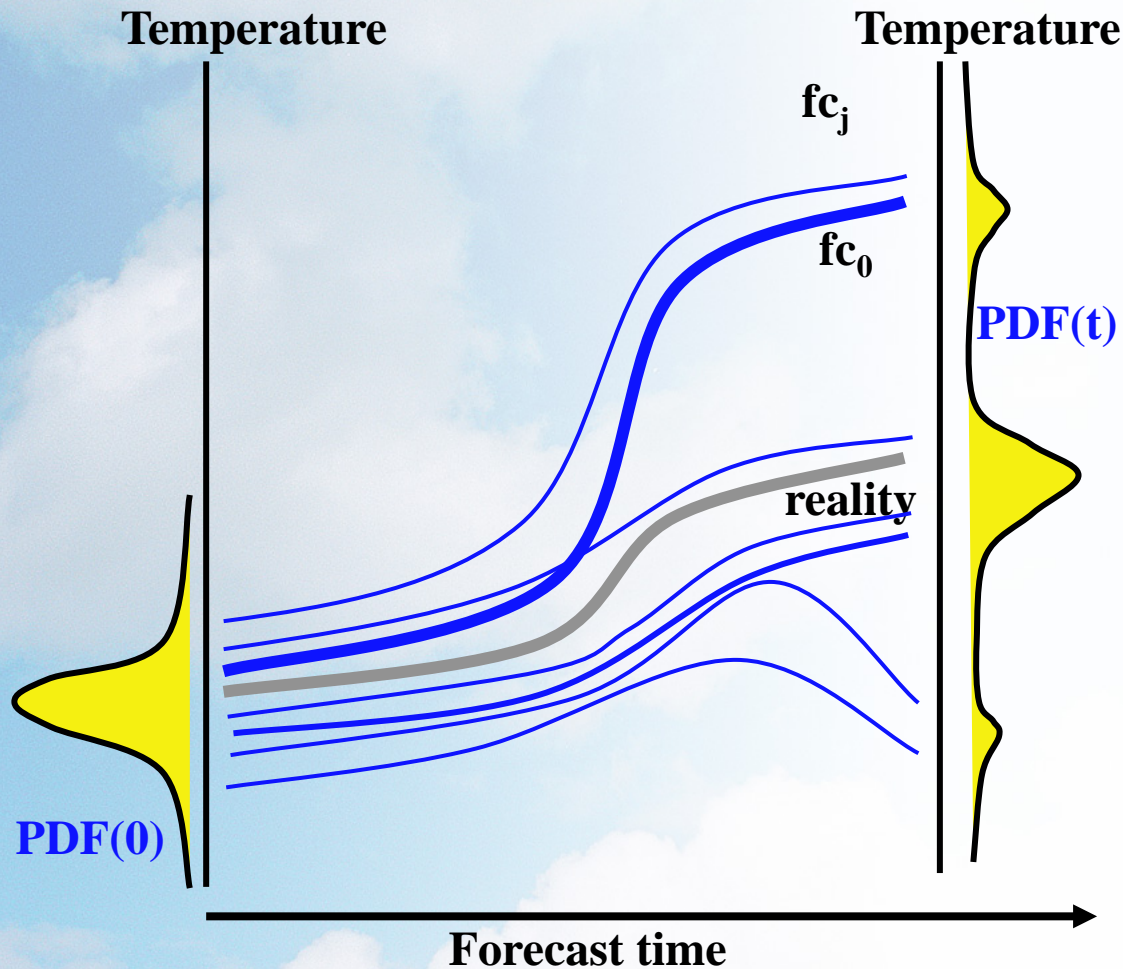


# Construction of Perturbed Initial Conditions

### 3. Ensemble prediction systems

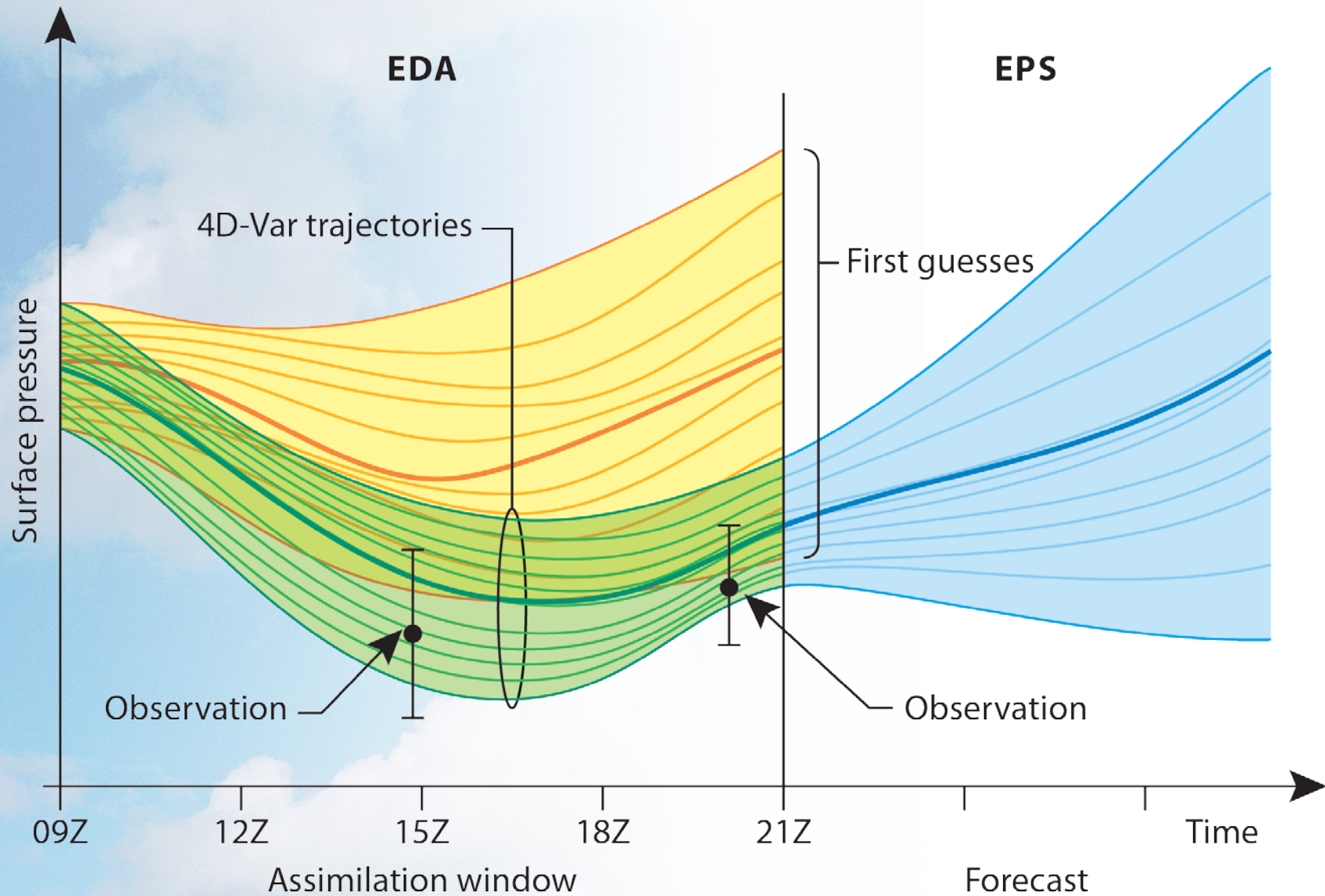


#### Sources of Uncertainty:

- Initial Conditions
- Model Formulation

from R. Buizza

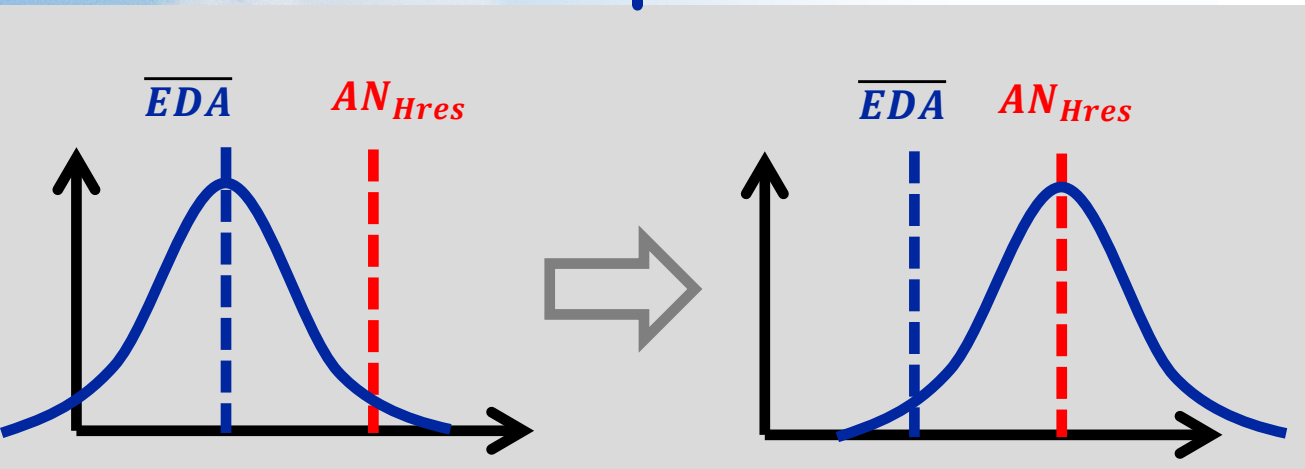
# Ensemble assimilation and prediction





# Generation of initial conditions for the ensemble:

$$AN_{pf} = \underbrace{AN_{Hres} \pm (EDA_i - \overline{EDA})}_{\text{Re-centred EDA}} \pm SVPERT_j \quad \begin{matrix} i = 1..25 \\ j = 1..25 \end{matrix}$$



