Coolkids Preschool Information Management System

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1. Business Application

1.1 Introduction

Education has always been a top priority to parents and the competition even starts from preschools. In Bay Area, it is very common that parents have to wait for months or even years to get their kids into their dream preschools. Yet, there is no good tracking system for parents to get transparent information about preschools and applications. This project is aiming to solve this problem by providing a one stop shop for preschool information management that allows schools to put down their information and let parents schedule school tours, apply online, track progress and review schools.

1.2 Objective

Following are the objectives of Preschool Information Management System:

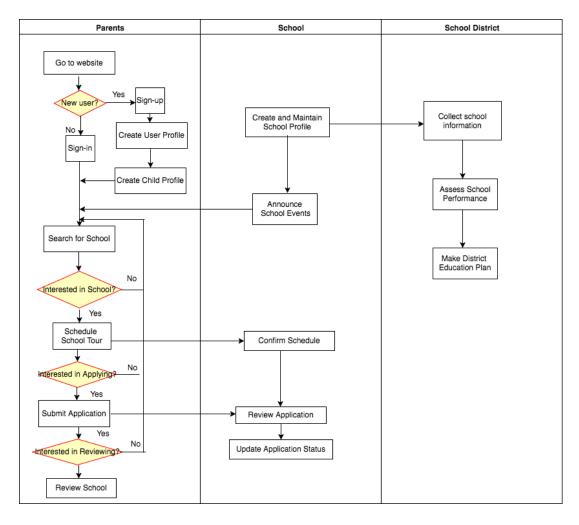
- 1). Efficiency and openness for preschools: provide a platform for preschools to display information, manage tours and applications and receive feedbacks.
- 2). Convenience for parents: provide one-stop solution for parents from initial selection of preschools to evaluate preschool experience.
- 3). Access of data for key stakeholders such as school districts: provide insights for related stakeholders to plan, organize and distribute resources.

1.3 Scope

This project will be targeting preschools in Bay Area. If information collected can be well maintained and user feedbacks are positive, the application will potentially scale to a nationwide level.

2. Types of Users

2.1 Swim Lane diagram for Business Process



2.2 User types Interacting with the Application

Below users or entities would play a pivotal role in our Preschool Management System

- 1). Preschools: will be able to record, manage, and update school information, make announcements of school events, confirm school tours.
- 2). Parents/User: will be able to see and update/edit their children's enrollment application, schedule school tours, apply for preschools and review preschools.
- 3). School Districts: will be able to monitor school information and get feedbacks from parents.

3. Use Cases

3.1 Preschools

- 1. Create school profiles
- 2. Track appointment of school tours
- 3. Plan and organize events such as info sessions and open houses

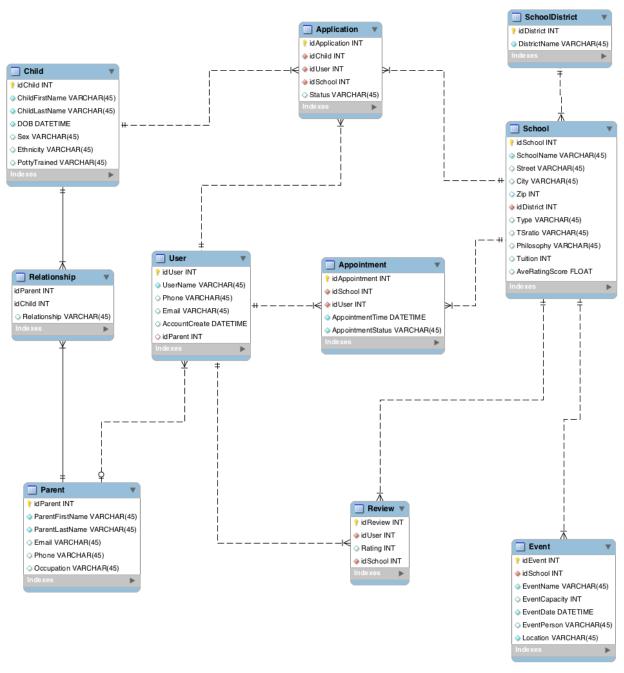
3.2 Parents/User

- 1. Search preschool based on criteria such as zip code and teaching philosophy
- 2. Schedule for school tours
- 3. Apply to preschools
- 4. Create, maintain, and update parents and children's profile
- 5. Write review and rate for preschool

