2.4 Integral of motion Deadline: 22 Nov 23:59 ②



(1 point)

The motion of a bead on a rotating hoop is described by the dimensionless dynamical system

$$\dot{\phi} = \omega$$
 $\dot{\omega} = \sin(\phi)[\cos(\phi) - \tau - 1]$.

Here, ϕ is the angle, ω describes the angular velocity and τ is a dimensionless parameter.

Derive an integral of motion for this dynamical system in terms of (ϕ, ω, τ) . Normalise your conserved quantity so that
the terms that contain ω have the prefactor $+1$ and adjust the additive integration constant so that the conserved
quantity is equal to -1 when $\phi=\pi/2$ and $\omega=0$.

(in terms of omega,phi,tau)

$$\dot{\phi} = \omega$$

$$\dot{\omega} = \sin(\phi) \cdot \left[\cos(\phi) - \gamma - \lambda\right]$$

$$\ddot{\phi} = \sin(\phi) \cdot \left[\cos(\phi) - \gamma - \lambda\right]$$

$$\Phi + \chi$$

$$\ddot{x} - \sin(x)(\cos(x) - Y - \lambda) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{dx}{dt} \cdot \frac{d^2x}{dt^2} - \frac{dx}{dt} \left(\sin(x) (\cos(x) - y - \lambda) \right)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\dot{x} \cdot \ddot{x}}_{j} - \underbrace{\dot{x} \left(\sin(x) \left(\cos(x) - \Upsilon - \Lambda \right) \right)}_{j}$$

$$\int_{j} Wolfram Alpha}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{dx}{dt} \cdot w^2 + \frac{1}{2} \frac{dx}{dt} \cos(x) (\cos(x) - 2(Y+1)) + C$$

$$E(w, 0) = w^2 + \cos(\phi)(\cos(\phi) - 2(T + 1)) + C$$

$$E(0,\frac{1}{2}) = 0 + 0 + 0 \stackrel{?}{=} -\lambda \qquad \stackrel{\bullet}{=} C = -\lambda$$

$$E(w, b) = w^{2} + cos(b)(cos(b) - 2(\Upsilon + 1)) - 1$$