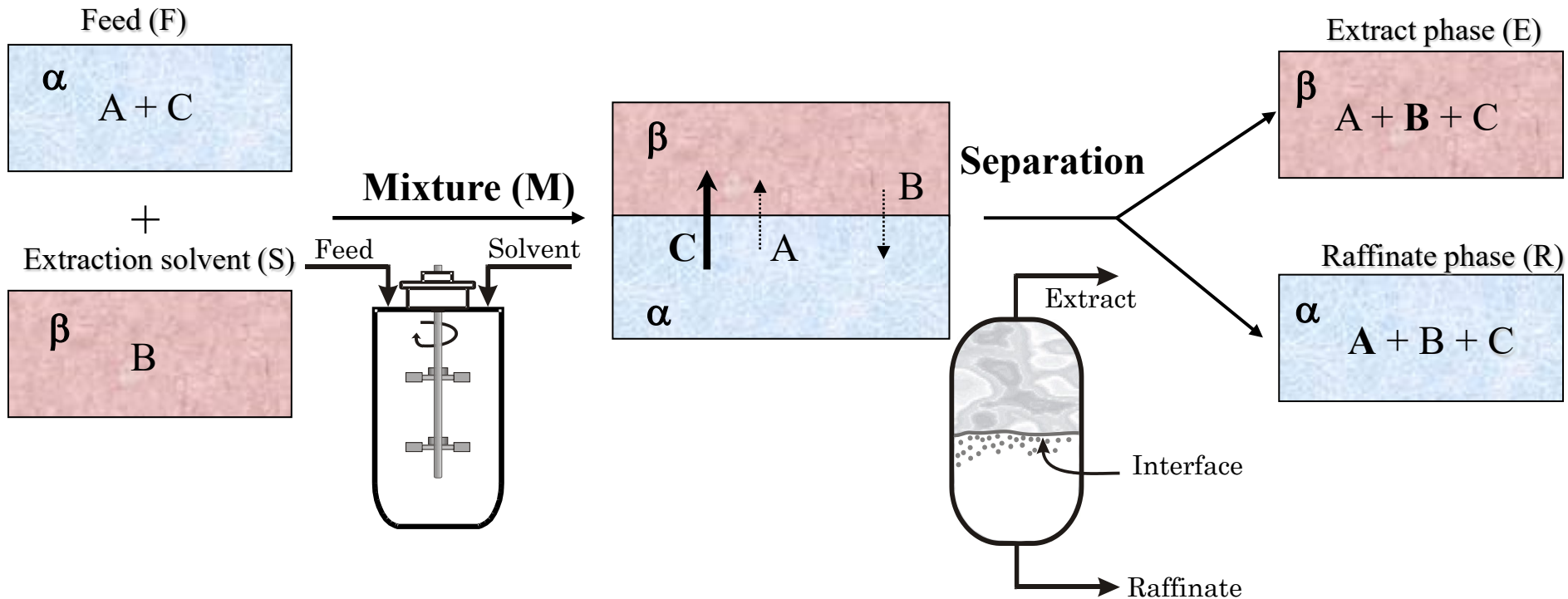


Liquid – Liquid Extraction

Processos de Separação

LEQB

2023/2024



A: **Water** (diluent)

C: **Acetone** (solute)

B: **n-Hexane** (solvent)

S - solvent flowrate (B)

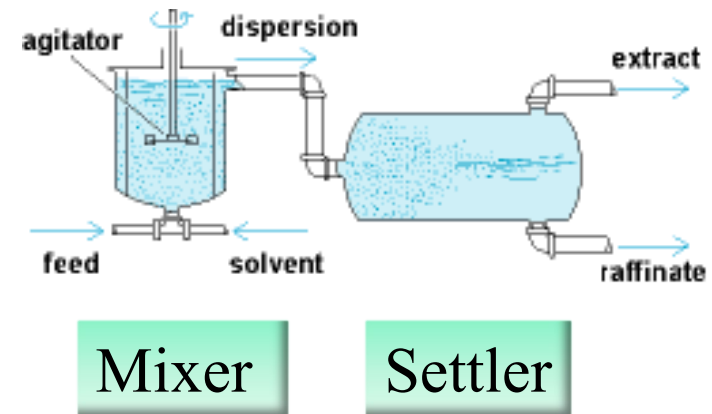
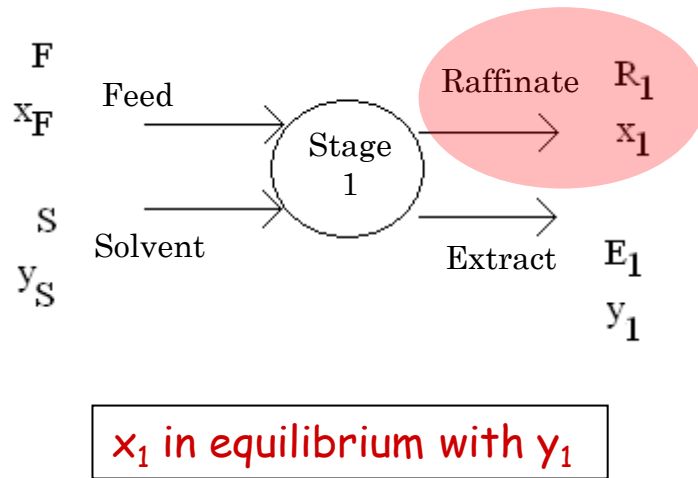
F - feed flowrate (A + C)

