```
class Solution {
public List<String> removeComments(String[] source) {
   List<String> res = new ArrayList<>();
   StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();
   boolean mode = false;
   for (String s : source) {
      for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
        if (mode) {
           if (s.charAt(i) == '*' && i < s.length() - 1 && s.charAt(i + 1) == '/') {
              mode = false;
                       //skip '/' on next iteration of i
              i++;
           }
        else {
           if (s.charAt(i) == '/' \&\& i < s.length() - 1 \&\& s.charAt(i + 1) == '/') {
              break;
                       //ignore remaining characters on line s
           else if (s.charAt(i) == \frac{1}{2} && i < s.length() - 1 && s.charAt(i + 1) == \frac{1}{2}) {
              mode = true:
                         //skip '*' on next iteration of i
              i++;
           else
              sb.append(s.charAt(i)); //not a comment
      if (!mode \&\& sb.length() > 0) {
        res.add(sb.toString());
        sb = new StringBuilder(); //reset for next line of source code
      }
   return res;
```

The string // denotes a line comment, which represents that it and rest of the characters to the right of it in the same line should be ignored.

The string /\* denotes a block comment, which represents that all characters until the next (non-overlapping) occurrence of \*/ should be ignored. (Here, occurrences happen in reading order: line by line from left to right.) To be clear, the string /\*/ does not yet end the block comment, as the ending would be overlapping the beginning.

The first effective comment takes precedence over others: if the string // occurs in a block comment, it is ignored. Similarly, if the string / \* occurs in a line or block comment, it is also ignored.

If a certain line of code is empty after removing comments, you must not output that line: each string in the answer list will be non-empty.