3.3 School Districts

- 1. Maintain information of all schools in the districts
- 2. Assess school performance based on criteria such as reviews

4. Logical Schema – Data model (Workbench) and NoSQL Structure



NoSQL Structure

Parents' reviews for preschools will be stored in NoSQL. Follwing are the reasons for store this user- generated contennt in NoSQL rather than MySQL:

- 1). No Transaction Requirement
- 2). Document oriented:eliminates the need to transfer data from rows to objects and back
- 3). High performance: can support heavy traffic
- 4). High availability: better user experience
- 5). High scalability: easier if we want to expand service to a nationwide level

Create database named coolkids, under that database, create a collection named review, then import the review contents.

5. Physical Schema – Database Dictionary

1) SchoolDistrict

SchoolDistrict			
Name Type Constraint Description			Description
idDistrict INT PRIM		PRIMARY KEY	
DistrictName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL, UNIQUE	

2) School

	School			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description	
		PRIMARY KEY, AUTO		
idSchool	INT	INCREMENT		
SchoolName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL		
Street	VARCHAR(45)			
City	VARCHAR(45)			
Zip	INT			
IdDistrict	INT	FOREIGN KEY , NOT NULL		
Туре	VARCHAR(45)			
TSratio	VARCHAR(45)			
Philosophy	VARCHAR(45)			
Tuition	INT			
AveRatingScore	FLOAT			

3) Event

School			
Name Type Constraint Descri			
		PRIMARY KEY, AUTO	
idEvent	INT	INCREMENT	
idSchool	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
EventName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
EventCapacity	INT		
EventDate	DATETIME		
EventPerson	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
Location	VARCHAR(45)		

4) Application

Application			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description
		PRIMARY KEY, AUTO	
idApplication	INT	INCREMENT	
idChild	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
idUser	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
idSchool	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
Status	VARCHAR(45)		

5) Appointment

Application			
Name Type Constraint Desc			
idAppointment	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
idSchool	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
idUser	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
AppointmentTime	DATETIME	NOT NULL	
AppointmentStatus	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	

6) Review

Review			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description
idReview	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
idUser	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	
Rating	INT		
idSchool	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	

7) <u>User</u>

User			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description
idUser	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
UserName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
Phone	VARCHAR(45)		
Email	VARCHAR(45)		
AccountCreate	DATETIME		
idParent	INT	FOREIGN KEY, NOT NULL	

8) Parent

Parent			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description
idParent	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
ParentFirstName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
ParentLastName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
Email	VARCHAR(45)		
Phone	VARCHAR(45)		
Occupation	VARCHAR(45)		

9) Child

Child			
Name	Туре	Constraint	Description
idChild	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
ChildFirstName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
ChildLastName	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	
DOB	DATETIME	NOT NULL	
Sex	VARCHAR(45)		
Ethnicity	VARCHAR(45)		
PottyTrained	VARCHAR(45)		

10)

Relationship

Relationship			
Name Type Constraint Description			
idChild	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
idParent	INT	PRIMARY KEY	
Relationship	VARCHAR(45)	NOT NULL	

6. Queries

Preschools

 Create school profile on the platform. For example, a preschool in Alameda School District wants to create school profile Before Insertion:

SELECT SchoolName, City, Philosophy FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE DistrictName = 'Alameda';

SchoolName	City	Philosophy
Bright Horizons at Garner	Alameda	education-based
The Child Unique Montessori School	Alameda	montessori
Rising Star Montessori School	Alameda	montessori
Tiny Treasures Preschool	Alameda	religious

Insert:

INSERT INTO School (SchoolName, Street, City, Zip, idDistrict, Type, TSratio, Philosophy, Tuition)
VALUES ('Fuzzy Caterpillar Preschool', '1510 Encinal Ave', 'Alameda', 94501, 1, 'private', '20:1', 'play-based', 1580);

After Insertion:

SELECT SchoolName, City, Philosophy FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE DistrictName = 'Alameda';

SchoolName	City	Philosophy
Bright Horizons at Garner	Alameda	education-based
The Child Unique Montessori School	Alameda	montessori
Rising Star Montessori School	Alameda	montessori
Tiny Treasures Preschool	Alameda	religious
Fuzzy Caterpillar Preschool	Alameda	play-based

2. Make sure all appointments have been confirmed. For example, Congregation Beth Sholom Family Preschool wants to know if there's any appointment not confirmed yet.