E - extract phase flowrate

R - raffinate phase flowrate

Methods of operating LLE in the industry

1. Single-stage extraction



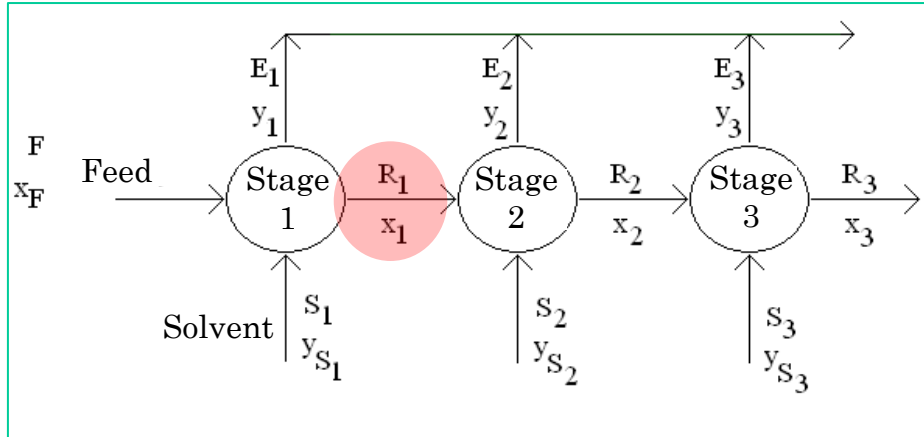
(Misturador) (Decantador)

What to do with R_1 ?

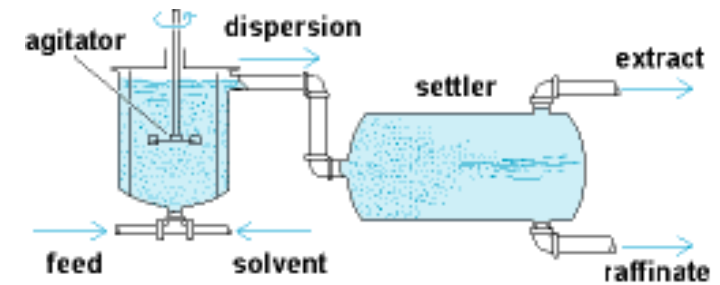
x : fraction of solute C in the raffinate phase
 y : fraction of solute C in the extract phase

