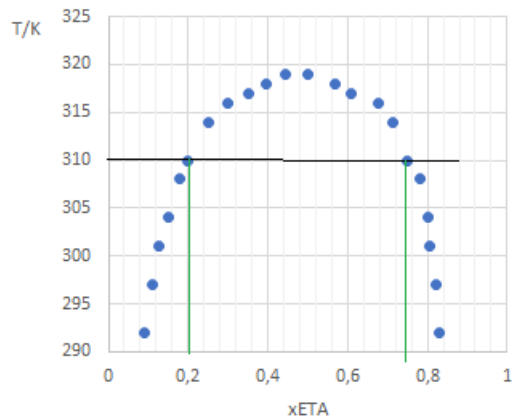


#### 4º teste 16 Dezembro 2022

1-a)



Tie-line a 310 K

Fase mais rica em Etanol L1:  $x_{\text{ETA}} = 0.75$

Fase mais rica em Ciclohexano L2:  $x_{\text{ETA}} = 0.2$

Regra da alavanca

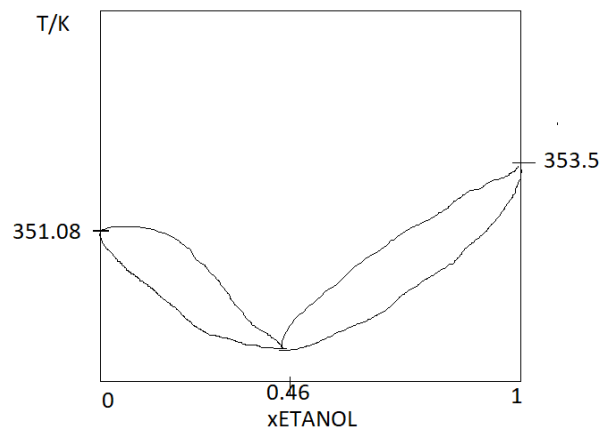
$$n^{L1} \cdot \ell^{L1} = n^{L2} \cdot \ell^{L2}$$

$n^{L1} \cdot (0.75 - x^T) = n^{L2} \cdot (x^T - 0.2)$  com  $x^T$  fracção molar total de etanol na mistura

$$n^{L1}/n^{L2} = 0.5; \text{ logo } n^{L1}/n^{L2} = (x^T - 0.2) / (0.75 - x^T) = 0.5$$

obtendo-se  $x^T = 0.383$

1-b)

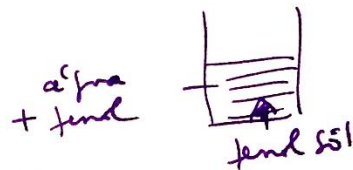


2.  $\gamma_I$  mede desv. os modelos sol-ideal  
a)

$$a_{\text{fend}} = x_{\text{fend}} \gamma_{I, \text{fend}}$$

no eq.,

$$\mu_{\text{fend, sol}}^*$$



$$= \mu_{\text{fend, liq}}^* + RT \ln a_{\text{fend}}^{afra}$$

A T e P des,  $a_{\text{fend}}^{afra} = a_{\text{fend}}^{ideal}$

$$= x_{\text{fend}}^{ideal} \underbrace{\gamma_{I, \text{fend}}^{ideal}}_{=1} = x_{\text{fend}}^{ideal}$$

$$\ln x_{\text{fend}}(\text{sol. ideal}) = \frac{\Delta H_{\text{fus, fend}}}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_{\text{fus, fend}}} - \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

$$\ln x_{\text{fend}}^{ideal} = \frac{11510}{8.314} \left( \frac{1}{313.95} - \frac{1}{298.15} \right)$$

$$x_{\text{fend}}^{ideal} = 0.792 = a_{\text{fend}}^{ideal} = a_{\text{fend}}^{afra}$$

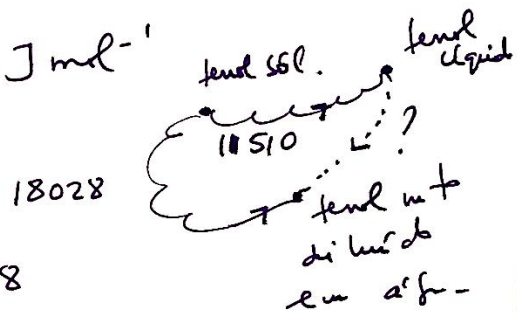
$$0.792 = x_{\text{fend}}^{afra} \gamma_{I, \text{fend}}^{afra}$$

$$\gamma_{I, \text{fend}}^{afra} = \frac{0.792}{0.075} = 10.6$$

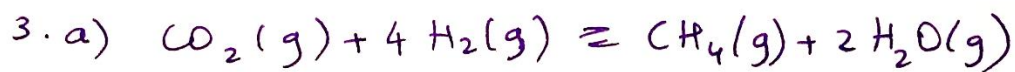
$$b) \ln x_{\text{fensel}} (\text{sol. dill. : dill.}) = \frac{\Delta_{\text{sol fensel}} H}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_{\text{fensel}}} - \frac{1}{T} \right)$$

