

Outline



- Introduction to Deep Learning (DL)
- The History of DL
- Programming Tools

PROGRAMMING TOOLS



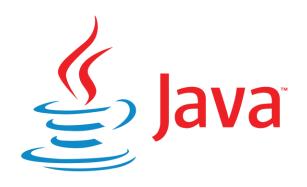
DL Programming Languages



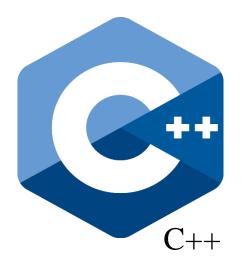


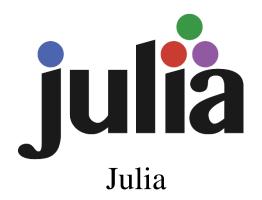






Java







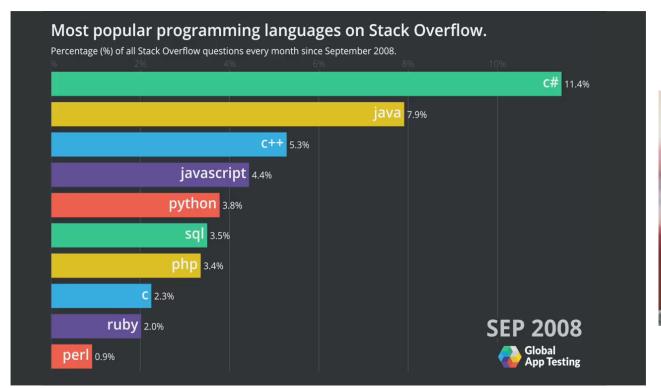
Python



- An interpreted, high-level, general-purpose programming language.
- Released in 1991.

https://www.python.org/



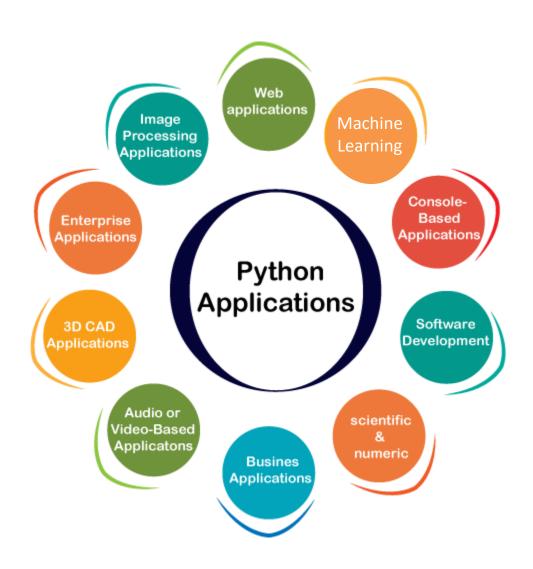




Guido van Rossum

Python Applications





Advantages



- Simple syntax; similar to the English language.
- Runs on an interpreter system
- In-built **libraries**
- Moderate learning curve
- Easy to **integrate**
- Easy to create **prototypes**
- Free and open source
- Object-oriented paradigm
- Portability
- High productivity
- Platform agnostic (Windows, Mac, Linux, Respberry Pi, etc.)

Anaconda Navigator



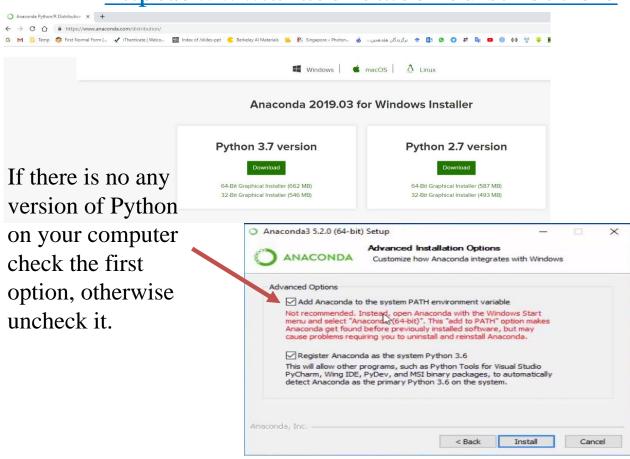
- Conda: an open cross-platform language agnostic package management system
 - Used to install Python packages.
- Anaconda Navigator: a free and open source Environment of Python and R programming language.
 - Mostly used for data science and ML applications.
 - Includes Jupyter and Spyder notebook for Python Coding.

