CONSTRAINT profile_id_fk FOREIGN KEY ( profile_id )
    REFERENCES profile ( profile_id )
MODIFY
  installed_version NOT NULL
MODIFY
  is_update_available NOT NULL
MODIFY
  install_policy_desc NOT NULL
MODIFY
  is_accepted NOT NULL;

ALTER TABLE user_app_catalogue
  ADD CONSTRAINT app_id_fk_2 FOREIGN KEY ( app_id )
    REFERENCES application ( app_id );
```

# SEQUENCE CREATION

```
----- SEQUENCE CREATION -----  
  
-- USER_INFO  
CREATE SEQUENCE USER_SEQ  
  MINVALUE 0  
  START WITH 1  
  INCREMENT BY 1;  
  
-- APPLICATION  
CREATE SEQUENCE APPLICATION_SEQ  
  MINVALUE 0  
  START WITH 10  
  INCREMENT BY 1;  
  
-- DEVELOPER  
CREATE SEQUENCE DEVELOPER_SEQ  
  MINVALUE 0  
  START WITH 100  
  INCREMENT BY 1;
```

# TRIGGERS

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER update_download_count
AFTER insert ON user_app_catalogue
FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
    UPDATE application
    SET download_count = download_count + 1
    WHERE app_id = :new.app_id;
END;
/
```



# STORED PROCEDURES

## ADMIN\_PACKAGE

- PROCEDURE delete\_advertisement
- PROCEDURE publish\_ad
- PROCEDURE get\_advertisements\_by\_app\_id
- PROCEDURE update\_advertisement
- PROCEDURE add\_app\_category
- PROCEDURE update\_category\_description
- PROCEDURE add\_new\_pincode
- PROCEDURE sign\_up\_developer
- PROCEDURE update\_developer

# STORED PROCEDURES

## DEVELOPER\_PACKAGE

- PROCEDURE publish\_application
- PROCEDURE get\_app\_categories
- PROCEDURE get\_advertisements\_by\_app\_id

# STORED PROCEDURES

## **user\_manager\_pkg**

- PROCEDURE select\_user\_info
- PROCEDURE insert\_user\_info\_pkg
- PROCEDURE create\_profile\_pkg
- PROCEDURE update\_user\_info
- PROCEDURE insert\_user\_app\_catalog\_pkg
- PROCEDURE get\_apps\_for\_profile
- PROCEDURE post\_review
- PROCEDURE update\_review
- PROCEDURE add\_billing\_info
- PROCEDURE get\_user\_payments
- PROCEDURE buy\_subscription
- PROCEDURE get\_subscriptions

# REPORTS

----- Reveune Report showing total revence generated from each application -----						
<pre>SELECT   application.app_id AS app_id,   application.download_count AS total_users,   SUM(subscription.subscription amount) AS total_subscription_amt,   SUM(advertisement.ad cost) AS total_ad_revenue,   COUNT(subscription.subscription_id) AS total_subscriptions FROM   application   LEFT JOIN subscription ON subscription.app_id = application.app_id   LEFT JOIN advertisement ON advertisement.app_id = application.app_id GROUP BY   application.app_id,</pre>						
Query Result x						
SQL   All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.042 seconds						
	APP_ID	TOTAL_USERS	TOTAL_SUBSCRIPTION_AMT	TOTAL_AD_REVENUE	TOTAL_SUBSCRIPTIONS	
1	11	10000	60	30	1	
2	10	100	20	50	1	
3	13	3000	40	90	1	
4	12	300	20	60	1	
5	14	90000	20	20	1	

# REPORTS

--- Complete Subscription report done over all users -----

```
SELECT
  a.user_id,
  b.type                                subscription type,
  COUNT(DISTINCT b.subscription_id) total subscriptions,
  SUM(b.subscription_amount)            subscription amout,
  MIN(
    CASE
      WHEN b.subscription_end dt >= sysdate THEN
        b.subscription_end dt
      ELSE
        NULL
    END
  ) next_subscription_end_date
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.033 seconds

	USER_ID	SUBSCRIPTION_TYPE	TOTAL_SUBSCRIPTIONS	SUBSCRIPTION_AMOUT	NEXT_SUBSCRIPTION_END_DATE	MOST_RECENT_SUBSCRIPTION
1	5	Recurring	1	20	(null)	01-JUL-22
2	3	Recurring	1	20	(null)	01-MAY-22
3	2	Recurring	1	60	(null)	01-APR-22
4	4	Recurring	1	40	(null)	01-JUN-22
5	1	Recurring	1	20	(null)	01-MAR-22

# REPORTS

----- Complete All User application report containing total size , total reviews , total subscription -----						
<pre>SELECT   a.user_id,   COUNT(DISTINCT b.profile_id)      total_profiles,   COUNT(DISTINCT d.app_id)          total_apps,   SUM(d.app_size)                   total_size,   COUNT(DISTINCT e.review_id)      total_reviews,   COUNT(DISTINCT f.subscription_id) total_subscriptions FROM   user_info a   JOIN profile      b ON a.user_id = b.user_id   JOIN user_app_catalogue c ON b.profile_id = c.profile_id   JOIN application  d ON c.app_id = d.app_id   LEFT JOIN reviews    e ON a.user_id = e.user_id   LEFT JOIN subscription f ON a.user_id = f.user_id</pre>						
Query Result x						
SQL   All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.035 seconds						
	USER_ID	TOTAL_PROFILES	TOTAL_APPS	TOTAL_SIZE	TOTAL_REVIEWS	TOTAL_SUBSCRIPTIONS
1	1	1	1	50	1	1
2	2	1	1	100	1	1
3	3	1	1	30	1	1
4	4	1	1	200	1	1
5	5	1	1	70	1	1



# REPORTS

--- User usage Report by Country -----

```
SELECT
  trunc(a.created_at)      create_date,
  b.country,
  COUNT(DISTINCT a.user_id) total,
  'USERS'                  count_type
FROM
  user_info a
  JOIN pincode b ON a.user_zip_code = b.zip_code
GROUP BY
  trunc(a.created_at),
  b.country,
  'USERS'
UNION ALL
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 9 in 0.043 seconds

	CREATE_DATE	COUNTRY	TOTAL	COUNT_TYPE
1	01-JAN-22	India	1	USERS
2	04-JAN-22	USA	2	USERS
3	02-JAN-22	India	1	USERS
4	03-JAN-22	USA	1	USERS
5	19-FEB-18	USA	1	PROFILES
6	13-AUG-17	USA	1	PROFILES
7	11-AUG-20	USA	1	PROFILES
8	09-APR-20	India	1	PROFILES
9	28-JUN-21	India	1	PROFILES

# REPORTS

--- Application categorized report under given category and Overall rating

```
SELECT
    category_type,
    overall_rating,
    trunc(app_create_dt) create_date,
    COUNT(DISTINCT app_id) total_apps
FROM
    application a
    JOIN app_category b ON a.category_id = b.category_id
GROUP BY
    category_type,
    overall_rating,
    trunc(app_create_dt);
```

Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 5 in 0.04 seconds

	CATEGORY_TYPE	OVERALL_RATING	CREATE_DATE	TOTAL_APPS
1	Entertainment	4	03-MAR-23	1
2	Business	7	18-JUL-22	1
3	Lifestyle	8	05-MAR-22	1
4	Entertainment	3	28-MAY-22	1
5	Business	6	06-MAR-22	1

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