

$$1- S_E = 360$$

$$S_I = 180^\circ (m-2) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{360}{12} \Rightarrow 30^\circ // \end{array} \right. - 2$$

$$180^\circ - 30^\circ \Rightarrow 150^\circ //$$

2-

$$S_I = 180^\circ (m-2)$$

$$180^\circ (20-2)$$

$$180^\circ \cdot 18^\circ = 3240^\circ //$$

3-

Equiangulo = angulos congruentes

$$S_I = 180^\circ (m-2) \Rightarrow \underline{180^\circ (m-2)}$$

4-

$$5. [180 (m-2) = 5 \cdot 360$$

$$180m - 360 = 1800$$

$$180m = 2160$$

$$m = 12 //$$

DODEGAGONO

5-

$$m = 2d$$

$$m = 2 \cdot \left[\frac{m(m-3)}{2} \right]$$

$$m = m(m-3)$$

$$m = m^2 - 3m$$

$$-m^2 + 3m + m = 0$$

$$-m^2 + 4m = 0$$

EVIDENCIA

$$m(4-m) = 0$$

$$m = 0$$

$$m = 4$$

$$4-m = 0$$

$$m = 4 //$$

6-

$$\frac{180(m-2)}{n} = \frac{360 \cdot 3}{n}$$

$$180(m-2) = 1080$$

$$180m - 360 = 1080$$

$$180m = 1440$$

$$m = \frac{1440}{180} \Rightarrow 8 //$$

OCTÓGONO

LETRA(C)