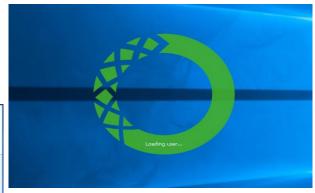


Anaconda Navigator Installation



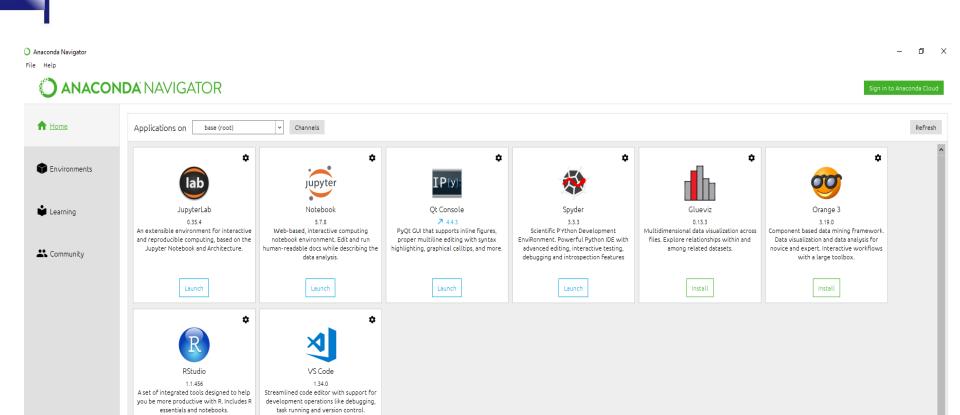
https://www.anaconda.com/distribution/





Anaconda Navigator Installation





Documentation

Developer Blog







Install

Install

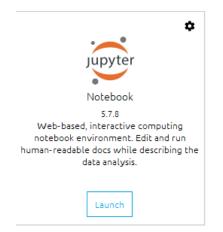
IDEs

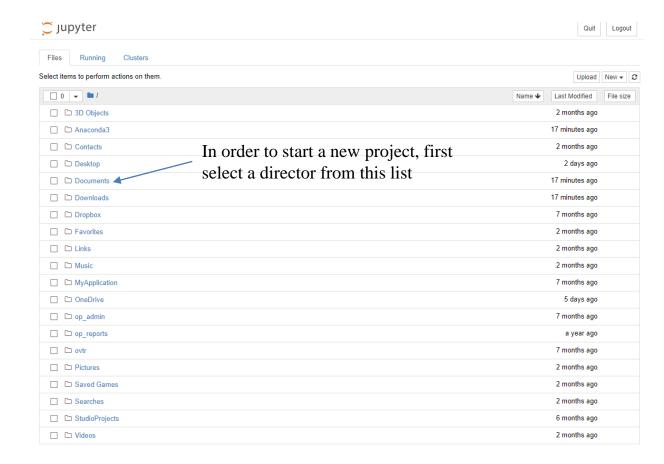


- Jupyter
- Colab Notebooks
- Spyder
- VSCode
- Rstudio
- PyCharm
- Notepad
- Sublime Text
- Vim / Emacs
- •