Re-centre EDA-Distribution on Hres-Analysis

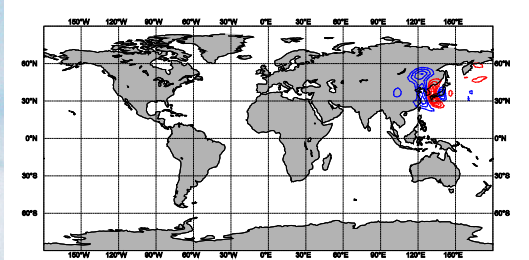
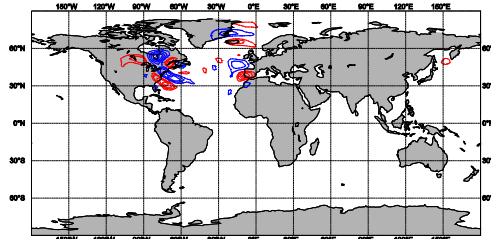
$$SVPERT_j = \sum_l^{NSET} \sum_k^{NSV_l} \alpha_{lk} SV_{lk}$$

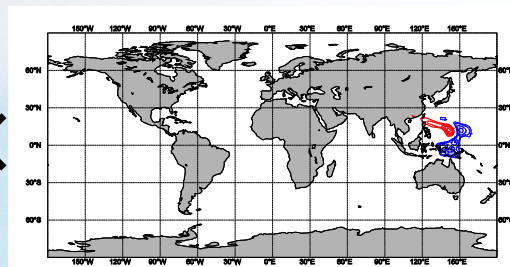
$\alpha$  random number drawn from  
Truncated gaussian

NSET : nhem, shem, TCs1-6

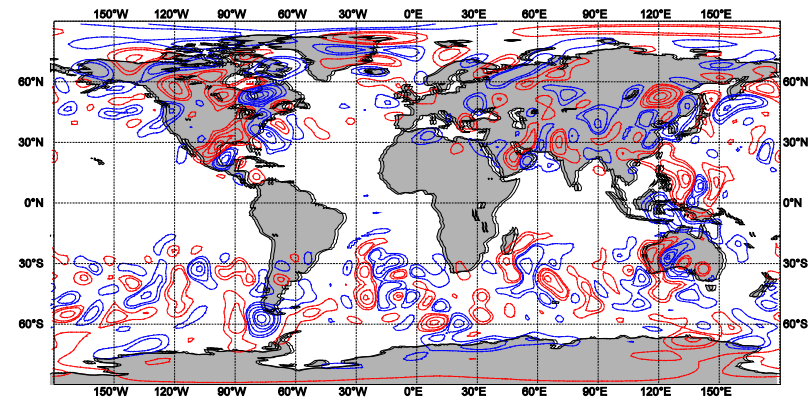
NSV : 50 for nhem and shem, 5 for TCs

# Combine SVs to construct Perturbations:

$$\alpha_1 \times \text{SV}_1 + \alpha_2 \times \text{SV}_2 + \dots + \alpha_{50} \times \text{SV}_{50}$$



