

Case Study:
Predictive
Maintenance
for Aircraft
Engines



Background

Aircraft engine maintenance is a critical aspect of aviation operations, playing a vital role in ensuring the safety, reliability, and efficiency of air travel. The maintenance of aircraft engines is a complex and highly regulated process that involves various preventive and corrective measures to keep engines in optimal working condition.





Case Study

- The goal of this project is to conduct a comprehensive Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) and data analysis tasks on an aircraft engine maintenance dataset representing different aircraft engine health and operational parameters.
- The dataset simulates real-world scenarios in which engines operate under varying conditions,
 and our objective is to gain insights into the data through EDA, statistical analysis and
 visualizations.
- This is a critical task for the aviation industry, as it not only inform managements on how to enhance safety measures but also helps highlight maintenance costs and increase operational efficiency.



Dataset

- → The aircraft dataset contains historical data from various aircraft engines.
- → Each row in the dataset represents a specific engine at a given point in time.

Data Dictionary:

- Engine_ID (Unique identifier for each aircraft engine)
 - > Type: Integer
- Timestamp (Date and time when the data was recorded)
 - > Type: Datetime
- Temperature (Temperature of the aircraft engine in degrees Celsius)
 - > Type: Float
- Pressure (Pressure of the aircraft engine in units relevant to the dataset)
 - > Type: Float
- Rotational_Speed (Rotational speed of the aircraft engine in revolutions per minute (RPM))
 - > Type: Float
- Engine_Health (A measure of the overall health of the aircraft engine.)
 - > Type: Float



Dataset

- Engine_Failure (Binary indicator of engine failure (0 for 'no engine failure', 1 for 'engine failure')
 - Type: Integer (Binary)
- Fuel_Consumption (Amount of fuel consumed by the engine..)
 - > Type: Float
- Oil Temperature (Temperature of the engine oil.)
 - > Type: Float
- Altitude (Altitude at which the engine operates.)
 - > Type: Float
- Humidity (Humidity level in the environment where the engine operates.)
 - > Type: Float
- Maintenance_Needed (Indicates whether maintenance is needed for the engine (1 for needed, 0 for not needed).)
 - Type: Integer (Binary)



Task

- Data Cleaning:
 - Handle missing values, outliers, and any anomalies in the dataset.
- Data Exploration:
 - Perform basic statistical analysis to understand the distribution of each feature.
 - Identify patterns and trends in the data.
- Univariate Analysis:
 - Analyze individual features to gain insights.
 - Examine the distribution of key variables.
- Bivariate Analysis:
 - Explore relationships between pairs of variables.
 - Identify correlations and dependencies.
- Multivariate Analysis:
 - Investigate interactions between three or more variables.
 - Discover complex patterns and dependencies.



Task

- Data Visualization:
 - Create visualizations to effectively communicate insights.
 - Utilize plots, charts, and graphs to represent the data.
- Feature Engineering:
 - Derive new features that might enhance predictive performance.
 - Consider time-based features, rolling averages, or other relevant transformations.
- Data Summary:
 - Summarize key findings from the exploratory analysis.
 - Highlight insights that could inform the predictive maintenance model.

• Predictive Analysis:

 Leverage different machine learning classification algorithms to predict if an engine will require maintenance or not.