```
第十二次作业
1115. 取石子游戏(在原题目所给的提示下做出来)
def dfs(max_rock, min_rock, step):
    max rock, min rock = max(max rock, min rock), min(max rock, min rock)
    # 检查终止条件
    if max_rock // min_rock < 2 and max_rock!=min_rock:
     (一开始没有考虑到两堆石头数目相同的情况)
        return dfs(max rock - min rock, min rock, step + 1)
    else:
        return step
while True:
    a, b = map(int, input().split())
    if a == 0 and b == 0:
        break
    if a // b >= 2 or b // a >= 2:
        print('win')
    else:
        steps = dfs(a, b, 0)
        if steps % 2 == 0:
            print('win')
        else:
            print('lose')
  代码提交状态: Accepted
OJ25570: 洋葱 (螺旋矩阵问题)
def onion(matrix):
    results=[]
    top,bottom,left,right=0,n-1,0,n-1
    while top<=bottom and left<=right:
        layer=[]
        for col in range(left,right+1):
            layer.append(matrix[top][col])
        top+=1
        for row in range(top,bottom+1):
            layer.append(matrix[row][right])
```

right-=1

if top<=bottom:

for col in range(right, left-1,-1):

layer.append(matrix[bottom][col])

bottom-=1

if left<=right:

for row in range(bottom,top-1,-1):

layer.append(matrix[row][left])

left+=1

results.append(sum(layer))

return max(results)

n=int(input())

m=[list(map(int,input().split()))for _ in range(n)]

print(onion(m))

比赛	题 目	结果	内仔	时间	代码长度	语言	提交时间
加 题库 (包括计概、数 算题目)	25570: 洋葱	Accepted	3928kB	23ms	754 B	Python3	

1526C1. Potions(Easy Version)

import heapq

n = int(input()) # 输入药水数量 potion = list(map(int, input().split())) # 输入药水的效果值

health = 0 # 初始健康值

count = 0 # 能喝的药水数量

min_heap = [] # 小根堆,用来存储已饮用的药水效果

for i in range(n):

health += potion[i] # 喝掉当前的药水 heapq.heappush(min_heap, potion[i]) # 将药水效果加入堆中 count += 1 # 增加已喝的药水数量

如果健康值小于 0, 说明健康值不合法, 需要丢掉一个药水 if health < 0:

health -= heapq.heappop(min_heap) # 弹出最小的药水,回退健康值 count -= 1 # 减少已喝的药水数量

print(count)

Contest status 🏭										
#	When	Who	Problem	Lang	Verdict	Time	Memory			
296045885	Dec/11/2024 15:57 ^{UTC}	liquoriceliquorice	1526C1 - Potions (Easy Version)	Python 3	Accepted	77 ms	0 KB			

OJ22067: 快速堆猪

```
stack=[]
min_stack=[] (一个主栈一个辅助栈)
def push(x):
    stack.append(x)
    if not min_stack or x<= min_stack[-1]:
         min_stack.append(x)
def pop():
    if stack:
         top=stack.pop()
         if top==min_stack[-1]:
             min_stack.pop()
def get_min():
    if min_stack:
         return min_stack[-1]
    return
while True:
    try:
         command=input().strip()
         if command.startswith('push'):
             value=int(command.split()[1])
             push(value)
         elif command.startswith('pop'):
             pop()
         elif command.startswith('min'):
             if get_min() is not None: (这里不能直接写 if get_min()因为如果返回值为 0 的
话也会视为 False)
                 print(get_min())
    except EOFError:
         break
 比赛
                  题目
                                  结果
                                                        时间
                                                               代码长度
                                                                          语言
                                                                                 提交时间
                                                内存
 11 题库 (包括计概、数
                  22067: 快速堆猪
                                                10088kB 416ms
                                                                          Python3 NINI
                                  Accepted
                                                              672 B
 算题目)
OJ20106: 走山路
import heapq
```

m,n,p=map(int,input().split())

mountain = [list(input().split()) for _ in range(m)]

```
directions=[(1,0),(-1,0),(0,1),(0,-1)]
def dijkstra(start_x,start_y,end_x,end_y):
    pos=[]
    distance=[[float('inf')]* n for _ in range(m)]
    if mountain[start_x][start_y]=='#':
         return 'NO'
    distance[start_x][start_y]=0
    heapq.heappush(pos,(0,start_x,start_y))
    while pos:
         d,x,y=heapq.heappop(pos)
         if x==end_x and y==end_y:
              return d
         for dx,dy in directions:
              nx=x+dx
              ny=y+dy
              if 0<=nx<m and 0<=ny<n and mountain[nx][ny]!='#':
                   if distance[nx][ny]>d+abs(int(mountain[nx][ny])-int(mountain[x][y])):
                        distance[nx][ny]=d+abs(int(mountain[nx][ny])-int(mountain[x][y]))
                        heapq.heappush(pos,(distance[nx][ny],nx,ny))
    return 'NO'
for _ in range(p):
    x1,y1,x2,y2=map(int,input().split())
    print(dijkstra(x1,y1,x2,y2))
                                      结果
                    题目
                                                    内存
                                                            时间
                                                                    代码长度
                                                                                语言
                                                                                       提交时间
  比赛
  11 题库 (包括计概、数
                    20106: 走山路
                                      Accepted
                                                    3708kB
                                                            263ms
                                                                   967 B
                                                                                Python3 NINI
  算题目)
```

```
OJ04129: 变换的迷宫
from collections import deque

directions=[(-1,0),(1,0),(0,1),(0,-1)]

def bfs(x,y):
    visited={(0,x,y)}
    q=deque()
    q.append((0,x,y))

while q:
    time,x,y=q.popleft()
```

```
for dx,dy in directions:
               nx=x+dx
               ny=y+dy
               ration=(time+1)%K
               if 0<=nx<R and 0<=ny<C and (ration,nx,ny) not in visited:
                    spot=maze[nx][ny]
                    if spot=='E':
                         return time+1
                    elif spot!='#'or ration==0:
                         q.append((time+1,nx,ny))
                         visited.add((ration,nx,ny))
     return 'Oop!'
T=int(input())
for _ in range(T):
     R,C,K=map(int,input().split())
     maze=[list(input()) for _ in range(R)]
     for i in range(R):
          for j in range(C):
               if maze[i][j]=='S':
                    print(bfs(i,j))
```

 比赛
 题目
 结果
 内存
 时间
 代码长度
 语言
 提交时间

 工厂 题库 (包括计概、数算题目)
 04129: 变换的迷宫
 Accepted
 5116kB
 109ms
 839 B
 Python3
 刚刚

感想: 巩固了 dfs, 螺旋矩阵, heapq, 学了辅助栈、dijkstra 的做法。开始看之前的讲义和作业题复习了!