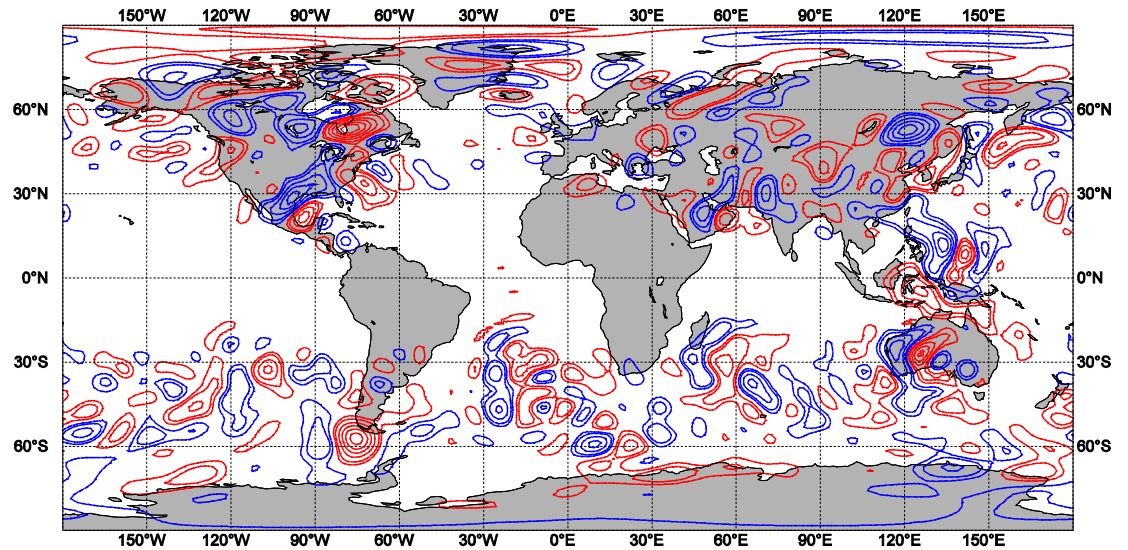
$$+ \alpha_{TC1} \times \text{SV}_{TC1} + \dots + \text{SV}_{PERT1}$$


