一般周期的函数的傅里叶级数

周期为 2l 函数 f(x)

受量代换
$$z = \frac{\pi x}{l}$$

周期为 2π 函数 F(z)

将
$$F(z)$$
作傅氏展开

f(x) 的傅氏展开式

定理. 设周期为2l的周期函数f(x)满足收敛定理条件,

则它的傅里叶展开式为

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right)$$

(在 f(x) 的连续点处)

其中

$$\begin{cases} a_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^{l} f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx & (n = 0, 1, 2, \dots) \\ b_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^{l} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx & (n = 1, 2, \dots) \end{cases}$$

证明: 令
$$z = \frac{\pi x}{l}$$
 ,则 $x \in [-l, l]$ 变成 $z \in [-\pi, \pi]$, 令 $F(z) = f(x) = f(\frac{lz}{\pi})$,则

$$F(z+2\pi) = f(\frac{l(z+2\pi)}{\pi}) = f(\frac{lz}{\pi} + 2l)$$
$$= f(\frac{lz}{\pi}) = F(z)$$

所以F(z) 是以 2π 为周期的周期函数,且它满足收敛定理条件,将它展成傅**里**叶级数:

$$F(z) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos nz + b_n \sin nz \right)$$
(在 $F(z)$ 的连续点处)

其中
$$\begin{cases} a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(z) \cos nz \, dz & (n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots) \\ b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} F(z) \sin nz \, dz & (n = 1, 2, 3, \cdots) \end{cases}$$
$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{\pi x}{l}$$
$$a_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^{l} f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} \, dx \quad (n = 0, 1, 2, \cdots)$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{l} \int_{-l}^{l} f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} + b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \right)$$
(在f(x)的连续点处)





说明: 如果 f(x) 为奇函数,则有

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} \quad (在 f(x)$$
的连续点处)

其中
$$b_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \sin \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx$$
 $(n = 1, 2, \dots)$

如果f(x)为偶函数,则有

$$f(x) = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l}$$
 (在 f(x) 的连续点处)

其中
$$a_n = \frac{2}{l} \int_0^l f(x) \cos \frac{n\pi x}{l} dx$$
 $(n = 0, 1, 2, \dots)$

注:无论哪种情况,在f(x)的间断点x处,傅里叶级数

收敛于
$$\frac{1}{2}[f(x^{-})+f(x^{+})].$$



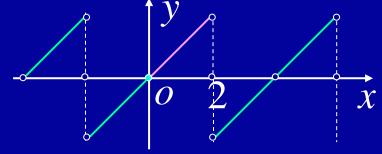
例1. 把 f(x) = x (0 < x < 2) 展开成

- (1) 正弦级数; (2) 余弦级数.

在x=2k处级 数收敛于何值?

解: (1) 将 f(x) 作奇周期延拓,则有

$$a_n = 0 \quad (n = 0, 1, 2, \dots)$$
$$b_n = \frac{2}{2} \int_0^2 x \cdot \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} dx$$



$$= \left[-\frac{2}{n\pi} x \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} + \left(\frac{2}{n\pi} \right)^2 \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2$$

$$= -\frac{4}{n\pi} \cos n\pi = \frac{4}{n\pi} (-1)^{n+1} \quad (n = 1, 2, \dots)$$

$$\therefore f(x) = \frac{4}{\pi} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n} \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} \qquad (0 < x < 2)$$



(2) 将 f(x) 作偶周期延拓,则有

$$a_0 = \frac{2}{2} \int_0^2 x \, \mathrm{d}x = 2$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{2} \int_0^2 x \cdot \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \, \mathrm{d}x$$

$$= \left[\frac{2}{n\pi} x \sin \frac{n\pi x}{2} + \left(\frac{2}{n\pi} \right)^2 \cos \frac{n\pi x}{2} \right]_0^2$$

$$= -\frac{4}{n^{2}\pi^{2}} \left[(-1)^{n} - 1 \right] = \begin{cases} 0, & n = 2k \\ \frac{-8}{(2k-1)^{2}\pi^{2}}, & n = 2k-1 \\ (k=1, 2, \cdots) \end{cases}$$

 $(n=1,2,\cdots)$

$$f(x) = x = 1 - \frac{8}{\pi^2} \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2k-1)^2} \cos \frac{(2k-1)\pi x}{2} (0 < x < 2)$$