$$x, y = \frac{m_C}{(m_A + m_B + m_C)}$$

2. Multi-stage extraction (Cross Flow)



$$\Rightarrow x_3 < x_2 < x_1$$



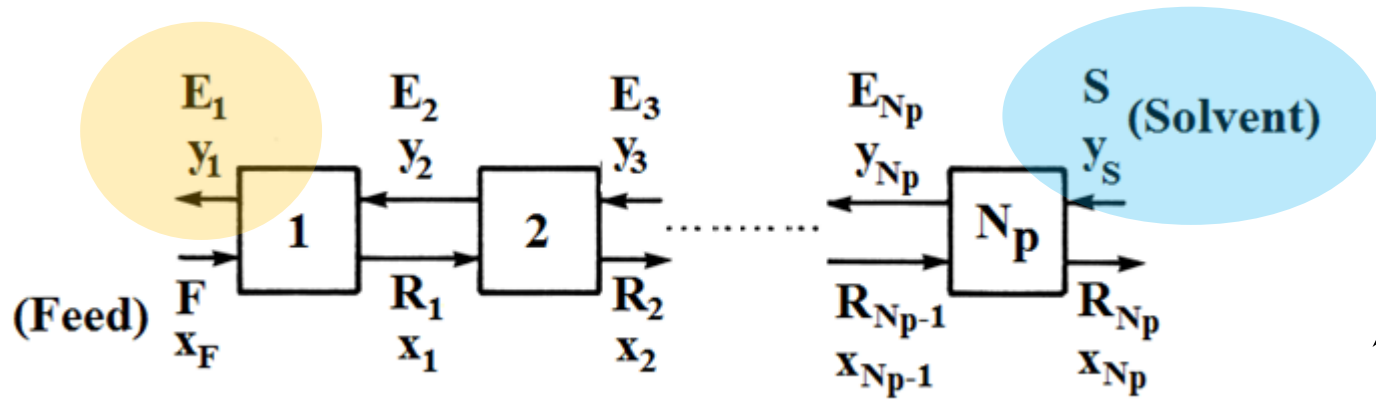
Mixer

Settler

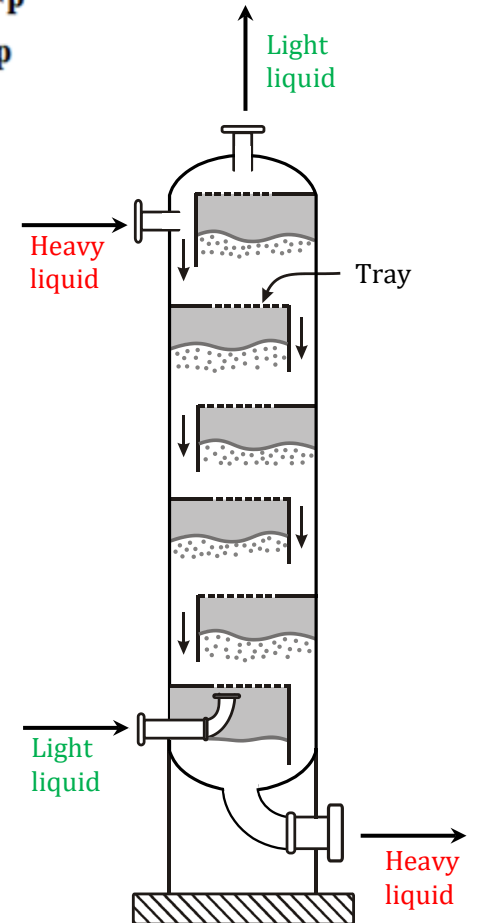
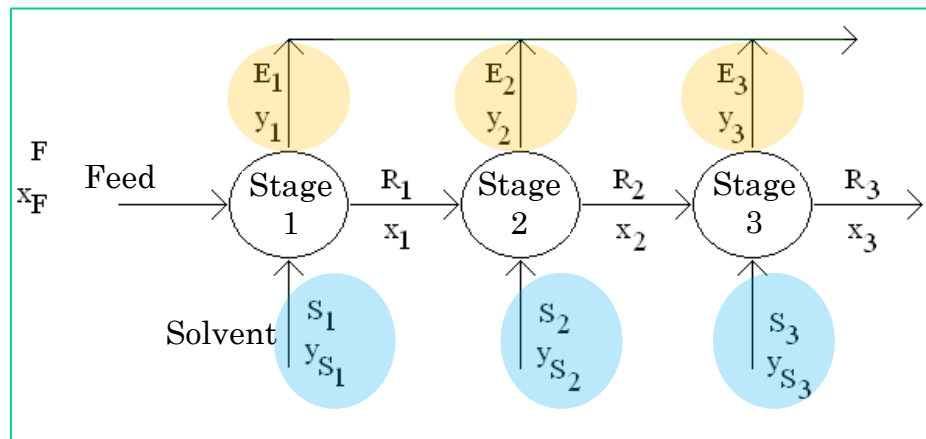
(Misturador) (Decantador)

Main disadvantage: $y_3 < y_2 < y_1$

3. Countercurrent Extraction

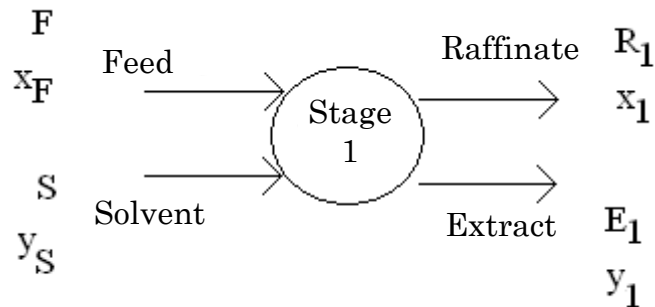


- Lower solvent consumption
- Less polluting
- More efficient

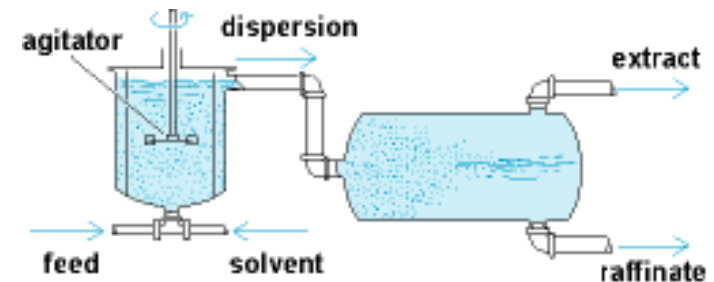


Methods of operating LLE in the industry

1. Single-stage extraction



x_1 in equilibrium with y_1



Mixer

Settler

(Misturador) (Decantador)

Problem 1