SELECT Appointment.* FROM Appointment JOIN School ON Appointment.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Congregation Beth Sholom Family Preschool' AND AppointmentStatus = 'pending';

idAppointme	idSchool	idUser	AppointmentTime	AppointmentStatus	^
48	17	8266836	2018-03-01 10:00:00	pending	

3. Announce events such as info sessions and open houses. For example, Bright Horizons at Garner is going to hold an info session on March 23 16:00 at Room 101. Before Insertion:

SELECT idEvent, School.idSchool, SchoolName, EventName, EventDate FROM Event JOIN School ON Event.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Bright Horizons at Garner';

idEvent	idSchool	SchoolName	EventName	EventDate
12	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Open House	2017-06-01 11:00:00
15	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Fund Raising	2017-12-01 10:00:00

Insert:

INSERT INTO Event (idSchool, EventName, EventCapacity, EventDate, EventPerson, Location) VALUES (9, 'Info Session', 30, '2018/03/23 16:00', 'Raj Das', 'Rm 101');

After Insertion:

SELECT idEvent, School.idSchool, SchoolName, EventName, EventDate FROM Event JOIN School ON Event.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Bright Horizons at Garner';

idEvent	idSchool	SchoolName	EventName	EventDate
12	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Open House	2017-06-01 11:00:00
15	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Fund Raising	2017-12-01 10:00:00
20	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Info Session	2018-03-23 16:00:00

4. Delete a cancelled event. For example, Bright Horizons at Garner is going to cancel the info session on March 23 16:00 at Room 101 because there are too few people attending.

Before deletion:

SELECT idEvent, School.idSchool, SchoolName, EventName, EventDate FROM Event JOIN School ON Event.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Bright Horizons at Garner';

idEvent	idSchool	SchoolName	EventName	EventDate
12	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Open House	2017-06-01 11:00:00
15	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Fund Raising	2017-12-01 10:00:00
20	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Info Session	2018-03-23 16:00:00

Delete:

DELETE FROM EVENT WHERE idEvent = 20;

After deletion:

SELECT idEvent, School.idSchool, SchoolName, EventName, EventDate FROM Event JOIN School ON Event.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Bright Horizons at Garner';

idEvent	idSchool	SchoolName	EventName	EventDate
12	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Open House	2017-06-01 11:00:00
15	9	Bright Horizons at Garner	Fund Raising	2017-12-01 10:00:00

Parents/Users

1. Search preschools information. For example, search preschool name and school district based on zip code 94502 and teaching philosophy Montessori.

SELECT SchoolName, DistrictName FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE Zip = 94502;

SchoolName	DistrictName
Bright Horizons at Garner	Alameda
The Child Unique Montessori School	Alameda
Rising Star Montessori School	Alameda

2. Schedule for school appointments. For example, user schedules an appointment to School Sarafi Kid.

Before insertion:

SELECT Appointment.* FROM Appointment JOIN School ON Appointment.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Sarafi Kid';

idAppointment	idSchool	^ idUser	AppointmentTime	AppointmentStatus
1	1	7727751	2017-03-01 10:00:00	confirmed
2	1	2292841	2017-04-01 14:00:00	pending
50	1	8658663	2017-03-01 10:00:00	confirmed

Insert:

INSERT INTO Appointment(idAppointment,idSchool,idUser,AppointmentTime, AppointmentStatus) VALUES (95,1,7727751,'2017-03-21 12:00','pending');

After insertion:

SELECT SchoolName, DistrictName FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE Zip = 94502;

idAppointment	idSchool	idUser	AppointmentTime	AppointmentStatus
· 1	1	7727751	2017-03-01 10:00:00	confirmed
2	1	2292841	2017-04-01 14:00:00	pending
50	1	8658663	2017-03-01 10:00:00	confirmed
95	1	7727751	2017-03-21 12:00:00	pending

3. Update children's profile. For example, Lucas Zhao was potty trained so his parent wants to update this in his profile. Before update:

SELECT * FROM Child Where idChild = 25;

idChild	ChildFirstName	ChildLastName	DOB	Sex	Ethnicity	PottyTrained
25	Lucas	Zhao	2014-08-09 00:00:00	Male	Asian	No

Update:

```
UPDATE Child SET PottyTrained = 'Yes' WHERE idChild = 25;
```

After update:

SELECT * FROM Child Where idChild = 25;

idChild	ChildFirstName	ChildLastName	DOB	Sex	Ethnicity	PottyTrained
25	Lucas	Zhao	2014-08-09 00:00:00	Male	Asian	Yes

4. Review and rate for preschool. For example, a user wants to review Tiny Treasures Preschool.

Before Insertion:

SELECT Review.* FROM Review JOIN School ON Review.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Tiny Treasures Preschool';

idReview	idUser	Rating	idSchool	

Insert rating in MySQL:

INSERT INTO Review (idReview, idUser, Rating, idSchool) VALUES (201,6646860, 5, 13);

After Insertion:

SELECT Review.* FROM Review JOIN School ON Review.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE SchoolName = 'Tiny Treasures Preschool';

idReview	idUser	Rating	idSchool
201	6646860	5	13

Insert review in MongoDB:

School Districts

 Maintain school information. For example, Santa Clara School District wants to make sure all information of schools within the district are correct.
 Step 1: Check if all school information in Santa Clara School District are correct

SELECT School.* FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE DistrictName = 'Santa Clara';

-				1												
idSc	chool	SchoolName			Street			Ci	y	Zip	idDistrict	Туре	TSratio	Philosophy	Tuition	AveRatingScore
▶ 1		Sarafi Kid			20100 Std	evens Ci	reek Bl	vd Cu	pertino	94015	3	private	10:1	education-based	1200	4.3
20		Santa Clara Pa	arents Nursery Sch	nool	471 Monr	oe St		Sa	nta Clar	95050	3	public	25:1	education-based	1650	1.3

Step 2: Correct wrong/updated school information by updating the record. For example, Santa Clara Parents Nersery School just changed it's teacher- to-student ratio to 20:1.

```
UPDATE School SET TSratio = '20:1'
WHERE idSchool = 20;
```

Step 3: View updated information

SELECT School.* FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE DistrictName = 'Santa Clara';

	idSchool	SchoolName	Street	City	Zip	idDistrict	Type	TSratio	Philosophy	Tuition	AveRatingScore
Þ	1	Sarafi Kid	20100 Stevens Creek Blvd	Cupertino	94015	3	private	10:1	education-based	1200	4.3
	20	Santa Clara Parents Nursery School	471 Monroe St	Santa Clara	95050	3	public	20:1	education-based	1650	1.3

Check total events held for all preschools in the School District. For example, San Mateo School District wants to know how many events each school has held for all time.

SELECT SchoolName, COUNT (Event.idSchool) AS 'Number of Events' FROM Event JOIN School ON Event.idSchool = School.idSchool JOIN SchoolDistrict ON School.idDistrict = SchoolDistrict.idDistrict WHERE SchoolDistrict.DistrictName = 'San Mateo' GROUP BY SchoolName;

SchoolName	Number of Events
Children's School HUMC	1
Serendipity Preschool	3
Trinity Lutheran Preschool	2

3. Search for reviews. For example, school district wants to search based on the keyword "recommend" to get a better idea of what parents prefer.

```
> db.review.find( { $text: { $search: "recommend" } })
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5aa9eca91a06957234f5584f"), "id" : 10, "Review" : "My daughter loves this place. She loves a
ll the teachers, especially, Mrs. Reyes. I highly recommend this place to any parents!" }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5aa9eca91a06957234f5585a"), "id" : 120, "Review" : "I'm writing a review about the Jr. K room
which I am thrilled about. The teacher is kind, fun, engaging, and provides enough structure and play-based lear
ned to keep my bright daughter learning and happy. The Director and her staff are a great team. You can tell th
at they get along well and I admire how they listen to new ideas, offer flexibility to working parents, and treat
 the kids (*and* parents) with kindness and respect. My daughter has been there for approximately 2.5yrs with a s
hort break due to a job in another area. I recommend this school to parents who want a strong curriculum with Ch
ristian faith upbringing." }
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5aa9eca91a06957234f55851"), "id" : 30, "Review" : "My twins attended the 2-day class during t
he 2015-2016 school year; we just loved Sanyoo's care. empathy, and teachings for all of the students. The play-b
ased curriculum is awesome for pre-schoolers to have an environment to thrive and learn. We enjoyed volunteering
with other parents during the class time to help out around the scoolroom/yard (and also get to peek on our kids
developing social skills and playtime with others). \r\rWe especially enjoyed the rotating science projects, art
projects and other hands-on activities...many were a first for my kids. I highly recommend any pre-school age chi
ldren from 2.5yrs old to 4.5yrs old to attend APPS for pre-school!" }
```