$$\ln 0.693 = \frac{\Delta_{\text{sol fensel}} H}{8.314} \left( \frac{1}{313.95} - \frac{1}{298.15} \right)$$

$$\Delta_{\text{sol fensel}} H = 18028 \text{ J mol}^{-1}$$



$$\begin{aligned} ? &= -11510 + 18028 \\ &= 6510 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \end{aligned}$$



$$K = \frac{t_{\text{CH}_4} t_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^2}{t_{\text{CO}_2} t_{\text{H}_2}^4} = \frac{P_{\text{CH}_4} P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^2}{P_{\text{CO}_2} P_{\text{H}_2}^4} \times \frac{\phi_{\text{CH}_4} \phi_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^2}{\phi_{\text{CO}_2} \phi_{\text{H}_2}^4}$$

$$\ln \phi = \int_0^P \frac{z-1}{P} dP = \frac{B}{RT} \times P$$

$\text{J K mol}^{-1}$     $\text{K}$     $\text{cm}^3 \text{mol}^{-1}$     $\text{MPa}$

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$$\ln \phi_{\text{CH}_4} = \frac{34.1}{8.314 \times 800} \times 5$$

$$\phi_{\text{CH}_4} = 1.03 \quad \phi_{\text{CO}_2} = 1.01 \quad \phi_{\text{H}_2} = 1.01$$

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$$\phi_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = 0.97$$

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$$K_{800} = 0.126 = \frac{P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^2}{6.8^4} \times \frac{P_{\text{CH}_4}}{P_{\text{CO}_2}} \times \underbrace{0.914}_{\text{veamo } \phi_i}$$

$$P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}^2 = \frac{0.126 \times 6.8^4}{0.914} = 301.79$$

$$P_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} = \sqrt{301.79} = 17.37 \text{ bar}$$

mo ef°:

$$P_{CO_2} + P_{CH_4} = 50 - P_{H_2O} - P_{H_2} = \\ = 50 - 17.37 - 6.8 = 25.83 \text{ bar}$$

$$P_{CO_2} = P_{CH_4} = \frac{25.83}{2} = 12.91 \text{ bar}$$

$$Y_{CO_2} = Y_{CH_4} = \frac{12.91}{50} = 0.258$$

$$Y_{H_2} = \frac{6.8}{50} = 0.136$$

$$Y_{H_2O} = \frac{17.37}{50} = 0.347$$

$$\sum_i Y_i = 1.000$$

$$b) \Delta G_{800}^{\circ} = -RT \ln K_{800} = -8.314 \times 800 \times$$

$$\times \ln 0.126 = \Delta H^{\circ} - T \Delta S^{\circ} =$$

$$= -188.4 \times 10^3 - 800 \times \Delta S_{800}^{\circ}$$

$$\Delta G_{800}^{\circ} = -13778 \text{ J}$$

$$\Delta S_{800}^{\circ} = -252.72 \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$\Delta S_{800}^{\circ} = \Delta S_{298}^{\circ} + \int_{298}^{800} \frac{\Delta C_{p,i}}{T} dT$$

$$\Delta C_{p,i} = \sum_i n_i C_{p,i}(\text{Prod}) - \sum_i n_i C_{p,i}(\text{Reag})$$

$$= 1 \times 36.8 + 2 \times 34.1 - (1 \times 35 + 4 \times 29.2)$$

$$= -46.8 \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$-252.72 = \Delta S_{298}^{\circ} - 46.8 \ln \frac{800}{298}$$

$$\Delta S_{298}^{\circ} = -206.5 \text{ JK}^{-1}$$



$$\nu_+ = 3 \quad \nu_- = 1 \quad z_+ = 1 \quad z_- = -3$$

$$\nu = \nu_+ + \nu_- = 4$$

$$m_+ = \nu_+ m_i = 3 m_i$$

$$m_i = 0.005 \text{ mol kg}^{-1}$$

$$m_- = \nu_- m_i = m_i$$

$$m_{\pm}^{\nu} = m_+^{\nu_+} m_-^{\nu_-} = (3 m_i)^3 \times m_i = 27 m_i^4$$

$$= 27 \times 0.005^4 = 1.69 \times 10^{-8}$$



$$\nu_+ = 1 \quad \nu_- = 2 \quad z_+ = 2 \quad z_- = -1$$

$$m_+ = \nu_+ m = m$$

$$m = 0.006 \text{ mol kg}^{-1}$$

$$m_- = \nu_- m = 2m$$

$$I = 0.5 \times \left( 3 \times 0.005 \times 1^2 + 1 \times 0.005 \times (-3)^2 + 1 \times 0.006 \times 2^2 + 2 \times 0.006 \times (-1)^2 \right) = 0.048 \text{ mol kg}^{-1}$$

$$\log_{10} \gamma_{\pm} = -0.509 \times 1 \times |-3| \times \sqrt{0.048} = -0.3345$$

$$\gamma_{\pm} = 10^{-0.3345} = 0.463$$

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$$a_{\pm} = a_{(\text{NH}_4)_3\text{PO}_4} = m_{\pm}^{\gamma} \gamma_{\pm}^{\gamma} =$$

$$= 1.69 \times 10^{-8} \times 0.463^4 = 7.76 \times 10^{-10}$$