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*	
	* There are two sorted arrays nums1 and nums2 of size m
	and n respectively.
	* Find the median of the two sorted arrays. The overall
	run time complexity should be O(log (m+n)).
	*
	* Solution
	* Take minimum size of two array. Possible number of
	partitions are from 0 to m in m size array.
	* Try every cut in binary search way. When you cut first
	array at i then you cut second array at $(m + n + 1)/2 - i$
	* Now try to find the i where a[i-1] \leftarrow b[j] and b[j-1]
	<= a[i]. So this i is partition around which lies the
	median.
	*
	* Time complexity is $O(\log(\min(x,y))$
	* Space complexity is O(1)
	*
	<pre>* https://leetcode.com/problems/median-of-two-sorted-</pre>
	arrays/
	* https://discuss.leetcode.com/topic/4996/share-my-o-log-
	min-m-n-solution-with-explanation/4
	*/

```
class Solution {
  public double findMedianSortedArrays(int∏ a, int∏ b) {
     if (a.length > b.length) {
       return findMedianSortedArrays(b, a);
     int x = a.length, y = b.length;
     int I = 0, h = x;
     while (I \le h)
       int partitionX = (I + h) / 2;
       int partitionY = (x + y + 1) / 2 - partitionX;
       int maxLeftX = (partitionX == 0) ? Integer.MIN VALUE : a[partitionX - 1];
       int minRightX = (partitionX == x) ? Integer.MAX_VALUE : a[partitionX];
       int maxLeftY = (partitionY == 0) ? Integer.MIN_VALUE : b[partitionY - 1];
       int minRightY = (partitionY == y) ? Integer.MAX_VALUE : b[partitionY];
       if (maxLeftX <= minRightY && maxLeftY <= minRightX) {</pre>
          if ((x + y) \% 2 == 0) {
            return (Math.min(minRightY, minRightX) + Math.max(maxLeftX, maxLeftY)) * 0.5;
            return Math.max(maxLeftX, maxLeftY);
       } else if (maxLeftX > minRightY) {
          h = partitionX - 1;
       } else {
          I = partitionX + 1;
       }
     return -1;
```

```
/*
  public double findMedianSortedArrays(int[] nums1, int[] nums2) {
     int i = 0, j = 0, k = 0;
     int LEN1 = nums1.length;
     int LEN2 = nums2.length;
     int MAX_LEN = LEN1 + LEN2;
     int [] list = new int [MAX_LEN];
     while(i < LEN1 \parallel j < LEN2){
       if (i == LEN1){
          list[k++] = nums2[j++];
       else if (j == LEN2){
          list[k++] = nums1[i++];
       else if (nums1[i] <= nums2[j]){
          list[k++] = nums1[i++];
       } else {
          list[k++] = nums2[j++];
       if (k > MAX_LEN / 2 + 1)  {
          break;
     if (MAX_LEN % 2 == 1)
       return list[MAX_LEN / 2];
       return 1.0 * (list[MAX_LEN / 2 - 1] + list[MAX_LEN / 2]) / 2;
  }
*/
}
```