7. Index

create index schoolID on school (idSchool); create index districtID on SchoolDistrict (idDistrict); create index reviewID on Review (idReview);

8. Triggers

CREATE TRIGGER computeAvgRating
AFTER INSERT ON Review
FOR EACH ROW
UPDATE School
SET AveRatingScore = (SELECT AVG(Rating) FROM Review
WHERE School.idSchool = Review.idSchool)
WHERE idSchool = NEW.idSchool;

Before:

	idSchool	avg(Rating)
>	1	3.6000

Update:

INSERT INTO Review(idReview,idUser,idSchool,Rating) VALUES (270,7590782,1,1);

After:

idSchool	avg(Rating)
1	3.1667

9. Views

CREATE VIEW SchoolnDistrict AS SELECT S.SchoolName, D.DistrictName, S.TSratio, S.Philosophy, S.Tuition, S.AveRatingScore from School S join SchoolDistrict D on S.idDistrict=D.idDistrict;

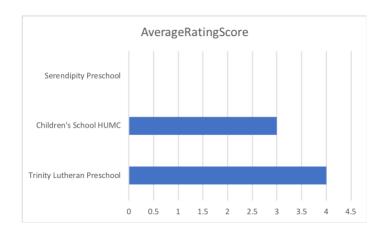
DistrictName	TSratio	Philosophy	Tuition	AveRatingSc ∨
San Jose	10:1	montessori	2360	4
San Mateo	24:1	religious	1200	4
Santa Clara	10:1	education-based	1200	3.16667
San Mateo	25:1	cooperative	500	3
. San Franscisco	15:1	reggio-emelia, re	1960	2.5
Mountain View	10:1	play-based	1500	2
Redwood City	10:1	play-based	3600	2
San Jose	15:1	reggio-emelia	1250	2
San Franscisco	10:1	play-based	2000	1.5
Santa Clara	25 : 1	education-based	1650	1.3
	San Jose San Mateo Santa Clara San Mateo . San Franscisco Mountain View Redwood City San Jose San Franscisco	San Jose 10:1 San Mateo 24:1 Santa Clara 10:1 San Mateo 25:1 San Franscisco 15:1 Mountain View 10:1 Redwood City 10:1 San Jose 15:1 San Franscisco 10:1	San Jose 10:1 montessori San Mateo 24:1 religious Santa Clara 10:1 education-based San Mateo 25:1 cooperative San Franscisco 15:1 reggio-emelia, re Mountain View 10:1 play-based Redwood City 10:1 play-based San Jose 15:1 reggio-emelia San Franscisco 10:1 play-based	San Jose 10:1 montessori 2360 San Mateo 24:1 religious 1200 Santa Clara 10:1 education-based 1200 San Mateo 25:1 cooperative 500 San Franscisco 15:1 reggio-emelia, re 1960 Mountain View 10:1 play-based 1500 Redwood City 10:1 play-based 3600 San Jose 15:1 reggio-emelia 1250 San Franscisco 10:1 play-based 2000

10. Business Metrics

1. School Districts track average rating score for all preschools in the District. For example, San Mateo District wants to know the average rating for all preschools in the district.

SELECT SchoolName, AveRatingScore FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON SchoolDistrict.idDistrict = School.idDistrict WHERE SchoolDistrict.DistrictName = 'San Mateo';

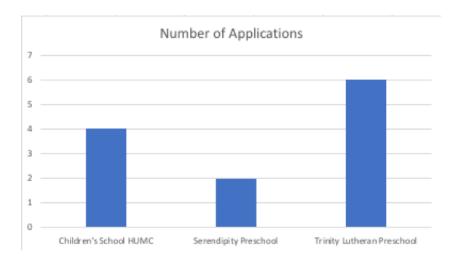
	SchoolName	AveRatingScore
Þ	Trinity Lutheran Preschool	4
	Children's School HUMC	3
	Serendipity Preschool	NULL



2. School Districts get an idea of how many applications all preschools received via the platform. For example, San Mateo School District gets an idea of how many applications each school in the district gets via the platform.