=

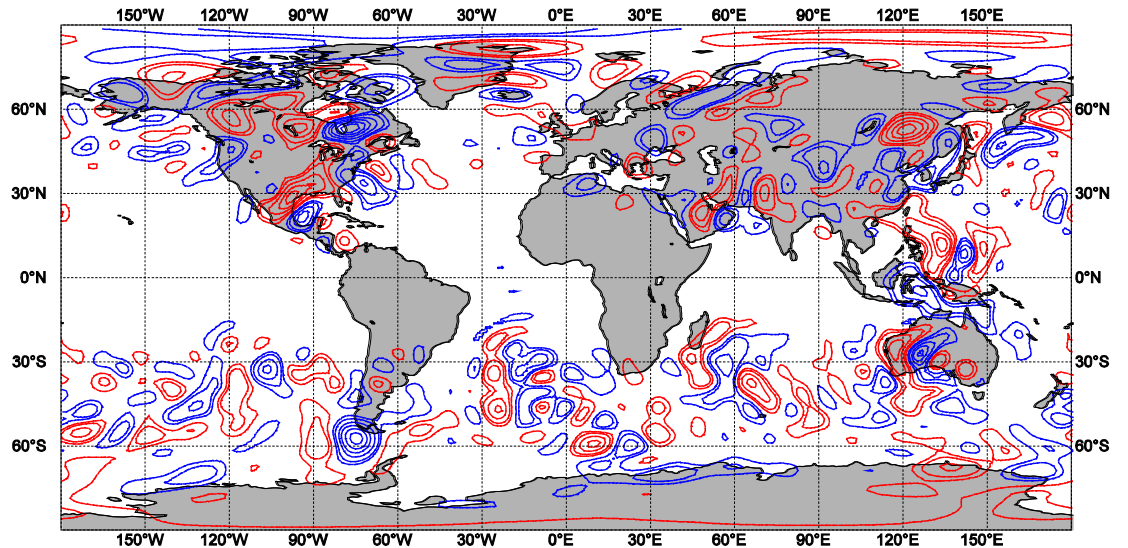




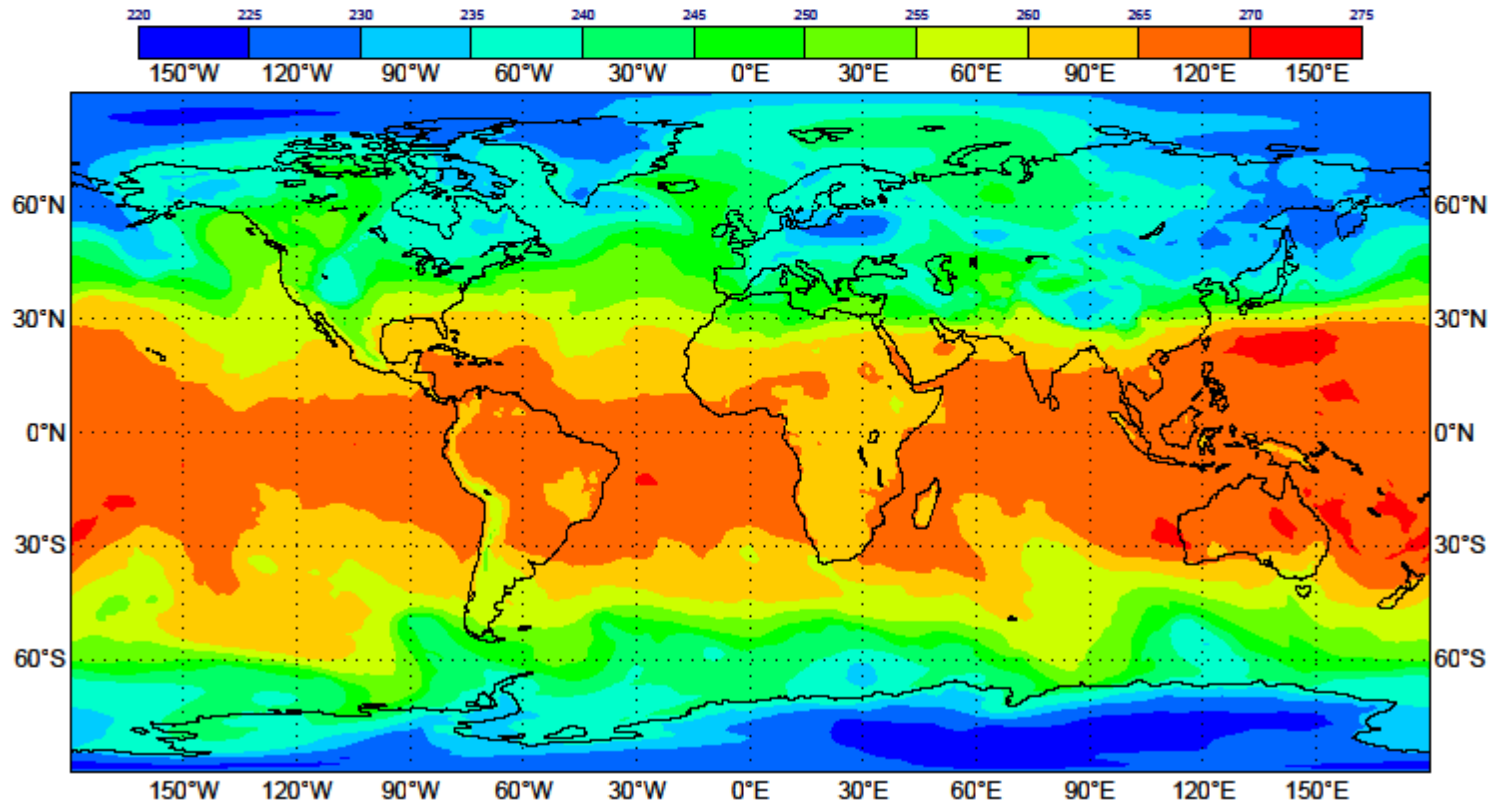
## SVPERT 1



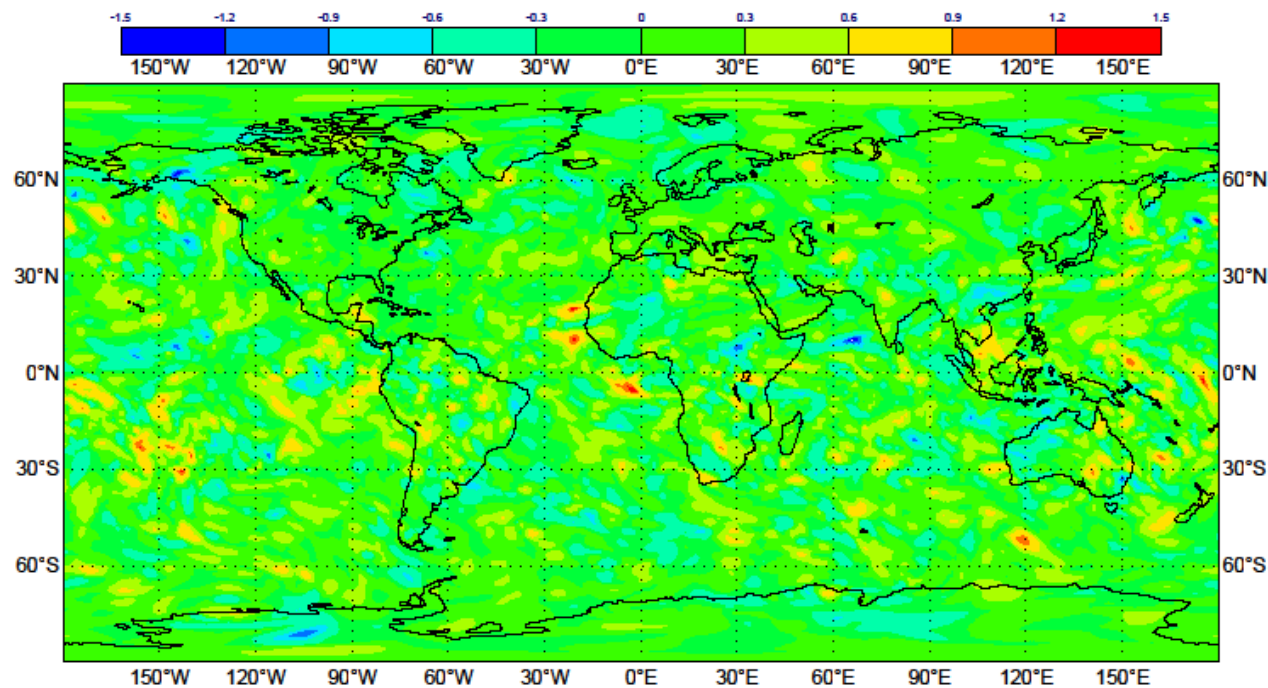
## SVPERT 2



# Example:

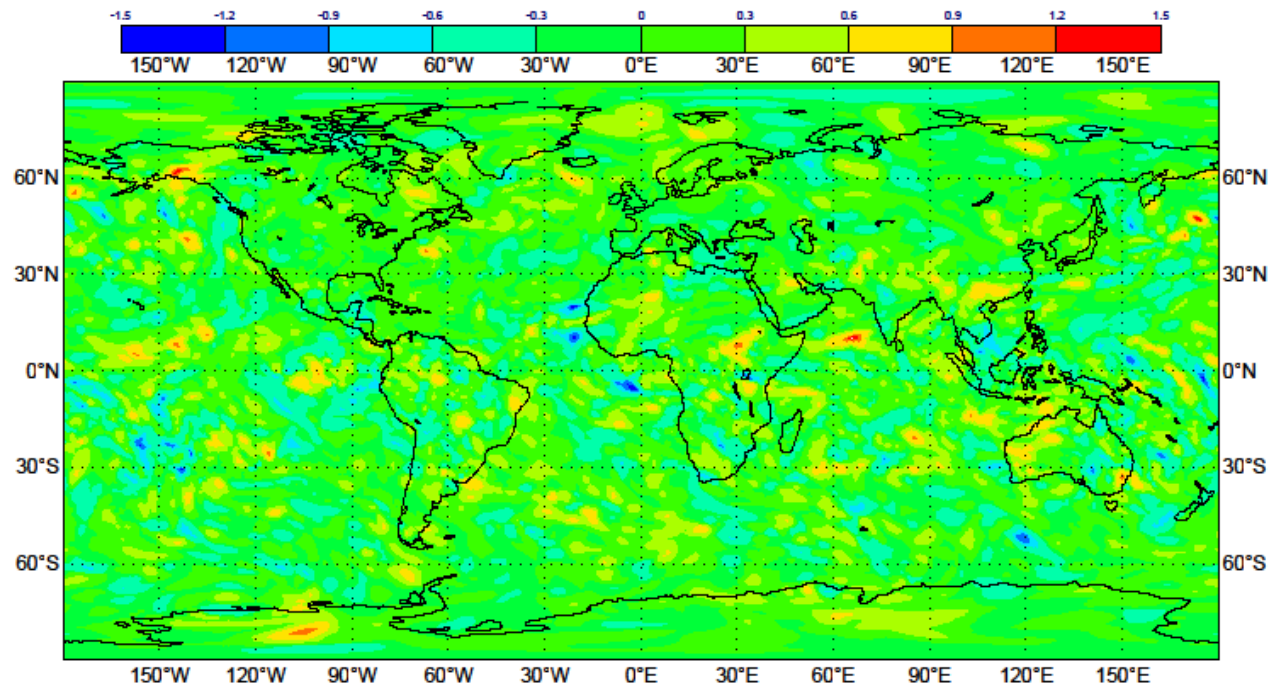