Jupyter Notebook

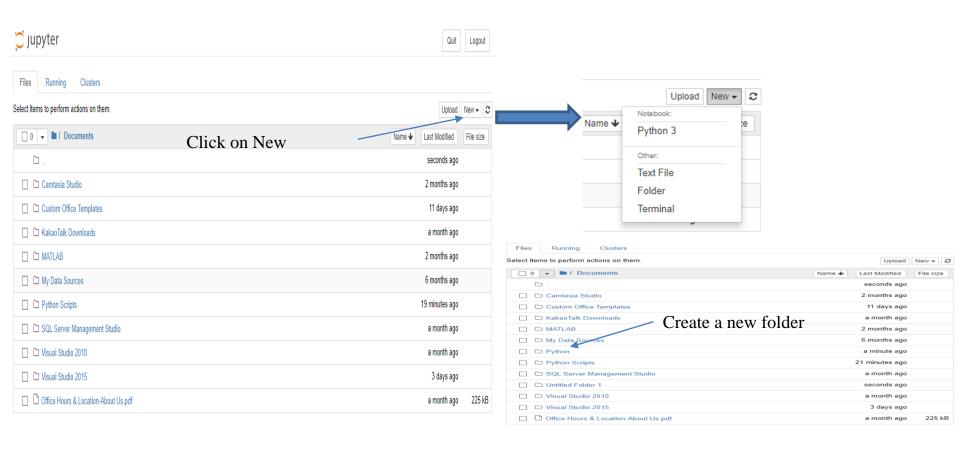






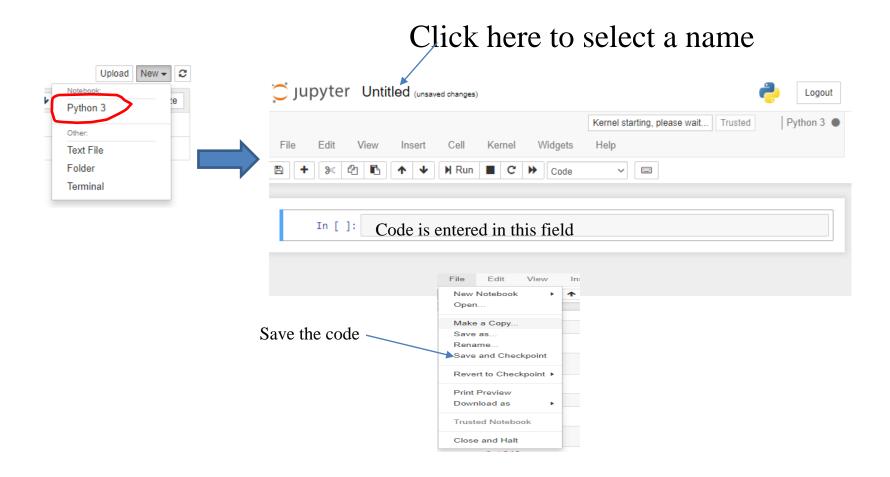
Jupyter Notebook





Jupyter Notebook





Colab Notebooks



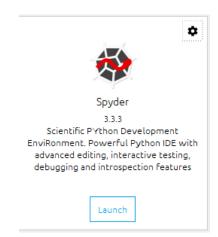
- Colaboratory, "Colab",
- A Google research project
- Created to help disseminate ML education and research.
- It's a Jupyter notebook environment
- Requires no setup to use and runs entirely in the cloud, while providing free access to computing resources including GPUs.
- Free to use.



Spyder IDE



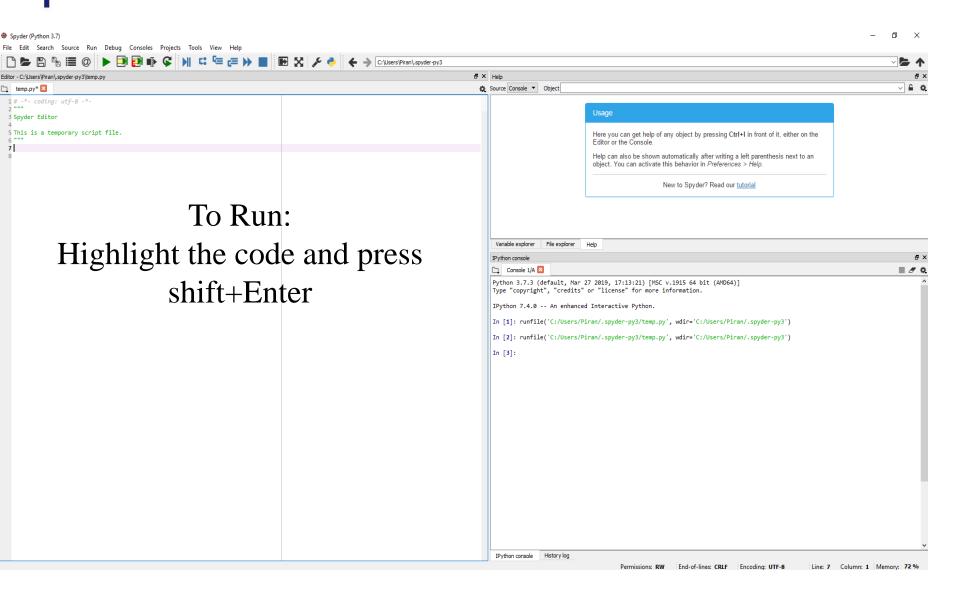
- Spyder: an open source crossplatform IDE for scientific programming in Python language.
 - Spyder integrates with a number of prominent packages in the scientific Python stack, including:
 - NumPy,
 - SciPy,
 - Matplotlib,
 - Pandas,
 - IPython,
 - SymPy