SELECT SchoolName, COUNT(Application.idApplication) AS 'Number of Applications' FROM Application JOIN School ON Application.idSchool = School.idSchool JOIN SchoolDistrict ON SchoolDistrict.idDistrict = School.idDistrict WHERE SchoolDistrict.DistrictName = 'San Mateo' GROUP BY SchoolName;

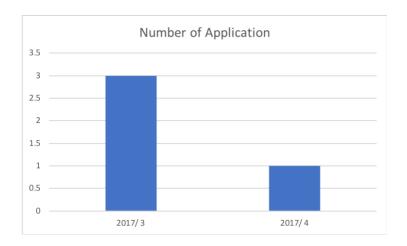
SchoolName	Number of Applications
Children's School HUMC	4
Serendipity Preschool	2
Trinity Lutheran Preschool	6



3. Preschools track how many appointments there are by month via the platform. For example, Sarafi Kid wants to know how many appoints they received by month.

SELECT CONCAT(YEAR(AppointmentTime), //, MONTH(AppointmentTime))AS 'Month', COUNT(Appointment.idAppointment) 'Number of Application' FROM Appointment JOIN School ON Appointment.idSchool = School.idSchool WHERE School.SchoolName = 'Sarafi Kid' GROUP BY 1;

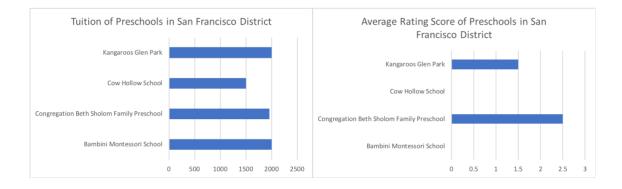
Month	Number of Application	
2017/3	3	
2017/4	1	



4. Parents track monthly tuition and rating of all preschools in one school district. For example, a parent wants to track the monthly tuition and rating of all preschools in San Francisco.

SELECT SchoolName, Tuition, AveRatingScore FROM School JOIN SchoolDistrict ON SchoolDistrict.idDistrict = School.idDistrict WHERE DistrictName = 'San Francisco';

Tuition	AveRatingScore
2000	NULL
1960	2.5
1500	NULL
2000	1.5
	2000 1960 1500



11. Project Summary

11.1 Summarize your experience with this exercise

This exercise provides us with hands on experience of topics that we covered in this quarter. It especially helps us getting to know how to design view and interact with NoSQL, which are conceptually hard to understand.

11.2 What was the hardest part of this project?

The hardest part of this project is the initial scope. To start with, finding a business problem suitable for the project is challenging. There are so many companies and startups out there working on all kinds of business problems and it took us a while to find a problem that's not being fully tackled yet. Further, it is also hard to define users and use cases as we are not that familiar with preschools at the beginning so trying to cover all aspects of stakeholders is hard as well.

11.3 What problems did you run against in this project?

Drawing the swimlane was giving us a problem as we were having troubles figuring out the logics. It also took us a while to deep dive into NoSQL to figure out how to realize the use cases.

11.4 How did you solve these problems?

We went through the uses cases several times trying to cover as much as possible on what users can do with the platform, as well as to draw a reasonable swim lane diagram.

11.5 If you were to do this project again, what methodology would you follow? If NoSQL is optional, we would design the whole system in MySQL. Even though it might sacrifice performance and availability, having everything in MySQL should work out fine and some queries would be easier with the current scale.

Also, we would put extra thoughts on designing the data models. We spent a lot of time trying to revise the columns and constraints and if we can plan more carefully ahead, we would save more time.

11.6 Suggestions for how to refine this project for the next class?

Our suggestion is to make NoSQL optional for the project. It is nice to have this option as some groups might need to store documents such as images, however, for groups that does not necessarily need NoSQL, having everything in MySQL would make the entire workflow more efficient.