## Hres Analysis Temperature 500hPa



**Member 1:**

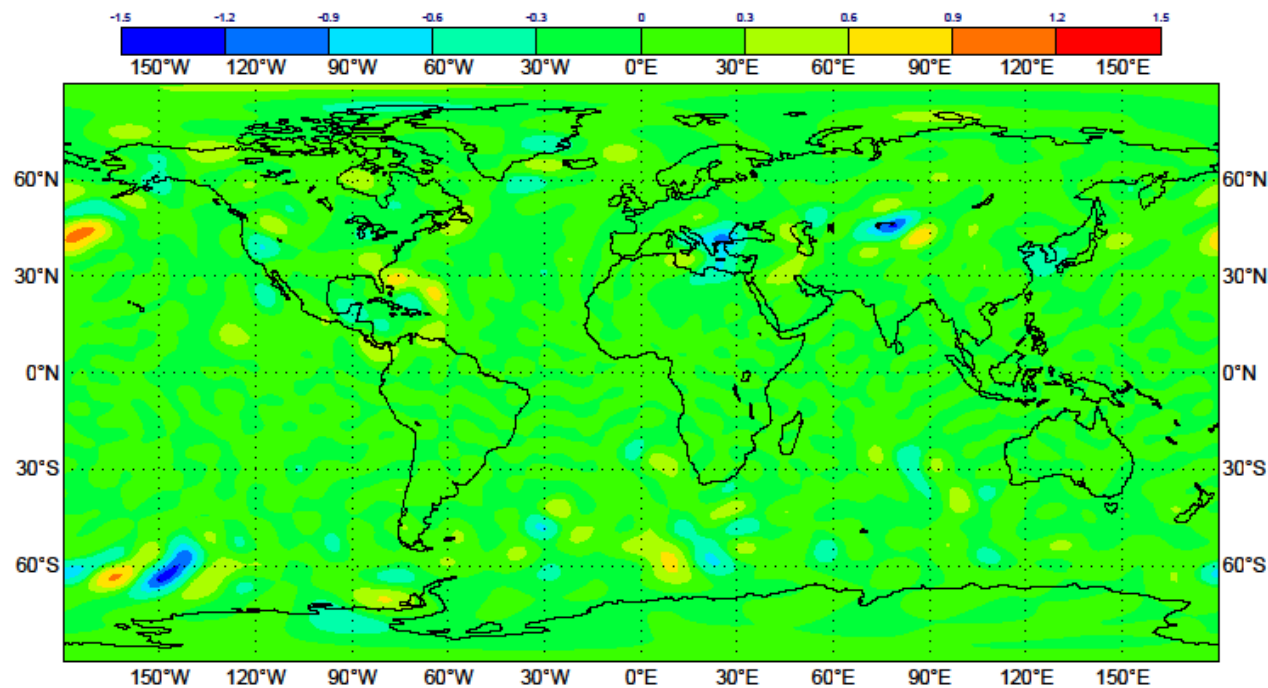
$$EDA_1 - \overline{EDA}$$



**Member 2:**

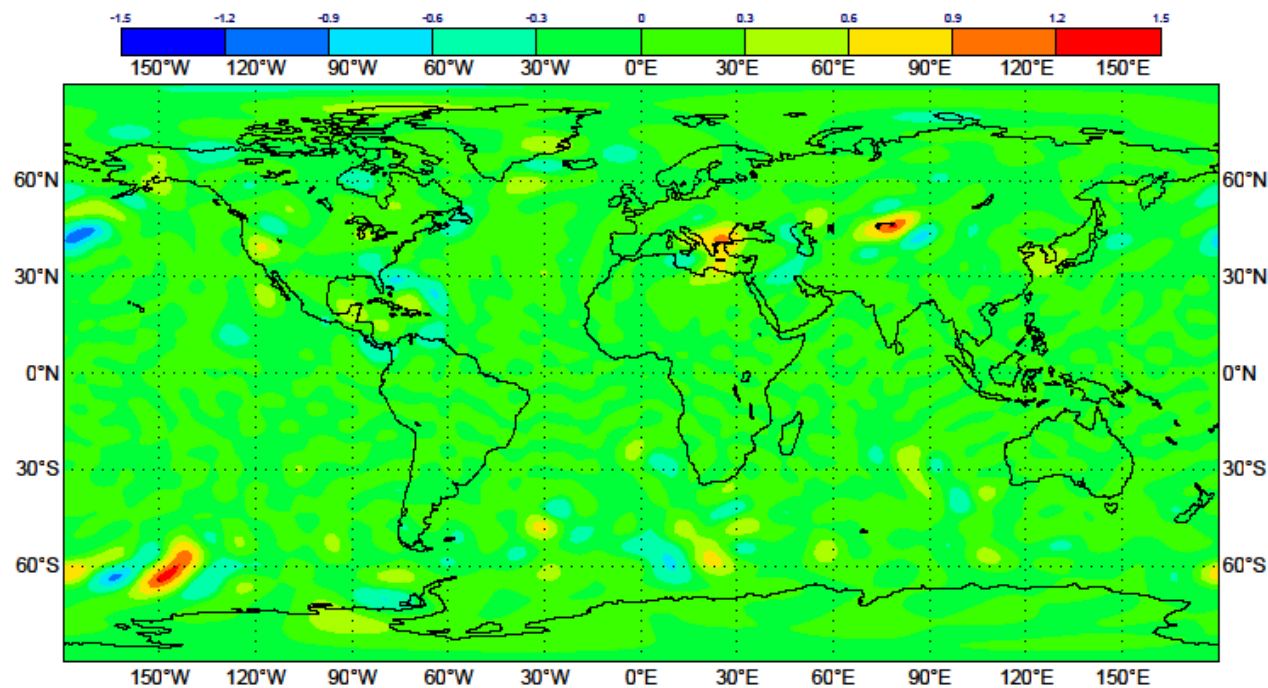