Spyder IDE





The Libraries



- Pandas: used for data analysis
- Numpy: multidimensional arrays
- TensorFlow: ML approaches
- Matplotlib, seaborn, Bokeh: data visualization
- **Keras**: high-level neural network API
- scikit-learn: ML algorithms
- SciPy: algorithms to use with Numpy
- **SQLAlchemy**: Python SQL Toolkit
- Theano: Deep Neural Networks
- SymPy: Symbolic math
- AirFlow, Dask, Luigi: data engineering tool
- PyBrain: ML algorithms
- Pattern: natural language processing

Google TensorFlow



 Tensor: a container for data in Ndimensions.

- Google Brain
- TensorFlow: an end-to-end open-source platform for ML.
- Use TF to describe computations as a graph
- TF schedules computations on devices CPU, GPU...
- Performs automatic differentiation (like JuMP!)
- Main focus on training and inference for DL
- Free.



Keras



- **Keras:** a model-level library,
- Provids high-level building blocks for developing DL models.

An open-source neural-network library.

- acts as an interface for the TensorFlow library.
- It is capable of running on top of:
 - TensorFlow,
 - Microsoft Cognitive Toolkit,
 - Theano,
 - PlaidML.



install Keras

TensorFlow



- Types:
 - TensorFlow CPU; simple to install, slow performance.
 - TensorFlow GPU; recommended if a Nvidia graphic card is installed.
- Installation if TensorFlow CPU
 - o Open a new <u>Anaconda/Command Prompt</u> window
 - Create a new virtual environment with name 'tensorflow_cpu'

conda create -n tensorflow_cpu pip python=3.6

Activate the newly created virtual environment:

activate tensorflow_cpu

```
Anaconda Prompt (Anaconda3)

Zstd

1.3.7 h508b16e_0

(base) C:\Users\Piran>conda create -n tensorflow_cpu pip python=3.7

Collecting package metadata (current_repodata.json): done

Solving environment: done

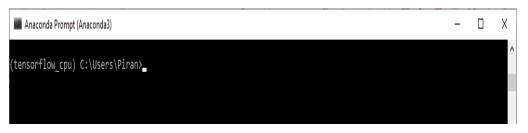
==> WARNING: A newer version of conda exists. <==
current version: 4.7.10

latest version: 4.7.12
```



conda install pip

• Once you have activated your virtual environment, the name of the environment should be displayed within brackets at the beginning of your cmd path specifier, e.g.:



• Then

pip install --ignore-installed --upgrade tensorflow = = 1.9

• **Note**) the Python version must be 3.6.x! You can see your python version using "conda list" command.



• Test your installation by running

```
python
>>> import tensorflow as tf
>>> hello = tf.constant('Hello, TensorFlow!')
>>> sess = tf.Session()
```

If you see the following, it means successfully done! 2019-02-28 11:59:25.810663: I T:\src\github\tensorflow\tensorflow\core\p

• Test it:

```
>>> print(sess.run(hello)) b'Hello, TensorFlow!'
```

Install Keras

pip install Keras

Note you no longer need to import Keras, use 'tf.keras' instead

Kaggle



- A subsidiary of Google LLC
- An **online community** of data scientists and ML practitioners.
- To find and publish data sets,
- Explore and build models in a web-based data-science environment,
- Work with other data scientists and ML engineers,
- Enter competitions to solve data science challenges.





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