$$-(EDA_1 - \overline{EDA})$$





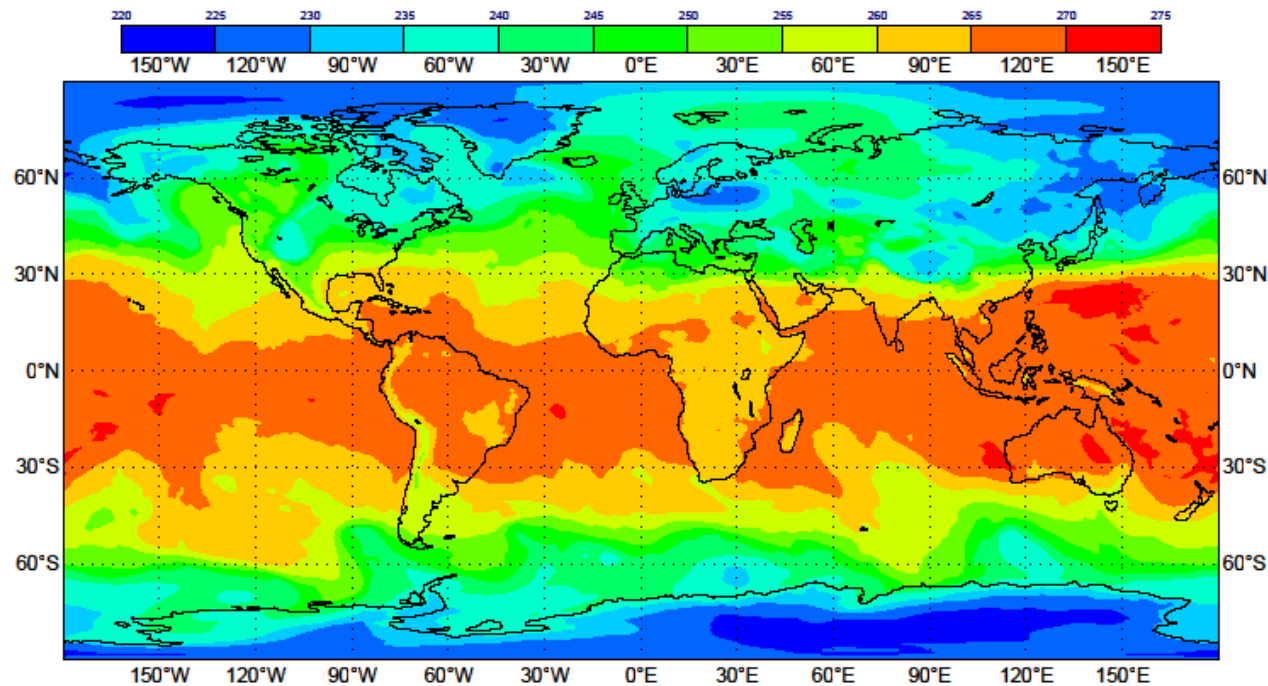
Member 1:

$SVPERT_1$



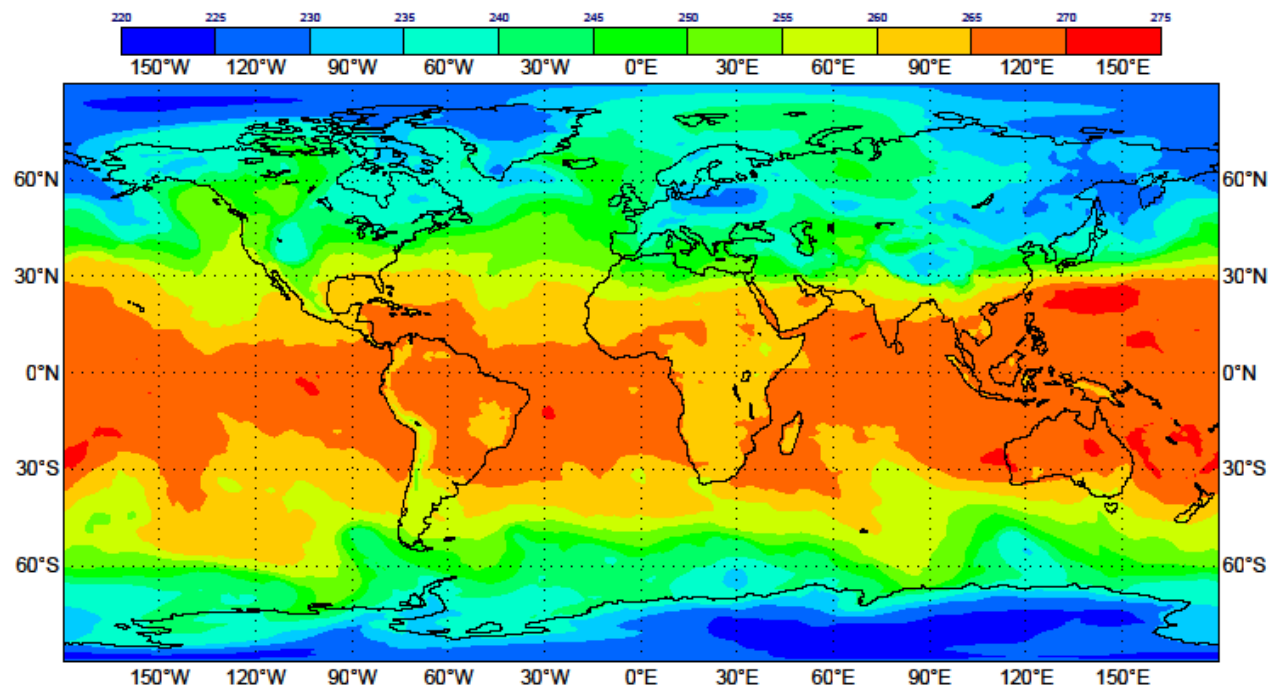
Member 2:

$-SVPERT_1$



Member 1:

$AN_{pf1}$



Member 2:

$AN_{pf2}$

**Thank You!**



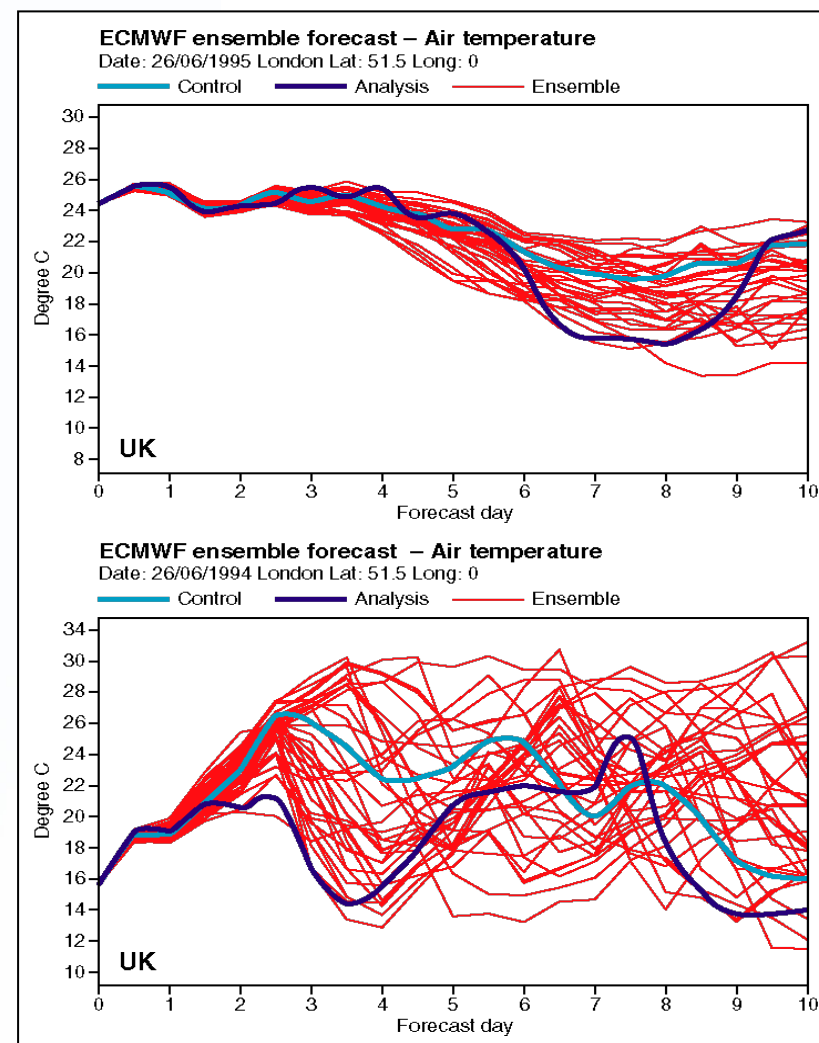
# Chaos and weather prediction

## The atmosphere is a chaotic system

- Small errors can grow to have major impact (butterfly effect)
- We can never perfectly measure the current state of the whole atmosphere
- This limits detailed weather prediction to a week or so ahead

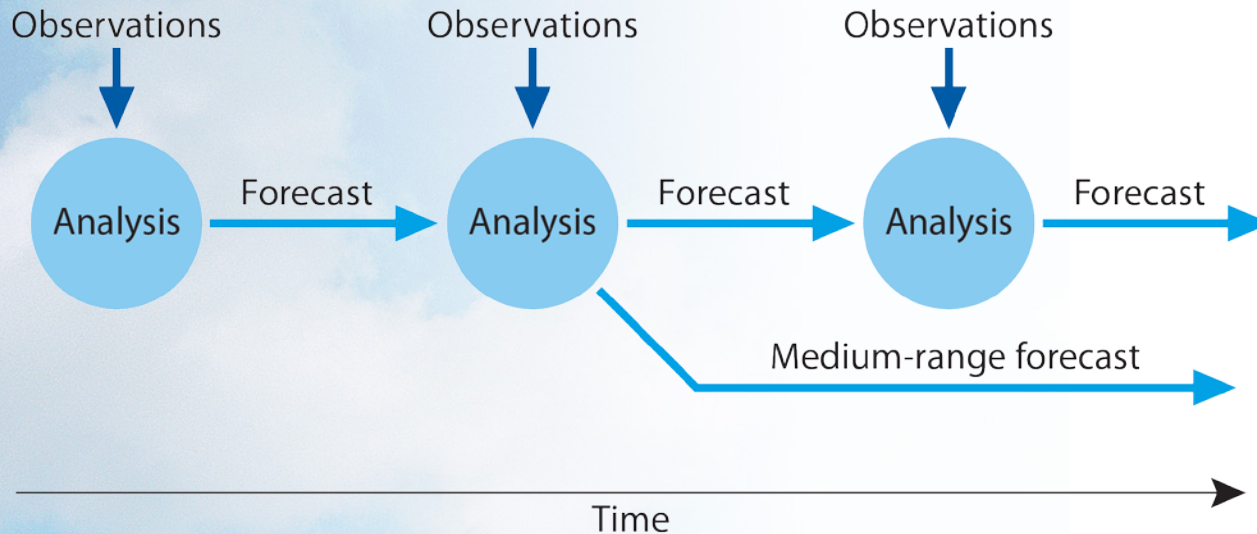
## Ensemble Forecasts

- Parallel set of forecasts from very slightly different initial conditions and model formulation
- Assess uncertainty of today's forecast



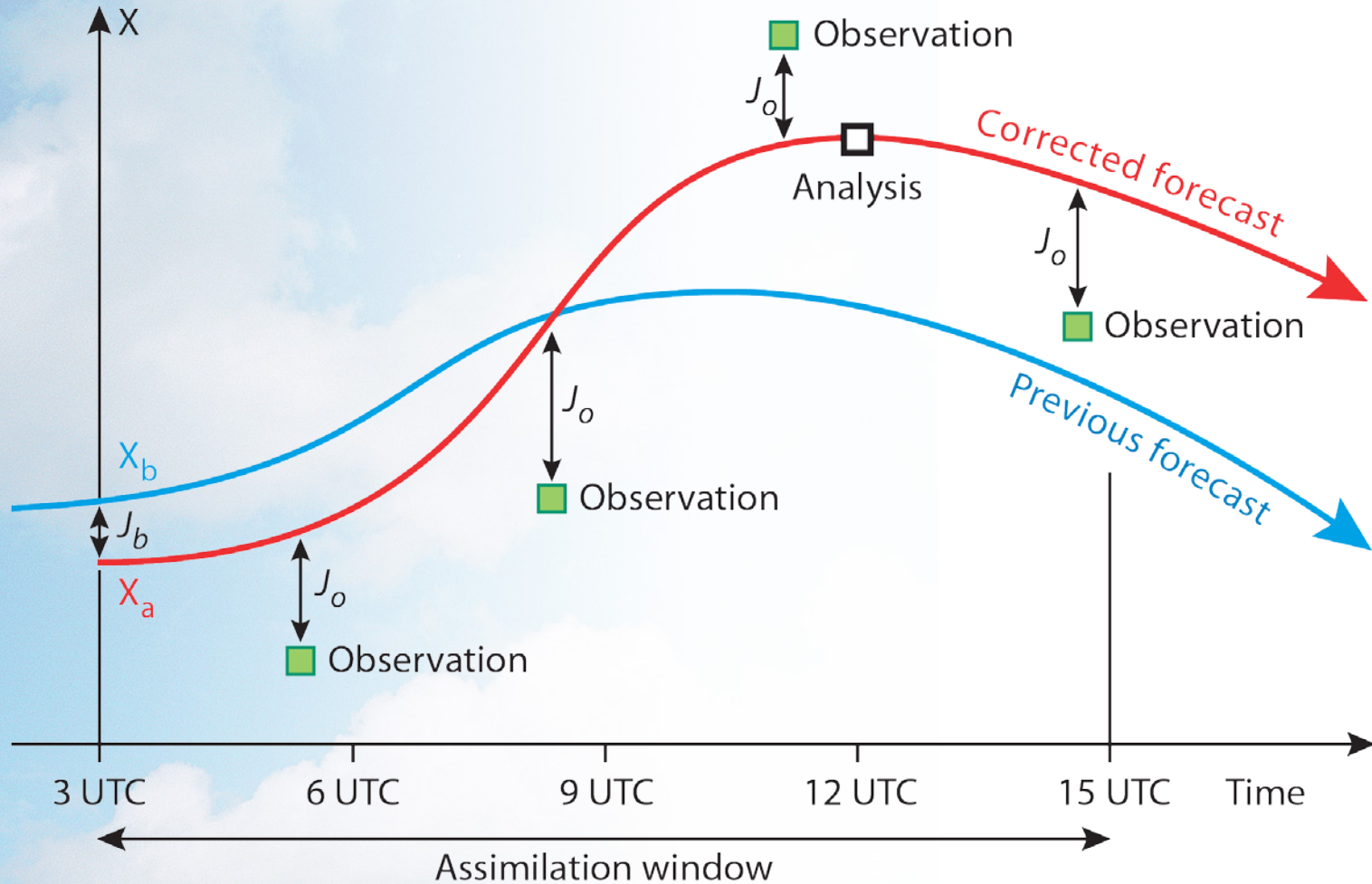
# Starting the Medium-Range Forecast – the ‘Analysis’

**Analysis: 3 dimensional virtual image of the atmosphere at a given time.**



- The short range forecast from the previous analysis is our ‘first estimate’ of the current state of the atmosphere.
- every 12 hours we process about 60 million observations
- Using 4-dimensional interpolation (space and time) temperature, wind and humidity observations are used to ‘pull’ the model state closer to reality
- This operation takes as much computer power as all the forecasts

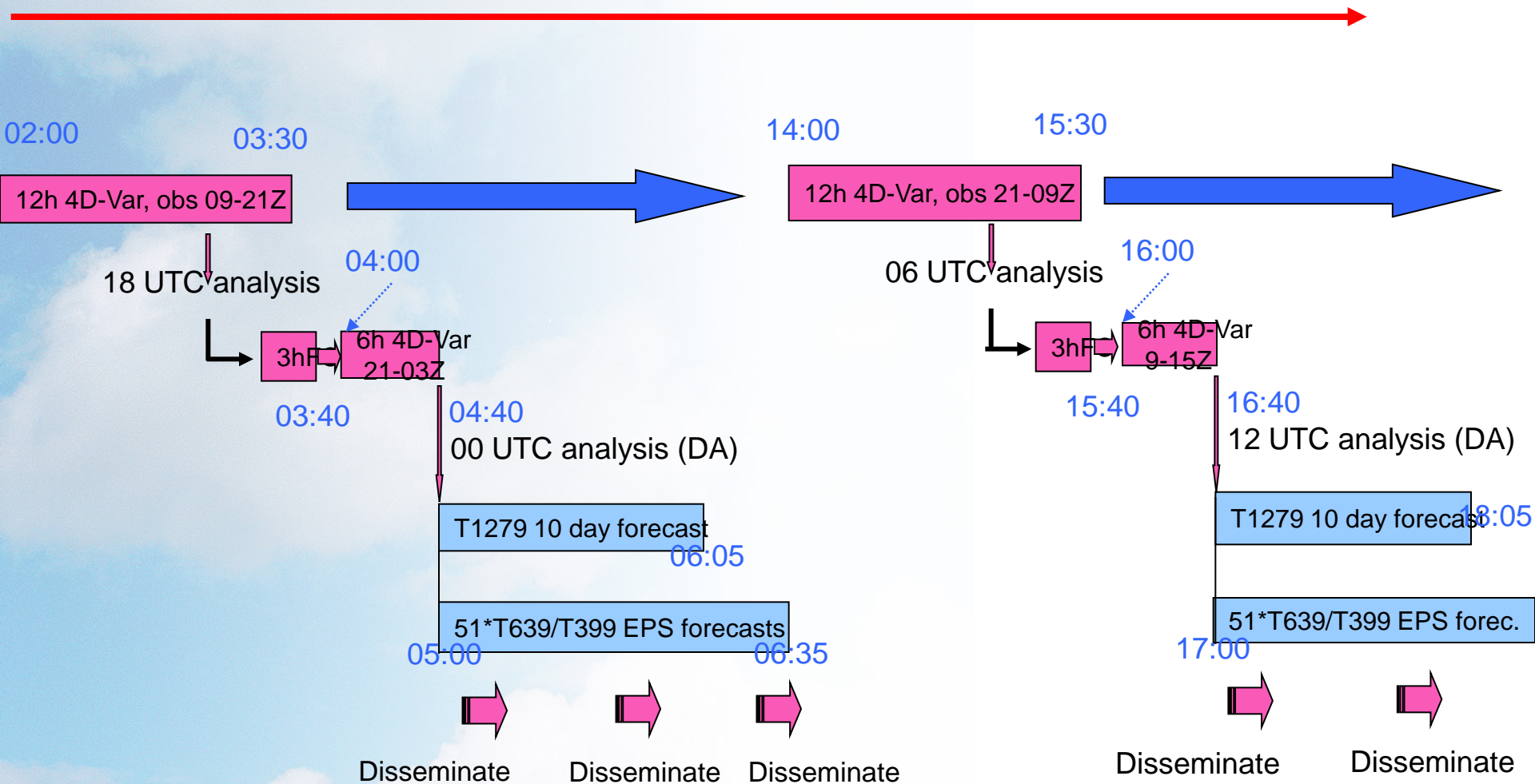
# 4D-Var assimilation





# Operational schedule

## Early delivery suite introduced June 2004



from L. Isaksen